The scales were in abundance on all except the wafer-ash (Ptelea trifoliata), being thickly crowded between and under the rough bark. On the wafer-ash, however, I found only a few isolated scales, and these were located near the extremities of the twigs, the Ptelea being only a shrub a few feet tall. I have found no references to this scale attacking either Ptelea or Juglans, and so I offer these two as new host plants of $A$. ulmi. The scales winter over as nearly full-grown adults.
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#### Abstract

AN APPARENTLY NEW SPECIES OF PHALONIA. by wm. barnes, m.d., and J. mcdunnough, ph.d., decatur, ill.

Among some material sent us for determination by the Bureau of Cereal and Forage Insect Investigation were specimens of a Phalonid bred by Mr. C. N. Ainslie at Elk Point, S. Dakota from Spartinana michauxiana in the stems of which the larvæ were boring, apparently along with those of Tortrix clemensiana Fern. since a specimen of this species was included under the same breeding number. As we can find no name applicable to this species, we describe it as new as follows:-


Phalonia spartinana, n . sp.
$\sigma^{7}$.-Head, thorax, and primaries pale ochreous, the latter shiny and immaculate with the exception of a minute dark dot at the end of the cell at the origin of vein 5 and another below the origin of vein 2 ; the costal margin at the basal half is dark brown; secondaries pale smoky, with whitish fringes. Beneath primaries deep smoky, with the exception of the pale costal margin and fringes; secondaries much as above. Expanse 20 mm .
$\circ$-Similar to the $\delta^{7}$ but larger and without the dark costal margin and dot below vein 2; secondaries without the smoky shade. Beneath the primaries are less smoky and more ochreous than in the $\sigma^{\circ}$. Expanse 25 mm .

Types: $20^{\pi \prime}$ 's, 1 ㅇ. Elk Point, S. Dakota (C. N. Ainslie). Coll. Barnes.

Related to Phal. atomosana Busck, but smaller, paler and lacking the sprinkling of brownish atoms characteristic of this species.

