

the availability of 2000 points of call. No figure has been set as to required population. The communities having 2000 potential calls are: Amherstberg, Ont.; Arnprior, Ont.; Bridgewater, N.S.; Castlegar, B.C.; Chatham, N.B.; Coaticook, P.Q.; Courtenay, B.C.; Delhi, Ont.; Fergus, Ont.; Hanover, Ont.; Hespeler, Ont.; Lac Megantic, P.Q.; Louiseville, P.Q.; Mont Laurier, P.Q.; Perth, Ont.; Sherwood Park, Alta.; Sidney, B.C.; Stephenville, Nfld.; Terrebonne, P.Q.; Whitehorse, Y.T.; Windsor, P.Q.

2. As part of its program to comply with general government policy for the control of inflation, the Post Office Department is not establishing new letter carrier delivery offices at this time. When future conditions are such as to accommodate the establishment of additional letter carrier delivery offices, consideration will be given to providing door-to-door delivery in communities having 2000 points of call.

NEW GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, OTTAWA

Question No. 102—Mr. Mather:

Which federal government buildings are anticipated to be built in Ottawa, starting construction in the calendar years 1969 and 1970?

Mr. Yves Forest (Parliamentary Secretary to President of the Privy Council): Headquarters Building for the Department of External Affairs; Canadian Police Information Centre (R.C.M.P.); Office Building for the Dominion Bureau of Statistics; Greenbelt Farm—Intensive Research Sheep Barn; Greenbelt Farm—Minimal Disease Livestock Barn; Headquarters Building for Department of National Defence; and The National Science Library. Consideration is also being given to the construction of: Office building for the Department of Energy, Mines & Resources; Building for National Police Services (R.C.M.P.).

STATUS OF MISTASSINI INDIANS

Question No. 146—Mr. Howard (Skeena):

1. Do the Mistassini Indians in Northern Quebec come under the federal government's Indian Act?
2. Is the Department of Indian Affairs aware that the Mistassini Indians are being subjected to provincial game and fishing laws and, if so, what action is contemplated by the Department?
3. Are the Indians of the Mistassini tribe permitted to hunt in the Mistassini game reserve and, if not, why not?

Hon. Jean Chrétien (Minister of Indian Affairs and Northern Development): 1. Yes.

Questions

2. The Minister of Indian Affairs and Northern Development is aware that the Mistassini Indians are being subjected to provincial game and fishing laws beyond the immediate confines of the Mistassini Indian Settlement. Although this matter is within the provincial jurisdiction, possible action is now being discussed by Quebec Government officials, Association of Quebec Indians and officials of this Department.

3. Except for the provisions of the Migratory Birds Convention Act, the regulation of hunting in the area is a matter within the jurisdiction of the province.

CBC POLICY ON TELEVISION PROGRAM VIOLENCE

Question No. 150—Mr. Mather:

1. What presently is the general policy of the CBC on violence in television programming and its effects on viewers, especially children?
2. What are the results of the review of CBC policy regarding violence in television programming, as indicated in answer to Question No. 2,100 in *Hansard* of May 14, 1969, page 8683?
3. For the years, 1966, 1967, 1968 and 1969, which feature films and program series have been refused because of their violent character as mentioned in answer to Question No. 2,100?
4. Does the CBC consider that its new fall broadcasting program has not an undue content of violence?

Hon. Gérard Pelletier (Secretary of State): I am informed by the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation as follows: 1. It is CBC's practice not to broadcast entertainment programs which unduly exploit violence and not to schedule a large number of program series built around themes of violent action. In its news and public affairs programs the CBC has acted with restraint in showing scenes of violence; for example, from battlefields or riots. It continues to be CBC policy to reflect the reality of violence in the world in its information programs but not to dwell on scenes of violence for their sensational effect. In all programs the use of violence must be justified by strict standards of dramatic integrity and by its honest reflection of reality. The use of violence for its own sake or as a substitute for other dramatic values is not acceptable. The CBC practice regarding violence in children's programming is based on its general policy of programming for young people. It is not CBC's view that young people should be sheltered from the realities of life; but neither is it CBC's view that children are prepared for adult entertainment. The CBC