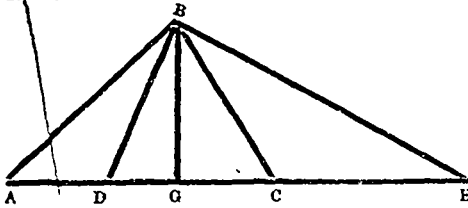


N. 30—

**Solutions.**

ABC and DBE are right-angled triangles;
 $AB=40$, $BE=50$ and $DC=30$.

Find BD and BC.

Draw BG perpendicular to AE. Let $AG=x$, then $BG=\sqrt{40^2-x^2}$,

$$\text{and } AG:BG::BG:CG \therefore GC=\frac{BG^2}{AG}=\frac{40^2-x^2}{x},$$

$$\text{then } DG=30-\frac{40^2-x^2}{x}, \text{ also } DG:BG::BG:EG \therefore EG=\frac{40^2-x^2}{30-\frac{40^2-x^2}{x}},$$

$$\text{But } EG=\sqrt{50^2-(40^2-x^2)}, \therefore \frac{40^2-x^2}{30x-(40^2-x^2)}=\sqrt{900+x^2}, \text{ or } \frac{1600x-x^2}{30x-1600+x^2}=\sqrt{900+x^2},$$

$$2560000x^2-3200x^4+x^6-2300x^2-96000x+60x^3+x^4+2560000=900+x^2, 2560000x^2-3200x^4+x^6=490000x^2-86400000x-42000x^3-1400x^4+60x^3+x^4+2304000000.$$

$$60x^3+1800x^4-42000x^3-2070000x^2-86400000x+2304000000=0$$

$$x^6+30x^4-700x^3-34500x^2-1440000x+384000000=0$$

Now let $x=5z$ and we reduce the equation to

$$z^6+6z^4-28z^3-276z^2-2304z+12288=0.$$

Now find the value of z by Horner's method.

6	-28	-276	-2304	-12288	6.4535567
6	72	264	-72	-14256	
12	44	-12	-2376	196800000	
6	108	912	5400	166915584	
18	152	900	30240000	29884416	
6	144	1776	11488896	27840420	
24	296	2676000	41728896	2043996	
6	180	196224	12297344	1723492	
30	47600	2872224	54026240	320504	
6	1456	202112	165460	287835	
360	49056	3074336	5568084	32669	
4	1472	208064	166800	28792	
364	50528	3282400	5734884	3877	
4	1488	268	1009	3455	
368	52016	33092	574497	422	
4	1504	268	1009		
372	,053,520	33360	57550,6		
4		268	17		
376		,03,36,28	57567		
4			17		
,0380			57,5,84		

$$z=6.4535567$$

$$\therefore x=32.2677835=AG.$$

$$DG=30-\frac{40^2-x^2}{x}=12.682723,$$

$$EG=44.059163,$$

$$BG=\sqrt{40^2-x^2}=23.6387425,$$

$$GC=\frac{BG^2}{AG}=17.317277,$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} BD=\sqrt{BG^2+DG^2}=26.8261372, \\ BC=\sqrt{BG^2+CG^2}=29.3032124. \end{array} \right\}$$

[The above is a very fine, and we might say difficult, problem, and as our solution involves considerable Geometry and Algebra, we would advise our readers to study it carefully.—Ed.]