

POOR DOCUMENT

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ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1906.

CURE YOUR CHILDREN

Whooping Cough

Before the cold weather sets in.

McDiarmid's Whooping Cough Cure will do it.

Price 25c.

ROYAL PHARMACY,
47 King Street.

CLOTHES THAT FIT.

No matter how good the cloth if the suit don't fit. You get both style and good cloth from me.

W. H. TURNER,
Merchant Tailor, 440 Main Street.



A TEMPTATION.

Come in and see our Bracelets, Collar Pins, Brooches, Neckties, and get our prices on Watches—compare them with the other kinds on the market. Note the prices we ask, carefully, and see if you can resist the temptation to buy.

A. & J. HAY, — 78 King St.

Bustin & French,
Solicitors, Etc.

ST. JOHN, N.B., OCT. 20, 1906.

Steamer Maggie Miller
leaves Millville for Soreville, Kennebecas Island and Baywater daily, except Saturday and Sunday at 9 a. m., 3 and 5 p. m., returning from Baywater at 7 and 10 a. m. and 3 and 5 p. m. Saturday at 7 a. m. and 3 and 5 p. m. Sunday at 9 a. m. and 3 and 5 p. m. returning at 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.

JOHN MCGILDRICK, Agent.

WILSON'S BREAD MOULDER.

Capacity 4000 Loaves per hour.

SOLD TO C. ROBINSON,
St. John, N.B.

The above was the card placed on Wilson's latest up-to-date machine exhibited at the Toronto Exhibition last month, which is now installed in Robinson's bakery to facilitate the large production of

Butter-Nut Bread,
now demanded by the public.

N. B.—Announcement to Boys and Girls shortly.

For \$1.00 Per Load

We will deliver kindling and heavy soft wood, cut in stove lengths. Send post card or call.

McNAMA BROS.,
65 Chesley Street.

WOOD—When you are thinking of Wood—Hard, Soft or Kindling—call on 468.

City Fuel Co.,
City Road.

SPECIAL Broad Cove Coal

\$6.75 per Chaldron, on orders of one chaldron or over. Cash with order.

JOHN WATERS,
Phone 612 Walker's Wharf.

\$50 REWARD!

A Reward of \$50.00 will be paid by the undersigned for the recovery of the body of Harry Richards, drowned off Partridge Island, Monday, Oct. 8th.

H. R. McLELLAN.

THE BACHELOR'S SOLILOQUY.

To wed or not to wed; That is the question. Whether 'tis better To remain single And disappoint a few women— For a time; Or marry, And disappoint one woman— For life?

—Lippincott's.

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ST. JOHN STAR.
ST. JOHN, N. B., OCT. 20, 1906.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

The British admiralty has just sprung on this warlike world the greatest surprise in years, and one which must cause deep disappointment and chagrin to several ambitious nations. Three warships now rapidly approaching completion, which it was generally understood were second-class armored cruisers, turn out to be battleships of the most powerful type, greater even than the monster Dreadnought, and sufficient, when ready for service, to give Britain ten years lead in naval armament over every other nation. When the new Dreadnought was commissioned, Germany, which is making strenuous efforts in increasing her navy, decided to build a ship equal to Britain's greatest. The United States is borrowing ideas and making plans for a war vessel more powerful than any afloat, and Russia has just decided that she too must not be left behind in the contest for supremacy. Such developments were anticipated by the people of England who viewed with something like alarm the seeming indifference of the admiralty, and wondered why those responsible for the efficiency of the empire's first line of defence were stalling to proceed with the building of ordinary cruisers. This indifference is now explained, and the surprise given to the people, the true character of the vessels now under construction, brings with it satisfaction and general relief.

The Dreadnought was sent on her gun trials exactly one year after her keel was laid down. She has been found fully up to the requirements in every respect, and is not only the most powerful but the fastest battleship afloat. Her speed is twenty-two knots, and her armament includes eight twelve-inch guns. The new battleships which are all-half finished will be not less than twenty-five knots, and possibly even twenty-seven when under forced pressure. Their armament will be almost identical with that of the Dreadnought and any weaknesses existing in the latest addition to the fleet will be overcome in those now building. A despatch last night stated that the admiralty, upon learning the results of the Dreadnought trials, had given orders for the immediate construction of three more battleships of the same class. One is to be built at Portsmouth, one at Davenport and one in a private dockyard. This is in accordance with the policy first outlined, to build a squadron of seven vessels of the Dreadnought class. Those will all be complete and in commission before any other nation can have one afloat, and Britain will thus maintain her lead by having the most powerful fighting organization the world has ever known.

The secrecy maintained by the admiralty in the present instance is unusual, but the announcement of the policy has strengthened the faith of the British people in the government now in power.

IN OR OUT OF JAIL.

A few days ago Magistrate Kay, of Moncton, imposed an extremely odd punishment on a habitual drunkard who was brought before him. The man was sentenced to be refused accommodation in the jail during the winter. The result of this was that if the same punishment were meted out to say eight or ten offenders a more satisfactory test of the plan could be made. In St. John there are a score or so of persons who depend on the public for their maintenance. They are lazy, idle and worthless creatures. Some of them get drunk because they like liquor, but others do so because this is the simplest method of being sent to jail. They want to have an easy time, for the gentle and ladylike labor performed by the chain gang has no terrors for them and it is only by chance that they ever go to the park with the crowd. A number of them are looked upon as necessary to the proper conduct of the jail, and are kept in the building to do sweeping, scrubbing and other routine. There are men now in the St. John jail who are not at liberty one month in the year, and would not be on the streets for a week if they could help it. Magistrate Kay is evidently attempting to deal with one of this class. Whether the fact that he is not to be admitted to prison will prevent this offender from becoming intoxicated or whether he will continue drinking and become a nuisance on the streets remains to be seen. It depends largely on the creature himself. Inebriety is sometimes a disease, but is not always so, and there is difficulty in distinguishing one case from the other. It is the duty of the community to shelter those who through weakness fall victims to drink, but whether public generosity should be extended towards providing a living for those who deliberately choose to live without working, is another question.

THE GIRL WHO SMILES.

The wind was east and the chimney smoked, And the old brown house seemed dreary, For nobody smiled and nobody talked, The young folks grumbled, the old folks croaked, They had come home chilled and weary.

Then opened a door and a girl came And sang, Not yet the gloom about her, But she mended the fire and lighted the lamp, And she put on the place a different stamp.

From that it had without her, They forgot that the house was a dull old place, And smoky room base to rather, And they felt the charm of her mirthful grace, And the cheer of her happy laughter.

Oh, give me the girl that will smile And sing, And make all glad together! To be plain or fair is a lesser thing, But a kind, unselfish heart can bring Good cheer in the darkest weather.

—Woman's Life.

GEORGE WASHINGTON "SWIZZLE."

"Down in Barbadoes," says a returned traveller, "they have a cocktail which they declare was invented and named by George Washington when he was down there prior to the revolution with his brother who was then in ill health. From these the future father, then, and fond of long walks, and, according to the story, he and his brother dropped into a tavern in Bridgeton, after one of these walks, looking for refreshment.

George said he had been walking in the sun and wanted something to cool 'swizzle' to it. The tavernkeeper was not responsive, for in those days the art of compounding mixed drinks was in its infancy, but he enumerated what liquors he had on hand. From these the future father, his country selected some schnapps, of which he took four parts to one part of South American bitters, and into this mixture grated a favoring of kola nut. Then he stirred the mixture up in a pitcher until it frothed and tasted it.

"It was all right and 'swizzle' has since then been the principal mixed drink of the Barbadoes." — Philadelphia Ledger.

BRIDAL SUPERSTITIONS.

When a bride dreams of fairies the night before her marriage she must consider herself blessed, and if she finds a spider on her wedding-dress it also means a blessing.

Should a wedding ring be dropped during the ceremony it is always a sign of ill-luck, but if a bridegroom carries a miniature horseshoe in his pocket, it leads to good luck in the future.

No telegrams should be given to the bride or bridegroom on the way to church. It is surely a sign of evil.

Kiss a bride directly after a ceremony has taken place, before her husband has an opportunity to do so, and then you will have good luck throughout the year.

THE CORRECT COUNT.

As a prisoner was brought before Judge Sherman for sentence the clerk happened to be absent. Judge Sherman asked the officer in charge of the prisoner what the offence was, to which he was charged, "Bribery, your honor. He's been married to three times, your honor, and counting."

"Bribery," said the judge, "that's trisomy!" — Indianapolis Star.

A BUSY WOMAN.

Many years ago a visitor to the home of the Pitt family, Mrs. Morris, Ill., found Mrs. Pitt quite busy. She was holding a child in her lap, she was rocking the baby in the cradle, she was knitting, and she was reading a newspaper folded over the back of a chair. The visitor remarked that the sons of such a woman ought to have a good record. The late Robert R. Pitt, the congressman from Illinois was one of the boys.

MARY AND THE FLEA.

Mary on her pretty arm, Found a little flea; Every time she grabbed at it, It would "go."

Fido saw her acting up, And the cause he knew, Fido smiled and said, "Ah, ha, Mary's got 'em, too."

—Milwaukee Sentinel.

PRINCIPAL GORDON ON CORRUPTION.

He Calls Upon Party Leaders to Inaugurate an Anti-Bribery Fund.

KINGSTON, Ont., Oct. 19.—In an article in Queen's Weekly, Principal Gordon deplores the corruption in politics and calls upon the leaders in both parties to inaugurate an anti-bribery fund, to be used in prosecuting cases of corruption. What will be secured deliverance from thus seems to have become a necessity of the party system. The Principal declares that honorable men should combine to make Canada's public life as pure as its commercial and social life. It will be a long conflict, he says, to keep down the enemies of public purity as well as those of liberty. These two enemies are in reality one because the triumph of corruption means the infringement of freedom and electoral bribery is treason against the Commonwealth.

SATURDAY SERMONETTE.

"HORSE PLAY."

I don't know exactly what is meant by the phrase horse play, but I imagine it means rough, coarse play in which there is no fun, no wit, no humor, and describes the kind of play in like that which took place at Toronto University, and will be copied by other colleges, for most undergraduates seem to be destitute of humor and originality, and have the idea that it is amusing to destroy property and make a freshman say that "preposterous" when a freshman said that "hustling" was a "time-honored custom" in the university. The statement that they did not have the muscular development of the present undergraduates have at least what many of them do not seem to have "the saving grace" of humor.

If Mr. Carnegie would endow a chair of humor in each of our colleges it would do as much good as founding libraries, and it might save a few freshmen from being "hased" until dazed and crazed.

But after all it is not the brutality of the hazing to which the public object, it is the utter stupidity of it. The public will not object to the hazing (there are plenty of them) if you make the public laugh when you do it. But, oh, sophomores, do your killing humbly if you can. If you must destroy property, if you must murder sleep, if you must terrify peaceful citizens, frighten old ladies and children out of their wits, do it funnily, make us laugh at your horse play and we will forgive you. But don't expect us to laugh at your pranks when lunatics, steepest arabs and hoodlums can do them better.

It only requires muscle and that not of a high order—not brains to do your hazing.

The public are ashamed of you, there is such an absence of originality and humor in your hustling and hazing that they can scarcely believe that it is done by young men who are capable of mutilating into our universities and colleges. The hired man can do it better. Go and take some lessons from Pat, the hard carrier. Pat can laugh, and you have not done it yet.

Thirty-five years ago a number of undergraduates tore down a saloon sign and put up in its place one which read the next morning, "A wicked and an audacious generation shall seek for a sign and it shall not be given them."

As the liquor they had been drinking were doubtless adulterated, there were two points to the rather irreverent joke. With not of the highest order, but I venture that in ten years few colleges will have manufactured as good.

ON HAZING IF YOU CANNOT GET A CLASSICAL EDUCATION.

On hazing if you cannot get a classical education without it, but if you cannot make a laugh when you do it, hire the janitor if he is muscular to do it for you.

THADDEUS.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Gilbert Puzley and Mrs. F. B. Steeves have issued invitations for an at home on Friday, October 26th.

Mrs. Robert Jardine was the hostess at an at home yesterday afternoon to introduce into society her daughter, Miss Estelle Jardine. In the evening a number of debutante's friends were present at a pleasant dance.

Mrs. Henry Spears and her niece, Miss Fannie M. Quinn, have gone on a visit to Boston.

G. K. Greenlaw, of St. Andrews, was in the city yesterday.

Rev. O. N. Mott, of Greenwich, came in on the Champlain yesterday.

Dr. C. Sydney Emerson, DENTIST,

24 Wellington Row.
Preservative Work a Specialty.
Office hours from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m.
Phone 124.

Blue and White Labels

are on the 1 lb. pkts. of

Tiger T.

All notions of Births, Marriages and Deaths must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

DEATHS.

McKELVEY.—In this city, on Oct. 17, Jennie E. McKelvey, leaving father, mother and three brothers to mourn their loss. (Boston papers please copy.)

Funeral from her father's residence, 71 Elliott Row, on Sunday at 2 p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

ROBINSON.—In this city, Oct. 19, 1906, Arthur T., eldest son of Wm. F. and Mary A. Robinson, aged 19 years.

Funeral from their residence of his father at 2.30 o'clock from corner Orange and Sydney.

NELSON.—In this city, on the 19th inst., Ida May Nelson, daughter of Joseph and Margaret Nelson, aged 10 years.

Funeral tomorrow (Sunday) at 1 o'clock from her father's residence, 72 Smythe street. Service at the house by Rev. Mr. Holdbrook.

FERGUSON & PAGE, JEWELERS, ETC.

Fine Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Silverware, Cut Glass.

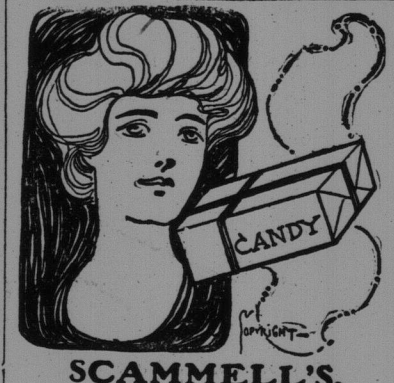
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Phone 319. St. John, N. B.



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Best quality, good weight, and satisfactory delivery, lowest prices.

We have a five hundred ton schooner on the way from mines with guaranteed best quality Honey-brook Lehigh American hard coal. "Phone 1602."

New Buckwheat,
6 pounds Sweet Potatoes for 25c
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OHAS. A. OLARK,
49 Charlotte St., Mariet Building
Telephone 803.

A. E. HAMILTON, CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
180-183 Brussels Street.
Phone 1628.
Jobbing of all description.

A PEEP INTO THE OCCULT.

Stage Magic Now as Popular as it Ever Has Been.

Apparatus Supplied to East Indian Conjurers—De Kolta's Disappearing Bird Cage.

There is a modest little shop on Sixth avenue, New York, with playing cards, globes, boxes and other innocent looking objects in the window, in which is manufactured most of the magician's apparatus used in North and South America and a good deal of that used in Europe and the Orient. Persons interested in the occult would be surprised to see on the books of the establishment the orders from the magicians of magic in America. The walls are covered with portraits of famous performers, the place is full of souvenirs of them and the proprietor can tell many stories of them and their art.

He has, for instance, the vanishing cage of Buster de Kolta, which Mrs. de Kolta presented to him after the death of the conjurer. Slight of hand men declare that De Kolta was the greatest prestidigitator that ever lived. He never used a trick invented by any other person, and he is said to have invented more tricks which have been copied by other performers than any other man.

This vanishing cage was a favorite. It was simply a bird cage containing a live canary, which he held out in plain view of the audience. Then the whole thing disappeared.

That was all there was to it, but it was most mysterious. The cage was collapsible and disappeared up Mr. De Kolta's sleeve. The art consisted in making it disappear invisibly and without hurting the canary.

De Kolta made this cage with his own hands. Most prestidigitators have been expert mechanics. Many of them have originally been watchmakers or optical instrument manufacturers. The next most prolific source of supply have been the professors of chemistry.

A souvenir of "Alexander the Great" Herrmann shows the pleasure which that prince took in his own house of magic. This was too small a trick to use on the stage, but he invented it merely to amuse his friends in his own home.

It is a little cabinet of ebony, inlaid with mother of pearl, containing thirty-two small drawers, just the size of a playing card, all numbered. The observer was asked to choose one of thirty-two cards and to name the drawer in which he would have it appear. The card always appeared in the right drawer.

The Young Lady In Her "Teens."

Telephone 1802 A.

WE have just the Shoes she'll like. For street or school wear we have Shoes for her in medium and heavy weight, and still not ugly or clumsy.

They're full of snap and style. Just the kind of Shoes she delights in wearing. Widths and sizes to fit every foot. Several grades, commencing at \$1.25 and running up to \$1.75. Let us Shoe the Young Lady.

We never tire of showing our Shoes.

D. L. MONAHAN,
108 King St., West End.

\$2.00. \$2.25. \$2.50.

Easy Priced Foot Wear For Men.

Coming on this time of year you must need good protection for your feet. We can give it to you, and at money saving prices. For instance—

A Man's Box Calf Blucher with extra heavy double soles for - **\$2.25**

Or a Dongola Kid Bal, with double sole on a good fitting last, for - **\$2.00**

Or an extra good Box Calf Bal, with double sole, for - **\$2.50**

And There's No Risk. Your Money Back if not satisfied.

SANBORN'S SHOE STORE, 339 Main St.

A New Stomach!

NO MATTER how long you have had Dyspepsia, how bad your case is, or what you have taken for it, you can BE CURED by taking

McMillin's Dyspepsia Cure.
Prepared and sold only by

W. J. McMILLIN, Pharmacist,
675 Main Street.

The conjurer's art lay in compelling the selection of the right card. The drawers had false bottoms and springs, and a card like that selected had been previously concealed in all of them, waiting for a deft pressure to bring it to light in the drawer selected.

Visitors to the proprietor of this little shop of magic sometimes sit down unawares to a plain, old-fashioned sofa which they are surprised to learn was once the throne of a high priestess of the occult, Miss Hattie Heller, in her famous second sight act with Robert Heller. This trick awakened wonder almost 30 years ago. It seemed most mysterious and inexplicable and puzzled even those who knew that it was a trick.

Miss Heller sat upon the sofa blindfolded and with her back to the audience. Heller, in the audience, borrowed objects from spectators, and Miss Heller described them. Not a word was spoken by Heller, nor could she see him to get her cue by his gestures.

The apparatus did it all. The sofa was wired from an electricity battery. A confederate sat in the audience, his chair connected with the battery, the electric push button under his seat. A code was arranged by which Miss Heller knew exactly what to say.

The performance was rendered more mysterious by Heller talking to her in part of the tests. Some people supposed, of course, that he was giving her the cue with his questions. But when the same results were obtained in silence the suspicious were also mystified.

Apparatus is an elastic term when used in connection with legged men. Some pieces of apparatus can be concealed between two fingers. Others all boxes ten feet long.

The earlier magicians used cumbersome apparatus. Piquet, a Finn, born in 1813, who was knighted by the King of Denmark, and received diamond rings and the like from most of the sovereigns of Europe, revolutionized the art. He used no apparatus at all. This tendency prevailed for many years, but at the present time the tendency towards big, show effects and gorgeous stage settings is bringing in the use of more complicated apparatus than ever. A first class magician now travels with a railroad car full of apparatus. Fifteen thousand dollars is not an unusual sum to pay for staging a first class magician's show nowadays.

It is a mechanical age. Present day prestidigitators in no way excel the old fellows in pure legged men, but a flood of mechanical inventions has come to help them, and all the conjurers have to do is to manipulate these skillfully and gracefully. Their task is no easier, however, for it is a shamer and more sceptical age than the earlier men played to, and one used to mechanism of all kinds.

The little shop carries a thousand different kinds of apparatus in stock. There are thousands of others which it is called upon to make, some of them very old. Every day some book or leaf out of a book will arrive from Kalamazoo or Calcutta, with a letter stating that the writer wants to do the trick described and wants the apparatus for it constructed. Some of these tricks were invented centuries ago.

The greatest present day inventions in the art are illusions and levitation, both of which require elaborate devices. Harry Kellar's levitation act, in which the body of a man rose slowly into mid-air and remained suspended there while the hypnotizer fanned him, required a complicated machine behind the scenes to work it.

Dr. Kolta's illusion, in which every object on the stage appeared and disappeared in a seemingly unaccountable manner, ended with the deception of a woman whose head thereupon danced unaccountably through the air without any visible means of support. An elaborately set stage. Everything was draped in black velvet and the arrangement of light was such that nothing that was not light in color could be distinguished against this mass of black. A black bag thrust over the head of a woman, in a white dress decapitated her, while a black bag pulled off the head of a woman in a black dress at the same instant revealed a head without any support.

A Peep Into. Some of the apparatus is amazingly simple, considering the thousands whom it has held spellbound. For this De Kolta's nearest trick was a little one in which he took a handkerchief out of a candle. The beauty of this was that he showed both his hands, palms and backs, with nothing in them. Then he lit the candle, snuffed it with thumb and finger, and said gravely to the audience:

"The handkerchief is here, in the bit of ash I have taken from the candle." Instantly the handkerchief appeared. For this De Kolta invented a tiny bag, no longer than a man's thumb, in which the handkerchief was compressed. It hung over this thumb by an invisible thread, and his dexterity consisted in keeping it out of sight as he displayed his hand.

There are two hundred members in the Society of American Magicians, but there are thousands in the country at large. They range all the way from Harry Kellar to the poor clerk who learns a few tricks and does them on an evening to add a few dollars to his income. Seven-eighths of the whole profession are of the latter variety. This kind of entertainment is perennially popular for church socials, children's parties and all manner of private or semi-public functions. A man who can fill twenty minutes or half an hour acceptably in this way can often increase his income by a third by one evening's work a week through the winter.

The amateurs who never work for money but like to amaze their friends are innumerable. There are a number of men in New York who, although they never appear upon the stage, make very good money at entertainments. A German much in demand to amuse guests after dinner manipulates cards, watches, handkerchiefs and such things in a way to mystify even professionals. A certain mechanical engineer is an expert at electrical tricks.

Seize the opportunity; make the favorable impression; make the lasting impression. Advise your advertising—Thomas Dollier, Mellin's Food. Advertising is the face of business.—Nathl C. Fowler, Jr., Boston.