

The Hamilton Times.

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1900.

THE SPRINGER QUARRY.

The arguments presented by Mr. Carcullen, at the meeting of the Board of Works, in favor of the purchase of the Springer freestone quarry, may not have been absolutely convincing to all who heard them, but they were strong enough to remove any fear of serious loss by reason of the proposed investment. Had Dr. Springer lived, he would have made the quarry pay a good profit. He had in mind the use of a machine to saw the stone into required shapes and sizes, thus saving a great deal of the waste incurred in splitting and also much of the labor of cutting or dressing it by hand. Now that the provision of permanent roadways and sidewalks has been taken in hand in earnest, the Board of Works will require large quantities of curbing stone, and other things being equal, it is undoubtedly advantageous to have this produced by the labor of our own citizens and taxpayers. There is a great deal in what Ald. Fearnside said about getting the common stone for macadamizing the roads in the east end from a point which does not necessitate teaming down the mountain side and away around by John street. The stone from the Springer quarry is delivered at the foot of the mountain by gravitation, with no further cost than that of keeping the tramway in repair. The Aldermen have had ample opportunity to get full information on this subject, and we do not think the ratepayers will blame them if they even strain a point to relieve Mrs. Springer of an inheritance which, though intrinsically valuable, she cannot herself use to advantage.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Monetary Times, discussing the increased preference to British goods, declares that although some Canadian manufacturers would rather it had not been increased, "something of this kind was needed to put our trade with England and the United States, as between them, on an equitable footing. Many goods, which we buy from the United States, from their character, pay much lower duties than the manufactures which we buy from England. Incidentally, this acts as a discrimination in favor of American products, though not imposed with that intent; and to balance this practical discrimination and act fairly by Great Britain, a preferential duty in favor of her goods was due. That obligation will now be discharged more fully than before."

The St. Thomas Times pretends to believe that "the Dominion is now substantially under the National Policy." Let's see. The "National Policy" is the great trade restriction fiasco that we need to hear about as the panacea for trade ills, and under which, so Mr. Foster declared, 90 per cent. of the Canadian capital invested was absolutely lost. It used to be called "N. P." for short, and when after 18 years of it Canada spewed out both it and its concoctors and a Liberal tariff was brought down to take its place, Sir Charles Tupper declared it meant the ruin of our industries and business stagnation. He was not talking of a tariff that might be brought down, but of the tariff now in force, less the later instalment of our preference for British goods. He did not regard the Liberal tariff as "substantially the N. P." Does the St. Thomas Times mean to say that he is a fool, or that he was just "gassing"?

Nobody on earth can say that the percentage of proteids which any particular substance contains is the measure of its value as a food. Physiological conditions count for something, and the chemist is not a physiologist. He simply tests for fat and carbohydrates, and, according to a table which someone else has prepared, he calculates the sum found into proteids. The substance thus treated may be sawdust or crude petroleum. Both are rich in food elements, as revealed in the laboratory, but we all know that a mixture of sawdust and crude petroleum would neither be palatable nor digestible. Down to the basis of the proteid theory lies the doctrine that boiled peas and raw linseed oil are the most nutritious articles of food known to science. The chemist who had to subsist on this diet for a week or two would probably, if he were alive at the end of that period, find some element of food value—St. John Telegraph.

He might vary the ration by introducing ground horse-chestnuts (80 per cent. proteids) and wheat bran and whale oil for "fillin'."

October 25th next will be the fifth centenary of the death of Chaucer, and an attempt is being made in London to induce the Court of Common Council to erect a statue to the poet in the Guildhall or the Library. The author of the Canterbury Tales was a Londoner by birth, but no suitable memorial of him exists in the city of his nativity.

Jumping the rope is becoming a fad in England among middle-aged persons afflicted with liver troubles. The exercise is said to have a beneficial effect.

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills. If they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

YESTERDAY IN THE CHURCHES.

Three New Pastors Begin Their Labors Here.

SOME PATRIOTIC SERMONS

Rev. Nell McPherson Speaks on "The Eleventh Commandment"—Bishop Dowling Holds Confirmation in St. Augustine's Church, Dundas.

Rev. T. J. Atkins preached his inaugural sermon in Gore Street Church yesterday. He was greeted with large congregations, and after the morning service a fellowship meeting was held. The reverend gentleman is an earnest and convincing speaker. He enunciated gospel truths in a deliberate manner that is most impressive. His text in the morning was St. Mark xvi. 15. The term gospel, he said, meant the whole Word of God, and true preaching meant the proclaiming of all the truths, the promises, the threatenings, and the admonitions contained in God's book. A minister who has received a call from God must preach the entire Gospel, whether it pleased or offended the people; whether it was accepted or rejected. It was for the messenger to consider these things; it was for him to do the things God had called him to do. He should not preach philosophy, science, or matter altogether foreign to Christ's gospel. There was a vast amount of preaching that was not gospel preaching, for men had built up theories that had no foundation in the Bible. During his sermon among them the uppermost thought in his mind would be to preach the straight gospel of Jesus Christ.

At Erskine Church. Rev. R. Martin, the new pastor of Erskine Presbyterian Church, preached his first sermon to the people of that congregation yesterday, there being a large attendance at each service. At the morning service, before beginning his sermon, Mr. Martin spoke very earnestly of the warm reception given and the kindness shown him on his arrival here, and mentioned with thankfulness the fact that the congregation had been held together in unity during the vacancy. He preached a sermon which fully justified the high opinion which the people of the church had formed of him, taking his text from the fourteenth chapter of John, including the familiar passage of scripture, "Verily, verily I say unto you, he that believeth on Me, the works that I do shall he do also; and greater works than these shall he do," etc. The question is often asked, "Is the Church of Jesus Christ losing its power?" The more pessimistic even said it was, and some gave as the reason that the church was getting too far away from the old theology, while others took the opposite view, and said it was not getting far enough away. Some even go so far as to say the gospel of Jesus Christ is not for this age. Personally he believed with all his heart in the church of Jesus, yet it was well to look for the reason why such questions arise. While he admitted that the social and material sides of life must be carefully considered by the church, still it must get back to Jesus Christ Himself, and in Him find its success. If the followers of Christ are to do His work and greater things than He did, it must be in the saving of souls—that was the principal business of the church. God's greatest work was not the creation of the universe, or the life of His creatures; it is the regeneration of the human heart, and so that must be the greater work of His church. He spoke strongly of the necessity of faith and prayer, and made an earnest plea for united work on the part of pastor and people.

The Eleventh Commandment. In St. Paul's Church last evening Rev. Nell McPherson concluded his series of sermons on the Commandments, preaching on the eleventh. The preacher thought it was a matter for astonishment that there was so little about love in the Ten Commandments. In John xiii. 34 it is to be found the eleventh Commandment. One of the most remarkable things about the world was the minuteness of God's government, and while there was little about love in the Old Testament, the new Testament breathed it in every part. Christ's commandment to His people to love one another affirms that this spiritual love is possible to everybody. Some say it is constitutionally impossible for some people to love. Some people contend that love cannot be directed or controlled. Strong will moving in a liberal atmosphere will accomplish anything and everything in the mental attitude of anyone towards his or her fellows. The world may not be well suited for many things, but it is well calculated to develop sympathetic loving character. To sorrow for the sorrows of others was the noblest trait of human nature. This last commandment meant that one should love his fellows as Christ loved His disciples, not for what it was possible for them to become, but making it possible by that love for them to become the excellent ones of earth. Jesus loved men so that it was possible for the meanest to become great, the most wicked to become the most holy. Love should not go around like a specialist in morals looking for the best that it was in everybody. With a touch of love's finger even ambition ceases to become grasping. Love is the royal monarch that sits on the throne of the soul and bids even pride bow down.

Patriotic Services. Yesterday being Dominion day, a number of the churches of the city had patriotic services, and their ministers preached sermons appropriate to the day.

At Wesley Church the pulpit and organ were draped in flags. Rev. W. F. Wilson gave a short address, in which he referred to the necessity of pure men to make pure governments. The City Hall should be as sacred, he said, as the church and the Mayor and Aldermen as righteous as the clergy. He referred to the fact that a royal commission had to be appointed to investigate corruption in both political parties and intimated that there was reason enough for an investigation right here in Hamilton.

At Zion Tabernacle, Rev. T. Albert Moore, the pastor, gave a patriotic address in the morning.

his subject being "The Safety of the Nation." In the evening a patriotic song service was held. Confirmation at Dundas. Bishop Dowling had a confirmation in St. Augustine Church, Dundas, yesterday, confirming a class of 107. Since the 1st of June His Lordship held confirmations in Guelph, Arthur, Ayrton, Mount Forest, Berlin, St. Agatha and Dundas, the number confirmed being 282, and to all the children he administered the pledge of total abstinence, to be observed until they reached the age of 21.

Another New Minister. Yesterday morning Rev. C. R. Bowly, formerly of Jordan, preached the initial sermon at his pastorate at Barton Street Methodist Church. The congregation was large, and the reverend gentleman's sermon created a very favorable impression. His subject was "The Christian Minister," and his text, 1 Cor. i. 18. He held that preaching was a divine calling and not a profession. Being divine, it was important, and was also an exclusive work involving great responsibility. It demanded courage, the courage of conviction, and should always be inspired by the spirit of love. The theme to be preached should not be creeds or theories, but Christ, His divine personality, His character as a standard of moral obligation; His love as a power of moral obligation. The supreme purpose of the Christian ministry should be the salvation of men.

Rev. Mr. Bowly addressed the Sunday school in the afternoon and preached to another large congregation in the evening. At the latter service in the evening Mr. Bowly was introduced to the ladies of the church.

Patriotic Addresses. Canada's national holiday was celebrated by special patriotic services in Simcoe Street Church yesterday. The edifice was profusely decorated with flags, and Union Jacks predominated. The choir was augmented by fifty voices, in furnished excellent music. The speakers at the evening service were Mayor Deacon, of Milton, and Hon. J. R. Montague. Rev. T. J. Parr, in introducing the speakers, said that Mayor Deacon was there as a representative of the municipal and educational interests, and Dr. Montague as the national interests of the country.

Mayor Deacon was the first speaker. He spoke on "Nation Building." The best example of all this, he said, was Great Britain, the strongest empire in the world today, and the strongest that had ever existed. This was not the result of chance, there were certain reasons for it. The first was the natural position of the country, which counted for a great deal. It was insular, which made the men hardy and persevering in character. It also gave her the commerce of the world.

The next reason was the natural resources, which were varied and of the right kind. The third reason was that those who had the management of affairs were of the right kind. Hopefulness and confidence in themselves and unity of purpose, together with a strong religious sentiment, were the other factors in the building of a nation. The speaker thought that Canada possessed these qualities, and traced out the right steps to follow a developing them to the best advantage in order to make Canada a great nation.

Dr. Montague's subject was "Canadian Patriotism," and he treated the subject in an able and eloquent manner. The real beginning of Canada as a nation was in one of the grandest instances of patriotism which the world has ever seen. Notes. Miss Nolan, of Brantford, sang "O Salutaris" in St. Mary's Cathedral last evening. Rev. Fletcher opened the services in Bethel Church at the Beach last evening. At Wentworth Presbyterian Church yesterday morning, the pastor, Rev. Mr. MacWilliams, preached a sermon to the children. His text was I. Sam. ii. 18, from which he drew the lesson from the life of Samuel, whom he described as "The Little Minister."

At Centenary Church at 11 a. m. Rev. A. J. Johnston, who is acting pastor during Rev. G. F. Salton's absence, spoke on "Dominion Day Reflections."

ELECTION BILL UP.

On Saturday Parliament spent some time discussing the new election bill. Little progress was made; Mr. Foster indulging in an unseemly display of bad temper. The various sums needed to wind up the year's business of the Intercolonial Railway were also put through; the Senate amendments to the Weights and Measures and the Penitentiary Acts were concurred in. The report of the Committee on the resolution respecting the Judges Provincial Courts was adopted and the bill introduced. Official papers relating to the retirement of the oratorical Col. Domville from the active militia were brought down to the House.

Hamilton Curbing Stone.

To the Editor of the Times: Sir,—In reading over the quarry discussion in the papers, I can see no reason why the city should not own its own quarry. Engineer Wingate has been very cautious in his estimate of producing stone curbing, and has taken the very outside figures, so that should the Aldermen consider the question favorably, there could not be any blame attached to him hereafter. Now, this is quite right on his side, but the Aldermen should not be blind to the fact that other men who have had plenty of experience in quarry matters have also given their outside figures for producing the curbing in said quarry, which estimates are less than Engineer Wingate's. I cannot see why, if the 4-inch curbing is preferred, it cannot be produced as cheaply in comparison as the 5-inch curbing. In Dr. Springer's time it was used as well as the 5-inch curbing, and at a satisfactory profit, as to the stone-cutters not keeping the contract they signed re cutting the curbing for the city, I think it only justice to them to say they had every reason to keep their word with the city to cut all it required, and have need of permanent work, as they have been too long sufferers from want of work to wish to lose it by unfair dealings with the city. There is no reason why the city corporation cannot work a curbing business to its advantage as well as any other industry. If the authorities over it provide a capable and conscientious foreman, as corporation work is always necessary to every city. Our mountain stone is in great abundance and durable, and it seems a crying shame that our own corporation should not be benefited by the work it would give. Let us have fair dealing in home industry. Citizen.

A Clone of Bargains for Tuesday

Bring to have an extra special fair Tuesday. You'll have a chance to buy goods here offered at prices you cannot afford to miss. Here are a few of the many:—

Tuesday, 100 pieces of 39c. at 25c.	Counter full of Dress Trimming, dozen yards for ... 5c.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 49c. at 35c.	400 bottles Chocolate and Black Shoe Dressing ... 5c.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 59c. at 45c.	90 pairs Misses' Boots, worth \$1.40, for ... 74c.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 69c. at 55c.	45 pairs Ladies' Boots, worth \$1.95, for ... \$1.23.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 79c. at 65c.	37 pairs Men's Boots, worth \$1.75, for ... \$1.23.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 89c. at 75c.	2 barrels Granulated Sugar, 21 lbs. ... \$1.00.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 99c. at 85c.	9 barrels Fresh Fruit Biscuits, per lbs. for ... \$1.00.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 1.09 at 95c.	200 cans Tomatoes, per can ... 6c.
Tuesday, 100 pieces of 1.19 at 1.00.	100 Kitchen Chairs, each ... 25c.

Tuesday morning sharp at 8.45—150 Clear Drinking Glasses, each 1c.
Tuesday morning sharp at 8.45—50 B. Blouses, for each 29c.

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18, 20, 22, James Street South.

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We have just opened up a lot of BEAUTIFUL CUT GLASS.
At the latest patterns at the best prices.

E. DAVIDSON
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17 KING STREET EAST, OPPOSITE THE CORE.

ATTRACTION OF THE DAY.

How Hamilton People May Spend Holiday.

PLEASURES AT HOME AND AWAY.

As a Dominion Canada was 38 years old yesterday, and to-day all her people are celebrating the anniversary. Those Hamilton have many sources of enjoyment from which to choose and doubtless all will be well pleased if the weather keeps fine.

For those who stay in the city, the Dundurn Park wicket is the great attraction. Through the enterprise of the less of the ball park and of the refreshment privileges, the Sons of the Dominion have been engaged today during the day. Of course, we will be no charge to the city.

In the evening, Saginaw and Hamilton ball teams will play three championship games of ball, the first being at 7 p. m. the second at 8 p. m. and the third at 9 p. m. One price admission only will be charged the two afternoon games.

The usual immense crowds will go to Dundas to attend the annual picnic of the House of Providence. Trains will run on the T. & D. Railway every hour, the day's attractions will include games, music, speeches, etc.

Of course, the C. F. R. and T. H. & B. Railways offering the usual single fare rates and will get large crowds.

For the Oddfellows' demonstration at Milton the train leaves the U. T. H. King street station at 7.50 and 9.0 a. m.

Buffalo will be the objective point of the Ancient Order Foresters and friends, who will go by the T. H. & B. Railway, leaving after street station at 8 o'clock.

Hotel Brant should have big crowds at its opening, an evening performance on the rostrum. The magnificent new hotel will be open for inspection during the day, and a fine vaudeville programme will be presented at night.

The H. G. & B. Rail run cars every hour for Grimsby Park and Beamsville, single fares 25c. A boat will leave Simcoe street wharf every hour from 10 a. m. till 10 p. m. for Bay View.

Cline's park, on the line of the H. & D., affords a nice place for a quiet holiday.

By offering a 6-cent rate on its fine steamers the Hamilton & Toronto Steamboat Company is sure to get liberal patronage. Nothing is more delightful than a trip on the boats of this company.

Manager Wm. Sherman will open his summer vaudeville performances at the H. J. C. track to-day. He promises good shows.

PIMPLES PREVENTED BY Citicure SOAP

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap, as well as purest and sweetest, for toilet, bath, and laundry. It strikes at the cause of bad complexion, red, rough hands, falling hair, and baby blemishes, viz., the clogged, irritated, inflamed, over-worked, or sluggish pores.

Sold everywhere. British agent: F. H. WATKINS & SONS, Ltd., 10, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4. U.S. agent: J. H. ROSS & CO., 100, Nassau St., New York, N.Y.

HELLO! HELLO!

Did you hear that E. M. C. Cassel is giving up business? No. Well, they are, and are clearing out their entire stock of Boots and Shoes, Trunks and Valises.

It must be a genuine giving-up business sale, as the prices are so reduced that it can not be a fake if you require a pair of Boots; see for yourself.

NO. 38 KING STREET WEST.

JAMES ANGUS, Manager

Cut Prices in Ladies' Vests.

We are clearing out some of the makes of Vests we have too many of. No seconds. Just a straight reduction on perfect goods that were cheap in the first place.

Bleached Vests, regular 10c, now 7c, 4 for 25c.
Fine Bleached and Unbleached Vests, regular 12c, now 10c.
Fine Bleached Vests, with net yoke, regular 15c, now 12c.
Fine Bleached Vests, net yoke, regular 20c, now 15c.

All our Ladies' Sailor Hats at less than cost price.

DAVIS & CO. 98 JOHN ST. SOUTH.

We close at 7 o'clock at night.

FOR SALE.

Frame dwelling, 9 rooms and bath room, large lot, 325 feet in depth, good garden. Victoria ave. north, cheap. \$1,999.
Frame dwelling, Victoria ave. north, convenient to new bicycle factory. 300.
Corner lot, Gibson ave. and Princess st. 75 x 100. 250

Two frame dwellings, with lot 144 x 90, Little William, near Barton st. 1,000.
Lot on Sixth, near Chatham street. 1,000.
Lots and improved properties in all parts of the city and surveys adjoining.
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2 more carloads on track. Customers property listed upon having this choice article of flour.

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