

Weather Forecast:

Unsettled; Snow

The Montreal Advertiser

52nd YEAR. No. 22283

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 4, 1915.

TWELVE PAGES

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HOME
EDITION

Canadian Cavalry Reported On Turkish Soil GERMAN PEOPLE GIVE UP HOPES OF GLORIOUS VICTORY

CANADIANS NOW FACING TURKS?

Dispatch Indicates Cavalry
Has Landed With British
at Dardanelles.

NOT NEEDED IN BELGIUM

Operations There at Present
Not Suitable For Mounted
Forces.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 4.—That Canada's mounted soldiers are now fighting the Turks, with British expeditions against Constantinople, seems to be indicated in a Reuter dispatch from Athens, published this morning, stating that the first detachment of troops forming the Allied military expedition, including Canadians and Senegalese, has arrived and landed at the Straits of Dardanelles.

It has frequently been stated that Canada's cavalry with the first contingent would go to Egypt, as operations in France and Belgium at the present time were not open to the work of mounted troops.

The "extra division" mounted troops with the contingent are the Royal Canadian Dragoons, from Toronto and St. John's, Quebec, the Strathcona Horse, from Winnipeg, and Royal Canadian Horse Artillery from Kingston, Ont.

All these corps are regulars but went to England strongly reinforced with drafts of men from all over Ontario specially enlisted for the war.

DOUBTED AT OTTAWA.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, March 4.—The militia authorities here say that it is unlikely that a Canadian force is sharing in the operations along the Dardanelles. Canada has been kept closely informed by the war office of the disposition of all Canadian troops, and there has been no intimation that any had been sent to this part of the world.

It is believed that some other colonial, probably the Australians and New Zealanders, are participating in the march upon Constantinople, but that all Canadians are performing military service elsewhere.

ROBINSON'S FATE IN HANDS OF JURY

Counsel For Defence Pleads
Doctor Acted as Good
Samaritan.

DID HIS BEST FOR GIRL

When Blanche Yorke Died,
His Nerves Became Totally
Unstrung.

[Canadian Press.]

Naperville, March 4.—No impressioned flow of emotion greeted the jury when Mr. Robinson rose to make his address in the closing chapter of the Robinson murder trial today. The speaker couched himself largely to the medical evidence of the case, and pounded home the statements of prominent medical men in court. His address was comparatively brief, extending over a period of only 30 minutes.

Mr. Hutchinson's was not even that length of time, forty minutes suffering for his presentation of the case.

Judge Spoke Long.

Mr. Justice Sutherland, however, beginning at 11 o'clock, continued his extremely technical charge until well on to 1 o'clock, when the case went to the jury.

The courtroom was crowded to the point of discomfort once more, the stringent rule against standing in the aisles which took effect yesterday afternoon, seemingly having been abrogated again.

Good Samaritan.

Medical evidence was the basis of the defence case as presented to the jury today by Mr. Robinson.

"Did she or did she not come to him bleeding?" was the oft-repeated question put by the counsel for the defence. On this, he averred, hung his case.

She had come to him bleeding, and continued on page three.

HOW TO ADDRESS

MAIL TO THE FRONT

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, March 4.—In order to facilitate the handling of mail at the front and to insure prompt delivery, it is requested by the postal authorities that all mail be addressed as follows:

Name.

Regimental number.

Company, squadron, battery, or other unit.

Brigade.

1st or 2nd Canadian Contingent.

British Expeditionary Force.

Army Postoffice, London, England.

ILL OF PNEUMONIA IN ENGLISH HOSPITAL



SIMPSON PARKINSON, William
street, this day, was unable to leave with the Canadians when they went to France on account of severe illness.

LONDON VOLUNTEER IS ILL IN ENGLAND

Simpson Parkinson, 583 Wil-
liam Street, suffering of
Pneumonia.

Simpson Parkinson, of 583 William street, who went with the first overseas Canadian contingent, and who enlisted in London, is ill of pneumonia in England. His sickness did not permit of his leaving for France with the other Canadians when they crossed the channel. He is in a British hospital now. His mother has cabled abroad to learn of his real condition, but has not received any reply as yet.

PLEASE AGED PEOPLE.—Star Class of Holy Trinity Methodist Church Sunday school went to the Star People's Home last night. They gave a program of instrumental solos, violin solos and patriotic choruses. Candy was distributed.

GERMANS DARE NOT RECEDE IN BELGIUM BECAUSE OF EFFECT

Staff Officer Admits Their Position There Is Hopeless, But
People Would Strongly Resent Losing of Such a
Dearly-Bought Territory.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 4.—The correspondent of the London Daily Express under date of "On the Battlefield, Wednesday," says:

"That Germany's position in Belgium is hopeless is frankly confessed by a German staff officer. 'We have no illusions about the year campaign,' said he. 'It would have been a waste of time to have retired weeks ago and stilling our strength in other directions. We dared not do so. An inch would not let us recede an inch, fearing the effect on the people at home.'

Fear Internal Troubles.

"As long as the German armies go forward, or at least hold their own, it is possible to keep the nation in a hopeful frame of mind; or at least keep it from despair. But news of our relinquishing territory for which so many lives have been sacrificed would have a terrible effect.

"Internal troubles are feared far more than a mere defeat of our armies in the field. If the people ever believe

that Germany is beaten, look out for earthquakes. They do not think so, despite the growing economic pressure put on them by the British.

Practical Victory.

"The air and sea raids and the new submarine campaign against Britain have stimulated public opinion. The loss of the Blincher did not cause the slightest reaction. Gen. Von Hindenburg's victory in the east was simply providential.

"Our people are tired of meagre bulletins. We are starving for victories. Incidentally Gen. Von Hindenburg surprised us as much as he surprised the Russians.

"Still this is a war of surprises. Now we are assured of a fresh lot of picked troops for Flanders, and perhaps we shall have to go to it again and throw a few more divisions into the abyss.

"The Allies will never turn us out of our trenches en masse. We can hang on till doomsday, but I fear the Allies can do the same. Meanwhile the people at home are waiting for food and victory."

Shows German Failure.

Kerjen lies on the left bank of the Amoulet River, twenty miles north-east of Przemysl. The capture of this town is of more than local importance, since it signifies failure of the German attempt to cut off the communications of the Russian forces operating in the Przemysl district from the Russian border. This the Germans strove to accomplish by occupying positions along the Amoulet.

Mere Diversion.

Although there is a close co-relation between the German advance from East Prussia and Russian line of operations in the Silesian-Beskid region of Galicia, at the other end of the front, Russian critics regard the activity of the Germans in the north as relatively of the lesser importance. It is regarded more as a diversion for the purpose of engaging the attention of the Russians while the Austro-German army is preparing for an important campaign in Galicia. In this region, it is said, the bulk of the Austro-German force is concentrated.

APPEAL DISMISSED.—The appellate court has dismissed the appeal of A. H. Trebilcock from the decision handed down by Chief Justice Meredith in his suit against Peter Birnwaite for the balance of the purchase of the latter's jewelry business. Mr. McEvoy appeared for Mr. Birnwaite.

GERMAN SUBMARINE RAMMED BY COLLIER

Claims of Thordis Appear To Be Substantiated and Crew
Will Probably Be Rewarded—Her Propeller
Blades Torn Off and Keel Damaged.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 4.—The statement of the captain of the collier Thordis, which arrived at Westmouth two days ago, that his vessel had rammed and destroyed a German submarine off Beachy Head, appears to have been substantiated. The captain and crew of the Thordis probably will receive in consequence rewards amounting to \$5,000, which had been offered to various agencies to the first merchantman which sank a submarine.

BRANTFORD THEATRE ABLAZE; WHOLE BIG BLOCK THREATENED

Firemen, Policemen and Soldiers at Work To Subdue Flames
Which Break Out Across Street From the Scene
of Wednesday's Fire.

[Canadian Press.]

Brantford, March 4.—Just after 12 o'clock this afternoon the fire brigade was called out to another big blaze, this time in the Gem Theatre, recently remodelled, and ablaze terrifically. The location is just opposite the road from the big fire in the Crompton Block, and indications are that it is a more dangerous one than that. The Gem is situated in the centre of a long block, and if the fire once spreads the whole block will be doomed. Every available fireman, policeman and many of the soldiers and street railwaymen have been called out, and are now fighting the fire, which threatens destruction of an immense amount of property.

The building is owned by A. C. Lyons, and is valued at \$15,000. Loss is problematical as yet.

STARTED FROM MACHINE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Brantford, March 4.—An electric arc in the operator's cabin of the Gem Theatre moving picture show started

a blaze which is still raging here, and promises to prove disastrous if not soon checked.

Although four fire engines are pumping water through ten lines of hose into the building, its situation, between the two business buildings of Newman & Sons, Jewelers, and the Long Furniture Company, prevents the firemen getting at the heart of the fire.

The theatre has already been completely gutted, and there is instant danger of the flames breaking through the walls into the adjoining premises, from which, however, all goods have been removed.

The blaze started at 12:30 p.m., at the front of the theatre, but later worked through to the back, where it is three stories higher. Here the flames had a splendid sweep, and the firemen were practically helpless to check them.

The theatre building is valued at \$40,000, and the total estimated damage up to this hour (2:45 p.m.), is about \$60,000, covered by insurance.

FIERCE STRUGGLE ROUND OSSOWETZ

Germans Fight Desperately, as
Capture of the Fort Is
Imperative.

[Canadian Press.]

Petrograd, March 4, via London.—The German forces in North-east Poland are concentrating their efforts in the endeavor to break through the Russian fortified lines near the Prussian frontier by capturing the fortress of Ossowetz.

This battle, the outcome of which is regarded as of high importance, is proceeding with increased violence. The Germans are now in possession of the fortress, and are endeavoring to bring up some of their heaviest and most effective guns, including the great 12-inch field pieces.

Their Only Chance.

The opinion of Russian military officers is that the Germans having been expelled from Przemysl, their only hope of successful execution of their plans, which include securing the position of their left flank by breaking through the Russian line of fortresses, lies in taking Ossowetz. From the character of the fighting it is evident that the Germans have determined to exhaust their strength in this point.

The Russian occupation of this point, announced officially here, shows a slight advance on the northern front.

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U.S. "RESERVISTS" HERE
ARE ORDERED HOME?

It was stated to The Advertiser this afternoon that several former members of the American army and navy, residing in this city, have received instructions to report at their headquarters, and that transportation accompanied the letters.

Local officers stated they heard nothing officially.

PLAIN TRUTH FOR NEUTRALS

Sir Edward Grey Wants No
Suggestions On Belgian
Affairs.

GERMANS MUST LEAVE

Other Countries Can Help Put
Them Out or Keep
Silence.

[London, March 4.—5:40 p.m.—

"Unless neutral nations are prepared to assist in driving the Germans out of Belgium, no suggestions from them in the matter of preventing the further devastation of that country are wanted," said Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, in the House of Commons today.

The Foreign Secretary's statement was made in response to an inquiry from Frederick W. Jowett whether the Government was "willing to invite suggestions from neutrals with a view to avoiding the further devastation of Belgium by the great powers which are contending for its mastery."

The Only Solution.

"The only solution of this question," Sir Edward continued, "is the evacuation of Belgium by German troops, the restoration of her independence, and reparation for the wrongs done her. Unless neutral powers are prepared to assist in securing that solution, I don't see what could be gained by the course suggested."

Passed Worthless Checks in London.

Police Searching For Man
Who Gave Name of
Harry Findley.

CAME HERE TO ENLIST

So Declared To Those He Met
—Checks Uttered Not
Honored by Banks.

The police are conducting a search for an alleged fake-check artist, who signed his name as Harry Findley, and succeeded in getting London merchants, shopkeepers and business men to cash his checks, which were later returned by the banks marked "no funds."

Findley, who arrived here some weeks ago, put up at a local hotel. He stated that he was an American who was going to enlist to help the British in their war against the Germans. He stated the police are now seeking also said he was going to get a commission. He entertained lavishly some few acquaintances, whom he also "stung."

Dressed in Uniform.

When he arrived in London Findley was arrayed in a military uniform. A few days later he discarded this for civilian clothes.

He made a number of purchases in stores and business places and paid for them with checks. In each instance he made the checks out so that there would be quite a sum coming to him.

Merchants Call Police.

The man stated that he would have to leave town for a few days, and he settled all his bills with that handy check book. He has not been heard from since, and today when the checks were returned to a number of business places, the police were called.

Later today the police learned that the man came here from Montreal, and they are now endeavoring to locate his present whereabouts.

ONE "PAT" WOUNDED

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, March 4.—One casualty is announced today in the Canadian expeditionary force.

Wounded seriously—No. 605, P. William Langford, Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, double cataract from shell explosion. Next of kin, W. Langford, 17 Hillbury road, London S. W., England.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following are the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours ending 8 a.m. today were:

Highest, 22°; lowest, 11°.

TOMORROW.—UNSETTLED, SNOW.

Toronto, March 4.—3 a.m. Forecasts.

Today.—Naturally to northeasterly winds, gradually increasing in force; fair and cold.

Friday.—Strong east and northeast winds; unsettled, with snow.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. today:

Stations. High. Low. Weather.

Toronto. 22. 11. Cloudy.

Calgary. 22. 11. Cloudy.

Port Arthur. 18. 2. Cloudy.

Ferry Sound. 20. 4. Clear.

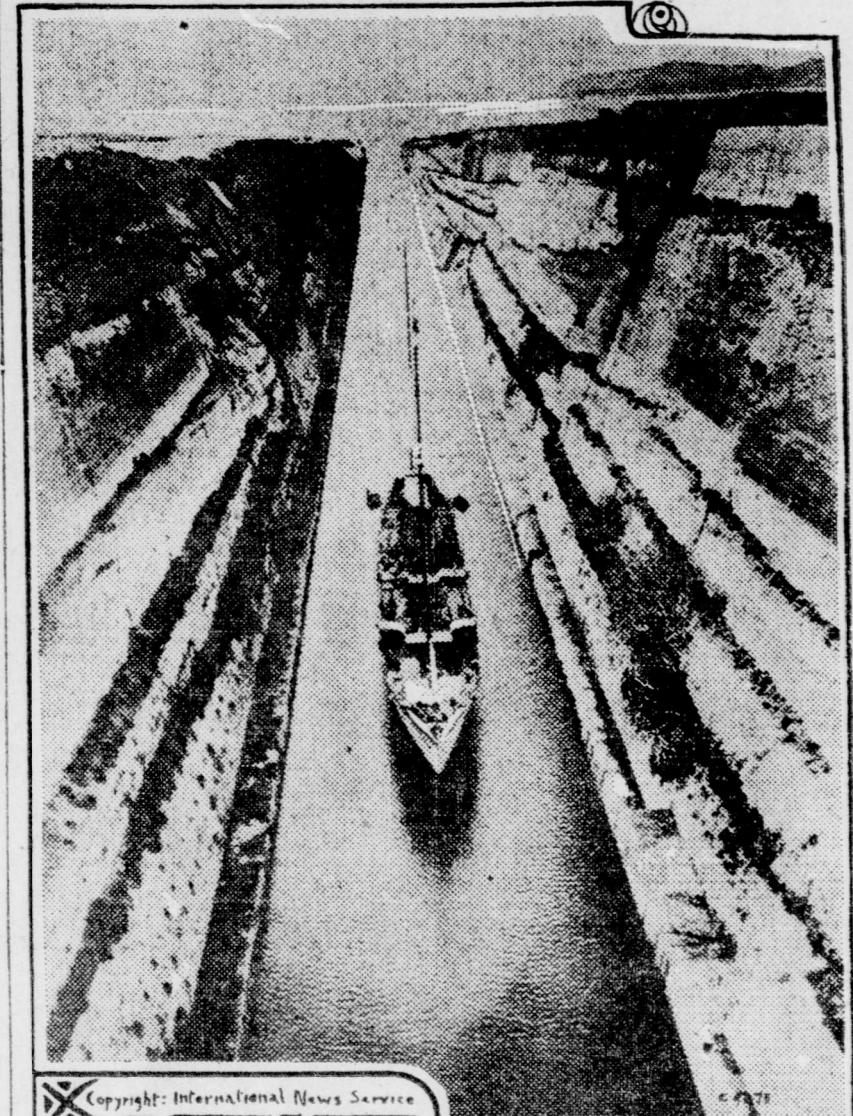
Quebec. 22. 11. Clear.

Weather Notes.

Since yesterday morning the cold wave has increased in energy and travel slowly eastward, while the Texas disturbance has also become more pronounced.

Local snow has occurred in the Maritime Provinces. Otherwise the weather in Canada has been fair and cold.

A FAMOUS YACHT ON VOYAGE OF MERCY TO SERVIA



A striking picture of an Irish merchant's palatial steam yacht, the Erin, sailing through the Corinth Canal in Greece on her way to Servia with British Red Cross nurses and members of the St. John's Ambulance Society who will render medical aid to the Servians.

Women of Berlin Riot Over Food Restrictions

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 4.—The correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs from Copenhagen:

"Berlin grows more and more alarmed at the coming potato famine. The newspapers print special potato editions, with pictorial advice on how to economize and how to grow the exotic potatoes. I am informed hardly a week passes in Berlin without a disturbance due to the new food conditions. In nearly all cases the disturbances are caused by dissatisfaction among the women. These demonstrations are becoming more frequent and more violent. There already has been one case of riot."

Only Two of Turkish Forts Remain Intact

So British Officer Tells Athens Correspondent—Bombardment of Minor Positions Resumed Today By Ten Warships—Turks Burn Their Dead.

[Canadian Press.]

London, March 4.—1:25 p.m.—The allied fleets this (Thursday) morning resumed their bombardment of the inner forts of the Dardanelles, according to a dispatch received by the Reuter Telegram Company from its correspondent at Athens.

The text of the dispatch follows: "The bombardment of the inner forts of the Dardanelles was resumed Thursday morning. Ten big warships took part in the operations. According to a British officer, only two of the Turkish forts remain intact.

Allied landing parties found the charred remains of soldiers in the damaged forts, showing that the Turks had burned their dead before evacuating these positions."

APPOINTMENTS MADE TO THE 7TH C.M.R.

Officers' Names Officially Announced From Military Headquarters.

The appointments of officers to the Seventh Canadian Mounted Rifles, now at Queen's Park, are officially announced today from the military headquarters. The officers are:

Lieut.-Colonel—E. L. Leonard, 1st Hussars.

Major—C. H. Reason, 1st Hussars.

Adj. Lieut.—A. C. Spencer, 1st Hussars.

Signaling Officer—Lieut. J. G. B. Coyne.

Quartermaster—Lieut. E. Ball, 1st Hussars.

Medical Officer—Major G. H. Wilson, A. M. C.

Veterinary Officer—Lieut. J. Wood, C. A. V. C.

Paymaster—Hon. Capt. A. W. Boddy, 35th Regiment.

Machine Gun Section—Lieut. W. A. Bishop, 9th M. H.

Squadron officers are Majors H. N. Abell and T. H. Balfour, both from the 1st Hussars.

Captains—Capt. C. P. McEwen, 1st Hussars, and Capt. R. Miller, 1st Hussars.

Subalterns, A Squadron—Lieuts. J. P. French, Lieut. G. A. Macdonald, 24th G. H.; Lieut. Morris, B. Percival, 1st Hussars; Lieut. H. M. Campbell, Corps of Guides.

Subalterns, B Squadron—Lieut. L. LaPierre, 24th G. H.; Lieut. C. L. Cookshott, 35th Dragoons; Lieut. J. N. Cantin, 24th G. H.; Lieut. J. A. G. White, Corps of Guides.

FRED. TAGGIE WELL.—A postcard has been received from Fred. A. Taggie, 773 Colborne street, by his mother, which is postmarked France. Beyond stating that he is well, nothing else is said. Fred. enlisted here, and is with the 1st White, Corps of Guides.

PEACE BECOMES GERMAN THEME

People No Longer Expect a
"Glorious" Victory—Want
"Honorable Peace."

PRESS PREPARING THEM

Says There Is No Chance of
Gaining One Inch of
Territory.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, March 4.—A London Daily Express dispatch to the Herald, dated Amsterdam Wednesday, says: "Significant paragraphs appearing in the German daily and weekly press make it clear that the Government wishes the people to become accustomed to the notion that the peace Germany will be able to gain will not give her one inch of surplus territory."

"Even a pan-German newspaper like the Berliner Post, whose active contributor, Gen. Von Bernhardi, ten years ago, admits that 'it is not wise to force German nationality on people who are not German, and who are not worthy of being thrust into German subjects.'"

"In several reviews the same notion is impressed on readers with significant insistence. Study of the German press shows that the Abstinens, the Post and the Danes have given her enough trouble, and that a 'good peace' must assure her a 'peace' which will not give her one inch of surplus territory."

"No such rest is possible if Germany annexes, say, Belgium. For the Germans have proved what they can do when attacked. God knows what they will do to us if they think we want to conquer them."

"The general comment on peace—on that peace which Germany once wished to be 'glorious' and now hopes will be 'honorable'—is in a minor key. Even Maximilian Harden, who has been throughout the war the apostle of 'fightfulness at any price' wonders what the peace will be and how the dice are going to fall for Germany."

The Real Question.

Dr. Zimmermann candidly says: "The question is not now whether Germany will be larger after the war than before—that is out of this question. The question is whether we will be permitted to keep what we have."

"The word which one formerly read most often in the German press was 'victory.' It is now 'peace.' No longer do the Germans openly state that they want peace; they would not be allowed to print that. But they discuss it and they accustom the general public to the prospect of a peace that might not, after all, be as glorious as was hoped."

Businessmen Angry.

"Commercial and financial interests have been brought to bear on the military party. Traders in Germany say: 'After all, this war has lasted seven months, and the only gain we have had is that the fighting has taken place almost exclusively on foreign soil. That is something, but that is not enough. We have avoided destruction of our own land, except in East Prussia. But what of that? Our trade is ruined and our shipping has vanished from the seas. We are short of rubber, iron, oil, have no raw materials, no petroleum, no copper. We shall be starving soon. Our savings have been lost. We have nothing. Unemployment in spite of the fact that much labor is needed for the manufacture of ammunition, is increasing daily.'"

How Long?

"How long are we going to stand by and look at our armies gaining a hundred yards, which they lose the next day?"

"How long are we going to look at the costly Zeppelins continuing their activities to fruitless raids, which kill no soldiers, but only old women, and contribute in no small measure to make everybody in the world turn with horror and disgust at the very name of Germany?"

See They Cannot Win.

"We had fault with nobody—not with the Kaiser, not with von Moltke, not with von Tirpitz, or Zeppelin. But we must own that the enterprise we have undertaken is too much for us. We cannot win; that is sure. To continue is to make our loss irreparable. Let us keep what we can still be kept."

"Such are the thoughts of every German who is not yet blinded by militarism; such are the thoughts of the countless mothers and wives who have lost their dear ones in what is now admitted to be a fruitless and nonsensical war. However strong the military party is in Germany, it cannot shut the mouths of every citizen, and slowly, but with unceasing sureness, the German nation is waking up to the criminal folly of its leaders."

Unless the Kaiser has entered Paris or destroyed the British fleet by Easter, he can be sure that his faithful people will before long demand the ending of this war, which has been his own doing and which must prove his undoing."

PERPETUATE MEMORY OF CHURCH BOYS AT THE FRONT

Honor Roll To Be Printed,
Framed and Hung in St.
James' Sunday School.

The memory of