

Raid on Ghent by British Aviators and Heavy Damage Reported; Bombs Dropped on Turkish Base in Gallipoli Harbor

ONLY TWO NEW BRUNSWICK MEN IN LATEST LISTS

Ottawa, June 8.—The midnight list of casualties is as follows:

EIGHTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Pte. R. Holmes, (formerly 32nd Battalion), Dunellin, Sask.
Killed in Action.
Pte. T. C. Hooper, (formerly 32nd Battalion), Toronto.

THIRD BATTALION.
Wounded.
Pte. Arthur J. Dicknell, England; Pte. Charles Bradshaw, England.

SEVENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Pte. Edward James Tozer, England.

TENTH BATTALION.
Wounded.
Pte. Henry James Gilham, (formerly 32nd Battalion), (no address given); Pte. Thomas Robinson, (formerly 32nd Battalion), Ireland; Pte. Alfred Wortley, England.

Prisoners of War at Gottingen.
Private Henry Thomas Green, England; Private Chas. H. Holdway, England; Private Charles Hare, England; Private Dennis O'Keefe, England; Private Albert Strefford, England.

Private Sydney Campbell, England; Private Harry Anning, England; Private Francis John Benoy, England; Private George Craig Boland, Scotland; Private Varsel Covek (formerly 17th Battalion), Russia; Private Walter Martin Guin, England; Private George Davidson, Scotland; Private Richard Evans, England; Private Charles A. Goldsmith, Denmark; Private Arthur L. Peterson, England.

Pte. Mitchell Holden, England; Corporal Howard Frederick Lee, England; Lance Corporal William M. Sullivan, Ireland; Lance Corporal John Thomas Anderson, England; Lance Corporal Robert Snowden, England; Lance Corporal Horace W. Templeman, England.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.
Wounded
Sergt. J. Gillman (no address).

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.
Killed in Action
Pte. Chas. Alfred W. Dean, Peterboro, Ont.
Wounded
Pte. James McKee, England.
(See also page 3)

DISPUTE OVER CHANCELLORSHIP OF IRELAND

Unionists Claim Appointment of Rt. Hon. James Campbell — Nationalists Declare Against Conscriptio.

London, June 9.—The difficulty of filling the office of Lord Chancellor of Ireland has not yet been overcome. The Unionists claim the appointment for the Right Hon. James H. Campbell, Unionist member of the House of Commons for Dublin University, but the Nationalists strongly oppose this on account of Mr. Campbell's Ulster sympathies. The Nationalists yesterday held a meeting to consider the question and it is understood that Mr. Campbell will be induced to abandon his claim to the Lord Chancellorship and accept a judgeship instead.

The Nationalists at their meeting also passed a resolution, on the motion of John Dillon, one of the Nationalist leaders, declaring against conscription. The resolution stated that compulsory military service is needless and that any attempt to enforce it would break up the unity of the United Kingdom.

It appears that Mr. Campbell received the offer of the Chancellorship from a source he considered competent to offer it, and threw up his practice at the bar to accept.

Cabinet Crisis Serious

The threatened cabinet crisis, is, according to Liberal papers, very serious. The Chronicle says:

"Mr. Campbell is appointed Lord Chancellor of Ireland the Nationalists will move a vote of censure on the government, which would receive the support of at least one hundred Liberal and Labor members, as well as some eighty Irish members."

The Chronicle adds: "Both A. Bonar Law and Sir Edward Carson are holding Premier Asquith to the appointment of Mr. Campbell."

According to the Daily News the Liberals and Nationalists would only be pleased if the crisis involved the resignation of Sir Edward Carson. They contend that the coalition would be strengthened by his disappearance. On the other hand should A. Bonar Law and other Unionists resign, they argue, Mr. Asquith would be almost compelled to advise the dissolution of parliament and a general election.

The cabinet met yesterday to consider the situation, but apparently no decision was arrived at. It is rumored that if the appointment of Mr. Campbell is withdrawn, as a result of Nationalist threats, Sir Edward Carson will resign as Attorney-General, and that perhaps other members of the new coalition ministry will give up their portfolios.

The Nationalist contention is that the coalition government was formed to carry on the war and not to interfere with the government of Ireland, and they strongly object to Mr. Campbell, who always has been prominent in anti-Home Rule agitation.

Another of the new government is not meeting with smooth sailing. There were many evidences in the sitting of the House of Commons yesterday that a considerable section of the members are unwilling to forego their rights to criticize the ministry freely.

BOUNTS LAST NIGHT.

Boston, June 8.—Charley White, of Chicago, scored a knockout victory over Charley Thomas of Philadelphia, in the seventh round of a twelve round bout tonight. The boys are lightweights.

New York, June 8.—Sam Langford, of Boston, had the better of Jim Johnson, of Philadelphia, in eight out of ten rounds in their bout in Brooklyn tonight. Langford punished Johnson severely in nearly every round after the third. Langford weighed 192 pounds; Johnson, 220 pounds.

ENGLADD'S AVIATORS IN TWO SUCCESSFUL RAIDS

Amsterdam, via London, June 9, 2.30 a. m.—The Telegraaf's Sas Van Gent, Holland, correspondent says that heavy damage at Ghent has resulted from a British air raid. The correspondent adds that no details of the raids are available. Ghent is twelve miles northeast of Sas Van Gent.

The Telegraaf also says that it learns that the closing of the Dutch frontier is in connection with enormous transports which are all going to the Yser line.

RAID ON TURKISH BASE.

London, June 9, 2.09 a. m.—A successful English air raid on the Gallipoli Peninsula is reported by the Daily Telegraph's Bucharest correspondent. Nine seaplanes participated in the raid, dropping bombs on Akbasch, the Turkish base in the harbor of Gallipoli, killing three soldiers and wounding a dozen others, and severely damaging the storehouse.

SAY VALUE OF U.S. FRIENDSHIP IS IMAGINARY

German Paper Claims United States Long Ago Abandoned Real Neutrality.

Berlin, June 8, via London.—The Kreuz Zeitung, in its issue of Monday, published the substance of the interview given to the Associated Press on May 30 by Herr Gottlieb von Jagow, Imperial Foreign Secretary, on Germany's answer to the Washington note concerning the Lusitania case, in which the Secretary said he believed it essential to establish a common basis of fact before entering upon a discussion of the issues involved.

This is done, the newspaper explains on the strength of the report reaching Berlin to the Reuter Telegram Company, of London, and the "forthcoming American note to Germany freshens a severance of diplomatic relations with Germany."

Continuing, the Kreuz Zeitung says: "We want to remind America once more that Great Britain bears the responsibility for the submarine war. Germany would have stopped it had Great Britain been willing to give up her war of starvation. At one time America could have exerted pressure on Great Britain to this end, but it did not do so."

"Now that the war of starvation has failed America comes forward with the unusual proposal that we shall stop the submarine war. Naturally there can be no talk of this. Foreign Secretary von Jagow has pointed out what can be done for the safety of American passengers and American ships. Americans again have been shown the way to reconciliation and the protection of their real interests."

"But it appears, if one may trust the reports about the new note, that they do not wish to find this way, but rather do they desire to lend their moral support to Great Britain, in whose interests they long ago gave up real neutrality. Let them do it! The value of diplomatic relations with the United States has to us become rather imaginary."

Discussing the forecasts of the forthcoming note from Washington to Berlin, the Vossische Zeitung says: "It seems on the whole that the tone of this note will be more serious and emphatic than that of the first note. It would, nevertheless, be premature now to draw any further deductions as to a possible rupture of diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany."

OFFICIAL REPORTS FRANCE

Paris, June 9, 10.24 p. m.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office tonight:

"In the region of Notre Dame De Lorette there has been a very spirited artillery engagement today. Our infantry has everywhere consolidated the positions previously gained and has made new advances."

"At Neuville-St. Vaast we have carried the entire group of houses to the west of the village, also additional houses in the principal street, north of this group."

"In the Labyrinth our troops repulsed a violent counter-attack and slightly increased their progress."

"To the south of Hebuterne we have maintained the gains of yesterday and last night, notwithstanding a strong attack delivered by two German battalions which were brought up in automobiles from the region to the east of Arras. Following this we continued our progress towards the east on a front of about 1,200 metres."

"The enemy violently bombarded the trenches which we took from him yesterday to the north of the Aisne, near Moulin-Toutvent. This bombardment, to which our artillery vehemently responded, was not followed by a counter-attack."

AUSTRIA

Vienna, June 8, via London (7.40 p. m.)—At army headquarters today the following statement was given out:

"In the districts of the Pruth and Dniester, Galicia, the troops of the Germanic allies yesterday prosecuted an attack along the Lanczyn-Nadworna-Kalusz line and pushed back the enemy toward Stanislaw and Halicz. Further progress was made on the left bank of the Dniester, east and north of Zurawna, 6,200 Russians being captured. Otherwise the situation is unchanged."

"In the Italian coastal district the enemy apparently is preparing a general attack against our positions on the Isonzo river. In this isolated attacks heretofore near Gradisca and Grado he has been repulsed with heavy losses."

"In the Carinthian and Tyrol frontier districts the Italians have been keeping up an artillery fire without success. An Alpine detachment which occupied Monte Piano, south of Landio, was driven off by our troops. The district of Ala was visited by plundering Garibaldians."

BELGIUM

Havre, June 8, (11.10 p. m.)—The following Belgian official statement under date of June 7, has been issued:

"During the night of June 6-7 there was intermittent cannon and

Large Tagel Sailors

in White, Black, White and Black, Black and White, now so much in demand in New York.

Trimmed Outing Hats

in Canvas, Ratine and Turkish Towelling
75 cents each

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rifle fire along the front. During the day of the 7th, the trenches north of Dixmude and the villages south of Stuyvekenskerke and Ramescapelle were violently bombarded. Our artillery scattered German working parties near Beerseloot."

WILL WED TODAY.
Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, June 8.—The wedding of Miss Ethel Scott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James M. Scott, of this city, and Mr. Walter R. Clark, formerly publicity commissioner of the Fredericton Board of Trade, and now with Chestnut Canoe Co., will take place at St. Paul's Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

A letter from Constantinople, in a London Journal, describing police activities there, says: "Beyond the frontier, in Greece, Bulgaria, and Rumania, spies watch all persons who take tickets for Turkey, and denounce them as soon as they have crossed the bor-

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VIRGINIA UNDERWOOD Charming Soprano
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The Hearst-Selig Weekly
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Matinees Today 2.30 OPERA HOUSE Tonight 8.15

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A Good Company in a Good Play.

Matinees—10c, 25c. Night—10c, 15c, 25c, 35c.

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"THE LOST HOUSE"
A Reliance Masterpiece in four Parts
By RICHARD HARDING DAVIS
The celebrated Author and War Correspondent.
"The Lost House" is a thrilling and vital drama with a wonderful live scenes and dead with rifles, with a thrill and throbbing pulsating all the way through its action.
Also a new Keystone Comedy that is a corker and a scream.
Matinee every day at 2.30. Two shows at night—7.15 and 8.45.
Prices—Nights 10-15c | Matinees 10c
Gallery 5c

MAJORITY IN FAVOR OF CHURCH UNION

Assembly Agrees to Snd Question to Congregations and Presbyteries — Retiring Moderator Presides Wearing Khaki.

Kingston, Ont., June 8.—By an unprecedented vote of 368 to 74, the Presbyterian General Assembly agreed this afternoon to send the question of church union to the congregations and presbyteries. Great enthusiasm was manifested when this decision was announced. The returns, as compared with those of the last Assembly, show a large gain for church union. The best vote secured at last year's Assembly against union was 29 per cent., this year the "antis" got only 18.7 per cent. of the Assembly.

The Rev. Dr. D. D. McLeod, of Barrie, leader of the party opposing the union, presented in detail the views of the minority. The retiring moderator, the Rev. Dr. W. T. Herridge, presided. Dr. Herridge was in uniform as a chaplain of the Canadian forces.

Dr. McLeod presented a motion for the minority, recommending, in effect, that no further steps be taken in regard to union at the present time.

"Dr. Falconer said we should learn some things from the Germans," said Dr. McLeod. "I am in no mood to learn anything from the Germans. I do not think this is a time for men to say such things."

Should Damn Murderers.
"Instead of telling us how good the Germans are," said the speaker, "we should damn, in every way possible, the murderers. We were told that we were not to waste. Have the Germans wasted nothing? Did they not waste Belgium?"

Dr. Falconer said this was a providential war, he probably meant that it was providential for the union committee stated Dr. McLeod stated amid laughter. He did not think there was much to be learned from the Germans. The lesson to be learned from politics was co-operation, not union. President Falconer's bombs were of the kind that did not explode. No one was frightened by them. Christ never intended the church to be a physical unit; there should be variety in unity.

In conclusion he said: "We who represent the minority, like our brave Canadian soldiers, propose to hold the trench that has been committed to our keeping."

The Rev. Thomas F. Fullerton, Charlottetown, P. E. I., seconded the recommendation of the minority. He claimed that the suggested union could not be compared to the union of forty years ago in the Presbyterian church. In the event of a large immigration it was doubtful if the Presbyterian immigrants would be content to enter the new union church.

Rev. Dr. John Neill, Toronto, said they were going to take the best material out of three churches, and he believed that Presbyterians would form the bulk.

Rev. Dr. Campbell, Montreal, raised the question of the legality of the basis of union as to property.

A cablegram from Rev. John Pringle, chaplain with the Canadian forces in England, was read advocating union. Principal McKay of Vancouver, in

RESERVES FOR 43RD BATTALION HAVE REACHED ENGLAND

London, June 8.—The reserve of the Forty-third Battalion, Winnipeg, has reached England. The draft sent to the front includes forty-eight officers, of which six are from the 12th Reserve. Major-General Steele on inspecting the 24th Battalion, expressed much satisfaction.

KING OF GREECE MAY RECOVER

London, June 9.—A Reuter despatch from Athens says the condition of King Constantine has taken a favorable turn, and it is hoped that he will be pronounced out of danger within a day or two.

moving a resolution denouncing the political patronage system, said that there were elders in the church who ought to be expelled on account of their corrupt practice in politics and business.

A resolution was also passed commending the progress of temperance in the western provinces, and expressing regret that the governments in the east have not gone further in this direction.

On a motion by Mr. J. K. MacDonalld, Toronto, it was decided that ministers now on the aged and infirm fund will be entitled to increased annuities.

Rev. Dr. Herridge said he did not believe in a truce. This war time was the best time to bring the question to an issue. If he had started out on his tour of the Dominion last year as an opponent of union that he would have converted him. He had learned of churches which were a disgrace to Christendom, where the ministers existed on a mere pittance. Present conditions were not merely a waste of money, but a waste of men. The movement would not destroy Presbyterianism; they would not only hold the trench, but advance to another trench. "We must think," he said, "of the possible larger unity of which this is but the precursor, for all the churches shall be one when God's hour strikes the world." (Loud applause.)

After it had been decided that the time for taking the vote should be extended, and a number of delegates had taken part in the discussion, both pro and con, Rev. Dr. Clark, convener of the union committee, said the clearest issue was not the merits of the basis of union, but that the people might express their will on this question. "We have a right," he said, "to face the conditions of our time in the name of Christ and the people."

The evening session was taken up by discussion on the social service and evangelism report, which stated that the year had been the best the department had ever had, but the support was still inadequate and there was a large deficit.

Church union took up most of the afternoon session of the Presbyterian General Assembly today.

The vote of Presbyterians in 1911 on union was as follows:

To question: "Are you in favor of organic union with the Methodist and Congregational churches?"

8,245 elders voted for, and 2,475 against. Of 287,944 communicants 104,755 voted for, 48,278 against. Of adherents 37,175 voted for and 14,174 against. The commissioners at the assembly last year voted in favor of union by 171 votes.



UNIQUE PICTURE OF A TORPEDO AFTER LEAVING DESTROYER

This remarkable photograph of a torpedo about to take to the water after having been fired from the destroyer field off Dry Tortugas, Fla., was taken by C. R. Lemke and H. A. Thiel, of the battle ship Wisconsin. The flasher is shown in the background coming on the range to fire next.

Premier people Schen aired Premier London, June 8, 1915. Relief will Mr. Asquith London, June 8, 1915. The project of recently agreed the new co which each So will be about receiving \$25, or less, was a House of Com sideration of ister of Munif Davison Dal stand that if tributed their the amounts without the o Sir Arthur B. a similar view tion of the " which he stro Home Secr the arrangem every respect among the m thought it w into the matt Premier Asq listened to me prise and pain before the H AUSTR ARMY AT Berlin, via m.—Gen. Von yance from Pr of Lemberg, h miles northea This inform the official rep army headqua The official "Western th "An attack southern slope completely. Th making further South of Neu enemy was pres fire. "In the regi (serve the batti northwest of S vent, has been by our counte Vols, northwest enemy-suffered successful att position lost in of the enemy v "Southweste "East of Priz tion is the sam seners taken b Von Mackensen to more than 2 Kidney Of Mr. W Cred It is one thi for a medicine to produce irre actually cures "We prefer t speak for them you find in al the report of r cured-by the u elines. Today statement of When a man r expressing his no question of edified. Mr. W ville, Ont., writ Chase's Kid must tell you bring them i with the great very severe pai completely cur these pills. B of doctors m benefit that t e falator-being-