

ZULZ, a town of Switzerland, in the canton of Grisons, on the river Inn; 26 m. S. E. of Coire.

ZUMAMPA, a town of Tucuman, on the river Dolce; 110 miles S. S. E. of St. Jago del Estero.

ZUMAYA, a town of Biscay, near the coast; 5 miles W. by S. of St. Sebastian.

ZUMPANGO, a town of Mexico; 100 miles N. by E. of Acapulco, and 105 S. of Mexico.

ZURICH, a canton of Switzerland, bounded on the N. by Schaffhausen, E. by Thurgau and the county of Tockenbourg, S. by Glarus, Schweiz, and Zug, and W. by Lucern and the county of Baden. Zurich was admitted a member of the Helvetic confederacy in 1351, and obtained the privilege of being the first canton in rank; it is also the most considerable in extent, both of territory and power, next to that of Bern, having an area of 950 square miles, with upwards of 185,000 inhabitants. It abounds in wine and excellent pasture, but the supply of corn is not sufficient for interior consumption. The inhabitants are all Calvinists; and two thirds of them derive their livelihood by spinning thread and silk, and making linen for the manufacture of the town.

ZURICH, a city of Switzerland, capital of the foregoing canton, stands at the northern extremity of the Lake of Zurich, and occupies both sides of the rapid and transparent Limmat, which issues from that lake and divides the town into two unequal parts, communicating by three bridges. It was formerly an imperial city, and is one of the best built in this country, but the streets are narrow and the houses high. Zurich was the first town in Switzerland that separated from the church of Rome. Among its charitable foundations are an orphan house, an hospital for incurables, that for the sick of all nations, which usually contains between 600 and 700 patients, and the Almsen-Amt, or foundation for the poor, which puts out children as apprentices, and distributes money, clothes, and books, to poor persons, not of the town only, but of the canton, to the amount of upwards of 50,000*l.* a year. The inhabitants carry on manufactures of muslins, cottons, linens, and silk handkerchiefs. It is 35 miles S. W. of Constance, 40 S. E. of Basil, and 55 N. E. of Bern. Pop. 11,000. Long. 8. 32. E. lat. 47. 20. N.

ZURICH, a lake of Switzerland, 24 miles long and 4 broad. The adjacent country is finely cultivated and well peopled, and the S. part of the lake appears bounded by the stupendous mountains of Schweiz and Glarus. The scenery is picturesque, lively, and diversified. The river Limmat runs through the whole length of this lake to Zurich.

ZURITA, a town of Spain, in New Castile, with a castle, seated on the Tagus; 38 miles E. of Madrid.

ZURZ, a town of Switzerland, in the canton of Grisons, seated on the Inn; 20 miles N. N. W. of Bormio.

ZURZACH, a town of Switzerland, in the county of Baden, seated on the Rhine, just

above the influx of the Aar. It is 9 miles N. of Baden.

ZURZONZA, a town of Mexico, in the province of Mechoacan, situate on an island in a lake; 25 miles W. S. W. of Mechoacan.

ZUTPHEN, a strong town of the Netherlands, in Gelderland, capital of a county of its name. It is seated at the conflux of the Berkel with the Yssel; 9 miles S. by E. of Deventer, and 55 E. by S. of Amsterdam. Long. 6. 13. E. lat. 52. 10. N.

ZUYDER ZEE, a great bay of the German Ocean, which extends from N. to S., in Holland, between the provinces of Friesland, Overijssel, Gelderland, and North Holland.

ZUYST, a village of the Netherlands, which abounds in plantations and shady walks, and is inhabited by Moravian manufacturers. It is much frequented, in the summer months, by merchants who have no country seats of their own. It is 5 miles from Utrecht.

ZVENIGOROD, a town of Russia, in the government of Moscow, situate on the Moskva; 28 miles W. of Moscow.

ZWELLENDAAM, a district of the Cape of Good Hope, on the S. coast, bounded on the N. by Tulbagh and Stellenbosch, and on the E. by George. Area, 9000 square miles. Pop. 6663. It produces some corn, wine, and cattle. Port Beaufort, in St. Sebastian's Bay, enjoys a considerable coasting trade. To the W. are some salt pans, and to the N., over the Zwartberg mountains, some remarkable caverns were discovered in 1780. Zwelendam is the chief town.

ZWENKAU, a town and castle of Saxony, seated on the Elster; 6 miles S. of Leipzig.

ZWELL, a town of Austria, at the conflux of the Zwetl with the Kemp; 26 miles W. N. W. of Krems.

ZWICK, a town of Saxony, with a citadel, three churches, and a Latin school, in which is a good library. The inhabitants have manufactures of cloth and leather, and a trade in corn and beer. It is seated on the Mulda; 24 miles N. N. E. of Plauen, and 21 S. of Altenburg.

ZWINGENBERG, a town of Germany, in Hesse-Darmstadt; 8 miles S. of Darmstadt.

ZWITTAU, a town of Moravia, in the circle of Olmutz; 40 miles W. N. W. of Olmutz.

ZWOLL, a fortified town of the Netherlands, in Overijssel, with three handsome suburbs. A canal begins near this place, and extends to the river Yssel, which is defended by several fords. Zwoll is the most opulent town in the province, and stands on an eminence, on the river Aa; 14 miles N. of Deventer, and 31 S. W. of Coevorden. Pop. 12,800. Long. 6. 3. E. lat. 52. 31. N.

ZWONITZ, a town of Saxony; 14 miles S. S. W. of Chemnitz.

ZWORNICK, a town of Bosnia; 60 miles E. of Serail, and 68 S. W. of Belgrade.

ZYDOMIERZ, a town and fortress of Russian, capital of the government of Volhynia, and a bishop's see, seated on the Cieciwief; 120 miles E. of Lucka. Long. 29. 22. E. lat. 50. 35. N.