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No. 4.

WE CAN MAKE HOME HAPPY.

HOUGH we may not change the cottage For a mansion tall and grand, or exchange a little grass plot
For a boundless stretch of land,
Yet there's something brighter, nearer
Than the wealth we'd thus command.

Though we have no means to purchase Costly pictures, rich and rare;
Though we have no silken hangings
For the walls so cold and bare,
We can hang them o'er with garlands,
For flowers bloom everywhere.

We can always make home cheerful If the right course we begin; We can make its inmates happy And their truest blessings win;
It will make the small room brighter
If we let the sunshine in.

When we gather round the fireside When we gather round the Breside
When the evening hours are long,
We can blend our hearts and voices
In a happy, social song;
We can guide some erring brother,
Lead him from the path of wrong.

We may fill our home with music And with sunshine brimming o'er,
If against all dark intruders
We will firmly shut the door;
Yet should evil's shadow enter,
We must love each other more.

There are treasures for the lowly
Which the grandest fail to find;
There's a chain of sweet affection
Binding friends of kindred mind;
We wan you the chainest blassings From the poorest lot assigned.

KIND ROVER.

OVER is not one of those snarling little curs that "delight to bark and bite." He has a good strong voice and a sound set of teeth of his own, but he does not seem to think they were given him for the purpose of annoying or injuring his neighbours, so he keeps his bark for burglars and his bite for beef bones. When an impudent puppy yelps at him as he goes along he makes no reply; he just raises his nose a little higher in the air and passes on. When an evil-disposed dog is on the point of attacking one that is smaller and weaker than himself he first looks up the street and down the street to make sure that Rover is not in sight, for he knows that Rover will not willingly allow the weak to be oppressed When any one falls into the water his scream is very likely to be speedily followed by Rover's plunge, for it does not take him very long to get to any particular spot if he should not happen to be there just at the moment. Once and again he has dragged a drowning boy ashore or kept him affoat till further help arrived. This time it is one of his own species that he is bringing to land.

drowned, especially when they are young and inexperienced and under-take a long swim. It was good for this one that a better swimmer than himself got sight of his sinking head, plunged in to his rescue, dived beneath him, bore him to the surface, and with wonderful advoitness and skill supported him to the bank. Kind, noble Rover! it is no wonder that all the dogs respect him, and that all the boys are fond of him.

In large cities, saloons, barber-shops, cigar-shops, and other places of business are kept open on Sunday, for no other purpose than to make money; for our experience and the history of these Sunday places of business, teaches that they lead young men astray, and bring about a lack of respect for the teachings of the Bible, and a want of reverence for God's Sabbath.

The passenger trains they say must run on Sunday for the convenience of



KIND ROVER.

THE NATION'S GREAT SIN.

HERE is probably no other sin that is more likely to bing down God's wrath and displeasure upon us as a nation than Sabbath-breaking. Fathers cut wool, and allow, if not compel, their children to do so on the Sabbath day; livery stable men make lots of money on the Sabbath; street-car companies make more money, running their cars and working their men on Even dogs can be Sabbath perhaps than on Monday.

their appointments, etc, and the mails must be carried on Sunday, and the post-offices must be kept open an hour or two on Sabbath, and why? because the Postmaster-General says so, and because the public convenience demands it, and because we expect that through them we will receive some message of love, or send some tidings of joy or grief, and thereby "do good on the Sabbath day."

Of course no one in this Godfavoured land wants street cars and shall send upon the cursing, vexation

trains to run, and post-offices kept open on Sunday that they may go on business errands or send or receive business letters? Oh, no! If the street-car and railroad companies were to receive no pay from passengers, nor any pay for carrying mails on Sunday, would their cars and trains continue to run on the Sabbath ?

Is it not a money consideration that runs the printing press on Sunday, and sends hundreds of little boys out to

sell the papers who ought and might otherwise be in Sabbathschool; that runs the saloons, the barber-shops, the cigar-shops, the street-cars, the railroad trains, and the livery stables on Sunday ?

Is it in accordance with the word of God and our Saviour's teaching, for men to labour hard all day Sunday, cleaning of the engines in the round-house; pulling the throttle, firing the engines, driving street-cars, and many other kinds of work, for from seventy-five cents to three dollars per day? Will not God dollars per day? bring a curse upon this far nation if the Church does not rise up to condemn and correct the evil of Sabbath-breaking? Our Saviour Sabbath-breaking ? said: "It is lawful to do good on the Sabbath," but we suppose he meant visiting the sick and fatherless, feeding the hungry, supplying the wants of the needy, expounding his word in his earthly temples, praising, praying, and such like. Will any one dare say he meant that men should work in the field, on the train, on street-sars, in postoffices, barber-shops, and such like places on the Sabbath-Jay for money? No, verily, and his anger is kindled against us as a nation for these violations of his holy law; as has been evidenced by droughts, storms and plagues in different parts of the United States. He will not always chide. God commands us to do all our work in six days, and to rest on the seventh—the Sabbath. How absurd, then, to say a man can work all day Sunday for money, and Moses not incur God's displeasure. told the children of Israel if they

the public, and to carry ministers to failed to keep all the law and com-their appointments, etc., and the mails mandments and obey the voice of the Lord, all these curses should come upon them and overtake them. Oursed shalt thou be in the city, and cursed shalt thou be in the field; cursed shall be thy basket and thy store; cursed shall be the fruit of thy body, and the fruit of thy land, the increase of thy kine, and the flocks of thy sheep; cursed shalt thou be when thou comest in, and cursed shalt thou be when thou goest out. The Lord