

## OBSERVATIONS ON SOME NORTHERN DERBIDÆ.

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*Otiocerus Wolfii*, Kirby. A pale specimen of this frail little form was beaten by me from a beech tree September 3, 1888, at Lancaster, N. Y., and Mr. Uhler has kindly sent me a fully colored individual, presumably from Md., taken on the 6th of August. The antennæ in this species are very short, with a single appendage.

*Otiocerus Signoreti*, Fitch. I am indebted to Mr. W. J. Palmer, jr., for an example of this species, captured at Lancaster, September 14, 1888. It agrees with *Wolfii* in having but one appendage to the rather small antennæ. The white wings are faintly tinted with red and beautifully veined with the same color.

*Amalopota*, new genus.\*

Form very slight. Head rather short, horizontal above, almost vertical before, with superior and frontal keels about as in *Anotia*; apex obtuse. Eyes of medium size, emarginate below. Ocelli two, distinct, placed below and very near the inferior angles of the eyes. Antennæ about as long as the head, situated at the base of the clypeus in a socket formed by a sharp, slightly elevated ring; basal joint very short and annular; second joint diverse in the two sexes; in the male, much flattened, with the sides almost parallel; in the female, shorter and slightly flattened; in both sexes papillated, with a subterminal emargination, from which springs a bristle. Clypeus triangularly ovate, convex. Rostrum long, reaching to about the middle of the venter; terminal joint very short. Prothorax linear above, produced in an acute angle between the eyes; on the sides, suddenly expanded to a broad, thin scale. Humeral scales large and prominent. Legs slender, unarmed, of medium length; the posterior femoræ somewhat thickened; posterior tarsi three jointed; basal joint longer than the second and third united. Elytra long and narrow, widest at the inner apical angle; apex broadly rounded, a little retreating posteriorly; the costal area expanded near the base into a broadly rounded, slightly recurved lobe; a slight constriction of the costa just before the apex, with a thickening of the veins there, produces the appearance of an imperfect stigma. Venation simple,† almost as in

\* From:—*αμαλός* feeble, and *πότη* flight.

† For convenience of comparison I have used Mr. Westwood's nomenclature of the venation.