

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 44--No. 35.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1915.

Whole No. 2277.

Farm for Sale.

200 acres, township of Ekfrid, 21 miles from Glencoe, school less than half mile, rural mail. Apply to Alex. D. McKellar, R. R. 4, Glencoe. 734f

CHANTRY FARM

Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls

ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

C. C. McNaughton
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident,
Plate Glass and Automobile
Insurance

Phone Bothwell C. & R. No. 441 P. O. Newbury R. R. No. 2

Cream Wanted

Cash paid for cream delivered at my sewing machine store, Main street north, Glencoe, on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays—Tuesdays and Fridays preferred. Cash for eggs.

531f ALEX. MCNEIL

Building Contractor.

If you contemplate building a residence or altering your buildings, please call at "The Hub" and get estimates. All classes of work done promptly. All work and material guaranteed.

J. D. BROWN, Glencoe.
General Contractor and Builder,
Phone call 51-22, office with E. T. Huston & Co. 531f

FOR SALE—
Pure Bred
Yorkshire Pigs
Six Weeks Old
SQUIRE BROS.
North Half Lot 19, Second Range
North L. W. R., Ekfrid.

DENTISTRY
R. J. MUMFORD, D. D. S., L. D. S., Office
over Howard's Furniture Store. Phone 16.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON
Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in H. C. J. Office—Main street, over Laidlaw's drug store.

Western Farmers' Weather Insurance Company

Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.

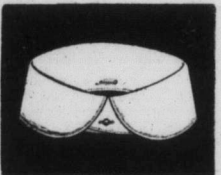
E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

We carry a Full Line of
Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
Tinsmith Plumber

The Salisbury Collar



Complete Line of
GENTS' FURNISHINGS
Everything of the very latest in style, and quality of the best.

New Suits
Come in and get your clothing hand-tailored to your measure. Fit, workmanship and style guaranteed.

TOMLINSON
THE SHOP FOR MEN GLENCOE

Friendship Link Bracelets and Fobs!

HAVE YOU got into the Friendship Link Circle yet? One of the latest ideas in Jewelry and prettiest keepsakes you can get. Buy a Link and then exchange Links with your friends. Initials engraved free of charge.

25 Cents Each

See our assortment.

We also carry a fine line of Silverware, Cut Glass, Hand Painted China, Jewelry, Watches and Clocks. Come in and inspect our stock and prices.

C. E. DAVIDSON, Jeweler
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES OPTICIAN

Keith's Cash Store
Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries
P. D. KEITH

We carry a full line of
Harvest Wants
Also Builders' Hardware;
Paints, Oils and Varnishes;
Steel and Felt Roofing;
Wire Fencing;
Oil Stoves; Lawn Mowers,
and everything in the Hardware and Stove line.

MITCHELL & HAGERTY

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES
kept in Glencoe.

Also Confectionery, Imported & Domestic Fruits, Meat, Fish, etc., carried

Our prices a little lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.

Good Butter and Eggs and other marketable produce taken as cash at highest market price.

CASH FOR EGGS
TRY OUR SPECIALS IN BULK TEAS AND COFFEES.
Red Rose, Lipton's and Salada Packet Teas always in stock.

W. A. CURRIE

3 GOOD POINTS

about our D. L. & W. Scranton Coal are NO SLATE, NO DUST and UNIFORM SIZE. With these you get long burning fires and regular heat. Now's a good time to order coal—you can't tell when the price will soar. Free delivery; prompt service.



McPHERSON & CLARKE
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard
GLENCOE, ONT.

District and General.

Bothwell is celebrating Labor Day with horse races, etc.

A drunken driver of a car was fined \$50 and costs at Chatham.

Hydro-electric power was turned on at Bothwell last week and at Dutton this week.

Chas. Jewell has sold his livery business in Dutton to A. McMillan, of West Lorne.

Five Ontario people have died during the past week from eating toadstools in mistake for mushrooms.

Some frost was reported from Manitoba, but little damage was done, and none in Saskatchewan or Alberta.

The potato crop in the neighborhood of Ingersoll has been greatly affected by the rains and large quantities have rotted in the ground.

The question of holding municipal elections on New Year's day may be considered by municipal councils up to the 15th of November.

E. D. Swift, of Watford, has received the post card from Capt. T. L. Swift, of London, England, who was a prisoner of war, but where in Germany has not yet been learned.

A farmer near Blenheim was repeatedly annoyed by some miscreant cutting his fence and a watch was set with the result that the culprit was caught in the act a few nights ago.

Crushed between a couple of freight cars at Baden, Mich., on Friday, Duncan McPhail, formerly of Rodney, died almost instantly. Mr. McPhail was in his 38th year, and his younger days were spent at Wardsville.

Mrs. Almira Ross, a former resident of Dunwich West, died last week in a hospital at Regina after an operation. Her husband, the late James Ross, was killed on the M. C. R. at West Lorne some thirteen years ago.

A Chatham autist was fined \$50 for forging an automobile license number plate. He found one that had been lost by some other autist and then took the plate of last year and painted and numbered it like the plate he had found.

William Stevens, aged 50, of London township, was caught in the belt of a threshing machine which he was feeding on the farm of George Wilkinson, and was instantly killed, his right arm being torn off. He leaves a widow and three children.

"Beyond the hectic flush which immense war orders have given business conditions," Thomas A. Edison, the inventor, sees seven years of untrammelled prosperity ahead for the United States. The real prosperity period, thinks the inventor, will come at the close of the next year.

Some farmers in the neighborhood of Komoka "finished" their hay crop last week by raking it into big piles in the field and setting fire to it. The hay was almost entirely consumed and then in the rains the past two or three weeks and was practically ruined and unfit for use as fodder.

During a thunder storm last week the drive barn of Mungo McNabb, Southwold, was struck by lightning and set on fire. Owing to the wet condition of the building and the assistance of a number of neighbors, who were present at the time, the blaze was put out, thus preventing a heavy loss.

A Chatham paper says:—The prospects are that the harvest of tomatoes this year will not be very large. One gardener who had a load of this kind of vegetable on the market yesterday declared that the tomatoes are being affected by the wet weather and are rotting much the same as potatoes and other vegetables. The price asked was 75 cents per bushel.

Serious damage has been caused at various stopping places along the T. C. R. by men on the harvesters' excursions. At Grant and other remote places they raided restaurants and stole everything they could find, and also visited stores and appropriated all available merchandise. The amount of damage which they caused apart from theft was extensive.

Many people do not seem to be aware that a fine for selling rotten or bad eggs to stores or produce men is a heavy one. The minimum fine is \$200 and by reports the law will be enforced to the full extent. People do not seem to know that eggs, when brought to the stores, are kept in separate lots and if any bad ones are among them the offender is easily found.

A quiet wedding took place on Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 18th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh D. Johnson, Strathroy, when their daughter, Leah Eldena, was united in marriage to John Frederick Sadlier, M. D., of Winnipeg, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Sadlier, of Strathroy. They left for Montreal, from whence Dr. Sadlier sails for service in the Royal Army Medical Corps.

Mrs. Daniel D. McIntyre, of Manitoba, who spent several weeks with friends in Dunwich, returned to the West recently. Both Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre were former residents of the township before making their home in Manitoba. Of their four sons three are giving their services to the Empire in the present struggle. One of them is at the front in France, the second is with the forces at the Dardanelles, and the third, Arch. J., is at Shorncliffe as a member of No. 5 Stationary Hospital. Two of the youngest sons were graduates of Queen's University and all three are well known in Dunwich.

One of the greatest blessings to parents is Mother's Extender. It effectively expels worms and gives health in a marvellous manner to the little one.

SIDELIGHTS ON THE WAR

Some Experiences and Opinions of a Canadian Doctor Who Was a Prisoner of the Germans.

The following interesting letter is from a former Glencoe boy at the front. The statements contained in the letter may be taken as authentic and reliable and are indisputable information appertaining to the Germans not heretofore published. The writer holds an important commission in the Canadian Army and his duties have brought him into touch with many phases of the situation, of which, of course, he is not at liberty to write fully. This letter is written from London, England, August 7th—

I thought you would be interested in an incident that occurred Friday as I was leaving Waterloo Station for Aldershot. As I was taking the train somebody yelled after me to which I paid no attention and finally he got up and it was no other than our mutual friend and family physician, Doctor D—. The doctor, as you know, was released from Germany thirty days ago. He is looking pretty well, but tells me he has improved much in the last thirty days on English beef and that he was very thin when he left Germany. As you know, he was in England when the war broke out and enlisted in a British regiment with the rank of lieutenant, and he is still attached to a British regiment in the capacity of medical officer. He is now leaving for the Dardanelles with a similar commission, although I believe in that district they exchange their positions and alternate between the base and the advance trenches.

Nothing perhaps shows better just how far individual merit is overlooked than the fact that D—, one of the best surgeons in Canada, is attached to a regiment as medical officer, where at best he can give but first aid to the wounded and rush them back to the base for treatment. It would seem that there is practically no opportunity to make use of the extensive surgical training he received in Germany. Had he stayed with the Canadians he would have had no less a position than command of one of their good hospitals, and in this respect I have found during my past two weeks' investigation of Army Service Corps matters that every Canadian who has gone into the British service, now that the Canadians have made good, is more than anxious to get back with the Canadians again, and of course they have no show to do so as the Canadians have their own officer brought over from home. I think the enlistment of many Canadians with the British was due to the wish to have a British commission which has always been second to none. However, there is no commission now superior to a commission in the Canadian Army.

However, I am wandering away from the subject and what I intended to write about was D—'s experience. He was in the retreat from Mons and saw three months of service before being captured with a bunch of prisoners at the first Battle of Ypres. Here, he told me, he was sure he could be shot, as owing to the fact that the German snipers pick off all the signal men the doctors had to remove their badge. However, the fact that all the men with him were administered to and bound up, made it apparent that he was a doctor, so that he was not mistreated.

He has seen seven months of prison in Germany and has been home for one month. He was treated with but scant consideration. I will endeavor to give you his experience as he related it.

He was in three prison camps. He says the treatment in the German camp for the first five months was abominable. Although accompanied by other doctors, all of them competent, he was not allowed to assist the Allied wounded in the detention camp. Finally he was given fifteen minutes a day to look at them, without any opportunity of relieving them. Nobody else paid any attention to the wounded of the Allies. No doctor looked after them. They were placed in big detention camps on straw with all the filth imaginable. Where nature was strong enough the men recovered; where it was not they died.

D— does not believe the statement that the Germans kill the wounded, but he says they certainly do not permit anything to be done to expedite their recovery. In the large detention camp near Berlin he says an epidemic of typhus carried off 2,500 men this spring before any effort was made to stop it. He, with other doctors, protested to Berlin that unless the men were given an opportunity to be clean and free of vermin a typhus epidemic was a certainty. Nothing was done in the matter until later when 2,500 men passed out. He explained to me that the vermin carried the germ from one man to another and thereby created the epidemic.

During the early stages of his confinement the camp was periodically visited by American inspectors; these in every case were German-Americans, not real Americans. They visited the camps at stated times and a few hours before the visit an effort was made to clean up the camp, sheets were put on the mattresses for the wounded, and a certain air of attention evident. Within three hours after the inspection everything of the nature of comfort or attention was removed. This went on for about five months when these inspectors were replaced by real

Continued on page four.

Patriotic Lawn Fete.

The ladies wish to extend their heartiest thanks to all who contributed in any way to the success of the lawn fete last Friday evening, especially to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dean, who so generously offered the use of their home and grounds for this patriotic affair.

Good music was supplied by the Glencoe band, which added much to the pleasure of the evening. The supper, to which all did ample justice, took up the first couple of hours, after which a splendid musical program was given, which was much appreciated by all present. Those taking part were the Glencoe male quartette: Chris. Pink, of London; Master Charles Auld, of Melbourne, and Mr. Elliott, of Watford, and the many encores were pleasantly responded to. Patriotic speeches were given by Rev. Messrs. Ford, Owen and Weir, which were listened to with great interest. Major Tolmie's eloquent address, the event of the evening, was worth going many miles to hear and certainly touched the hearts of his audience. His strong personality and sunny humor made him a chairman second to none in the country. The booths were prettily decorated and well patronized, and the foreign fortune-tellers proved a very popular attraction to both old and young. Good use will now be made of all the money taken in, the total proceeds amounting to over \$267.

Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER

Mr. Howson may be expected to preach, next Sunday morning, a sermon suitable to Labor Day. "The Industrial Problem: its conditions and remedies." This address is specially for workmen and their employees. It deals also with the relation of the church to the man who works. Workmen and their employees are specially invited. The evening service is withdrawn for next Sunday, by resolution of the official board. The public cordially welcomed to the morning service.

Fall Fair Dates.

Ailsa Craig	Sept. 28 and 29
Alvinston	Oct. 7 and 8
Blenheim	Oct. 7 and 8
Bridgen	Oct. 7 and 8
Chatham	Sept. 21-23
Comber	Sept. 29 and 30
Delaware	Oct. 13
Dorchester Station	Oct. 6
Dresden	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Essex	Sept. 28, Oct. 1
Florence	Oct. 11 and 12
Forest	Sept. 29 and 30
Galt	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Glencoe	Sept. 28 and 29
Hamilton	Sept. 13-15
Harrow	Oct. 5 and 6
Highgate	Oct. 1 and 2
Kingston	Sept. 28-30
Lambeth	Oct. 3
Leamington	Oct. 6-8
London	Sept. 19-18
Melbourne	Oct. 6
Muncy	Oct. 1
Ottawa	Sept. 10-13
Parkhill	Sept. 23 and 24
Petrolia	Sept. 23 and 24
Ridgetown	Oct. 11-13
Rodney	Oct. 4 and 5
Sarnia	Sept. 28 and 29
Strathroy	Sept. 20-22
Thamesville	Oct. 5 and 6
Toronto	Aug. 28-Sept. 13
Wallaceburg	Sept. 28 and 29
Wallacetown	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
Watford	Oct. 6
Windsor	Oct. 31-Sept. 3
Woodstock	Sept. 23 and 24
Wyoming	Oct. 1 and 2

According to the regulations of the Education Act public schools in Ontario will reopen Wednesday, Sept. 1, and high schools on Tuesday, Sept. 7.

LABOR DAY PICNIC

The Labor Day Picnic of Burns Church, Mosa, will be held in
ARCHIE L. MUNROE'S GROVE, KILMARTIN

Programme

LONDON PIPE BAND.
Solos and Duets by MRS. CHAS. WHEELER and MR. McCUTCHEON, of London, accompanied by MR. CHAS. WHEELER, Organist of St. Andrew's Church, London.

MISS CHRISTIE ELLIOTT, of Glencoe, Elocutionist.
Speeches by PETER MCARTHUR, D. C. ROSS, M. P., DR. MARTYN, M. P., and neighboring ministers.
Rev. J. FRAZER SMITH, Chairman.

Lunch Served 2 to 4 p. m.

Refreshment Booth on Grounds

Admission 25c 10c

NEWBURY'S FIELD DAY

A Grand Success in Every Way and a Day That Will Not Be Forgotten in a Long Time.

Our Newbury correspondent writes:—Wednesday, August 25th, 1915, will dwell in the memory of old and young as the best civic holiday we have yet had. Why? Because the soldiers were here—men who have volunteered to fight for the Motherland. Truly, out of small beginnings much can be done. About two weeks previous a notice was put up in the post office calling a meeting to arrange for civic holiday. At the meeting an energetic committee was formed, and their efforts were crowned with success. They decided to invite a company of the 33rd Battalion. The invitation was accepted. All was bustle and get ready.

Wednesday morning came and the village looked well decorated and in holiday trim. At ten o'clock a calliope parade appeared, to the delight of the little folks. Promptly at 11 a. m. the troop train arrived, a large crowd having gathered at the G. T. R. depot to welcome the soldiers. They fell into line at the command of their captain and marched to the Old Boys' Park, headed by the Hussars' Band. After having been made welcome by the reception committee, and putting things in order for the afternoon, the soldiers were called to the Town Hall where dinner, prepared by the ladies of the village and surrounding country, was ready for them. The interior of the hall was a perfect bower of beauty, with decorations of flags, bunting and flowers. Five long tables were laid, and the whole company—the band, the signallers and the machine gun squad—119 men in khaki, sat down to those tables laden with the very best of everything. Each table was well looked after by the young ladies and gentlemen waiters. The boys will never be busier in the trenches than they were for a few minutes. After they had done their best, Captain Peacock made a neat little speech, expressing a vote of thanks to the ladies. The response from the "boys" fairly made the old hall ring.

After dinner all repaired to the Old Boys' Park where the soldiers were put through all sorts of drill, giving the crowd a splendid idea of their work, even to taking the signallers off the wounded, etc. They had a machine gun with them and gave a grand exhibition of the work that can be done. The work of the signallers was a very pretty sight. The Hussars' Band enlivened the day with lots of splendid music.

A good game of baseball, Rodney vs. Newbury, resulted in favor of the visitors, 2-1.

Again the soldiers were taken to the hall, for supper, where full justice was done the good things.

In the evening an excellent concert was given in the park. The music of the band was magnificent. The Highland Pipes were the finest we have ever heard and won much applause. Miss Jean Walker, of London, captivated the crowd with her perfect dancing. Messrs. J. Stephenson, of Walkerville; J. Cook, of Glencoe; Pte. Shore, of the 33rd, and Mr. Ford all sang splendid songs. The Kelly Orchestra also gave good music. Mrs. J. Stephenson, of Walkerville, was a perfect accompanist. Rev. Byron Snell, of Wardsville, filled the chair most acceptably. Geo. Elliott, M. P., of Parkhill, made a fine patriotic speech.

In the afternoon Captain Peacock made a grand patriotic speech, with good results, as several handed in their names to the recruiting officer. A large crowd went to the depot to see the boys off and wish them good speed, and the day closed on one of the most successful celebrations ever held here.

The proceeds amounted to \$417. A subscription list is still open and has a nice sum on it in addition.

Homeseekers' Special Train.

For the accommodation of homeseekers and general tourist traffic to Western Canada, through train carrying tourist sleepers and colonist cars will leave Toronto 10.45 p. m. each Tuesday until further notice, running through to Winnipeg.

Attention is directed to the remarkably low round trip fares in connection with homeseekers' excursions to Western Canada via Canadian Pacific Railway. Tickets are on sale each Tuesday until Oct. 29th, inclusive, and are good to return within two months from date of sale.

Apply to any C. P. R. agent for full particulars, or write M. G. Murphy, district passenger agent, Toronto.

Potatoes Likely to Be Scarce.

Reports received by the Department of Agriculture regarding the condition of Ontario crops have a more reassuring tone about grain crops, but the outlook for potatoes is anything but good, and all signs point to a light yield of the staple this fall.

"The low price for potatoes last year influenced many farmers in their planting this spring, and the area devoted to the crop was probably less than the year previous," stated C. E. Bailey, Assistant Deputy Minister of Agriculture. "On top of that the crops are, as a result of the continued wet weather, suffering severely from rot and blight."

"Farmers are making good progress with their grain, although it is costing them more to get it in. In some sections the loss from sprouted wheat will be less than was anticipated, the farmers who took the precaution to cap their wheat having practically no loss."