uncover it, and make it known. The linker was soldering a tea-kettle at no great distance from Hollins's house, when his dog Began to fight with another. Hollins who liked few things better than a dog-fight, ran from his house to enjoy the sport, and soon discovered that the tinker's dog had on the very brass collar which used to be worn by his favourite bull-dog, Fury. The tinker said he had bought the collar from Ralph Perkins, who told him that Hollins, had given it to him. Away went Hollins, taking a stick in his hand, to find out Ralph. It was a rare thing for Ralph to be at fault for a tale to screen himself; so he said that as he walked by the river side, he saw the body of the bull dog on the top of the water, and that he thought it no harm to take away the collur. Hollins pulled Ralph along by the ear to account for the lie he had told the tinker; when Ralph in his fright confessed that Bill Hollins had given him the cullur to sell: and then it was that he got the severe drubbing which I had seen. "A false witness shall not be unpunished; and he that speaketh lies shall not escape," Hollins was in a rage with his son for taking the collar from his bull-dog, and left me with the full determination of giving him as good a drubbing as he had giving to Ralph Perkins. I told Hollins as he left me, that a little good advice, and a little good exam-ple, would, with God's blessing, do more good than all the beatings in the world.

In the evening I went to Ralph Perkins; for though I had talked with him many times · about the sin of lying. I could not rest util I had again pointed out to him the consequences of his evil course. I took him with me in the direction of the churchyard, and talked kindly to him; thinking that as he had already received chastisement. I would again try the effect of kind advice. I had two reasons for taking him to the churchyard: theone was, because his grandmother, who was a pious woman, was buried there: the other was, that a gravestone had just been put up by Robert Hall, the stonemasou, in memory of his little daughter Kitty, who was as well known in the village for her love of truth, as Ralph Perkins for the sin of lying. "Ralph," said I, when we came to the churchyard, "I think that is the hillock under which your grandmother lies. Where do you think her spirit is now?" He said he believed it was in heaven. "And why do you think so, Ralph?" "Because she was a good woman," he replied. " And 'where, then, will they go, who are not good?" ! He himg down his head, but did not speak. "Ralph," continued I, remember that God · has said that · liars shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone. You knew Kitty Hall very well, I and you know also that what is said of her that stone is true:

With simple heart, in early youth, She fezr'd the Lord, she lov'd the truth; And look'd with humble hope on high, For grace to God, who cannot lie.

Now, Ralph, think for a moment, if you were to die, whether you would go where your grandmother is gone? or whether we could put such a verse over your grave as that which stands over Kitty Hall?" Ralph still held down his head; and I left him in the churchyard, having to call at a cottage before I returned home.

PLOWER GARDEN

As the season is approaching when the lovers of flowers must bestir themselves, if they would enjoy so great a luxury, we cheerfully give the following directions. The ladies, who are always first in matters of taste, will, we trust, avail themselves of the extensive assortment of seeds, now advertised

to ornament their flower garden.

Annual Flower Seeds should be sown during the month of May, on borders of light, rich earth very finely pulverized: the borders being previously well dug, arrange with a trowel small patches therein, about six inches in width, at moderate distances, breaking the earth well, and making the surface even; draw a little earth off the top to one side, then sow the seed therein, each sort in separate patches, and cover with the earth that was drawn off observing to cover the small seeds less than a quarter of an inch deep, the largest in proportion to their size; but the sweet pea and bean kinds, must be covered one inch deep. When the plants have been up some time, the larger growing kinds should, where they stand too thick, be regularly thinned, observing to allow every kind, according to its growth, proper room to grow. When Mignonette, Sweet Alyssum White and Blue Amethist, Cypress Vine, and other delicate annuals, are sown in pots, care should be taken to water them: soft water is preferable. Use a small watering not with a finely pierced nose, for it watered heavily, it hardens the ground so that smalldelicate seeds cannot raise the surface, and of course must perish; to prevent this, perforate a newspaper with a common darning needle, and lay in strips over the rows, fastened at the corners by stones being laid upon them.

In small gardens, where there is no space for picturesque delineations, neatness must be the prevailing characteristic. A variety of forms may be indulged in, provided the figures are graceful and neat, and not in any one place too complicated. An oval is a figure that generally pleases, on account of the continuity of its outlines; next, if extensive, a circle. But hearts diamonds, or triangles, seldom please. A simple parallelogram, divided into beds running lengthwise, or the larger segment of an oval, with beds running parallel to its outer margin, will always please.

The Cultivation of the Flower Garden is simple compared with pat of the kitchen garden, both from its lined extent and the general sameness of it products; but to manage it to perfection quires a degree of nicety and constant attation beyond any other open-air department of gardening. As thostalks of flowering plants shoot up, they generally require caning, and props for support; and the bloom, both of plants and shrubs, no sooner extude than it begins to wither, and must be dtoff, unless, as in some of the ornamental slubs they are left for the sake of the bedty of their fruit. Weeding, watering, stirrig the soil, cutting off stems which have done owering, attending to grass and gravel, must go hand in hand in these operations.

Always water in the dening, as it has time to sink into the earthand be imbibed by the flowers during the night. If it is done in the morning, the sun comes and drinks up the moisture before the plants derive any benefit, and the abor and water are thrown away.—American paper.

OBSERVATIONS OF OLD UMPHREY ON HUMILITY

I have observed, in passig through life, not only among men of theworld, but also among christians, that who one man has been disposed to practise untility, twenty have been ready to defend heir own digni-

If you offend a man, ay, nd a good man too, such is human infirmit, that it is ten to one but he thinks more about the respect that is due to him, and the clormity of your offence, than he does of the opportunity of showing his humility and of exercising forgiveness. Now, I read often enough in scripture, that we should be clothed with humility, and forgive our endnies, ay, even those who trespass against usseven times a day, and repent; but in no one part of the bible, have I yet found that we are exherted to stand up in defence of our dignity.

Think not, my friends, that I am making these observations to you more than to myself. No! no! Old Humphrey has as proud a heart as any one among you, and requires to be reminded of it as often as you do; a little humility is of more value than a great deal of dignity; and what is the use of bristling up like a hedgehog at every little injury we receive? He that punishes an enemy, has a momentary pleasure; but be that forgives one, has an abiding satisfaction.

LADIES.—It was stated at a late meeting of a Ladies' Bible Association in England, that a calculation had been made in Eimingham respecting the proportionate value of the services of gentleman and ladies, as collectors for charitable purposes, and it was found that one lady was worth thirteen gentleman and a half.