

Koriak tradition, the Leucadian Corax, and Charaxus, the brother of Sappho, may be terms of ethnical significance. I have little doubt that the ancient Koriak habitat and centre of diffusion was the Caucasus, where the Coraxi and Cercetae dwelt. The Assyrian inscriptions should shed light upon this important family, which finds such large representation on the North American Continent.

A few of the Dacotah numerals show their Peninsular connection by agreeing with those of the Iroquois and Choctaws. Thus the Dacotah *onje*, *eyungkae*, *yonke*, *wonge*, one, are the Iroquois *anji* and *enska*; while *amutcat*, another form of the same number, is like the Iroquois *onskat*. The Otto *tekeni*, two, is the Iroquois *techini*. I can hardly think that it is a borrowed word, inasmuch as the Sioux *sahdogang*, eight, is the Iroquois *sahdekonh*, and the relation of two and eight was exhibited in the Choctaw *tukchina* and *untuchina*. The Dacotah *weekeechem*, *wikchemma*, ten, are probably the same as the Iroquois *wasenh*; and *cheehoh*, *kakhoo*, five, agree with the Muskogee *chahgkie*. While a more extensive comparison than the materials at my disposal have enabled me to make would be very desirable, it will, I think, be confessed by competent judges, that, for the purposes for which the paper has been written, it is not necessary. It will be a simple matter for other students to follow out the lines of research that I have indicated and in a measure illustrated, and either confirm the conclusions arrived at, or otherwise account for the phenomena on which they are based.

COMPARATIVE VOCABULARY OF THE DACOTAH AND PENINSULAR LANGUAGES.

arm	ada, <i>Hidatsa</i> ; arda, <i>Mandan</i>	ude, yeda, <i>Japanese</i>
arrow	isto, <i>Dacotah</i> , <i>Yankton</i> [(<i>Dacotah</i>) mahha, M. (<i>Mandan</i>); ma, mong, D. minja, Os (<i>Osage</i>)	settoo, <i>Kamtschatdale</i> meehim, Ka. (<i>Kamtschatdale</i>)
axe	ashpaw, D.; ocepaa, A. (<i>Assiniboin</i>) ahana, ongspe, D.	machmiuche, K. (<i>Koriak</i>) kvasqua, Ka.; kal-kapak, T. (<i>Tchuktchi</i>)
bad	schicha, D.; ishia, H. (<i>Hidatsa</i>)	ashiki, J.
beard	iki, H.; eshaesha, U. (<i>Lysaroka</i>)	hige, J.; uika, T. [piigi, K.
belly	ikpi, D. chesa, Os. bare, U.	fuku, J.; pai, <i>Corean</i> ; ksucb, Ka. aksheka, T. hara, J.
belt	ipasaki, H.; ipiyaka, D.	obi, J., L. (<i>Loo-Choo</i>); tapshi, T.
bind	kashka, D.	kuku-ru, J.
bird	dikkappe, U. tsakaka, H.	tzkepf, A. (<i>Aino</i>) tac, C. (<i>Corean</i>)
black	chippushaka, U. eekhpazec, D. [Winnebago	nufsunke, K. aehkuropeeh, A.
blood	uoai, Y. (<i>Yankton</i>); waheehah, W. wamee, Om. (<i>Omaha</i>) idi, H.; eda, U.	auku, T. kehrn, A. ketsu, J.
boat	wata, D. mati, H.; maheshe, U.	agwat, K.; attuat, hetwutt, Ka. maachdyhm, Ka.
bone	hida, H.	kotau, J.; kutsi, L.; kotham, Ka.; ha-
bow	etazeepa, D. [hnopah, M. beerahbah, Min. (<i>Minetaree</i>); ware-	edzak, Ka. [tamfa, K.; atitain, T. fara, C. [uika, T.