

THE HAMILTON TIMES

THURSDAY, JAN. 7, 1909.

IT SOUNDS HOPEFUL.

If the aldermen-elect can agree among themselves that each man shall take his place only on those committees where in the judgment of his colleagues his special ability or municipal experience will best serve the citizens, a decided step in advance will have been taken.—Spectator.

It affords the Times much pleasure to reproduce this apparent evidence of its contemporary's returning moral sanity. How different it is from its recent machine productions! A few days before the disreputable organization of which it was the mouthpiece got jolted by the ratepayers it cared not a button about the ratepayers being well served or about members of the Council being given places on committees where their special abilities might best be utilized; its only care was that no Grit should be allowed to occupy a position of honor or preference, and that the coveted positions should go only to those persons who would be most amenable to boss influence. To suggest any more enlightened or advantageous principle of selection was to call out the organ's jibes and sneers.

"Sweet are the uses of adversity," says the poet. The realization that the RATEPAYERS as ratepayers, not as party servants, are to take a hand in governing the city, is having a good effect, if it is even making the organ of partisan machine rule less insolent and truculent. And if the aldermen be true to their best instincts and to the people, and choose their committees and chairmen for their fitness for the work, even the Spectator may by and by cease to regret the disaster to the machine in the satisfaction which it must come to share with the citizens generally that the triumph of civic loyalty and moral uprightness has ushered in a purer, better, brighter era of municipal life.

WILL GO TO THE COURTS.

The motion of the city of Toronto to stay proceedings in the Beadmore suit and to strike out the statement of claim made has been dismissed. This reassures the carrying of the Toronto Hydro-Electric suit into the courts. The London case will follow that of Toronto. Justice Latchford holds that the Hydro-Electric Commission, having resisted the plaintiff's effort to make it a party defendant, has no right to complain, and that all parties should, by right, be before the court. He says he does not feel called upon to pronounce upon the legislation which invests the Commission with immunity against lawsuits "however extraordinary it may be," but he refuses "to close the doors of this court against a litigant who questions the powers of the Legislature to free the Commissioners from the liability which would otherwise be cast upon it by the law." He points out that if the Commission fears that it may be prejudiced by any conclusion reached in this action it may apply to be joined as a party defendant.

The judgment is about as severe a reflection as the courts ever make upon the law-making power for deliberate and unjust attempts to muzzle the courts and to defeat the administration of equity as between citizens. Incidentally the court adopts the views of Mr. Justice Anglin in the Galt case, holding that the consent of the ratepayers to the contract is necessary; that the price of the power, delivered, is a material part of the terms, and that not having been given, the Council had not the right to pass a by-law requiring the execution of self contract. That would appear to indicate that His Lordship regards the approval of the ratepayers as necessary to the validity of a Hydro-Electric contract, that approval to be given when the actual price of power, delivered, and the terms and conditions of the bargain, are before them. Such a view of the case appeals to common sense.

AN OLD CAMPAIGN LIE.

During the election campaign the Tory organs, in the manufacture of scandal charges against the Liberals, had almost every day a fresh sensation in which Hon. Mr. Sifton figured. The Tory pamphlet literature was embellished with pictures of the palatial residences which he had been enabled to purchase through his fortunate accession to the Government, and he was represented as having millions invested in various concerns in receipt of Government patronage. The Winnipeg Tory organ announced in postscript "Sifton has nearly a million dollars interest in a concern that grafts on Marine Department," and proceeded to say that Mr. Sifton "holds stock in the International Marine Signal Company to the amount of \$850,000." Mr. Sifton issued a statement over his own name to the effect that he had no stock or any interests in either the International Marine Signal Company or the Shawinigan Power concern; those being the concerns referred to. The organs refused to accept his statement and the Tory campaign managers made all which they could out of the falsehood which Mr. Sifton had taken the trouble to deny.

In the investigation before Judge Cassels, at Ottawa, the facts bearing out Mr. Sifton's statement were presented on oath. Mr. John Bain, the manager of the International Marine Signal Company, testified that in June, 1907, Mr. Sifton invested \$75,000 in the company mentioned, and that later, when he decided to be a candidate for Parliament again, he sold out. He ceased to be a shareholder early in September, 1908; Mr. Bain stated that "Mr. Sifton had never taken a cent of profit out of the company, other than 6 per cent. per annum on his \$75,000, while it was in the com-

pany. During that time there was no distribution of profits."

Even in the face of this sworn evidence the Tory organs continue to east suspicion upon Hon. Mr. Sifton's conduct, the Winnipeg Tribune, which pretends to "independence," going so far as to express doubts of the bona fides of Mr. Sifton's sale of the stock in question. So contemptible are the methods of the party which based its hopes of office upon a campaign of slander!

WHENCE THE BOOLE?

Where could Mr. Borden obtain the money necessary to enter fifty or a hundred protests and counter-protests in Ontario? Where could he get the money necessary to carry these protests to trial?—Toronto News.

Where did Mr. Borden's party get its huge corruption fund of last campaign? When the News answers that question, it may have a suggestion as to where Borden might get funds to carry on protest trials. Certainly there seemed to be no stringency in Tory finances at that time. Did the strong box at Toronto stand open invitingly then? Why, even the local Tory organ put the cost of the campaign in one constituency—West Hamilton—at \$10,000! That money did not fall from the skies into the hats of the Tory machine bosses. Much as the ratepayers of the city might be bled, it did not all come out of the municipal treasury directly or indirectly. Whence, then, did it come? Has the News any idea? Wonder if Whitney has any suspicion? Surely Sam Barker did not chuck up for all of it? Can you imagine Mayor Stewart "loosening up" to the extent of half the bill? The money was forthcoming, though, and the question is whence?

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mayor Stewart's congratulations on the machine's success in the mayoralty election have been delayed on account of the cold snap, probably.

The profits of 100 British cotton mill companies for the year 1908 average 16 per cent. They employ a capital of £6,010,810. The working time of these mills during the year has been 50 hours a week. The average dividend declared was 11½ per cent. There is no indication here of disaster to British manufacturing.

The London Statist says that the keen competition among British railways is leading to working agreements upon rates, etc.; and it advocates that there should be a Royal Commission clothed with power to inquire into and regulate railway transportation. It thinks some such body as the Dominion Railway Commission might serve a beneficial purpose.

If the spelling reformers wish to impose upon us the deformed spelling which a few freak agitators favor, they should ask if it would not be well to begin further back—with a reform of the alphabet. If we are to aim at phonetic spelling, we should lay a proper ground-work, and that is only to be attained by amending our English alphabet. That is done, the "deformers" only render confusion worse confounded.

Those who, while admitting the inequity of the frontage tax system of paving streets, still urge its adoption because the ratepayers refuse to vote money in \$300,000 sums for the purpose, to be added to the city debt, have queer ideas of civic economies and morality. The Council can levy such a rate as will make it unnecessary to resort to such unjust schemes. Has it the courage to do so, and avoid overblasts?

The fuming and froth of the local power monopoly organ, which yesterday sought to exhaust the dictionary in launching epithets and abuse at the Times because it exposed its falsehood and misrepresentation in the interest of Hydro-Electric schemes, are very good evidence that the lash of criticism fell on a sore spot. The aldermen can hardly be blind to its performance or free from suspicions as to its motives.

The Scott Act is as extinct as the dodo in Ontario, but it still persists down east and in Manitoba. It is yet in force in the following places: Nova Scotia—Annapolis, Cumberland, Digby, Guysborough, Hants, King's, Pictou, Queen's, Sherburne and Yarmouth.

New Brunswick—Albert, Carleton, Charlotte, Fredericton, King's, Northumberland, Queen's, Sunbury, Westmorland and York.

Manitoba—Lacgar and Marquette. Already some peculiar anomalies are noted in connection with the British old-age pension scheme. One applicant, whose claim for a pension the sub-committee was obliged to admit, has no less than £1,030 sterling invested in Consols. Another is the owner of two houses, from which he derives a revenue of £6 a week. Some who are placed on the pension list are much better able to support themselves than many who are obliged to contribute to the pension fund through the rates.

The City Engineer wants to see the city safeguarded in the matter of pumping capacity. The waterworks are too near the danger line, and the people have voted the money to put in the new pumps. The only cause for the delay which invites to disaster is the obstruction practised by some members of last year's Council, who hoped by putting the matter off to play into the hands of the Niagara Power Co. and the Hydro-Electric ring. How long is that sort of thing to continue? It will be a year before Hydro power can be had,

even at Beck's estimate. The matter is one that should be speedily settled by the new Council.

Bunaw-Varille, the former Panama Minister of the United States, and at one time an engineer on the Panama Canal, says that work will cost \$280,000,000, or double the United States estimate. He agrees with the French engineers that the construction of the Gatun dam, as at present proposed, will result in disaster to the undertaking. One thing, however, the canal is accomplishing—drainage of the United States treasury, furnishing an excuse for keeping up the taxation upon the people.

Sir James Whitney indulged in a good deal of boasting at the Whitney Club dinner in Toronto. "Before we came into power," he said, "the heaven-born statesmen succeeded had the affairs of the Province in an awful mess." He did not explain, however, that the one important change made by his Government was to double the amount of the burden of Provincial management and to tax the people nearly double the amount required by the former Government. A candid statement would have been: "Ross taxed you \$4,000,000; I doubled it. Where Ross spent \$5, I will now spend \$10. Praise me, O ye people."

But the liberty gained by the constitution of this country is the liberty to say those things that don't please—to criticize. If it did not mean this, what excuse was there for the amendments that followed the constitution before this country's organic government was established? This liberty is inviolable, and it will remain.

That is credited to John Mitchell, as an argument in favor of the maintenance of the boycott and the black list. It is put forward as a defence of "liberty"; it is in fact a most deadly attack upon liberty—a confounding of liberty with license. Once admit the legality of the black list, there remains no safeguard save the right of the stronger. The moral idea must be dropped from our scheme of social and legal organization. The liberty of speech which just, free, intelligent governments granted is not latitude to use speech as an instrument of wrong, tyranny, revenge, persecution. And vote to the weak when such a system gains recognition!

OUR EXCHANGES

To the Bad.

(Toronto Star).

London has voted for Sunday cars. If London keeps on it'll be as wicked as Hamilton after a while.

Doing Its Work.

(London Advertiser).

The three-fifths clause saved the bar-rooms in twenty municipalities on Monday. It is doing what it was designed to do.

Down on Smoking.

(Toronto News).

Owing to the increased vigilance of the smoke inspector, if henceforward any locomotive wants to smoke it will have to go behind the barn to do it.

Lies.

(Grimsby Independent).

There was probably more lies told and more deceit practised in Grimsby during the past 10 days by local option workers and by voters than in any previous ten elections. In the history of Grimsby.

At Grimsby.

(Grimsby Independent).

Young men were told that if they did not vote for local option that they would go to hell sure. Fathers were told that if they did not vote for local option and thus protect their sons, that they would be damned eternally, and their children would be damned with them.

Socialism's Fallacy.

(Prof. Laughlin, Chicago).

In reality socialism is the plea of the unmanly, of those who have not the manliness to accept the superiority of

men who have proved themselves better in the game. At bottom, it is the negation of the inequality of men in ability, force, judgment, foresight, knowledge of human nature, and executive power. To deny the industrial inequality of men would be like denying inequality in the size of trees. And yet this patent fact of the economic world is the block over which socialists—as well as many labor unionists—always stumble. It is this central fact of human life—which everyone can daily verify—that really shows us the main fallacy of socialism.

A GREAT TRIUMPH.

Right House Sale of Homefurnishings Attracted Thousands of People.

That the public are fully alive to the many buying advantages of the big January sales at The Thomas C. Watkins store was amply demonstrated to-day.

Last night the Right House announced their great January reduction sale of carpets, curtains, rugs, linoleums, draperies, bedcoverings and furniture coverings. To-day the store was thronged all day. Thousands of people were delighted with the bargains, the vast varieties for selection and the desirability of every line offered.

The sale has captured the town with its unprecedented bargains, and, together with the big white sale of linens, sheetings, embroideries, muslin, underwear and kindred lines, and the great January reduction clearance sale of furs, coats, dress goods, skirts, suits, millinery, men's goods, blouses, hosiery and underwear has created the greatest buying stir of any sale event of recent years. Every reader is urged to visit The Right House to-morrow.

BIBLE SERIES.

Interesting Discourses Going on in Gospel Tabernacle.

Before a large congregation in Gospel Tabernacle Sunday school last evening Rev. Frank S. Weston, pastor of Emmanuel Baptist Church, Toronto, delivered the second of a series of lectures giving a bird's eye view of the scheme of the Bible. Mr. Weston is a powerful speaker, and handled the subject last night—"The Paradise That Is Lost"—in detail. The speaker showed that God intended man to be happy. He was placed in the Garden of Eden as monarch of the earth. Man at the beginning was Godlike. God made him in his likeness. Man was to be lord over all the living things on the earth. Jesus Christ was the second Adam. He came into the world to get back what the first Adam had lost through sin. The first man was not a savage, as many believe, scrambling around for a scanty living, but was a being richly endowed, and his little lower than the angels. Man fell and his kingdom fell with him. The fall dulled his intellect. Then Adam had a perfect understanding; now the best of men have to use reason. Man also had lost the wonderful intuition of Adam. Man is the only animal that does not grow its own clothing. Why? Because he is the only animal that rebelled against his Maker. Very few people are doing as they want to now. They are slaves where they should be kings.

Mr. Weston will speak again at 8 o'clock this afternoon and at 8 o'clock to-night.

DENIES GIRL'S STORY.

Toronto, Jan. 7. In reference to the statement that he had influenced a witness in a case falsely, Mr. McGregor said: "For myself, I may say that I saw Mrs. Quinn only twice before the trial came up. She never told me about the Curtis woman being present on the occasion of the accident the first time I saw her, but did the second time. 'We are pretty much at the mercy of people who come in and give us evidence,' Mr. McGregor added. 'I am a very busy man, and I accepted that woman's statements. Certainly I had no idea that perjury was being committed.'"

President Roosevelt to-day informed the Senate in no uncertain terms that he had given his approval to the absorption of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company by the United States Steel Corporation, and he had instructed Attorney-General Bonaparte not to respond to the Senate inquiry as to the reason for his failure to prosecute the steel company. It was none of its business.

A fire on Wednesday in the Johnson block at Winnipeg, a crowded apartment building, nearly caused a terrible tragedy. One woman and her daughter, whose escape was cut off, were rescued through a window by the firemen.

MINISTER MARRIED.

Rev. J. M. Copeland Weds St Catharines Lady.

(Special Despatch to the Times.)

St. Catharines, Jan. 6.—The residence of R. W. Robertson, Welland avenue, was the scene of a very charming wedding at 3 o'clock this afternoon. It was the nuptials of his sister, Birdie Ethelwyn, and Rev. John Milton Copeland, of Amherst, formerly of Niagara Street Methodist Church, this city, and son of William Copeland, of Smithville. The bride wore a Directoire gown of white silk Lanesdowne, and the customary bridal veil. She was attended by her sister, Louise, who was attired in pink satin toy. Rev. F. George Parrill, B. A., pastor of Niagara Street Church, performed the duties of best man. Rev. Dr. W. J. Crothers, of St. Paul Street Methodist Church, conducted the ceremony, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. The bride has been a most efficient worker in St. Paul Street Church, and among the presents she received was a valuable china cabinet from her adult organized Bible class. They will reside in Canboro.

ST. CECILIA.

I. O. D. E. Will Have a Benefit at Bennett's.

The monthly meeting of St. Cecilia Chapter, I. O. D. E., was held at the Y. W. C. A. rooms on Monday afternoon, the Regent, Mrs. H. F. Burkholder, presiding. Letters of acknowledgment were read from the Hamilton Health Association regarding the Christmas donation of funds, per lb. whole or half mince, 14½c; fresh Pork Sausage, per lb. 10c; Headcheese, per lb. 10c; best pure Lard, per lb. 15c.

It was announced that, through the generosity of Mr. John L. Appleton, manager of Bennett's Theatre, the Chapter would have a benefit performance at Bennett's on the evening of Feb. 4. The friends of the Daughters of the Empire are asked to bear this date in mind. Tickets will be obtainable from members of the Chapter after Jan. 18.

The meeting closed with the National Anthem.

LITTLE TOTS.

Primary Class of the Cathedral Had Christmas Treat.

Last night saw the second and last of the Christmas treat entertainments at Christ Church Cathedral Sunday school. This time it was the infant class who were being feted, and they were out in large numbers to participate in the fun. Over three hundred were at the supper, which included the parents and grown-up friends of the little tots, and a happy gathering it was, too. After the good things on the table had been disposed of, a programme followed, which pleased and delighted everyone. It was: Duet, Agnes and Evelyn Micklethwaite; recitation, Agnes Micklethwaite; song, Quenee Micklethwaite; recitation, Irene Adamson; song, Myrtle Irving; piano, Eric Chamberlain; song, Margaret Moore; recitation, Delmar Barker; recitation, Ruth Skerrett; recitation, Catherine Tompkins.

After the programme came Santa Claus, with a lovely present for each member of the infant class. There was enjoyment in watching the children receive their presents, and no one was disappointed. The Superintendent of the school, Mr. Thomas Hatley, presided over the whole affair, with signal success.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE GROWERS.

The Hamilton district fruit and vegetable growers will hold a general meeting in Green's Hall on Saturday afternoon, January 9th, at 3 o'clock. All growers are invited to attend. Geo. H. Clark, Seed Commissioner, Ottawa, will address this meeting on the value of good seeds to the grower. W. O. Seeley, M. P., will also be present to take up the question of higher duty on early fruits and vegetables.

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HARD TIMES OR GOOD TIMES

It is all in the point of view. If you will talk hard times and go out looking for them, you will probably find them. But don't do it. It's not worth while. Besides that, while seeing blue you may easily miss the rose tint. Last year times were supposed to be hard, but we entered the year resolved not to see it that way, fully determined, in fact, that there should be no hard times for us, and right from the start put up a strenuous fight for business, for more business and then more business. And we got it. Every week and year of the month we got it. The year is closed, the balance struck, and it shows an increase in business of over twenty per cent. It has been a good year, and we are satisfied, well satisfied. But this is a new year and a new deal, and we are out for a further increase, for a larger business. We must have it. In these days of hustle there is no standing still; you either go forward or you go back. We prefer the forward course and so, again, start the year determined there shall be no hard times for us; determined that it will be a better year than last; that we will, if possible, sell better goods and better values, and that now, as always, we will give to every man, woman and child a SQUARE DEAL, this time, the next time, every time, all the time.

DAIRY ROLL BUTTER PER POUND 26c

2,000 lbs. of Dairy Butter, rolls and prints, just in, and the usual average quality, you take your choice while it lasts, at 26c per lb. Choice, fresh Creamery Butter, per lb. 30c; fresh held Eggs, per dozen 28c.

ROLL SHOULDER, HAMS, SAUSAGE, Etc.

Smoked Roll Shoulder, no bone, no waste, 5½ lb. meat, per lb. by the piece, 12½c; Hams, plump, thick, mild cured, per lb. whole or half mince, 14½c; fresh Pork Sausage, per lb. 10c; Headcheese, per lb. 10c; best pure Lard, per lb. 15c.

200 BASKETS GREENING APPLES AT 30c

They are No. 2 stock, but good, clean and sound, and they go while they last at 30c a basket. Just 25 baskets No. 1 Spies, selected stock, per basket 40c; Yellow Danvers Onions, per basket 25c; Potatoes, good, per peck 15c; bushel, 55c; bag, 75c.

ORANGES AND LEMONS

Mexican Sweet Oranges, 100 cases of them, good and ripe and juicy, regular at 20c dozen, going while they last at 12c per dozen. This size worth more wholesale. Navel Oranges, large, ripe and thoroughly good, per dozen 30c, worth 40c; Messina Lemons, per dozen 15c.

SUGAR

Very best Granulated, 21 lbs. for \$1; 10½ lbs. for 50c; 5 lbs. for 25c; 50 lb. bags best Granulated, special this week, per bag, \$2.33; 100 lb. bags, special, per bag, \$4.60; 22 lbs. bright Yellow Sugar, per lb. 11c; 11 lbs. for 50c; 5½ lbs. for 25c; 3½ lbs. best Icing Sugar 25c; 3½ lbs. cut Loaf Sugar 25c.

FLOUR

Lily White Flour, per bag, \$2.40; 1½ bag, \$1.20; 1¼ bag, 60c; Gold Medal Flour, per bag, \$2.55; 1½ bag, \$1.30; 1¼ bag, 65c; Five Roses Flour, 1¼ bag, 80c; Royal Household Flour, 1¼ bag, 80c; best pure Buckwheat Flour, 7 lbs. for 25c; best Graham Flour, 7 lbs. for 25c.

7 lbs. Rolled Oats	25c	Surprise Soap, 6 for	25c
7 lbs. Rolled Wheat	25c	Comfort Soap, 6 for	25c
7 lbs. Germ Meal	25c	Richards' Pure, 6 for	25c
8 lbs. Corn Meal	25c	Quick Naphtha Soap, 6 for	25c
25 lbs. Victoria Oats, package	25c	Victory Soap, 6 for	25c
Quaker Oats, large package	25c	Naphtha Soap, 6 for	25c
Quaker Oats, small package	25c	Sunlight Soap, 6 for	25c
Quaker Wheat Berries	25c	Lifebuoy Soap, 6 for	25c
Quaker Puffed Rice	25c	Sunny Monday Soap, 4 for	25c
Quaker Corn Flakes	25c	Ivory Soap, 4 for	25c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes	25c	Five Naphtha Soap, 4 for	25c
Malta Vita	25c	Alliance Soap, 8 for	25c
Quaker Corn Meal, package	25c	Fairy Soap, 6 for	25c
Quaker Saxon Wheat Food, pkgs	25c	Naphtha Powder, 6 for	25c
Small White Beans, 6 lbs.	25c	Old Dutch Cleanser, 3 for	25c
White Kidney Beans, 6 lbs.	25c	Borax, 3 for	25c
Lima Beans	25c	Chloride of Lime, per package	25c
Cox Gelatine, regular 15c package	25c	Clothes Lines, each 10, 15 and 20	25c
Feather Strip Cocoanut, per lb.	20c	Washboards, 4 dozen	25c
Cowan's Cocoa, tin	10 and 25c	Clothes Pins, 4 dozen	25c
Lowrey's Cocoa, tin	10 and 25c	Washing Soda, 4 pounds	25c
Alliance Baking Powder, lb. tin	10c	Keen's or Reckitt's Blue, 4 squares	25c
Alliance Corn Starch, package	10c	Scrub Brushes	25c
Pure Clover Honey, per jar	15c	Shoe Brushes	25c
Pure Marmalade, 2 lb. tin	17c	Black-O-Shoe Polish, 2 tins	15c
Jams	2 lb. tin 17c	Two in One, 2 tins	15c
Jams	5 lb. tin 30c	Japanese Satin Finish Shoe Polish, bottle	10c

BROOMS

An advance in cost of 5c each, but no change with us yet. Better buy while you can at old prices, 20, 25 and 30c. These Brooms were worth more before the advance. They are doubly good value now.

PRUNES, ETC.

Good Prunes, fair size and excellent quality, 4 lbs. 25c; larger Prunes, 3 lbs. 25c; largest Prunes, 2 lbs. 25c. Cooking Figs, 5c per lb. Excelsior Dates, per pkg. 8c, 2 for 15c. Fard Dates, per lb. 10c. Dried Peaches, per lb. 13c. 2 lbs. 25c. Appriots, 2 lbs. 25c.

CAN GOODS SPECIAL

Golden West Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, new and high grade goods, 2 tins for 15c, and will not sell again at this price. Pumpkin, 3 tins 25c. Blueberries, 3 tins 25c. Lombard Plums, Green Gaspe Plums, Bartlett Pears, per tin 10c. Crawford Peaches, Pitted Cherries, Raspberries, Strawberries, per tin 15c, regular values 20c. Sliced Pineapple, 2 tins 25c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, ETC.

Chow Chow Pickles, 200 bottles, put up to sell at 10c per bottle, going at 8c, 2 bottles for 15c. Sweet Pickles, per lb. 15c. Tartan Pickles, mixed, chow chow, onions, per lb. 15c. Nations Sauce, large bottle, regular 20c, for 10c. Hotbrook's Sauce, per btl. 25c. Celery Relish, per lb. 10c. Hickory Radish, per lb. 10c. Alliance Catsup, large bottle 15c; 2 lb. tins Catsup 7c, or 4 for 25c.

TABLE RAISINS, ETC.

Finest Cluster Table Raisins, value 30c lb., to clear 15c lb. Mixed Nuts, 2 lbs. 25c. Mixed Cream Candies, 9c lb., 3 lbs. 25c. Chocolates, regular 15c lb., for 12c. Fudge, fruit, nut and plain, regular 30c lb., for 15c. Mince-meat, 3 lbs. 25c. Savoy Mince-meat, 3 pkgs. 25c. Clarified Sweet Cider, quart, 8c.

CARROLL'S FIVE STORES

115 John Street South.
Cor. Emerald and Wilson.
Cor. James and Macaulay.
Cor. Queen and Hunter.
Cor. York and Caroline.

NOT A MURDERER.

Winnipeg Man Accused of Slaying Lennox Acquitted.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 6. — Thos. Hicks, charged with murdering Eccles Lennox, on Nov. 15, after robbing him, in a C. P. R. car, was to-night acquitted after ten minutes' deliberation by the jury. Hicks denied his guilt, his defence consisting chiefly of the evidence of a convicted highwayman, who swore that the revolver found by the victim's side had been given by him to Rogers, the chief witness against Hicks, the night before the murder.

Rogers swore that he saw Hicks shoot Lennox.

INSURING IMMIGRANTS.

Salvation Army to Protect Them Against Sickness and Lack of Work.

London, Jan. 5.—The Salvation Army is arranging to insure its immigrants in Canada against the risk of sickness, accident, loss of luggage, and unemployment. Regarding unemployment, it stated that even in the worst period of industrial depression last winter at the Army headquarters in Toronto there had always been more vacancies on farms than there were men. The emigration work will start on March 17.

Wanted on Free List.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6. — John W. Gates, in a letter to Speaker Cannon declares that iron, coal and lumber should be put on the free tariff list, and that a cut of 50 per cent. in the steel schedule would not affect the manufacturers of iron and steel in this country.

The Laplander can travel about 150 miles a day on his skates.