

Money to Loan

On desirable improved property; must be suitably situated. See TANNER & GATES, Realty Brokers, Tanager-Gates Bldg., 22-24 Adelaide St. W. Main 5893.

Senate Reading Room 1914-1915 SENATE P O

Toronto World

Stores to Rent

In the New Royal Bank Building. Low terms. Long lease. See TANNER & GATES, Realty Brokers, Tanager-Gates Bldg., 22-24 Adelaide St. W. Main 5893.

PROBS—Moderate to fresh easterly winds; fair, not much change in temperature.

TWELVE PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING OCTOBER 23 1914—TWELVE PAGES

VOL. XXXIV.—No. 12,399

SHELLS FROM WARSHIPS RAIN DOWN ON THE GERMANS RUSSIANS HAVE WON A GREAT VICTORY AT WARSAW BRITISH AND FRENCH WARSHIPS DRIVE GERMANS FROM THE COAST ALLES REPULSE LAND ATTACKS

DRYAD'S CREW REPORTED SAVED—"E3" LONG OVERDUE, SAYS ADMIRALTY.

TRIBUTE TO SEA SCOUTS

Much Information Gained—Light Shed on Heligoland Engagement.

(BRITISH OFFICIAL)

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 23, 12.10 a.m.—The secretary of the admiralty announces that the submarine boat E3, commanded by Lieut. Commander George F. Cholmondeley, is now considerably overdue, and that it is feared she has been sunk in the North Sea.

A wireless despatch received here from Berlin Tuesday said the E3 had been sunk Sunday, October 18, by German warships. Her complement consisted of 15 men. It is reported that the British torpedo-boat Dryad is ashore at Kirkwall, in the Orkney Islands, off the coast of Scotland. Her crew is said to have been saved.

The Dryad, which was built in 1893, is 250 feet long, and has a speed of 18.5 knots an hour. She has been attached to the navigation school at Portsmouth.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 23.—A special report was issued by the admiralty tonight on the work of the submarine boat E3, which was reported to have been sunk Sunday, October 18, by German warships. The report, "have obtained much valuable information regarding the composition and movements of the patrol. The Germans occupied his waters and reconnoitered his anchorage, and while so engaged have been subjected to skilful and well-executed anti-submarine tactics, hunted for hours at a time by torpedoes, and attacked by gunfire and torpedoes.

Submarines took part in the Heligoland battle, but conditions were not favorable, the visibility being low and sea calm, and no opportunity for using torpedoes occurred.

Lark in Harbors. In reference to the E3's sinking of the German cruiser Feld and destroyer S126, dealing generally with the use of these craft, the report says: "Against an enemy whose capital ships have never, and whose light cruisers have seldom emerged from their harbors, the opportunities of dealing submarine attacks have necessarily been few, and on one occasion only prior to Sept. 18, 1914, did British submarines be within torpedo range of a cruiser during daylight hours."

A large number of officers are recommended for orders and promotion. Commander Max Horton of the E9, for both.

Situation Was Critical. The reports of Vice-Admiral Sir David Beatty, Rear Admiral Arthur Henry Christian, and other officers of the British navy, who took part in the battle off Heligoland on Aug. 28, is, however, attacked by submarines, destroyers and light cruisers, and one British cruiser, the Arctura, which had only been out of the builder's hands 48 hours, was rather severely damaged, and after the action was over, had to be taken in tow.

Vice-Admiral Beatty commanded the first battle cruiser squadron and the first light cruiser squadron, while Rear Admiral Christian commanded the destroyers and the Arctura.

OPORTO CUT OFF FROM PORTUGUESE CAPITAL. Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, Oct. 22.—The following despatch has been received from Oporto, Portugal: "Telegraphic and telephonic communication with Lisbon has been cut. A number of unexploded bombs have been found on the railways."

ARRIVAL OF FRESH TROOPS AT CRITICAL POINT MAY TURN SCALES.

YSER A DIVIDING LINE

Germans Say Allies Have Retired From Important Positions.

(RUSSIAN OFFICIAL)

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 23, 9.10 p.m.—The hardest kind of fighting continues in the west Flanders and northern France between the German troops, which have been reinforced by virtually all the German forces in the occupied portions of Belgium, and the French, British and Belgian armies, which are aided by British warships.

Along the coast, the Yser River still divides the contending forces. Neither side, apparently, has been able to make any advance, but in the interior, according to a German report issued tonight, the allies are retiring from several important positions.

This statement of the Germans, however, is contradicted by the French communication issued in Paris this afternoon, which says the allies have not been moved, despite the very violent attacks of the invaders.

Apparently the great battle is still a long way from its conclusion, the contending armies seemingly being no near equal in strength that neither can get around the wings. To the military observers here the question seems to be which commander can secure the greater number of reinforcements and bring them up to a critical point at the right moment.

Two Army Corps Decimated. Canadian Press Despatch. WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A cablegram from the French foreign office, made public tonight by the French embassy here, says: "The Germans before Warsaw have abandoned their defensive position and are in retreat, pursued by the Russians, who have captured many prisoners and munitions. The 17th and 20th German army corps have been decimated."

Roads Choked With Dead. Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, Oct. 22.—Southwest of Suwalki a severe engagement has taken place between the German and Austrian troops. The czar's forces gained perceptibly for a time and were driven back by a stiff artillery fire. However, the net result was favorable to Russian arms. News Augustow, the scene of furious fighting earlier in the war, the roads are stated to be choked with German dead. The fact that an engagement has taken place in this vicinity indicates that the Russians are pushing forward again.

Belgium Denies German Charge. Government Issues Gray Book Proving She Did Not Violate Neutrality in July.

Canadian Press Despatch. BRUSSELS, Oct. 22.—A despatch to the Havas Agency from Bordeaux says that the Belgian Government has published a gray book which contains diplomatic correspondence from July 2 to Aug. 29 in the book are reproduced many documents already made public and also a copy of the note sent by Belgium to her diplomatic agents requesting them to make known to the powers the intention of the Belgian Government to maintain her neutrality in case of a European war.

The gray book concludes with a note by M. J. Davignon, the Belgian minister of foreign affairs, which is supported by documents, denying Germany a violation of neutrality by Belgium in the last days of July.

CARRIED RICH TIN CARGO. LONDON, Oct. 22.—It is learned in metal circles that the steamer Trollich, which was sunk by the German cruiser Emden, carried, among other things, 700 tons of tin, valued at nearly a half million dollars. It was consigned from the Straits Settlements to London.

GERMANS STILL IN FIGHT FROM RUSSIANS.

SUCCESSES IN GALICIA

Between Przemysl and the Vistula Russians Discomfit Enemy.

(RUSSIAN OFFICIAL)

Canadian Press Despatch. PETROGRAD, Oct. 22.—The official communication issued by general headquarters tonight says: "The rapid retreat of the Germans from Warsaw continues. The bombardment of the enemy's heavy artillery has caused no essential damage to the fortifications of Ivangorod or the bridges.

In Galicia desperate engagements are still being fought. During the advance in the region between Przemysl and the Vistula we captured more than 30 officers, 2000 soldiers and many rapid-fire guns. To the south of Przemysl the Russian operations are developing also with success."

"The Russian army displayed exceptional energy in coming to the defence of Warsaw and saving the city from a German bombardment. The Russian concentration was effected with greater swiftness than was called for by strategical reasons."

The seventeenth German corps and some of its reserve troops, who attempted to push forward in the region between Blonin and Przemysl, suffered severely. It was there that the Siberian troops, together with other Russian forces, inflicted terrible losses on the enemy. Many villages in the vicinity were taken and retaken in hand-to-hand fighting."

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German Arrested Last Night Had Revolver, Knife, Daggers and Brass Knuckles in His Room.

When Detectives Guthrie and Murray searched the room of Erich Muhlbach, 295 Jarvis street, last night they found a small black leather bag containing an amount of German literature, a Browning automatic revolver fully loaded, another cylinder ready to be inserted in the gun, a package of cartridges, one large and one small dagger, a large knife and a pair of steel knuckle-dusters.

When he was brought to the detective office, Muhlbach said he had owned in this country for a month, having come direct from Germany. He had a number of pictures, one of which was of a man in a German uniform which much resembles himself, but he claims it is his brother. He has been working as a clerk for the Toronto Electric Light Company.

All the materials in his bag except the revolver were stamped with the names of German manufacturers. The revolver was purchased in Heerdt, Liege, Belgium. Muhlbach will likely be handed over to the military authorities this morning.

PRUSSIA SENDS TO FUNDS FOR FIGHT TO END

"Victory That Will Guarantee Peace," is Glittering Promise.

HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS

Great Strain Admitted—East Prussia to Get Cash Solace.

Canadian Press Despatch. BERLIN, Oct. 22, via Amsterdam, London, 11.25 p.m.—The Prussian Diet today and passed war bills, including one granting a credit of 1,500,000,000 marks (\$375,000,000). The house and the galleries were filled to overflowing. Many of the deputies, some of them wounded, attended the session dressed in their military uniforms.

After sending congratulatory messages to emperor, King and Kaiser, vice-chancellor, submitted the war bills. Herr Delbrueck said Germany had been forced into the war by the hatred and envy of her neighbors. He regretted he said, that the imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, who had accompanied Emperor William in the field, was unable to be present at the session.

"I am Kaiser's greetings. The sincerest greetings of the emperor to you," continued Herr Delbrueck. "He is following with lively interest your work, which will heal the wounds created by the war. He wishes you swift progress in your deliberations."

"While our armies are fighting and shedding their blood, our duty is to hold out until peace is attained and claims are being made on us and the most gigantic sacrifices are demanded, but everybody knows that we possess the resources which will enable us to hold out until peace is attained."

All three stages of the war bills were passed unanimously. In his address Herr Delbrueck said: "It is making unparalleled demands on the whole of our people, but everybody knows that we will lay aside our arms until we have gained a victory that will guarantee our peace."

Balm for East Prussia. This statement was greeted with enthusiastic cheering. The vice-chancellor added that the state proposed to completely indemnify the people of East Prussia for the losses they sustained by the Russian invasion. The maximum sum provided for this purpose he estimated at \$85,000,000.

Herr Delbrueck explained further that extraordinary measures would be taken to increase the food supply in the country, and that extensive plans for draining and making arable the moorlands in the Provinces of Posen, Danzig and Westphalia would be undertaken forthwith and hurried to completion.

In addition he said further canal construction would be begun as also would work for the protection of the Elbe and Oder lands from floods.

Great "Made-in-Canada" Hat Values as "Diners". It is generally known that Canadian hat makers have advanced at enormous pace during the last few years, and the value of Dineen's, 140 Yonge street, are able to offer the best hats to their stock priced \$2. They have the new crown shapes—tapering and tele-copes—and the brims are slightly flat and bands are broad and of contrasting color. Blue, gray, elephant gray, slate and brown are some of the most popular colors shown. Profits are yours while showing a patriotic spirit.

(Continued on Page 3, Column 1.)

WELL DIRECTED MONITORS' FIRE WORKING HAVOC

Admiralty Reports Bombardment of Enemy's Flank is Incessant.

BRITISH LOSSES SLIGHT

Naval Flotilla More Than Match for Enemy's Big Batteries.

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 23.—The secretary of the admiralty issued tonight the following statement on the operations of the British warships in co-operation with the allied army on the Belgian coast: "On Oct. 18, requests for naval assistance were made to the admiralty by the allied commanders. In consequence a naval flotilla, amounting to a large number of powerful long range guns, came into action, at daybreak on the 19th, off the Belgian coast, supporting the left of the Belgian army and firing against the right of the German attack, which they were by their position able to enfilade."

"The Germans replied by shells from their heavy guns, but owing to the superior range of the British marine artillery, practically no damage has been done."

Constant Bombardment. "Three monitors, which were building in British ports for Brazil, and were equipped on the outbreak of the war, have proved particularly well suited to this class of operation. A heavy bombardment on the German flank has been maintained without intermission since the morning of the 19th, and is being continued today."

"Observation is arranged from shore by means of naval balloons, and all reports indicate that substantial losses have been inflicted upon the enemy, and that the fire is well directed and effective against his batteries and heavy guns."

British Losses Small. "Yesterday a considerable explosion, probably of an ammunition wagon, took place upon a naval ship. The naval losses have so far been very small considering the damage and the important assistance rendered to the Belgians."

All reports received by the admiralty show the courage and determination with which the Belgian army, animated by the king in person, is defending the last few miles of Belgian soil.

"The naval operations are under the command of Rear Admiral Horace L. A. Hood."

WARSHIPS DESTROYED SLYPE. One of the most considerable results of the British warship fire was the practical destruction of the Town of Slype, held by the Germans in force. When the naval gunners opened on the place they blew the building to pieces. It is not known whether any casualties occurred among the high German officials as a result of this coup, but it would seem likely that such was the case. All along the Belgian coast English vessels are cannonading the Germans, and have driven them inland wherever their fire was concentrated. A report from Berlin confirms the statements of travelers arriving from Calais, who state that Ostend is undergoing an English bombardment. The only casualty reported from the fleet today was that of a balloonist who made an ascension in a captive balloon to search out the German positions. He was fired on and killed.

DIXMUDE AGAIN TAKEN. Dixmude is one of the towns which the Germans retook from the allies, only to be driven out a few hours later by a desperate bayonet charge. House-to-house fighting continued for some time, in which the losses on both sides were heavy.

It is declared that the allies are showing a marked superiority over the Germans in open field operations. The principal fortified line which the latter held in Flanders is the Grand Canal du Nord, partly excavated, which afforded them a splendid protection for infantry and artillery.

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PERSON DRUGS... Tartar, pure. Per pound... Emulsion, 2 sizes... Tablets, 50 size... White Pine and Tar... Syringes, red, on... \$1.00 and \$1.50

Leather Goods... Boxes of sufficient... \$1.49, Friday... Cases, compartment... \$2.00 values, Friday

Low Priced... of colors, Regularly... \$2.00, Friday... \$1.50, Friday

with 6 1-2c... Canadian-made long... \$2.25 and \$2.50... Regularly 16c yard

Furniture in Sale... finish, adjustable... \$55.00, Friday... \$38.50, Friday

Pots and... different decorations... \$21... \$33

Belgian Ware... prices are shot to... \$1.00, Friday... \$1.50, Friday