ing the Officers, Non-Commissioned officers and Soldiers, to accept his thanks for their general good conduct during the five years they have been stationed under his immediate observance. Lieut-General Rowan will never cease to feel the warmest interest in the welfare of every individual composing the 20th Regiment. The Lieutenant-General is highly gratified to find, that since the promulgation of the order for the regiment to return to England, in conformity with the provisions of the good conduct warrant, 16 men have received free discharges, with gratuities amounting to £169, to enable them to become settlers in Canada; 22 men have purchased their discharges, for which they have paid £275; 19 men have transferred their services to the Royal Canadian Regiment, with a view to completing an extended period of service in the Colony, and 6 men have been recommended for discharge, who are found unfit for further active service; and that, notwithstanding the loss of so many good soldiers, who have withrawn £631 from the Regimental Savings' Bank, the total deposits now amount to £1,259, the sum of £814 having been deposited during the last 6 months. A perseverance in such economical and provident habits cannot fail to improve the condition of the men, and add to the already high character of the Regiment.

If soldiers will continue to avail themselves of the opportunities thus afforded to them of accumulating their savings, and the advantages to be derived by becoming depositors, intemperance, and the consequent irregularities, will cease to be a reproach to the British soldier.

[Signed]
W. J. D'URBAN,
Lt.-Col. Dpy.-Qr.-Mtr.-General.
[Certified to be a true Copy]

Colonial.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT NIAGARA!—TWO MEN OVER THE FALLS!—PERILOUS SITUATION OF A THIRD!

(*From the Globe*)

The most intense excitement was created at Niagara this morning by the startling intelligence that a man was in the midst of the rapids, within a few feet of the Falls, clinging for life to a frail stump, against which in his perilous descent of the rapids, he had been thrown. As soon as the terrible news became known, hundreds of persons hurried to the spot and the report was found to be too true. Upon enquiry it was ascertained that the poor fellow was one of three men belonging to a scow used for taking sand down the river who had got into a small boat attached to the scow about nine o'clock last evening, and having by some means become separated therefrom, were hurried down the rapids. The boat was of course speedily swamped, and the men cast into the water; two of them being at once carried over the Falls to their dreadful fate, and the other by chance striking and clinging to a stump about midway between the falls and Goat Island bridge.

At daylight this morning, this poor fellow was discovered in his perilous situation, and it was speedily found that his rescue was almost impossible, since that no boat could be procured which would float a moment in the rapids without being swamped and overturned. A despatch was immediately sent to this city by express for a life boat, and one was sent by express over the railroad without delay. In the mean time a box containing refreshments was attempted to be floated to the poor fellow, who had clung with desperation to his frail support, in the midst of the dizzying, whirling rapids and within hearing of the roar of the cataract over which at any moment he might be hurled, *for upwards of twenty-four hours!* What was the result of the attempt we are not informed.

"Several gentlemen offered most liberal rewards to any individual who would succeed in rescuing him. Among those humane and praiseworthy persons was a merchant of the village of Manchester, who offered the munificent sum of $1000 to the party who should be instrumental in rescuing the man from his awfully perilous position Means were at once taken to relieve him, if possible—boats rafts, &c. were lowered, but were as quickly swallowed up in the boiling surge. After several fruitless attempts a life boat brought from Buffalo for the occasion, was launched, and at length reached the log. Hope was warmly cherished by the thousands of individuals collected on shore; but it was observed that something had evidently caught the rope connecting the boat, as it could not be moved, and the man was to be observed stepping from the boat to the log and *vice versa*, catching hold of the rope and endeavouring to loose it. As no verbal communication could be carried on with the man, from the roaring of the adjoining cataract the praiseworthy exertions of the persons present, were rendered quite active. The writer of this paragraph was present, when every means that could be devised was carried out to match, if possible the poor man from the jaws of death. The excitement and painful interest manifested by those on shore, was only equalled by the man's consciousness of his own awful position. From constantly stepping backward and forward it was plainly perceptible that he was partially insane or bewildered. About six o'clock on Tuesday afternoon he got on a raft and floated some distance from his former position. All was joy as the raft seemed to buffet the current for some time, but scarcely a few seconds had elapsed before he dropped from his support into the water the raft coming in contact with a boat. A solemn silence now pervaded the anxious crowd collected on the adjoining banks; after the lapse of a few seconds the wretched man was again seen stemming the turbulent waters, but rapidly nearing the edge of the Fall—ere long he reached the brink of that awful precipice—alive—and in presence of thousands of his fellow beings he was precipitated into the boiling abyss beneath."

THE LATE SIR JAMES STUART, BARONET, CHIEF JUSTICE OF LOWER CANADA.

It is our melancholy duty as chroniclers of public events, including public calamities, to record this day the decease of the Hon. Sir James Stuart, Baronet, Chief Justice of the Province of Lower Canada, who after a brief illness, departed this life at an early hour this morning, at his residence in St. Ursule street.

The late Chief Justice was one of those men who are great not relatively or locally but by the force of their own minds, an intellect of the highest order, an integrity above suspicion, and an intrepidity which nothing could shake; these were his characteristics. He was, in a word, a perfect Judge, and on the Bench and in the Bar of Canada there was none equal to him and none second to him; whoever succeeds to his seat will have a position of no ordinary difficulty to contend with, for he will sit in the shadow of a great man, and on his slightest sin of omission will come down the heavy visitation of *comparison*—the vulgar and the learned alike will say, "it would not have been so, were Sir James alive."—*Quebec Mercury.*

THE LATE SIR JAMES STUART.—At a meeting of the Montreal section of the Bar of Lower Canada, held at the Council Room in the Court House of that city, on the 18th day of July, 1853, in order to adopt measures expressive of respect for the memory of the late Sir James Stuart, late Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench and Appeals in Lower Canada,

The following resolutions were adopted:—

Resolved,—That the members of the Montreal section of the Bar have received with emotions of deep regret, the intelligence of the death of the late Chief Justice, Sir James Stuart, who, for several years past, has occupied the position of the head of the Judiciary in this section of the Province.

Resolved.—That his knowledge, abilities and deep learning in his profession obtained for him the respect of the Bar, whilst his integrity in his judicial office secured for him the confidence of the public generally.

Resolved,—That the members of this section tender to the family of the Chief Justice, the expression of their sympathy and condolence.

Resolved,—That they will wear the usual badge of mourning for one month, in testimony of their respect.

Resolved,—That a copy of these Resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased, and to the other Bar sections of Lower Canada.

It appears to be the general feeling in Lower Canada, that the Chief Justice has not left one man behind him that can fill his place. Possessed of a naturally powerful mind, he cultivated it to a high degree, and earned for himself the highest professional eminance. A Quebec paper says of him:—

"The late Chief Justice was one of those men who are great not relatively or locally, but by the force of their own minds, an intellect of the highest order, an integrity above suspicion and an intrepidity which nothing could shake. * * * * * * * * * *

He was a man whose character recalls the great scenes of English history, and the "High Justices" of the English nation. He was fit to have sat with Coke, Markham, Gascoigne, or Fortescue."

A Montreal paper adds:—

"Since his appointment to a seat in our highest Court of Justice, he has adorned the Bench by a series of decisions distinguished as much by learning and reflection as by nice discrimination, and unswerving integrity. His services and character have been for years before the profession, and the public, and in whatever light they may be contemplated, the public verdict must declare him great, both as a lawyer and a judge. Each man as he received the intelligence of his death, must have felt, if he did not exclaim, "There's a great spirit gone" Full of years and full of honors, in the ripeness of his powers, "ere yet decay's effacing fingers" had swept from his mind its stores of thought and legal erudition, and devoted to the last "to the first of human sciences" he has closed his mortal career, adding another to the number of eminent men who have adorned the Province, now taken from us, leaving few behind them to recall the talents of the illustrious departed. Many a Canadian as he mourns over the loss which his country has just sustained by the death of her great judge will say with truth,—

"He was a man, take him for all in all,
We shall not look upon his like again."

THE ESPLANADE—IMPORTANT PROPOSITION.—The grand Trunk Railway company have made a highly important proposition to the city council in connection with the esplanade. The estimate of Mr. Howard, the the city engineer, is that the work, constructed of wood, will cost £100,000. The Grand Trunk Company offer to build it with a face of cut stone and macadamize the surface for £110,000, provided they are secured in the right of way for three tracks of rails along the esplanade. They ask no money, but will take pay in city debentures at a very long date.—*Leader.*

[The following is the Address mentioned in our last, from the young Ladies of M and Madame Deslandes' School to the Reverend Dr. Lett.]

REV. AND DEAR DOCTOR.—I have always looked upon the days of the distribution of the Prizes as the sunny days of a teacher's life, full of sweet remembrances and pleasing anticipations, both to Masters and Pupils; but this will be doubly dear to us all, as in it we have been permitted to realize one of our most ardent wishes. It is to us, dear Sir, a very great satisfaction to know, and publicly to express, how anxious our pupils (young ladies) have been, to show you, that the, appreciated, as well as ourselves, your valuable services. They have felt, that if they have received prizes for having learned that which it was their own interest to learn, and upon the knowledge of which, was to depend one day their standing in society; how much more deserving than they, was he who had laboured to teach them that science divine, the attainments in which, are rewarded by immortal crowns. You, dear Sir, the kind and affectionate tone of your pastoral instruction has touched their hearts, and made them look upon you as one, whose message to them was that of a most tender friend, that friend, who not only taught them the way to earthly happiness, but whose finger pointed to the eternal mansions of peace and bliss. It is impressed with these feelings that we, the Directors, Teachers and Pupils of this establishment, beg of you, the acceptance of this *portrait*, as a memorial of our love and gratitude.

We hope it may rest in your family as a moment of your faithful zeal and Christian kindness, and of the great respect and affection in which you have been held by us and the young ladies entrusted to our care for their education.

That you may long be spared to continue, in the bosom of your family and among the members of the congregation confided to your charge—your labor of love, is our most earnest prayer.

To which Dr. Lett returned the following reply:

MY KIND AND VALUED YOUNG FRIENDS:—I need hardly say that this fresh and unexpected manifestation of your respect and regard fills me with the liveliest sentiments of gratitude, for, whilst I cannot but be gratified by the kindly feeling which you have evinced towards myself personally, I have far greater pleasure in recognizing in this expression of your esteem, your sincere appreciation of those divine truths which I have endeavoured to impress upon your young minds. In this endeavour I have but co-operated with the estimable Head, and the teachers of this establishment, to whose zealous attention to the temporal and eternal interests of those confided to their care, I gladly avail myself of this opportunity to bear my testimony; and close observation, since its commencement, has enabled me to form this opinion. Their object has been, not merely to qualify their pupils for the discharge of their duties in this world, but also to prepare them for that which is to come; not merely to furnish that information and those accomplishments which will enable them to occupy and grace those stations to which, in [God's Providence they may be called, but also, to imbue them with those principles which may fit and qualify them for that blessed company, who cease not day or night to sing praises unto God and to the Lamb.

Permit me, then, my young friends, in again expressing to you my gratitude not only for your valuable present and affectionate good wishes, but also for the kindly feeling which suggested them permit me again to impress upon you the importance of continuing your study of that blessed volume, to the hopes, the fears, and the comforts of which I have so often directed your prayerful attention.

"The sacred pages of God's own book
Should be the spring, the eternal brook,
In whose holy mirror night and day
Thou't study Heaven's reflected ray."

And now farewell. With some of you I am no more to meet in the capacity of pupils. Your days of tuition are in a measure passed. You are going into a world where every pure principle and every holy motive must be brought into action to enable you to keep unsullied your bright baptismal robes. Take then with you these motives and principles, and may God give you grace to adhere to them.

But with others of you, should the Almighty grant us a longer continuance here, the connection between us, as between Pastor and flock, is soon to be renewed. I trust your vacation may be not only pleasant but profitable, and that when we meet again you will resume your studies with greater zest and more earnest desire, to become acquainted not only with mere secular learning, but with that knowledge which is able to make you wise unto salvation.

Very affectionately, your Pastor,
STEPHEN LETT.

Toronto, 14th July, 1853

ANNEXATION OF MONTREAL, AND ISLAND TO UPPER CANADA.—The late occurrences cause men to reflect seriously in regard to the future well being of this beautiful city. Adding this Island to Upper Canada would hasten the day when, with a princely city, unrivalled farms, mills, railways, tunnels, bridges, and a thousand other things, we could defy Brother Jonathan to match us; and notwithstanding the terrible right and left diggers that we have received during the past week from the *Minerve* and *Moniteur*, we are constrained to state, that unless the French Canadians now join us, and push ahead in the march of improvement, the sooner the island is annexed to Upper Canada the better. We shall probably have something to say to our contemporaries shortly.—*Montreal Courier.*

COLONIAL SUMMARY.

SILVER MINE.—The silver mine in Michipicotea Island, which has been known to same for several years, is now being worked by fifteen miners, and the result of a month's labour, shows a well defined vein of silver, native and in the ore, in connection with copper. It is expected that mines, rich as those of Mexico, will soon be opened on the north shore of Lake Superior.

LEEDS ELECTION.—The candidates for Leeds are Ormond Jones, Esq., on the Conservative side,—Jesse Delong, Esq. on the Ministerial side,—and W. H. Denaut, Esq., on the Independent platform. The polling days are to be the 26th and 27th July.

YACHT BURNED.—The yacht that was being built for Mr. Grimshaw, a gentleman of large fortune, who has lately settled near Cobourg, has been burnt at Kingston. The vessel as she lay on the stocks was insured for £300 which will perhaps cover the loss of the builder.

ELECTIONS IN PRINCE EDWARD'S ISLAND.—The Conservatives have a majority, and one member is still in dispute.

PORTLAND AND MONTREAL RAILROAD.—The laying of the Iron upon this great work has been completed, and the cars will immediately commence running from the Atlantic to the River St. Lawrence, a distance of 279 miles. This road traverses for 100 miles the loftiest mountain range in the Eastern States. Its importance will be much increased by the construction of the Grand Trunk line, which will carry forward this track with an uniform grade to Lake Huron, on the one hand and Quebec on the other.

THE GAVAZZI TRAGEDY.—The Jury, on the Inquest held in the case of Mr. Michael Donnelly have returned two special verdicts, which did not constitute a verdict that could be entered on the Records.

MORE LOCOMOTIVES.—Two new and beautiful locomotives for the Great Western Railroad were landed in Hamilton last week from the *Traveller*. They are named the *Hamilton* and the *Middlesex*.

THE NEW CUT through Burlington Heights is expected to be ready for vessels to pass about the middle of next month.

ROYAL CANADIAN RIFLES.—The excellent band of this regiment will play for the entertainment of the citizens of Toronto, in the Government House Grounds, each Friday evening, from five to seven o'clock, weather permitting.

ACTION FOR LIBEL.—The Mayor of Quebec has entered an action for libel, the amount of damages demanded being £5000, against the proprietors of the *Morning Chronicle.*

THE XXTH REGIMENT.—We have much pleasure in publishing, the following very gratifying evidence of the truth of what we said, in bidding them farewell, a few days ago, and of the high moral tone which, so happily, prevails among, we hope we may say our friends, the non-commissioned officers and privates of the gallant 20th.

FIRE IN HAMILTON.—On Friday morning last, a small frame building, belonging to Mr. Bradley, and situated on the top of the hill, caught fire and was burnt to the ground. The fire originated from a spark falling from the chimney on the shingles.

NEW CUSTOM-HOUSE IN KINGSTON.—The Government have decided on recommending to Parliament a liberal appropriation for the purchase of a site and the erection of Custom-house buildings in Kingston.

ST. CATHERINES MINERAL WATERS.—The medical virtue of the Mineral Water from the Artesian well at St. Catherines, (says an American Paper) are destined to throw Saratoga in the shade. The waters contain in large quantities Magnesia, Iodine, Bromine, and Silicia.

THE NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY have commenced running Express and Accommodation trains, which will leave this city severally at 8 a. m. and 3.30 p. m., and return at 5 p. m and 9.30 a. m.

GAS IN LONDON C. W.—The Municipal Council of the town of London have taken £2500 stock in a Company to light that town with gas—the remainder of the stock being taken by private individuals.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.—Messrs. Gzowski & Co., have subleased a considerable portion of the Port Sarnia line between Guelph and Berlin, and 300 men will in a short time be employed on it.

ARRIVAL OF THE *EUROPA.*

New York, 20th July.

The *Europa*, with Liverpool dates to the 8th, arrived last evening at Halifax.

ARRIVAL OF THE *ARCTIC.*

The Steamer *Arctic*, with Liverpool dates to the 13th, arrived at New York on Saturday night.

Cotton unchanged.

Breadstuffs improved. Prospects of the French harvest, and the more quiet tone of the London and inland markets, have depressed the Liverpool market, and it is quiet at a further decline of 6d to 1s. on Flour, and 1d. to 2d. on wheat. M'Meekin quotes Western Canal at 26s 6d. to 27s.; Wheat mixed and red 7s. 4d. to 7s. 8d.; white 7s 6d. to 8s. Indian Corn, previous rates.

The French Minister of War is asserted to have addressed the Chamber of Commerce on the Turkish question as follows:—"We are not bent on making war, but if the Emperor to whom the honour of his Government is dearer than all else, should think the national honour exacts a war, he certainly will not recede from the necessity."

The news from Vienna was of the 11th inst. The troops were about to be concentrated near Peter wardein, for the protection of the frontier. It was said the Porte would publish a proclamation in reply to the Czar's manifesto.

The Danubian Principalities and the Divan of Moldavia met at Jassy on the 21st June. The first act was to vote an address of devotion to the Czar. An army of 80,000 Russians is to occupy the principalities. Contracts for rations have been concluded for nine months.

Advices from Smyrna to 26th June, state that the Commander of the American Frigate had laid his vessel alongside the Austrian brig, on board of which the Hungarian Col. Casta, is to be imprisoned. The American commander has declared that he will approve of the removal of the prisoner to Trieste. The U. S. Minister claims Casta as an American citizen.

An official despatch from St. Petersburg, of the 27th ult., announces that the occupation of the Danubian Principalities has been declared by the Russian Government.

The announcement was accompanied with the publication of the following,

IMPERIAL MANIFESTO.

"By the grace of God,

"We, Nicholas I.

"Emperor and Autocrat of all the Russias and Czar of Poland, &c.,

"Inform all people.

"Be it known to our beloved and faithful subjects.

"The defence of our faith has always been the sacred duty of our blessed ancestors.

"From the day it pleased the Almighty to place me on the throne of our fathers, the maintenance of the holy obligations with which it is inseparably connected, has been the object of our constant care and attention; these, acting on the groundwork of the famous treaty of Kainadji, which subsequent solemn treaties with the Ottoman Porte have fully confirmed, have ever been directed towards upholding the rights of our Church.

"But to our extreme grief, in latter times, notwithstanding all our efforts to defend the inviolability of the rights and privileges of our orthodox Church, numerous wilful acts of the Ottoman Porte have infringed upon these rights, and threaten finally the entire overthrow of all that ancient discipline so precious to orthodoxy.

"All our efforts to restrain the Porte from such acts have proved in vain, and even the word of the Sultan, solemnly given us by himself, was soon faithlessly broken.

"Having exhausted all means of conviction and having in vain tried all the means by which our just claims could be peacefully adjusted, we have deemed it indispensable to move our armies into the provinces on the Danube, in order that the Porte may see to what her stubbornness may lead.

"But, even now, we have no intention of commencing war; in occupying these provinces, we wish to hold a sufficient pledge to guaranty for ourselves the restablishment of our rights under any circumstances whatever.

"We do not seek for conquests: Russia does not require them. We seek to vindicate those rights which have been so openly violated.

"We are even yet ready to stop the movements of our armies, if the Ottoman Porte will bind itself solemnly to respect the inviolability of the orthodox Church; but if obstinacy and blindness will it otherwise, then, calling God to our aid, we leave it to Him to decide our quarrel and in full confidence in the right hand of the Almighty, we shall move forward on behalf of the orthodox faith.

"Given at Peterhoff on the 14th (26th) day of June, in the year of the birth of Christ, 1853, and of our reign the 28th.

"Sealed at the Senate, in St. Petersburg, on the 14th (26th) of June, 1853

"To the original of this document the own hand of his Majesty is signed.

"NIKOLAI."

A letter from Constantinople, of the 21st ult., announces that the greatest activity prevails among the Russian ships in the Black Sea. Ships of war are constantly leaving Sebastopol to maintain strict watch along the coast. The *Kolumna* Russian frigate had, on the preceding day, advanced, and tacked within three miles of the entrance to the Bosphorus, the wind having permitted her to fall into the eddy of the current.

A letter from St. Petersburg, of the 23rd ult., announces that the emperor, in full uniform, surrounded by his staff, proceeded on the 22nd to the Church of St. Isaac. He wore the Grand Greek cross on his breast. This cross is one of the distinctive signs of the head of the Church.

A letter from Jassy, of the 29th ult., states that it appears from the preparations made by the Russian authorities, that the Russian troops are to remain for the Winter in the Danubian Principalities. Engineers and Staff-officers are already exploring the country, to discover the most advantageous positions for encamping and feeding the various corps of the invading army.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, July 27th, 1853.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Flour—Millers' extra superfine, per barrel	22	9	a	60	0
Farmers' per 196 lbs.	18	0	a	00	0
Wheat—Fall, per bushel, 60 lbs.	4	10	a	5	0
Spring, per bushel, 60 lbs.	0	6	a	2	0
Oatmeal, per barrel,	17	0	a	18	9
Rye, per bushel, 56 lbs.	0	0	a	0	0
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs.	2	0	a	2	6
Oats, per bushel, 34 lbs.	0	0	a	2	0
Peas, per bushel,	2	6	a	2	8
Potatoes, per bushel,	1	6	a	1	10½
Apples, per bushel,	0	0	a	0	0
Grass Seed, per bushel,	7	6	a	11	6
Clover Seed, per bushel,	25	0	a	30	0
Hay, per ton,	37	6	a	45	0
Straw, per ton,	40	0	a	42	6
Onions, per bushel,	5	0	a	0	0
Butter—Tub, per lb.	0	0	a	0	0
Fresh, per lb.	0	7	a	0	0
Eggs per dozen	0	7½	a	0	0
Fire wood per cord	00	0	a	40	0

New York, July 26.

Market.—Flour: market steady for State Flour, but Western heavy and inactive; Canadian quiet, 5 6 a 5 13; sales Western canal, 42,000 bbls; 4 55 a 5 12 for mixed to fancy Michigan and Indiana; 4 81 a 5 12 for common to good Ohio. Grain.—better demand for Wheat, rather lower prices, supply of prime not large; sales 17,200 bushels; inferior to prime Ohio 118 a 127; common to prime white Canadian 119 a 122. Oats from 44 a 55 for State. Corn very firm and in fair request; sales 71,000 bushels; 66 a 68 for unsound; 69 a 70 for Western mixed and southern white. Provisions.—Market firm for Pork, demand fair, 16 87 for mess; 12 75 a 13 for prime. Lard firm

BIRTH.

On the 24th inst., on William St., the wife of John Hector, Esq. of a son.

MARRIED.

At St. John's Church, by the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Frederickton, the Rev. Charles Lee, third son of the Hon. Thos. C Lee, Receiver General of this Province, to Sarah Elizabeth, eldest daughter of H. Boyer Smith, Esquire.

On Thursday, the 30th June, in London, C. W., by the Rev. B. Cronyn, Rector, Mr. Robert Nicholl of St. Thomas, to Miss Bertha Brooks, of London,

DIED.

On the 7th May, Anne the beloved wife of Richard Staples, and daughter of William Dawson Cavan, aged 18 years, much respected by all who knew her.

On the 16th July, of croup, Jane Sophia, eighth daughter of William Dawson Cavan, aged 3 years.

New Advertisements.

Cannington, May 19th, 1853.

TO EDWARD N——,

DID you send "*The Canadian Churchman*" of the 5th of May to Papa in England? Are you then yet alive? Oh write, if but a line, to your own loving —— to say you still live.

Address Miss Emma Hunter, General Post Office Dublin, Ireland. 52-3i

Trinity College, Toronto.

THE Annual Examination for Matriculation and for Scholarship, will commence

ON MONDAY, the 3rd OCTOBER, 1853,

The following Scholarships will be open to competition.—

FIVE DIVINITY SCHOLARSHIPS, tenable for four years, viz. one of £30 currency per annum; two of £25; two of £20.

The holders of these Scholarships will be required to reside for four years, during the first two of which they must attend Lectures and Examinations in the Arts course.

ONE LAW SCHOLARSHIP, value £30 currency per annum; tenable for three years, on condition of regular observance of Terms and Lectures, and good conduct.

All persons presenting themselves for examination, must produce testimonials of good conduct. Candidates for Matriculation must have entered upon their sixteenth year.

Early application, the subjects of examination and any other information desired, should be made by letter to the Provost of Trinity College.

N. B.—Students matriculating in October Term are able to the following June to compete for a Wellington Scholarship, and for a Scholarship either on the Burnside or on the Bishop Strachan Jubilee Foundation.

Trinity College, Toronto,
8th July, 1853. 52 5i

LAW BOOKS.

JUST received, Vols. 4, 5 and 6 of

BRITISH CROWN CASES,

Being Moody, Vol. 2; and Denison with continuation by Pearce, vols. 1 and 2, Just published by Messrs. T. J. Johnson Philadelphia, 15s per Vol.

☞ The Undersigned will supply, in Toronto, the Works published by Messrs. JOHNSON, Philadelphia; Messrs. LITTLE, BROWN & Co., Boston, or any other Publisher in the United States, at the Publishers' prices, without any charge for Carriage, &c.

Catalogues may be seen on application.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller, Stationer & Printer,
King Street.

Toronto, July 22, 1853. 51-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

APPLETON'S TRAVELLERS' GUIDE TO THE MIDDLE STATES, CANADA, NEW BRUNSWICK, and NOVA SCOTIA, &c &c., with descriptions of the Principal Cities, Towns and Villages, with Distances, Fares, &c. Price 6s. 3d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Toronto, July, 1853. King Street.

JUST RECEIVED.

LYELL'S MANUAL OF ELEMENTARY GEOLOGY, cloth 8s. 9d.
DON QUIXOTE, illustrated, 10s.
EDGAR CLIFTON, or RIGHT AND WRONG, a story of School Life, by C. Adams, cloth 3s. 9d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
King Street.

Toronto, July 21, 1853. 51-tf

On SALE by the Undersigned,

SEVERAL First rate COWS—fresh Milkers with Calves—and ready to Calve.
FLOUR in the Bag, at low rates.

Apply to

BOYDELL & Co.
Nelson Street, near the Market.

☞ Horses, Cows, &c., bought and sold on Commission.

Toronto, 13th July, 1853. 50-tf

BRITISH AMERICAN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Court of Proprietors of this Institution, at which the Election of Directors for the ensuing year takes place, will be held at the House of Business of the Corporation, on MONDAY, the first day of AUGUST next. The Chair will be taken at twelve o'clock, at noon precisely.

By order of the Board.

T. W. BIRCHALL,
Managing Director.

British American Assurance Office,
Toronto, 11th July, 1853. 2-in

BELLS! BELLS! BELLS!

The Subscribers manufacture and keep constantly on hand, a very large assortment of Church, Factory, Steamboat, Steamship, Locomotive, School House, and Plantation Bells, made in an *entirely new way* recently adopted by us. We have 14 Gold and Silver Medals awarded for "the best Bells, for sonorousness and purity of tone." Nearly 10,000 Bells have been cast and sold from this foundry. We can send to New York in four hours, and by Canal and Railroads in every direction, at an hour's notice. Mathematical Instruments of the most approved construction on hand. Address.

A. MENEELY'S SONS,
West Troy, N. Y 51-tf

TORONTO COACH MANUFACTORY.

130 & 132 King Street West.

(ESTABLISHED 1832.)

OWEN & WOOD,

(FROM LONDON.)

Toronto, July 8th, 1853 50-12mo

ONTARIO, SIMCOE AND HURON RAILROAD.

NOTICE.

ON and after MONDAY, 18th July, the Passenger Trains will run daily, between Toronto and Bradford, as follows, (Sundays excepted.)

Express Train leaves Toronto, at 8, A.M., arrives at Bradford, at 10 25, A M.

Accommodation Train leaves Toronto, at 3,30, P.M. arrives at Bradford, at 5 45, P.M.

Accommodation Train leaves Bradford, at 7.15, A.M. arrives at Toronto, 9 30, A.M.

Express Train leaves Bradford, at 2.54, P.M., arrives at Toronto, 5.00, P.M.

Passengers by these Trains will please take Notice that 7½, Cy., will be charged in addition to the regular Fare, for all Tickets purchased in the Cars, by passengers taking their places at Stations where Tickets are sold

All Extra Baggage by the Express Train, will be carried in charge of the Express Agent.

ALFRED BRUNEL,
Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,
Toronto, July 13, 1853. 51-tf

WANTED,

A LAD for the Printing Business, he must possess a good English Education, and be not less than fifteen years of age. A member of the Church of England would be preferred.

Apply at the Office of this Paper.

Toronto, June 18th, 1853.

AN ENGLISH LADY long accustomed to Tuition, is desirous of obtaining an Engagement in a family as resident Governess.—She undertakes to instruct her Pupils in English, French and Music.

Address to M. J. W., Post Office, Prescott, C.W.

June 30th, 1853. 48-4in

City Assessments.

THE Court to Revise the Assessments for the current year, will meet on THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at one o'clock, P.M, to hear the remaining appeals against the Assessment of ST. JAMES'S WARD, and to revise the Assessment of ST. DAVID'S WARD, of which all Persons interested are to take Notice.

The Court will meet on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in each week, at the same hour, until the Assessment of the City is revised.

By order of the Court,

CHARLES DALY,
C. C. C.

Clerk's Office,
Toronto 18th July 1853. 51-tf

FRENCH AND ENGLISH Establishment for Young Ladies,

CONDUCTED BY

MONSIEUR AND MADAME DESLANDES

PINEHURST, TORONTO.

THIS Establishment is composed of, besides the Principles, two highly educated resident English Governesses, and one French.

PROFESSORS:

Of Singing	Mr. Humphries.
Of Music	Mr. Ambrose.
English Master	Mr. C. Luscombe.
Drawing Master	Mr. Lucius O'Brien.
Writing Master	Mr. Ebbels.
Calisthenics	Mr. Goodwin.

Terms per quarter, for Boarders, including all the various branches in English and French, with Music, Drawing and

Needlework	£15	0	0
Day Pupils	6	0	0
Singing	5	0	0
Italian	2	0	0
German	3	0	0
Dancing for the Season	3	0	0
Calisthenics	0	15	0

Toronto, April 6th, 1853. 38-tf.

THE TORONTO LADIES' SCHOOL.

LADY PRINCIPAL:

MRS. POETTER.

ASSISTANTS:

2nd English Teacher, ... Mrs. LIDDELL.
3rd English Teacher, ... Miss KENNEDY.
French, ... Mad'lle SIMON.
Master for Writing and Arithmetic ..... Mr. EBBELS.
Master for Drawing ..... Mr. BULL.
Master for Music ..... Mr. STRATHY
Master for Singing ..... Mr. HUMPHRYS.

IN consequence of the number of Shares not having been taken up for the Proprietary School, the Council had been compelled to relinquish their plans, and Mrs. Poetter has therefore undertaken, with their sanction, the present Establishment, under the same system as the Proprietary School, and on *the same Terms*, without the liability of the shares.

The Studies will include a thorough English Education, with French, Italian and German Music, Singing, and Drawing. Wax Flowers, Embroidery, and all kinds of Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, are also taught.

A Lady will assist Mrs. Poetter in taking charge of the Boarders, whose sole duty will be to watch over the health and attend the comforts of those committed to her care.

PROPRIETORY SCHOOL.

AT a Meeting of the Council on Thursday the 13th of August, the following Minutes were passed:—

2. *Resolved*—That for the reasons herein stated, the Council having been compelled to relinquish their plan the Church of England Proprietory School is hereby given up accordingly.

3. Read a proposal from Mrs. Poetter, offering to open a school upon the same plans that intended for the Church of England Proprietory School.

Whereupon it was resolved—

"That inasmuch as the Council had intended to place Mrs. Poetter at the head of the Educational Department of the Church of England Proprietory School, they have the less hesitation in acceding to Mrs Poetter's proposal, and they hereby have her to state that she has their sanction for using their name, and they hope that her exertions may meet with that success which she so well deserves."

TERMS.

(*To be paid Quarterly, and in Advance.*)

Education ..... £15 per annum.
Finishing Pupils ..... 5 additional.
Boarding 30

NO EXTRAS.

Boarders will be required to bring their Knife, Fork, and Spoon, Bedding and Towels.

Persons wishing for further information are requested to apply (if by letter *post-paid*) to Mrs. Poetter, York Cottage.

JUST PUBLISHED;

A Table of English History

COMPILED BY MRS. POETTER, FOR THE USE OF HER SCHOOL.

The object of his Table is to present History to the pupil in a condensed form, and Mrs. Poetter's plan is to question from the Teacher, after previous study of the different subjects

Toronto, November 4th, 1852.

Wanted Immediately.

A young lady as Governess, a member of the Church of England competent to instruct in Music and French and the usual branches of an English education.

Address R. S., Box 244 Post Office Toronto

A RARE CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY!

SELLING OFF AT THE

ALBERT HOUSE,

36, King Street East, Toronto,

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS, MILLINERY,

ALL MUST GO IMMEDIATELY!

☞ *Call early, and get the best Bargains.* ☜

THE Proprietor offers to his numerous Customers and the Public, his entire Stocks of Dry Goods and Millinery, at such prices as will effect an immediate and total clearance. This is no puffing sale to clear out old Goods.

Any one about commencing business, will find this a fine chance for so doing; as a large and increasing trade is connected with the Albert House. The fixtures and Stock, with interest in Lease, will be disposed of on advantageous terms.

The Store will not be closed until 9 o'clock in the evening.

All Goods can be returned if not found to answer.

Albert House,
Toronto, July 5, 1853. 49 tf

City of Toronto Debentures.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 8th day of August next, for CORPORATION DEBENTURES, to be issued under a By law of the Corporation, upon any day after that date, to the amount of £13,956.. or any part thereof; the principal payable either in full at the end of Twenty years, or in sums of 667l. 10s. annually in from one to twenty years.

The Debentures to be made out for such amount, as may be agreed upon, and the interest payable half-yearly at the Bank of Upper Canada.

The party Tendering to distinguish in his offer between the amount being paid in Twenty years, or being distributed in equal sums, payable in from one to Twenty years.

A. T. McKORD,
Chamberlain.

CHAMBERLAIN OFFICE,
Toronto, 13th June, 1853. 44 tf

VENTILATION.

THE Subscribers are now prepared to furnish at their Foundry, the most powerful and economical house-warming and VENTILATING STOVE in the world—of three different sizes—from that which will warm Churches or other large buildings to the smallest office. Specific directions will be furnished gratis by application to Henry Ruttan, Esq of Cobourg.

J. R. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Toronto, April 30, 1853.

Cricket Bats, Balls, &c.

THE undersigned has pleasure in announcing to the lovers of Cricket, that he has just received and now offers for Sale, an excellent assortment of XXX MATCH BATS and BALLS, and other Cricketing materials.

These having been imported by him direct from the well-known house of Lillywhite, Brothers & Co., by special order, and the selection having been carefully made in England, he can confidently recommend them as of *first-rate quality*. The prices will also be found lower than has been hitherto charged for the *best* articles.

HENRY ROWSELL,
King Street

Toronto, May 26, 1853.

JUST RECEIVED,

SAM SLICKS WISE SAWS AND MODERN INSTANCES; or, WHAT HE SAID, DID OR INVENTED.

Paper 2s. 6d; Cloth, 3s 9d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller & Stationer,
King Street.

Toronto, June 22nd, 1853.

CHURCH AT THE FALLS OF NIAGARA, CANADA WEST.

A BAZAAR will be held about the middle of August next, at Drummondville, Falls of Niagara, for the purpose of raising funds to assist in building a Church in that village; those who are kindly inclined to lend their aid, are earnestly requested to send contributions to either of the following ladies, before the first of August.

Mrs Ingles.	Mrs. Leonard.
Mrs. Woodruff.	Mrs. Blackwell.
Mrs. Murray	Mrs. Mewburn, Stamford.

March, 1853.

Ontario, Simcoe & Huron Railroad.

THE Freight Train going north, will until further notice, leave the foot of Bay Street, on each Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 A. M. for Bradford.

Returning will leave Bradford, on each Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 8 A. M.

Freight for this train must be delivered before 7, on the morning of departure; or it will be received from 4 to 7 P. M., on the previous evening.

ALFRED BRUNEL,
Superintendent

Toronto, June 23, 1853.