POOR DOCUMENT

Semi-Weekly

BOERS TALKING PEACE

Telegraph.

VOL. XXXVIII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1900.

COLONIAL REPRESENTATION IN THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

An Important Announcement by Mr. Joseph Chamberlain on the Australian Federation Bill.

Mr. Chamberlain said it would make Australia an indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and would act as lords of the privy council and would act as lords of the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth, united for the most important trains and indissoluble federal commonwealth and in functions of government with intercolonial appeal. was clearly good for the whole Empire. imperial government. The Empire rejoiced at this great, free,

States than any other. State rights throughout were jealously preserved. In Australia the senate would be elected by the same electorate as the legislature and the new legislation it was important that measures which might involve the imperial government in the most serious responsibilities should be interpreted by a tribunal in which all the parties had full confidence. The government could not acceded to proposals which had received the unanimous approval of

London, May 14-The secretary of state | unanimity on the subject in Australia, and for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the government would ask the House of rose in the House of Commons today to Commons to so far amend the bill as to introduce the Australian commonwealth retain the power of the court of appeals. bill, which he described as a great and The government purposed to introduce inimportant step towards the organization of | to the House of Lords forthwith a scheme to appoint for seven years a representa-Mr. Chamberlain said it would make tive each of Canada, South Africa, Aus-

colony and common control of the national them so that they would continue to sit Bleskoplaagte, seven miles from Dundee. eight to ten daily. defence. Such a consummation was as in the House of Lords, although they The correspondents on the spot regarded much to Great Britain's interest as to would not as judges be paid the same as this as a rearguard action intended to ANOTHER ATTACK Australia's. What was good for Australia lords of appeal and at the cost of the

progressive movement, which was a tution, though in important respects unmonument to legislative competency and like any now existing, more closely reploying his full strength, is expected to push on. His first marches were forty-five miles in three days. He is thus breaking into British territory which had worthy of all the great labor that had sembled the constitution of the United States than any other. State rights

STRIKE IS ADJUSTED.

pany, and on which a strike was inaugurated ten days prior to that declared on the Transit system, and the officials and employes of that road, an amicable ad- strike justment was effected and the men will recognition. In many quarters it is figured that the settlement of the strike on the Suburban, presages an adjustment of the difficulties between the Transit Company and its 3,600 striking employes in the near future. In fact it was learned tonight that a settlement of the Transit Company's strike, received currency. Afternoon papers printed extra editions making the man of the employes' grievance committee and some of the members of the citizens

today. At a conference held between the injected into the proceedings a proposiofficials of the Suburban Railroad Com- tion of such a character that the discuspany, the only system in St. Louis not sion was brought to a close with matters controlled by the St. Louis Transit Com- no nearer a settlement than before. It is

return to work tomorrow morning. On just what basis the strike was settled On the Transit Company's system, in one could not be learned tonight but it can be positively stated the union received full instance, the police were obliged to charge on a crowd of strike sympathizers to disperse it and in a number of instances used the flat side of thir sabres. No casual-

statement that the strike on this system had been settled. Such was not the case,

EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA COQUETTING WITH RUSSIA.

Berlin, May 14-Political circles in Ger- | the return of Emperor Francis Joseph many are much displeased at the reply from Berlin. Political circles here say of Emperor Francis Joseph to the ad- this must be the consequence of Ger-

sary and that in which he reterred to such an entente as a good compliment to the Austro-Hungarian alliance with Germany are particularly criticised.

Emperor William and the German for eign office had not expected such an emphatic bid for Russian favor so soon after Turkey.

dresses of Her Jaworski and Herr Zilagyi, many's refusal to enter with Austria upon presidents of the Austrian and Hungar- binding engagements bearing upon future presidents of the Austran and Hungarian delegations respectively. The passage in which the Austro-Hungarian ruler declared a steady entente with Russia on the subject of Oriental questions necestable that the passage of the president of the former minister, acting at the explicit wish of Emperor William, have left to depth in the minds of Count Count for the presidents bearing upon future Oriental complications. It is also asserted that Prince Von Hohenlohe, the Imperial chancellor and Count Von Buelow, the former minister, acting at the explicit wish of Emperor William, have left the passage of the sary and that in which he referred to no doubts in the minds of Count Goluch

SCOURGE OF CHOLERA ADDED TO PLAGUE.

Bombay, May 14—Louis Klopsch, of New York, publisher of the Christian Herald, has arrived here and is starting otherwise the situation is unaltered."

on a tour of the famine stricken districts. He has handed to the international missionary committee \$145,000 for distribution among the famine sufferers.

London, May 14—The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, has telegraphed to the secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton, saying:

"The decline in the number of persons demanding relief in Bombay and elsewhere is probably due to the outbreak of the committee of the committee of 100 on Indian famine relief, met at the chamber of commerce today. It is proposed to communicate with all cities of the United States, the secular and religious press of the United States and Canada and churches and religious organizations everywhere with a view to attracting public attention and awakening public sympathy.

free trade, a common tariff for all the Life peerages would be conferred on

St. Louis, May 14—There were important developments in the street car situation when a member of the citizens' committee and the configuration when a member of the citizens' committee and come to mand at magnight.

The latest supposition concerning General Hunter is that possibly he is marching up the north bank of the Vaal, with

- The Suburban Company had no difficulty

committee, matters were adjusting them- however, as detailed above.

CRUELTY AT SEA.

Club Addressed.

rally them.

Moncton, May 14.—Oliver Girouard, whose place was raided by the police Saturday night, was arraigned in the police court today charged with keeping a gambling house. He was convicted and fined \$10 or two months in jail. Five in mates captured in the raid were fined \$5 each or 30 days, but the fine in their case was allowed to stand.

Firman McClure, M. P. for Colchester, addressed the Moncton Liberal Club to night in the Caledonian block. A large number of members and frierds were present and Mr. McClure was given a hearty reception. The member for Colchester dealt with the leading political questions of the day, referring to the

GAMBLERS FINED.

"Judging from talks I have had with the Boers, the end of the war will come

MOUNT VESUVIUS BOILING.

Spectators Are Warned Away from It.

tors are forbidden to approach within a certain distance.

Signor Matteucci, professor of geology

Being Hustled Out of the Free State and Natal-Buller Doing

Good Work-Dissensions in the Enemy's

cover the retreat of the army.

At the same time General Hilyard took Indoba; and it is reported that the Boers withdrew in disorder.

General Buller, who seems to be employed.

Pretoria Reports the Besiegers Taking a Parting Shot at It.

ment had not acceded to proposals which confidence. The government could not consent to clause 74 relating to the appeal court because it meant the abolition of the imperial veto, which would be prejudical to the unity of the Empire, and might lead to a conflict of authority between the proposed new high court and the privy council. There was by no means

THE GREAT ST. LOUIS

ment had not acceded to proposals which had received the unanimous approval of Australia, and, he added, the opposition was the American scout, Frederick Burnham. Two hundred Boers who had hidden in the river jungles near Kroonstad to escape service have surrendered to the appeals.

According to a despatch from Mr. Bennett Burleigh to the Daily Telegraph, tated Thursday, May 10, Paul Botha and MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald, members of the Free State Volksraad, demanded that the chairman MacDonald and proposed to make President Stepy a prisoner.

Nothing definite has been heard about the expected relief of Mafeking. The Cape Town correspondents continue to

Cape Town correspondents continue to wire that relief is imminent, fixing Tuesday or Wednesday as probable dates. Inquirers at the war office are told that the news of the relief will be made public immediately upon its receipt. No word lad come to hand at midnight.

The latest supposition receipts of the relief will be made public immediately upon its receipt. No word lad come to hand at midnight.

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for Soldiers.

ing up the north bank of the Vaal, with a force sufficient in co-operation with Lord Roberts, to render the Boer defence of the Vaal frontier impracticable. East of Bloemfontein General Rundle is advancing toward Ladybrand. His troops and those of General Brabant are stretch-London, May 14-At the annual meeting | He is At Last Driving the Boers from

course of which the writer says:

"There never was a more temperate ed over a distance of thirty miles. The Boers are described as "quite disorganiz-ed" and as retreating northward. Presi-dent Steyn's lieutenants are trying to sult from so many soldiers being brought from nearly every point where the Eng-lish correspondents are. Mr. Hollewall, formerly a corespondent at Mafeking, who was put over the Transvaad border, telegraphing from Lorenzo Marquez Sunday,

CORRESPONDENCE CONCERNING BRITISH PRISONERS.

kamp, chairman of the second raad, who travelled with me, said if the burghers were pressed from Pretoria, they would retire to the district of Lydenburg mountains.

tains which had already been provisioned. He remarked that he hoped the burghers

Sentences Imposed at Moncton-Liberal Story of a Mate's Barbarism Told in Court | The Latter Country Appeals to the Powers.

New York, May 14-A deep sea story

Row in Bombay.

Bombay, May 14.-While the police were searching at Vizagapatam, capital Schowner, the Windsor Hotel butcher, of the district of the same name in the succumbed to the disease. Three paof two constables, they were attacked by a mob. They fired upon their assailants, killing eleven and wounding 16 others.

as well as among the prisoners and every measure had been taken. Lord Roberts replied on April 22 that he was glad to receive President Kruger's assurance, but reported on the resident for the assurance, but pointed out that no dif-ference was made by the British authorities in regard to the Boer prisoners against whom there might be reasonable grounds for suspicion that they would try to escape, adding that such exceptions knowledge of the authorities

AND RETIRING

ENTERTAIN THE BOERS.

Boston, May 14.-Should the envoys of South African republics visit this city while in the country they will be entertained by a committee composed of five members of the board of aldermen, eight of the council and a general committee of 25 citizens. A special committee will escort them here from Washington and RECOM NDS TEMPERANCE. | were begun and every enor will be to give the foreigners a cordial welcome.

Thursday when he left Ladysmith in strength. When within two miles of Helpmaaker the Boers opened a heavy artillery fire and the British replied, while a portion of Buller's troops worked round the Boer flanks. The British attack was pressed home Sunday. Bethune on the right outflanked the Boers, whose splendid defensive positions on the Biggarsburg were practically taken. General Buller's march subsequent to the attack, was carried out without a hitch. The British are still

Have Gone to Heilbron Instead of Lindley.

Kroonstad, May 12-President Steyn has Ile remarked that he hoped the burghers would stand firm, but he feared they were too broken in spirit.

"I gathered from him that the whole available force of the Transvaal was now in the field, the final commandeering in the field, the final commandeering in the stand already been provisioned.

London, May 14, 6.12 p. m.—The war of fice has published a despatch from Lord Roberts, dated Kroonstad, May 12—President Steyn has gone to Hellborn, not Lindley. He has declared the former the new capital.

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TURKEY AND GREECE.

To Be Tried for Dynamiting.

Welland, Ont., May 14.- The hearing in the case of Walsh, Nolan and Dallman,

Death from Smallpox.

among the smallpox patients at the civic hospital occurred today when Henry tients are still in the hospital.

Will Swing Together.

SOUND AND FURY

SIGNIFYING NOTHING

Mr. George E. Foster Ranted and Roared in the Dominion House Yesterday--False Attack to Cover Inconsistency

mesented to him that Mr. Gelinas was well qualified for the work although not so expert as some of the others and on account of long service his claims on the government ought to be recognized. He had not spoken to any member of the committee on the subject but laid the matter before them as it was told him. The result of the debate was that the House decided to adopt the report.

Dr. Borden introduced a bill to amend the militia act. He explained that the amendment was for the purpose of giving a great rage and with feigned indigned.

amendment was for the purpose of giving power to the government, to appoint colonels. At present the highest officer that could be appointed was a lieutenantcolonel. The only exception was that the quarter-master-general and adjutant-general may be colonels. There was a decriminal code. It was a very fine way

mand for this in the militia.

many gentlemen now were appointed over at the special request of the opposition over at the special request of the opposition of the oppos

many gentlemen now were appointed for council and a general committee of 25 citizens. A special committee will escort them here from Washington and historic Faneuil Hall will be thrown open for a reception. This evening there was a meeting of a number of prominent citizens at which preliminary arrangements were begun and every effort will be made to give the foreigners a cordial welcome.

GENERAL BULLER VICTORIOUS IN THE MOUNTAINS.

He Is At Last Driving the Boers from Natal.

London, May 14—A special despatch from Stone Hill Farm, Natal, dated today, says:

"General Buller's advance commenced Thursday when he left Ladysmith in the salaries of packers in the post office."

The solution regiments and it was thought that in the case of ment of high position in this country the same as in England, they might be made colonels. Besides there were members in the militia force who were well qualified to be colonels. The bill was read a first time.

Hon, Mr. Fielding introduced a bill to amend the civil service act. It provides for the order paper the government was attacked.

Sir Charles Tupper said he would wait a day if the government was wanting to see what to do about the matter.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—We are ready to go on with it at once, but want to get this bill out of the way; that is all."

Sir Charles—"Will the honorable gentlement as the close on with the West Huron and Brockville cases tomorrow?"

Sir Charles—"That is satisfactory," Sir Charles—"That is satisfactory," at a system of the country in the case of a university graduate or the graduate of a Royal Militation. Most certainly we will." Sir Charles—"That is satisfactory, at the special request of the oppositation in this country be same to the military on when the government was attacked.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—"We are ready to go on with the West Huron and Brockville cases tomorrow?"

Sir Charles—"That is satisfactory," Sir Charles—"That is satisfactory," graduate or the graduate of a Royal Militation. We are ready to complete the colonels of remember

dian dollar or \$5. the colonial office and the war office to show that the information in the hands of the war office about the casualties to Canadians in South Africa came through the House adjourned at 11.45. Canadians in South Africa came through the high commissioner and it would be weeks, perhaps months before

money.

A batch of questions from Sir Hibbert

Mackenzie wanted the bill made general,

lating to ocean steamship subsidies was read a second time, passed through com-

Good Work—Dissensions in the Enemy's

Camp—The End in Sight.

London, May 14, 3.45 p. m.—General Buller's turning of the Biggarsburg position was effected by a bold movement. The Boers had evacuated Helpmasker, but were making a stand Monday evening at Bleskoplaagte, seven miles from Dundee. The correspondents on the spot regarded the deaths from enteric fever average eight to ten daily.

ANOTHER ATJACK

UPON MAFEKING, Interest the Besiegers Taking a Parting Shot at it.

Camp—The End in Sight.

Ottawa, Ont., May 14.—There was an hour's discussion when the House met to day on the adoption of the report of the debates committee. For years pask there has been a great deal of trouble over the French translation of the Hansard. The difficulty began in 1887 when the late Sir Adolphe Chapleau, then Mr. Chapleau, dismissed two of the translators for the translators for the debates committee was to suit the convenience of the committee made all the translators for the support in the deaths from enteric fever average

Sir Charles Tupper wanted to know why at the member for York of his breach the act was going to be changed, but on being told that General Hutton was in favor of the proposition, his opposition died away.

Dr. Borden pointed out that a great showed that all the important government bills on the order paper were studied. bills on the order paper were standing

the salaries of packers in the post office tion as it stood, according to the minister department from \$500 to \$600. The bill of justice, would place the traders or department from \$500 to \$600. The bill was read a first time.

Hon.Mr.Fielding in replying to Lieut-Col. Prior said that the government had been considering the question of establishing a mint in Canada but such a mint as Australia had would not serve the purpose of Canada. The sovereign of Australia was the same as that of Britain, but it would be different with the Canadian dollar or \$5. reasonable protection as such workmen Dr. Borden read correspondence with and employes be reinstated. This was

the information wanted could be obtained from the war office.

The company in which Sir Charles arranged insurance wanted the original and official notice of advice of death from the war office before they would pay over the attacked by Sir Mackenzie Bowell and his party were defeated. It was on a government bill to provide a grade for flax-seed grown in Manitoba. The bill was attacked by Sir Mackenzie Bowell, but on Tupper on Yukon affairs were replied to but Senator Watson explained that in by Mr. Sutherland.

Manitoba flax was grown for seed, while An act respecting the Harvey and Salisbury Railway was read a second time.

Mr. Fisher's bill to amend the act red in the Senate. It was changed so as

The House then went into committee on a bill to amend the criminal code.

The House then went into committee on a bill to amend the criminal code.

The rate in judgment debts was reduced from ten per cent.

At the same time the legation sent a note to the embassies asking for arbitration. IN CENTRAL AFRICA.

chester dealt with the leading political board until she cleared the Hook and the questions of the day, referring to the prosperity of the country and the outlook no signs of Captain Tapley.

Judge Thomas charged the jury and 20 minutes after it retired a verdict of guilty meeting was one of the best the club has yet held.

MOUNT VESUVIUS BOILING.

In which the two former are energed with dynamiting lock 24 of the Welland with dynamiting lock 24 of the Welland in on signs of Captain Tapley.

Judge Thomas charged the jury and 20 minutes after it retired a verdict of guilty was brought in on the third charge in the indictment. It charged assault upon the high seas without justifiable cause. Hayes will be sentenced tomorrow.

MOUNT VESUVIUS BOILING.

In which the two former are energed with dynamiting lock 24 of the Welland with dynamiting lock 24 of the Welland the last named with being accessory thereto, was concluded here today. The counsel for the accused submitted no evidence. Police Magistrate Logan committed all three for trial.

Telegraph, sends by wire and steamer from Uvilla, north of Lake Tanganyika the following:

The Belgian off the two former are charged with dynamiting lock 24 of the Welland the last named with being accessory thereto, was concluded here today. The counsel for the accused submitted no evidence. Police Magistrate Logan committed all three for trial.

The Germans bur dition fitted out by the London Daily territory with 1,000 soldiers, fifteen of from Uvilla, north of Lake Tanganyika "The Belgian officer withdrew from his

Montreal, May 14.-The first death Germans have forcibly seized all the Congo lin."

The Connors Elevator.

of harbor commissioners today adopted severe thunder storm which passed over plans for the Connors syndicate for the this city about 8 o'clock tonight the ice

London, May 15.-Mr. Lionel Docle, Free State territory up to Rusize river, who is conducting a Cape-toCairo expe- occupying 3,000 square miles of Congo

station under threat of instant attack. The Germans burned the station. Their "The situation here is critical. The officers acted on instructions from Ber-

Montreal, May 14-(Special)-The board Gardiner, Me., May 14-During the Signor Matteucci, professor of geology in the University of Naples, who is debvoting himself to a study of volcano action, had a narrow escape. He had received a special permit to approach the crater and was bruised and burned by a shower of incandescent stones.

| Applied to the University of Naples, who is debvoting himself to a study of volcano action, had a narrow escape. He had received a special permit to approach the crater and law to be constitutional and valid, but held that it applied to the amount of the legacy and not of the estate as a whole.

| Quebec, May 14.—David Dube, found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having brutally killed his wife Bridget Coldon on February 24, were both sentenced by Judge Bosse today to be hanged in the Colmon's syndreate for the construction of an elevator at this port of the capacity of 1,000,000 bushels. The orginal mas Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18, 1899 and Joseph Cazes found guilty of having murdered Thomas Adams Mooney, at Lake Beauport November 18