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FAIR AND WARMER

THREE CENTS

UNITED STATES TIGHTENS UP ON IMMIGRATION

Bill Introduced in Congress to Stop All Immigration for Two Years and to Deport Certain Aliens.

SETS BAR AGAINST INFUX OF LABOR

Also Plan a Definite Limit to Undesirable Laborers from Southern and Eastern Europe.

Washington, D. C., August 20.—A bill to stop all immigration for two years, and to deport all aliens who withdrew their first papers in order to escape military service during the war, was introduced today by Chairman Johnson of the House Immigration Committee.

After the end of the two years' suspension period, aliens would be entitled to admission to the United States only under a passport, or on their written declaration to become an American citizen. They would be required to register annually until citizenship was conferred. Fraudulent entry would be punishable by five years' imprisonment and \$1,000 fine, to be followed by deportation.

New exceptions to the prohibition of immigration for two year periods are allowed. Allied persons of the United States may send for their parents, or son under sixteen years of age, unless these relatives had been alien enemies, for whom special authorization for admission would be required. Skilled labor also might be imported under existing law, and foreign officials, students, tourists and professional men might come into the country temporarily, under passports.

Bar Undesirable Laborers. Adoption of the bill would mean the so-called "gentlemen's agreement" between the United States and Japan with respect to immigration, and would keep out Japanese coolies. But the bill does not stop there. Aliens who under present laws are eligible to citizenship, would be permitted to come to the United States without passports if they state in writing their belief that they intend to reside here and become citizens. They must agree to register at least once a year, and to do so being a cause for deportation. Failure to take out first papers at the end of two years' residence, also, is a cause for deportation.

After taking out papers, aliens must remain here five years for final citizenship, with a three year probation off for knowledge of the elements of the American plan of government and proficiency in the English language. If an alien does not acquire citizenship in eight years, he is sent home. The committee hopes to provide a plan by which citizens of contiguous territory, Canada and Mexico, may visit the United States on cards issued annually.

FOREST FIRES IN MONTANA BREAK BEYOND CONTROL

Fresh Ones Started, Old Ones Renew Their Energy—Incendiaries at Work and Hinder Communication.

Missoula, Mont., August 20.—The general fire situation in forestry district No. 1, Montana and North Idaho never in the history of the west has been as serious as it is today, according to forestry officials.

New fires are breaking out, old blazes are escaping beyond control, and it is reported incendiaries in the woods, not only have set fires in isolated spots, but have, in several instances, severed connections between the fire fighting crews and the outside world with serious results.

In the Clearwater Forest a service telephone was ground and cut in several places, and the ends were tied around trees. Forestry officials said that a crew of thirty fire fighters, retreating from a blaze, had left the forest.

Canadian Board of Trade Has No Information on Wheat Price

Ottawa, Aug. 20.—No official notification has reached the Board of Trade and Commerce of the fixing of the price to be paid for wheat imported to Great Britain by the British wheat commission. A London cable this morning said a maximum of \$1.80 per bushel for Canadian wheat had been decided on. This, with the fixed initial payment of \$2.15 to Canadian farmers by the Canadian wheat board of control, would mean a serious financial loss to be adjusted.

It is expected that an official explanation would be forthcoming very shortly.

Quebec All Ready For The Prince

Nothing Has Been Overlooked to Make the Welcome a Hearty One and in Keeping With Traditions of the Ancient Capital.

WILL UNVEIL TABLETS ON QUEBEC BRIDGE

A Series of Luncheons, Dinners and Receptions Have Been Arranged That Will Keep Him on the Move.

Quebec, August 20.—As the H. M. S. Renown is gliding up the St. Lawrence bringing His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and his suite to this city, the final details for the reception of the royal visitor are being completed here.

Nothing has been overlooked to make the welcome a hearty one, in keeping with the best traditions of the ancient capital whose loyal people have ever taken joyous pride in testifying their strong attachment to the British crown.

The state, the church and the masses of the people have joined together on this occasion, and the greeting which the oldest city in America will tender to the Prince of Wales will equal, in its purpose, the tributes of loyalty which have been extended to his royal ancestors who have, in turn, honored Quebec by their visits at different times within the past two centuries.

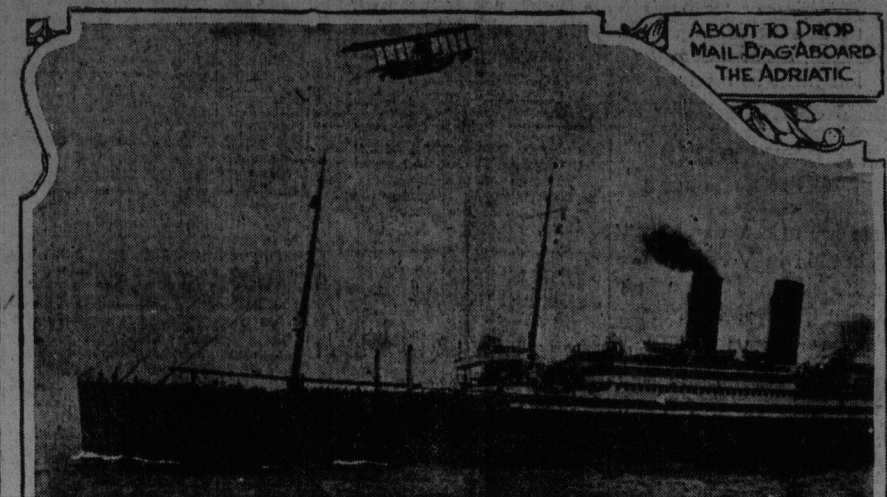
A slight change has been made relative to the hour of the prince's landing here. His Royal Highness will now land at six o'clock tomorrow evening instead of five o'clock, as previously announced, and after his reception by the highest dignitaries of the state, the church and the city, he will go to the viceregal quarters at the Citadel, where dinner will be served at 8:15 o'clock. While the dinner is in progress a display of fireworks will be given from the heights of the Citadel, overlooking the city and the St. Lawrence River.

Friday, he will be presented with addresses at the legislative buildings at 10:30 o'clock in the morning by Premier Gouin, and the Mayor of Quebec, and this will be followed by a reception. He will later visit Laval University and the Jeffrey Hall Hospital, and after lunch at the Citadel, at one o'clock, he will deposit wreaths on the Montcalm and Wolfe monuments. He will assist at the unveiling of the Tablet Jack on the Quebec Battlefields Park, and will review the guard of honor, composed of French War Veterans. He will also deposit wreaths on the Monument Des Braves, and will later go to the Quebec bridge, where he will unveil commemorative plates, and will officially inaugurate the structure. He will have dinner at the Garrison Club and will afterwards attend a reception at the Citadel.

The only public events in which he will participate on Saturday are a visit to the Ursuline convent and the Hotel Dieu Hospital in the morning, and a dinner and reception at Spencer's wood in the evening, the visit to St. Anne De Beaupre in the afternoon having been cancelled. On Sunday, the day of the Prince's departure, he will attend divine service at the English Cathedral at 11 o'clock, and will lunch at the Citadel at 1:45. Just an hour later he will leave Quebec by motor car for St. Martins Junction via Cap Rouge, joining the Montreal Road beyond the Experimental Farm.

est along the route followed by the telephone line just before communication was interrupted. It was impossible to obtain information from the Clearwater Forest tonight. In the Salmon Mountain district, forest fires burned uncontrolled, south of the Bitter Root Valley. The White Cap fire, also escaped control lines. Three lookout stations in the Selway Forest of Central Idaho were abandoned. The blaze in the Cabinet Forest was reported sweeping down Swamp Creek over a fifteen mile front. The Cold Creek fire near St. Regis, the largest in the district, which recently was placed within control lines, also broke out anew.

FIRST AIR MAIL DELIVERY MADE TO STEAMER AT SEA



For the first time in the short history of practical aviation a mail pouch containing late letters of importance arriving at the New York Post Office too late to catch an outbound steamship was received aboard a vessel near Ambrose Lightship from an airplane an hour and a half after she left her pier in the Hudson River. As a means of expediting the movement of overseas mail which unless the regular mail steamships. Otto Praeger, Second assistant Postmaster General, ordered that the experiment be tried of dropping a mail bag upon the deck or in the water at the side of the Adriatic, of the White Star line, which was scheduled to leave New York. The idea was successfully carried out.

BRITISH PRICE ON WHEAT CAUSE OF WORRIMENT

Grain and Banking Circles in Toronto Are Puzzled Over the Interpretation of the Cabled Report.

ENDEAVORING TO FIND OUT MEANING

Places Canada and United States in Sad Plight as Both Gov'ts Guarantee Much More Than Britain for Wheat.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 20.—There is much comment here regarding the cable from London, England, announcing that the wheat commission has fixed prices for imported wheat, and has caused a great deal of serious thought in grain and banking circles, and many are puzzled over the interpretation of the cable. From Toronto, trans-Atlantic inquiries have already been made to find out what it means. Whatever the interpretation, it means that either the British, Canadian or the United States governments will have to find millions of money to balance prices, as the British will pay only \$1.80 per bushel for Canadian wheat, whereas the farmers have been guaranteed a minimum of \$2.15 per bushel.

One of Toronto's leading bankers, who read the cable today, confessed he was puzzled by it and thought it needed further explanation. He said it might mean that the price for wheat already in stock in the Old Country. Should the price quoted in the cable refer to importation of wheat this fall, Canada and the United States guarantee prices will be away beyond Britain's buying price.

MUNICIPALITY OF ST. JOHN ASKS AID FOR HOUSING

Delegation Waits on Provincial Gov't and Requests \$300,000 Under the Better Housing Act.

Fredericton, Aug. 20.—A delegation from the St. John Municipal Council waited upon the Provincial Government Executive, tonight, and made application for \$300,000 under the better housing act passed by the last legislature. They propose to erect a number of new houses in the parish of Lancaster, St. John. It is quite probable that a portion of the amount asked for will be allotted for the purpose specified.

The delegation consisted of Councilors Golding and O'Brien, and J. King Kelly, secretary-treasurer of the county.

Yorkshire Miners' Strike Settled

London, Aug. 20.—(By The A. P.)—The strike of the Yorkshire miners, which has been in progress for many weeks, has been settled. All the Yorkshire pits will resume work as soon as practicable.

Action of Polish Delegates Surprise To The Germans

Break Off All Negotiations Which Were Going on Relative to Plebiscite Over Frontiers Between Germany and Poland.

Berlin, August 20. (By The A. P.)—The decision of the Polish delegates to break off negotiations which have been going on during the past few days in Berlin, relative to a plebiscite over the ultimate frontier between Germany and Poland, came in the nature of a complete surprise to the German officials assigned to be present at the deliberations, as well as the government which, evidently, was wholly unprepared for such action.

While no official statement has been issued, it is asserted, in competent quarters, that the rupture in proceedings was unexpected, especially as a day had been set for a specific discussion of the Upper Silesian question.

In addition to the general protest that the German troops are violating the Polish frontier, the delegation now in Berlin will make a formal charge to the effect that a German airplane, on August 18, crossed the Polish boundary and bombarded Sosnowice, near Katowice, wounding several policemen and civilians.

STATE TROOPS SENT TO HAMMOND, IND.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 20.—Ten companies of State troops tonight were ordered mobilized for transportation to Hammond, Ind., where efforts to end a strike of employees of the Standard Steel Car Company are said to have failed today. The call for the State troops was received tonight by the Governor, James B. Goodrich, from Sheriff Barnes, of Lake County, and Mayor Dan Brown, of Hammond, who stated that they believed the situation would be beyond their control by tomorrow morning. The troops are expected to reach Hammond by noon tomorrow.

Wilson Suggests New Move

Makes Compromise in League of Nations Fight in Proposal That Reservations be Adopted, But Apart from Actual Ratification of Treaty.

REPUBLICANS REJECT HIS PROPOSALS

Wilson Fears the Inclusion of the Reservations in the Ratification Would Reopen Negotiations With Germany.

Washington, D. C., August 20.—The first open move for a compromise in the League of Nations fight came from administration quarters today, embraced in a proposal that the Senate adopt interpretive reservations, but that they be kept apart from the actual ratification of the treaty. The paper overtures met with no immediate success on the Republican side of the chamber, senators of the Republican reservation group declaring they could not recede from their position that to be effective, the reservations must go into the ratification itself.

Senator Pittman, of Nevada, a Democrat member of the Foreign Relations committee, represented the compromise proposal in the form of a resolution embodying, in effect, the four reservations agreed on by seven Republican senators, and declaring them to constitute the senate's understanding of disputed points in the covenant. In the Republican draft, however, it expressly provided that the reservations "be made a part of the treaty by the instrument of ratification," a proviso which Senator McNary of Oregon and others of the group of seven Republicans insist on if votes are to be gained to secure ratification of the treaty.

To overcome this objection, Senator Pittman proposed, in a speech in the Senate, that the resolution be adopted at once and submitted to the other powers who will be represented on the league council. A general debate developed during which Senator Borah, Republican, Idaho, and others took exception with President Wilson's distinction between moral and legal obligations under the covenant as expressed in yesterday's White House conference between the president and the Foreign Relations Committee.

Although Senator Pittman said he had not submitted his resolution for the president's approval, he asserted that it carried into effect President Wilson's views on the subject of reservations as expressed to the committee yesterday. He indicated his firm belief that the administration would go no further towards a compromise, because it feared that the inclusion of the reservations in the ratification would reopen the negotiations with Germany.

Exorbitant Wages Add Greatly To The High Cost of Shoes

Investigation of Suffolk Co., Mass., Grand Jury Reveals the Inside Working of the Shoe Game.

Boston, August 20.—Inquiry into the high cost of shoes by the Suffolk County Grand Jury today developed that some shoe workers have been earning \$120 a week. These instances were said to be few, but it was testified that many made \$60 a week, while the average was about \$40. Unskilled help, formerly paid \$12 to \$15 a week, have profited most, most boys getting as high as \$30 a week.

It was said that a pair of shoes sold by a manufacturer for \$5.50 was displayed in a store four hundred yards from the factory marked at \$12. The Grand Jury finished its shoe price inquiry today and is expected to make its report Friday.

Former Premier of France Denounces Clemenceau Gov't

Paris, Aug. 20.—(By The A. P.)—A. Briand, former premier and former member of the War Council, in a speech at St. Etienne, denounced the coalition cabinet of Premier Clemenceau, according to a despatch to the Journal. The cabinet was called a "sacred union" by M. Briand.

The speech, which was preparatory to the approaching electoral campaign, was made at a Socialist club.

"This country has fought for liberty and must not allow liberty to be taken away from it by the sacred union," said M. Briand. "The national peril has passed and we will have no more of it."

U. S. TROOPERS HAVE BEEN SENT INTO MEXICO

Mexican Government, Through An Official Bulletin, Announces American Troops Have Crossed the Border.

PRESS DEMAND THEY BE WITHDRAWN

All Factors Urged to Unite and Oppose the Act of the Americans Who Have Invaded the Country.

Mexico City, August 20.—The Mexican government announced that American troops had crossed the border, in a bulletin issued last night, but has given no indication of its attitude. El Universal and El Heraldo de Mexico are the only newspapers to comment editorially on the situation. A protest against the crossing is made by El Universal, and it demands for Mexico an opportunity to be heard "before being outraged." The paper calls on all Mexicans to contribute to the defence of their country. El Universal announces that its section printed in English will be discontinued until the Americans leave Mexico.

El Heraldo says the situation has assumed a grave character, and declares that the crossing by the Americans was without note or request or permission to do so.

The executive committee of the federation of syndicate workers of the federal district has issued a manifesto to its members saying the committee is disposed to aid the government in the present crisis, and asks President Carranza to bend all efforts to secure co-operation of all the Mexican people. The American consuls at Tampico, Vera Cruz and Oaxaca, the Excelsior says, have instructed Americans in outlying districts to come into populated centres.

General Juan Torres, chief of operations in the State of Sonora, reports to the war department that the Yaqui bandits who killed an American chauffeur named White, had been dispersed with losses.

Austrian Delegates Have No Authority To Sign Treaty

Paris, Aug. 20.—(By The Associated Press.)—The Austrian delegation told the Supreme Council, today, that it would be necessary for them to take the completed text of the treaty to Vienna, and to submit it to the Assembly for approval before the delegates can sign it. This suggestion brought expressions of surprise from members of the council, as it had been thought the Austrian delegation had full powers. The council is urging the Austrians to make some arrangements to sign the treaty without taking it to Vienna.

The signing of the treaty, as a result of this unexpected development, it was said, may be postponed until well into September.

The completed treaty text will not be given the Austrians, it is generally understood, for at least two weeks, and if the Austrians insist upon taking it to Vienna before signature, that trip probably will add ten days to the delay.

Premier Clemenceau, who has been on a brief vacation, is expected to return to Paris tonight and to sit with the Supreme Council tomorrow. The council is expected to hasten completion of the Bulgarian and Hungarian treaties.

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