

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1853.
NOON AND EVENING DAILY.
WESTERN ADVERTISER WEEKLY.
THE LONDON ADVERTISER CO.,
Limited, Publishers,
191-192 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

PHONE NUMBERS:
Business Department 107
Editorial Rooms 134 and 135
Job Printing Department 175

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
Readers of The Advertiser are requested to favor the management by reporting any irregularities in delivery.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Daily, Delivered by Carrier in City: \$5.00
One week 35c
One month \$3.00
Daily, Delivered by Carrier Outside City: \$5.00
One week 35c
One month \$3.00
Daily, by Mail, Outside City: \$2.00
One year \$20.00

The Advertiser is on sale regularly at the following news stands, where subscriptions may be left:
Buffalo, N. Y.—R. J. Seidenberg, Ellipse Square News Stand.
Chicago, Ill.—Chicago Newspaper Agency, 170 Madison street.
Louisville, Ky.—Kentucky International News Company.
Toronto—Horseshoe Hotel News Stand; Rossin House News Stand.
[Entered at the London (Canada) post-office as matter of the second class.]

LONDON, TUESDAY, JULY 12.

THE MANITOBA ELECTIONS.

The Roblin Government has been sustained by nearly its former strength. In a House of 41, a majority of 13 or 14 is more than sufficient.

Mr. Roblin stood before the electors in an unenviable position. Two years ago he declared in a public speech that the public man who hesitates or refuses to have his public record inquired into and examined in the most minute detail is unworthy the support of any people. The author of this pious sentiment not long afterwards refused to permit an inquiry into a charge, which, if proven, would have cost him his seat. He was accused of being a partner in the Eli Sand Company, which had had dealings with the Government in 1908. Mr. Roblin asserted that his interest in the company ceased in 1907; but letters came to light, showing that in 1908 he drew large profits from the company. He made no attempt to explain away this evidence. He was clearly convicted of an untruth. His re-election after such an exposure does little credit to the electors of Dufferin, especially as the Liberals had an excellent candidate, Professor Osborne, of Manitoba College.

The Roblin-Rogers Government has carried the art of organization for election purposes to an unexampled perfection. It is a party machine in the worst sense of the word, but it is supremely efficient on election day. That it has not been overthrown by the moral sense of the people of Manitoba, shows the extent to which it has debauched the province.

A CURIOUS DOCUMENT.

The will of Col. Robert St. George Dyrenforth, of Washington, is exciting amused comment in the United States. The document draws a map of life for the colonel's grandson, Robert Dyrenforth, now 12 years old. At 14 he is expected to graduate from a high school, and at 18, from Harvard University. After six months spent in studying law at Oxford, he is to enter West Point, and qualify as a commissioned officer in the army. When he graduates, he is to complete his legal education, and at 28, after being admitted to the bar, he is to inherit \$250,000, provided he has not married or changed his religion. He is warned against women; the colonel ascribed to them an "indirect, artful and parasitical nature."

This extraordinary schedule recalls George Meredith's study, "Richard Feverel." The father of Richard, in the plenitude of his conceit and pendency, undertook to bring up the boy on a system, a theory, with what poignant results readers of that great novel will remember. Colonel Dyrenforth is Richard Feverel's father over again. He has allowed nothing for the individuality of the boy, for his tastes, prejudices, likes or dislikes, or for human nature itself. Will young Robert be ruled by the dead hand of his grandfather? Probably not, if he has a personality of his own. He should be an interesting psychological study.

"COULDN'T COME BACK."

Jeffries, the prize-fighter, is not a man of letters, but one of his phrases is having a wide vogue. When he was coming to his senses after having been knocked down and out, he remarked that he "couldn't come back." He had become flabby, and lazy, and self-indulgent, and he "couldn't come back" to his physical fitness of a few years before.

Many men have uttered the same lament in varying circumstances. Perhaps they yielded to the sway of a bad habit, and pleaded that they "couldn't come back" to rectitude and respectability. Perhaps they threw away precious time, and "couldn't come back" to the opportunities of earlier years. Perhaps they grew hard and cynical, and "couldn't come back" to the hopes and illusions of youth and early manhood. Perhaps they shaped their life so long on a mistaken theory or principle, or under the mastery of a selfish motive, that they "couldn't come back" to a sane and proper conception of what life meant.

It was a "knock-out" blow that convinced Jeffries that he "couldn't come back." Why do so many persons wait until they get a "knock-out" blow, before they begin to think of "coming back?"

IRRIGATION IN AUSTRALIA AND CANADA.

Vast sums of money have been expended by Australia in attempts at irrigation, but there is little or nothing to show for it. Thus far, \$12,500,000 has been expended on irrigation works, the total yearly expenditure on maintenance being \$750,000, while the receipts from rent and water rates amount to but \$170,000 annually. An area of 1,100,000 acres is traversed by the irrigation channels, but of that only 218,000 acres were irrigated last year. Over half the irrigated area the watered soil was devoted to the raising of native grass, the crop return being trivial.

The ministerial explanation of the disappointing results is that there has been too wide a distribution of the available water supply with more than half of the water lost in long channels which run through acre after acre of unwatered fields. The holdings are too large for the adequate cultivation of the watered sections and the population too limited to make it possible to get people to do the work required.

In contrast with Australia's experience is that of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in Western Canada. As the Montreal Herald points out, there has been no waste of the waters brought in the canals and ditches from the Bow River. The irrigated lands are cut up into small farms of from ten to fifty acres, and by the adoption of intensive agriculture enormous crops are raised. On the other hand, in Australia there is an unaccountable prejudice against using irrigated lands. Vanity, ignorance and indolence have demoralized the Australian farmer, who would rather plod along farming unwatered fields in a climate subject to long spells of drought than increase and make certain his yield by adopting new methods which would give the soil a permanent supply of water. His vanity is gratified by the ownership of a large acreage; he wants a thousand acres if he can only till fifty.

The Australian Government intends to persevere, but Australia cannot hope for years to come to rival Canada as a magnet to the land-seekers of over-crowded Europe.

The Roblin Government is a house built upon the sand, but it didn't fall. The electors of Manitoba returned a bad Government, and are getting what they deserve.

Snow fell in Germany last week. What the world needs is an invention for averaging the weather.

Another Gould couple have been divorced. Both remarried a few days after the decree, but not each other. The Mormons feel they are a persecuted people, when they contemplate the old nobility of the republic.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has given the quietus to the story that his western trip foreshadowed an election this year. Sir Wilfrid and Mr. Borden are both doing their duty in meeting the electors when there is no election in the air.

The Toronto News says that Great Britain's trade policy excludes her from the benefits of otherwise possible trade negotiations with other peoples. Will the News name a country that discriminates against Great Britain in favor of any other country? By the favored nation treaties, Great Britain automatically gets the benefit of any reduction of duties in any other country.

To the tragedies of the drowning season must be added the obituary verse published in the Wallaceburg Herald-Record:

He wasn't in the water very long
When something about him went wrong;
Something bothered in his head,
Soon he sank to the bottom, sun-stroked, dead.

He sank and soon the bubbles rose,
Something happened, no one knows,
For he never once came to the top,
And after him the divers had to drop.

THE HOOPSKIRT.

The man who invented the hoopskirt died the other day. How many people now remember the hoopskirt? To most people it is probably known only through the old-fashioned plates and caricatures of the funny artists. Looking at some of these pictures it seems hard to realize that there ever was a time when sensible women allowed themselves to be decked out in such fashions; but, no doubt, some of the styles that are now the vogue will appear as ridiculous fifty years hence as the pictures of the hoopskirt do today.

SLOWER BUT SAFER.

And, after all, the Count de Lesseps found a couple of freight cars mightily handy on which to convey his flying machines to Toronto.

TAKING A CHANCE.

It is hard to understand how Joseph Martin can venture to take time to visit Vancouver, leaving Asquith to run the empire unavowed by the power of the Martineau voice, and unchecked by the vigilance of Joseph's steadfast eye.

USUAL RATINGS.

First Eskimo (with evening paper)—I see that another intrepid explorer is going pole-vaulting with a dirigible balloon. Second Eskimo—Impossible! Why, how will they carry the dogs?

CONSOLATION.

Do not worry because your neighbor has a sideboard worth \$120. Perhaps only two three-dollar installments have been paid on it.

WHERE SHALL IT BE?

Miss Carlyle, factory inspector in Toronto, declares there is a girl famine in Ontario. She says 10,000 are wanted by factories of Ontario.

KING'S RIGHT-HAND MAN.

Lord Knollys, who, after serving the late King for forty years, has been ap-

pointed private secretary to King George, comes of a singularly long-lived race. His father served as controller of the Prince of Wales' household until his 90th year, and lived for six years after his retirement, and his grandfather likewise attained a great age. His ancestor, William Knollys, who also served in the households of two monarchs, Elizabeth and James I., died at the age of 85, and, according to Dugdale, "rode a-hawking and hunting within half a year of his death." Sir Francis Knollys, the distinguished statesman, died at the time of his death.

WHY PA OBJECTS.

The Young Man-Grace, what is it your father sees in me to object to, darling? The Young Woman (wiping away a tear)—He doesn't see anything in you, Algernon; that's why he objects.

IN PHARAOH'S TIME.

Gibbs—What makes you think they had theatres in Pharaoh's time? Didds—Didn't Joseph's brethren remove him from the family circle and put him in the pit?

HOME.

Home is the one place in all this world where hearts are sure of each other. It is the place of confidence; it is the place where we tear off that mask of guarded and suspicious coldness which this world forces us to wear in self-defense, and where we pour out the unreserved communications of full and confiding hearts. It is the spot where expressions of tenderness gush out without any sensation of awkwardness and without any dread of ridicule.

A USE FOR NOSES.

Sir Frederick Bridge's story at the city of London school, recently: "On one occasion the singers were singing an anthem in which the words 'Noses have they, but they smell not' occurred. Dr. Wesley, annoyed at the way in which the altos sang the words, remarked tartly: 'No; they use them to sing with!'"

THE RUSSIAN LIMIT.

In Russia one may marry but five times. Those who come before the altar for the sixth time are sent to Siberia, and given a vacation in Siberia.

HEREDITARY POWER.

Heax—Poor old Henpeck has to mind the baby.
Joax—Yes; it's wonderful how that baby takes after his mother.

COMMERCIAL VALUE OF MUSIC.

Diggs—I understand that you encourage your son to practice on the cornet?
Griggs—Yes. He's only been playing two months, but today he came to me to house next door to me for one-half his value.

CURIOSITIES OF SMOEL.

No substance that refuses to dissolve in water has an odor. It is the actual substance itself, floating in particles in the air, that appeals to the nose, and not simply a vibration of the air, as in the case of light and sound. The damper a thing is the more powerful the odor it gives off. A pleasant proof of the fact can be had by walking in a garden after rain. There is no end to the curiosities of smell. It is, for instance, the vapor of a liquid that smells, and not the liquid in the mass itself. If Eau de Cologne be poured into the nostril the nose refuses to recognize any odor there at all.

IN DEADLY PERIL.

This story is told of Jerome K. Jerome, the humorist. Returning from abroad on time, he fell into good company, with the exception of one man, who was what is known as a "walking encyclopedia." This man persisted in giving all sorts of information, much to the annoyance of Mr. Jerome and others. One morning, as the travellers leaned over the rail, admiring the rising sun, the man with the information turned to them and said, almost solemnly: "Gentlemen, if the earth were flattened out, the sea would be two miles deep over the whole world."

Mr. Jerome turned around, seemingly stunned. Then he gave the indignant walking over to the other man, he said, shaking his finger menacingly: "Look here, man, if you catch any fellow trying to flatten the earth, shoot him on the spot. I can't swim."

PASSING MENTION.

Life has annoying incidents. Beyond a single doubt, the pair of shoes you do not like are slow at wearing out.

ECLIPSED.

Fourth of July was once associated with the fame of Gen. Washington, but that was before the Fourth of July was twisted up with the nobler identity of another typical Southern gentleman, Col. Jack Johnson.

THERE WITH THE GOODS.

Floorwalker—Yes, sir, this department store is a regular city. How many people now remember the hoopskirt? To most people it is probably known only through the old-fashioned plates and caricatures of the funny artists. Looking at some of these pictures it seems hard to realize that there ever was a time when sensible women allowed themselves to be decked out in such fashions; but, no doubt, some of the styles that are now the vogue will appear as ridiculous fifty years hence as the pictures of the hoopskirt do today.

THE WASTE BASKET.

The waste basket in a newspaper office of any town does more to keep its citizens in good repute than any other agency, except the fear of the law and the hereafter.

LOEB FOR GOVERNOR

Republican Nomination for New York
Going His Way.
Beverly, July 12.—William Loeb, collector of the port of New York, told President Taft today that he would rather remain at his post in the customs service than run for governor of New York this fall. The President told Mr. Loeb that the Republican nomination seemed to be coming his way, and that it would take more than a fishing trip to the Rocky Mountains to stop it.

The former secretary to President Roosevelt left Beverly this afternoon for New York, leaving the impression here that if it became absolutely necessary for him to take the Republican nomination he would do so and would make it a whirlwind campaign. The mention of the New York situation was incidental to talk on general politics between the President and Mr. Loeb. They were together this morning before the President went to the Myopia links for a game of golf with Henry C. Frick, who lives near here, and they lunched together at John Hays Hammond's cottage in Gloucester. After the luncheon the talk was continued. Mr. Taft was anxious to hear something of the situation, as viewed by some one outside of the immediate administration circle.

3,000 YEARS AGO THE EGYPTIANS CURED DISEASE WITH FRUIT

Today, Canadians Are Doing It With "Fruit-a-lives"

—The Famous Fruit Medicine

We are apt to consider the age we live in as the most wonderful age that the world has ever known. It is, in many respects. Yet the ancients surpassed us in some things. Engineers of our 40-story sky-scrapers still marvel at the massive pyramids and the sphinx. So, too, the Egyptian physicians of 3,000 years ago, used fruit juices as a medicine for treating blood trouble, liver and kidney disease and stomach weakness. Their method of mixing fruit juice as a medicine, is also one of the lost arts. A well-known Canadian physician, however, perfected a method of utilizing fruit juices, which is one of the greatest discoveries of modern medical research.

"Fruit-a-lives" is the natural cure for Chronic Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, Torpid Liver, Kidney Disease, Pain in the Back, Bad Complexion, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Headaches, Neuralgia, etc. It is sold in 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial box, 25c. At all dealers, or from Fruit-a-lives, Limited, Ottawa.

LATEST NEWS FROM PORT STANLEY

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Port Stanley, July 11.—Sunday was very quiet here. Not more than six hundred took advantage of the Sunday cars. All amusement concerns were closed and at most of the refreshment booths there was little doing. Canon Downie held a service at the Casino in the evening, which was largely attended.

The steamer City of Montreal made her usual call en route from Montreal to Chicago. Also the freight steamer Bickerdike, en route from Montreal to Port William, called and discharged several tons of general merchandise for London and St. Thomas merchants. The steamer Forest City arrived from Cleveland this morning with forty on her passenger list. This evening she ran a special lake trip for the employees of Smallman & Ingram, of London, who came down on special traction cars four hundred strong. Lunch was served to them on board.

Mr. Wm. M. B. Boyd and family, of London, are spending a few weeks at Locust Cottage, Erie Rest.

Miss Agnes Barnard and Lena Woodward have returned to their homes in Tillsonburg after holidaying at Locust Nook.

Mrs. James Fowler, of Glenworth, is the guest of Mrs. R. N. Price, at Sunbeam Cottage, Orchard Beach.

Mrs. D. H. Porter, of London, is visiting Mrs. R. V. Shaw-Wood at Kimberly Cottage, Erie Rest.

Miss Margaret Purdon, assisted by the Misses Kathleen Smith and Emily Wilson, gave a jolly little macabre roast on Orchard Beach this evening in honor of her guest, Miss Joan Rowat.

Dr. Turner, Mr. James Eagan, and Dr. Corneil, of St. Thomas, spent the week end at Moonshine, Willow Beach.

Mrs. M. Montgomery and Miss Alice Montgomery, of Victoria Harbor, are the guests of Mrs. G. F. Scott, of St. John's, Man.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Forbes, of Port Burwell, have returned home after visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harley Taylor, Colborne street.

Miss Jean Chesbrey, graduate nurse of St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, is spending her holidays with the Misses Cox on Orchard Beach.

Miss Fanny Doherty and Miss Loretta Roach, of Detroit, are entertaining in Terrace Cottage, Erie Rest.

Miss Miller, superintendent Amasa Wood Hospital, St. Thomas, spent Sunday at Springbank Cottage, Erie Rest.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Scott, of Cleveland, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Rowe, of Ro-Erie Cottage, Erie Rest.

Dr. Ross Thomas, of London, entertained a few of the Erie cottagers to a monster bonfire last evening.

Messrs. Rob and Willie Henderson, of Wortley road, London, are spending a week with Mr. Marshall Macpherson, Springbank Cottage, Erie Rest.

Mrs. Lambert and Miss Johnson, of Detroit, are holidaying at McDonald Villa.

Mr. James Singleton and son, of Hughes street, London, spent the week end at McDonald Villa.

The Glen Erie Company are extending their dock at their pavilion on the beach, 150 ft. in length, in order that their steamer, Glen Erie, may have sufficient depth of water to land at this point.

The Ladies' Guild of Christ Church are laying a new carpet in the aisles of the edifice.

CHAPMAN'S

5 o'clock Closing: Every day during July and August we close at 5 p.m. Saturday 10 p.m. Please remember early closing.

JULY SALE LINENS

Rousing Reception to Housekeepers Wednesday---Grand Linen Sale

A Linen Sale that should stir the buying instincts of the busiest housekeepers in London. The following interesting list tells the tale—but do not be satisfied with merely reading this—make it your business to be here on Wednesday. As some of these bargains are not in very large quantities, we cannot guarantee an all-day sale, so endeavor to shop as early as you can.

Table Linen

For hotels, boarding-houses and shrewd housekeepers this is a golden opportunity to lay in a store of household needs at comparatively small cost.

54-Inch Half Bleached Table Linen, at a yard 21c
72-Inch Half Bleached Table Linen, at a yard 33c

68-Inch Heavy Pure Irish Linen, half bleached; 60c value, at a yard 49c
72-Inch Extra Heavy Loom Damask, half bleached, at a yard 63c

72-Inch Extra Fine Half Bleached Damask, special, a yard 72c
62-Inch Bleached Table Linen, at a yard 33c
60-Inch Pure Bleached Linen, at a yard 44c

68-Inch Bleached Damask, at a yard 68c
72-Inch Bleached Damask, at a yard 72c
72-Inch Bleached Double Damask, \$1.25 value, for a yard \$1.00

72-Inch Satin Stripe Damask, \$1.40 value, at a yard \$1.19
LUNCH CLOTHS—Bleached Damask, hemstitched hem, size 30 inch. Regular 40c, on sale while they last, each 28c

SIDEBOARD DRAPES—Finished with cluny lace, size 20x72. Regular \$3.00, at each \$2.39
Pure Linen Table Napkins, at dozen \$1.39

Table Napkins

Here's a Table Napkin Bargain right up to the mark for the July Sale: 20-Inch Pure Linen Table Napkins, at dozen \$1.39

July Sale of Things Dear to Women's Hearts Stamped Linen Centre Pieces, Tray Cloths and Pin Cushions

A sale that is at all times attractive and appreciated by all women, more especially when prices rule so low as they will in Wednesday's sale. (Fancy Goods Department).

Centre Pieces 18-Inch Stamped Linen Centre Pieces, for solid, eyelet, Coronation and Wallachian. A most desirable lot of patterns. Regular 25c, on sale Wednesday, at each.... 15c 22, 24 and 27 Inch Centre Pieces, stamped ready to work. Regular 40c, 50c and 60c. On sale Wednesday, at each.... 29c	Colored Linen Centre Pieces Oval and Round Coarse Natural Linen Centre Pieces, large sizes, choice of plain linen or tinted patterns, stamped ready to work. Regular 45c, on sale Wednesday, at each 25c This sale will take place Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock.	Stamped Linen Tray Cloths Stamped White Linen Tray Cloths, oval and square shapes, designs to match linen centre pieces. Regular 45c and 50c, on sale Wednesday 25c LACING PIN CUSHIONS Stamped white linen. 18c for 12c 25c for 15c 40c for 25c
---	--	--

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128 1/2 Dundas St.

THE RUSS-JAP PACT

Conditions of Manchurian Agreement Reached United States Government.
Washington, July 12.—The text of the Russo-Japanese treaty was transmitted to the state department today by the Russian and Japanese embassies in this city. The treaty was signed last Monday at St. Petersburg by Mr. Jawolsky, minister of foreign affairs of Russia, and Baron Motono, Japanese ambassador at St. Petersburg. The convention is designed to maintain the status quo between the two Governments in Manchuria, and provides a traffic agreement between the Chinese-Eastern Railway, a Russian concern, and the South Manchurian Railway, a Japanese road. The text of the agreement will be made public simultaneously in practically every important capital of the world on Monday morning.

The negotiations for the new convention had been in progress at St. Petersburg for many months, and the preliminary exchange had been made before Secretary of State Knox submitted to the powers his scheme for the neutralization of Manchurian railways. This Knox proposal was promptly rejected by both Japan and Russia. As a balloonist Roll had made more than 150 ascensions, crossed the channel several times in balloons, and in 1906, by a journey from Paris to Sherbourg in Norfolk, gained the French aero club's medal.

Roll was a great crowd, a majority of whom were ladies and children, and many personal friends of the young aviator, the Wright biplane on which he was flying fell suddenly with terrific speed from a height of 100 feet. It struck the ground close to the crowded grandstand, smashed into a tangled mass and before assistance reached the spot Roll was dead.

The event in which Roll was competing was for a prize for the aviator alighting nearest a given mark. The goal was directly in front of the grandstand where the spectators were massed. He had risen to a good height, then shut off his motor, and was gliding in a broad circle toward the mark. Without warning the tailpiece of the biplane snapped off. The machine gave a sudden lurch, and the framework crumpled up in the air. When it struck the ground it was smashed to splinters. The doctors found that Roll had fractured his skull. The wreck of the machine and the twisted rods surrounded the body so that it was with difficulty that it was extricated. Roll was the tenth victim of the modern science of aviation.

TRAGIC DEATH

Continued From Page One.

drove a motor car about while the ordinance was still in force that every self-propelled vehicle on the public roads must be preceded by a man carrying a red flag to warn pedestrians. Since 1896 he has been considered the best known motor experts in Europe. In 1908 he won the gold medal in the thousand-