

The three Groups and some main elements in their respective Régimes are described below. The main purpose of this paper is to outline the basic approach, not to suggest solutions for each and every detailed problem. The arrangement of the chemicals into groups is made irrespective of which procedures will eventually be agreed upon for establishing lists or otherwise identifying individual chemicals within the categories. Furthermore, this working paper deals only with chemicals and the means of their production. Munitions and other devices are not covered. It is understood, however, that declarations and elimination of existing munitions and other devices should follow Régime I when applicable.

#### GROUP I CHEMICALS - RÉGIME I

##### Group I Chemicals

1. Super-toxic lethal chemicals developed, produced or stockpiled for chemical weapons purposes. Examples: Tabun, Soman, Sarin, VX.
2. Super-toxic lethal chemicals which are found to be presumptive chemical weapons. Examples: Amiton, skin penetrating carbamates.
3. Other lethal and harmful chemicals developed, produced or stockpiled only for chemical weapons purposes: Examples: Adamsite, BZ.
4. Key precursors with no or very limited use for permitted purposes. Key components of binary and/or multicomponent chemical weapons. Examples: DF, QL, pinacolylalcohol.

##### Régime I

Declarations. All stocks of Group I chemicals should be declared: aggregate quantities of each compound within 30 days and detailed composition and location of each stock to be eliminated before the commencement of each elimination period. All facilities for production of Group I chemicals should also be declared and the declarations should contain information about the facilities, locations and production capacities as well as the compounds produced.

Elimination. All stocks of Group I chemicals should be eliminated through destruction. Exceptions to this rule should be very few. One such exception would be a provision allowing for Group I chemicals to be retained for protective and possibly other permitted purposes. Facilities for production of Group I chemicals should also be completely destroyed.

Production of Group I chemicals should be prohibited, the exceptions being very few and limited. Such production for protective and possibly other permitted purposes (e.g. pharmaceutical) should take place at a single small-scale production facility. The annual aggregate amount of Group I chemicals produced, retained or acquired through transfer or possessed at any one time should be limited to 1 ton.