

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT.

Homes for a million people.
 An asset of \$115,200,000 in pulpwood.
 An asset of 3 billion feet of white pine.
 An asset in valuable water powers.
 An asset in new mining regions.

Unsurveyed Lands in the Province.

The two following tables will be of interest as showing the total area of the Province, the area surveyed, the acreage disposed of, and the balance left in the hands of the Crown :—

Estimated area of the Province	126,000,000 acres.
Estimated area of the above surveyed.....	40,116,075 "
Leaving unsurveyed	85,883,925 acres.

Vast Area of the Province Still Available.

Estimated area of the Province	126,000,000 acres.
Estimated area sold or disposed of.....	22,863,578 "
Leaving undisposed of	103,136,422 "
Of which there are surveyed	17,252,497 "
Leaving unsurveyed	85,883,925 acres.

Notwithstanding the rapid development of the Province during recent years, it will be seen from the above figures that there is still an enormous undeveloped area at the disposal of the Crown, full of great possibilities, and only awaiting the settler or the miner to realize on its natural wealth. Nearly five-sixths of the Province is yet open for settlement and development.

History of the Saw Log Policy.

The management of trade and commerce has always been regarded as being a Dominion Government matter.

The aim and desire of the lumber trade has always been to secure free admission for Canadian lumber into the United States market.

The Reciprocity Treaty of 1854 gave free admission to Canadian lumber, and under it there was nothing to prevent the export of Canadian logs.

On the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty in 1866, an *ad valorem* duty was imposed on Canadian lumber. In the same year the Government of Canada imposed an export duty of \$1 per 1,000 feet on logs.

BUILD UP ONTARIO