of the lamented Father Taharet, made many friends. His amiability and kindliness made him a fit successor of the beloved priest that went before him. All who knew him will regret that permanent ill health should sflict him, much more that he should be carried off by an early death, Father Balland, whose name mentioned in the above despatch, is now, as above stated, actually discharging the duties of President of the College, conjointly, we believe, with Father Paillier.

No fitter choice of a successor Father Prevost could be made than that of Father Balland, Energetic, broadminded and scholarly to a degree rarely met with nowadays, Father Balland is just the man for a college presidency. The friends of the College, for whom we are privileged to speak, will hear with pleasure of his permanent appointment to that office in connection with the College of Ottawa, which can thrive only by a strict adherence to the principle and the traditions of Father Tabaret's long, useful and prosperous presidency.

THE POPE AND THE JUBILEE.

Le Moniteur de Rome, of Nov. 7th, says "The Sovereign Pontiff completed, on Friday, the last of the visits of the Jubilee. His Holiners, about noon on that day, came down into the Basilica of St. Peter, whose doors had been previously closed.'

AMERICA'S SHAME.

The shame of republican America is beyond doubt or question, its diplomatic service. That a nation of eixty millions of civilized men could, even for one month, permit itself to be represented by such man as the small and shabby Vermontese attorney, Phelps, is, we must say it candidly, beyond our comprehension. All our readers know, or have heard of Henry Watterson, of the Louisville Courier Journal, perhaps the ablest organ of the democratic border states, if not of the whole party. Mr. Watterson himself is one of the cleverest, and, as such, one of the most unpretentious of men. But he is a thorough American, clear, keen, candid and fearless in the expression of honest American thought. This eminent journalist is now in Paris, striving to recover health, broken by untiring labours, and strength, wasted by unceasing solicitude, for the public weal. He writes of Phelps from the French capi-

"All Paris is laughing at poor Mr. "All Paris is laughing at poor ar.
Phelps' latest exploit in London. It
seems inconceivable, but it is. As usual,
however, Mr. Bayard, in whose pretended
favor this bogus bill of diplomacy has
been drawn, will be required by the
public and the press to pay it in full,
public, discount and exchange, and at public and the press to pay it in principal, discount and exchange, and at very high rates, too. Mr. Bayard's offense consists in having made an ideal in Mr. Phelps, who is not that kind of thing at al, but a shoppy little new made greatnes and quite dizzy over an eminence for which he was wholly unsan eminence for which he was wholly unprepared. I wrote the Secretary of
State to this effect last summer
from Switz rland, though I doubt
whether he that ked me for my candor.
No man knows Mr. Bayard better than I do, or has a stronger respect and regard for him than I have. I voted for him at Cincinnati after Hancock was nominated. and at Chicgo after Cleveland was nominated. I have followed him in many hard places. But Mr. Phelps is too much for my loyalty, and I must desert him there. Of the many beggars on horseback this Administration has mounted in its purpose to retire the politicians for knowing something, and to reward the unrecognized for doing nothing, the Ministry England after the Secretary Minister to England, after the Secretary of War, is the most conspicuous; and mark the prediction, that such excess of zeal can end only in treachery. One shudders to think what would become of Mr. Phelps if a quarrel should spring up between Mr. Bayard and Mr. Edmunds, and Mr. Edmunds should happen to visit

Then comes the Boston Advertiser, with the following deadly knock at Phelps and the democracy responsible for his appoint-

"The leaders of the Home Rule party in Parliament are protesting bitterly at what they claim is Minister Poelps' unwarrant-able action in using his position, which able action in usirg his position, which depends entirely upon his official charac-ter to make it appear that this country is altegether indifferent to the Irish question. Some of the friends of Ireland in this country are understood to have called the attention of the administration to Mr. Phelps' conduct, as not in accord with the evident feeling in this country on the Irish question. This may be, but it is not that either Mr. Bayard or Mr. Pheips will be influenced by any representations which do not entirely agree with the views of the English Cabinet."

If Mr. Bayard has any true regard for American manbood, not to say honor, Phelps will never see the New Year as representative of America at the Court of St. James. In one year this unfortunate man has inflicted more disgrace on America than many years of decent diplomatic representation can repair. He must return, or the Cleveland Bayard combination fall to pieces under the indignation of an injured people.

Rumors, apparently well grounded, say that the Rev. Father Fanning, of Ohio, Bureau Co., Illinois, is to be the first Bishop of Lincoln, Nebraska. Father Fanning was a class-mate of Bishop Spalding of Peoria, and Archbishop Riordan, of San Francisco, at Louvain. He is a scholar, and well qualified for the position.

LANDLORDISM DYING.

Evidence is multiplying that landlordiem must soon go, and go forever not slone from Ireland, but all the three kingdoms, for though not so odious, because not so palpable a curse in England and Scotland, t is all the same an infliction of the mest poignant character. Besides, the landed gentry of Britain have in so many instances of late years outraged every sense of decency, propriety and manhood, that the masses will no longer tolerate them. And the masses are right, for no man can in justice wring money from the tillers of the soil squander in unconcealed debauchery and hameless immorality. The following from the Pilot will serve to give an idea of the condition of the English nobility of

"The London correspondent of the New York Times says of Lord Savernake, who York Times says of Lord Savernake, who has just become, at 23, the Marquis of Ailesbury, that he is 'the best known blackguard of his generation. Beside him Lonsdale is decent, Cairns is genteel, and Shrewsbury is a paragon, . . and now he is a marquis and can walk into Parliament ahead of seven-eights of the peers of the realm.' His estates bring him in \$300,000 a year. His control of church patronage must be large, and in its distribution he will have the invaluable aid of his wife, who was Miss Dolly Testor, a well-known Brighton barmaid and chorus-girl. His blood is of the buest for he is descended directly from the for he is descended directly from the great Robert Bruce. He is also 'prob-ably the most foul mouthed man in Lonany the most foul mouthed man in London, which means a great deal.' He knows nothing but horses, which is bad for the horses, and will take precedence of half the nobility of England when he and his barmaid are presented at court. But the Prince of Wales probably won't require an introduction."

which Lonsdale gave us recently a view:

All this is really deplorable. But noble. men cannot expect immunity from the condemnation which deservedly falls on men of humbler origin for violation of all aw, human and divine. The Irish landords, conscious that the end is coming, are now on their good behavior. We are now told, for instance, that the Earl of Durnaven has reduced his rents to 15 and 25 per cent., that Lord Massey offers an abatement of 20 per cent., while Lord Lansdowne has astonished the world by the liberality of his reductions. But, however great the reduction now made, however signal the liberality shown, the institution of landlordism must go, and over its departure no honest man will ever

TALLY ONE FOR AMERICA.

Old country aristocrats are at times led into mistakes concerning this great new world of ours, which all Christian men and women should strive to make God's own land, for it is the land of the future, the brightest inheritance of the children of men. One of these mistakes is that they excesses, much less a worshipper of any can make of our free America a dumping ground for their infamous persons and practices. They foolishly believe that because this grand continent is the land of the free, the moral sense of its people is blunted, and forget that if America is the land of the free it is also the home of the brave, and brave men will never permit woman to be any man's bond slave, however high his title, proud his privilege, or capacious his purse. One Lonsdale, called on the other side of the water a lord, as ever visited these shores, recently sought to inflict himself on America in the company of a misguided female passing under the name of Violet Cameron. Public opinion in America has frozen out Lonsdale and his Violet, and they are now skaking the virgin soil of America from their feet. Who of our readers will not subscribe with pleasure to the statement of the Boston Republic concerning this luckless pair :

"Lonsdale, who is back in England, says that the failure of his theatrical venture here is due to America's hatred of England. Well, if England wishes to be represented by such persons as Lons-dale and Cameron she cannot blame us

What Canadian will not experience hearty satisfaction in perusing this paragraph in the Montreal Herald, of the 18th :

"It is announced that the Vielet Cameron Opera Company will sail in a few days for England. The collapse of this enterprise is eminently satisfactory. It was an attempt to push a very mediocre actress into notoriety by means of adver-tising her difficulties with her husband, and her intimacy with one of the least reputable of the English aristocracy. The story of her private life, so far as it could be connected with her profession, was unblushingly set forth, and with little undusningly set forth, and with little merit as an actress or singer it was hoped that Violet Cameron might attract American audiences curious to see a notorious woman. The American public, however, declined to be a party to the transaction, and as without their assistance the plan was inoperative, the project was abandoned. Lord Lonsdale went back to England some weeks ago and Violet Cameron, or Mrs. Debensande, follows. It is bad enough to find that large audiences are attracted by notoriety of any kind apart from artistic merit, but when it is of a kind that cannot be spoken of to unmarried women it is in-finitely worse, and the more fully the failure of the scheme is advertised the

better." When England sends us respectable visitors, they will be gladly welcomed and Oakland when Mr. Davitt first met her. respectably entertained, but we have Her father is living, but when she was

no room for blacklegs, blackguards or brigands, titled or untitled, noble or ignoble, nor have we any other lodging to offer courtesans or coucubines, what ever their social rank at home in the old world, but those provided by our capacious prisons,

LIBERTY ENLIGHTENING THE

Adam, a Catholic journal published in Memphis, Tenn., dealt rather severely with the gifted editor in chief of the Pulot, Mr. John Boyle O'Reilly-as its appreciation of his poem written on the occasion of the inauguration of the colossal stature of Liberty in New York harbor, clearly shows:

"We are," wrote Adam, "surprised to find John Boyle O'Reilly prostituting his muse before the Pagan idol in the har bor of New York. Poetic license reaches the snapping point of tension in his E lian chords when he says —

"I am a herald Republican from a largrown free under feet of kings;
My radiance lighting a century's span, sister's love to Co'umbia brings."

Let the excesses of the revolution the guillotine, the descrated shrines, the Pagan worship on the altar of Notre Dame, the massacred hostages, the ex-iled nobles, the martyred and exiled religious orders, and those human angels, the Sisters of Charity and Mercy, now being hunted from the schools, asy-lums and hospitals of infidel France, attest the republicut freedom of which the laud of Voltaire is the herald. Does Mr. O'Reilly know the origin of the goddess for whose statute he sings? French liberty is associated with everything monstrous. The idol on Bedloe's I land is a venial specu'ation on the part of some French enemies of Christian Truth that gave us the freedom we enjoy. The easiest gulled people in the world are the Americans in many things. John Boyle O'R illy ador-ing a French goddess!"

What will our respected Southern con temporary, we very respectfully enquire, say to the following:

"Cardinal Gibbons, acknowledging hi "Cardinal Wibbons, acknowledging his invitation to the unveiling of the Statue of Liberty, writes to the Hon. William M. Evarts as follows: 'I thank you very much for your invitation, and regret that I cannot accept it, as I am to be present at a meeting of the Archbishops of the United States to be held in the city on the day of your cell-bration. Allow me the day of your celebration. Allow me, however, to say that I rejoice with my fellow citizens throughout the Union at the erection of this noble monument which will be another reminder of the ties which bind us to France, our faithful friend when friends were few.

Mr. John Boyle O'Reilly is an eminently Christian writer, and should not be taken to task after the very hostile fashion above set forth. Adam must know that Catholic France it was which gave America liberty, and that Catholic France today loves America with all the ardor of her generous nature. John Boyle O'Reilly is, no more than Cardinal Gibbons, ar admirer nor apologist of French radical

EDITORIAL NOTES

THE Cotholic Weekly writes of Mr. Denis J. Whelan, the new Democratic mayor of Troy, N. Y. "He knows the governmental needs of the city, and as he is a man with the courage of his convictions, we are confident that his tern will be of great benefit to the city. The democratic party in Troy honored itself the recent fall elections by electto the state assembly promising Irish Americans, Messrs. James Ryan and Michael Collins, editor of the Troy Observer.

THE growth of Toronto is one of the marvels of Canadian progress. Its pop ulation in 1851 was 30,775; in 1861, 44,-821; in 1871, 56,092. In 1881 the Dominion census gave the city 86,415. Since then the assessor's figures show an enormous growth of population in the Queen City, the population for 1885 being 111, 800, and for 1886, 118,403. The total sement for 1877 amounted to \$47. 614 393 and that for 1886 to \$83,562 811 We cannot, however, see with the Mail that Toronto is to displace Montreal as the commercial metropolis of Canada.

JUSTIN McCARTHY'S lecture in Toronto on Monday, Nov. 22 ad, was the occasion of a grand Canadian Home Rule display The chair was filled by Mr. J. A. Mulli gan, who discharged his duties with acceptability and success. The vote of thanks to the lecturer was moved by the Hon Edward Blake, and seconded by the Hon, Frank Smith, both of whom spoke out manfully as thorough-going Home Rulers. The Hon. Mr. Mowat followed in a speech in the same sense, which evoked much enthusiasm. After the Rev. Dr. Dewart, of the Christian Guardian, had spoken a few sympathetic words. Mr. McCarthy responded in terms appropriate

and eloquent. As much interest is now being taken in this country in the proposed marriage of Mr. Michael Davitt, we reproduce with pleasure the following from the Pilot: 'Miss May Yore, of Oakland, Cal., whom Michael Davitt is to marry, is about 26 years of age, rather of the brunette type, lithe and willowy in form, not pretty, but intellectually beautiful. She is highly educated, is a fine musician and excellent conversationalist. Miss Yore was a pupil in the convent school at

young she was adopted by her aunt, Mrs James Canning, and ever since then has been regarded by Mr. and Mrs. Canning as their own daughter. Miss Yore is now the principal soprano singer in the choir of the Church of St. Francis de Sales, in Oakland. The assertion that she is an heiress in her own right is a mistake. The young lady is portion-

JUSTIN McCARTHY'S lecture at Brant. ford was a great success. The chair was filled by Mr. Wm. Patterson, M. P. Amongst those present were Ray, Fathers Lennon and Murphy, Brantford ; Bardou, Cayuga ; Brady, Woodstock ; Feeney, Caledonia; and Crinnon, Donuville. After the lecture the distinguished gentleman held an informal reception, when a num ber availed themselves of the opportunity of shaking hands, and many a caed mill failthe, many a heartfelt "God speed you," many a fervent 'God bless you for the work you are doing for old Ireland," were uttered by young and old. Men who had left the dear old land many years ago, when the prospect for freedom was very dark, comparing those gloomy days with the hopeful present and the glorious future that seems so near, and all looked with pride upon the man who has borne such a brilliant part in the liberation of their country, who, in a word, has achieved so much for Ireland and for fredom.

CARDINAL MANNING AT ST.

CHARLES'S. His Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop His Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop of Westminster preached at the High Mass in St. Charles's, Ogle Street, on Sunday morning, when there was a very full attendance. The music of the Mass was efficiently rendered by the choir, this being one of the few London churches where Plain Chant is the rule. Selecting for his text the 30th verse of the 4th chapter of St. Paul's enistle to the 4th chapter of St. Paul's epistle to the Ephesians, His Eminence proceeded to summarize what he had said to those present on the previous occasion of his visiting that church on the Feast of the Purity of the Blessed Virgin, The Cardinal then went on to say: Let us sanctification, and consider how we correspond with the graces we receive from Heaven. St. Paul tells the Ephesians not to grieve the Holy Ghost. The Holy Ghost is a Divine Person, the love of the Father and the Son, and His love or the Father and the Son, and his love for us is a divine and perfect love. He is a Spirit of holiness, and anything con-trary to holiness or charity grieves the Holy Ghost, and as in the measure that any one loves us as a friend or as a father, so the grief is greater if we do anything amiss. Just before and after these reads of my text St. Paul speaks these words of my text St. Paul speaks of the sins of temper and of sins against truth, so you will see that he is not speaking of the great, gross, and black nortal sins whereby men become

BANKRUPT IN THE GRACE OF GCD. He is speaking of the lesser sins. What are they and what is their effect? Firstly, they diminish the grace that is in and there I draw a distinction. and there i draw a destination. Any sickness diminishes health, but not life, for we can only be living or dead; but the vigour and healthiness of life may be diminished. So it is with the grace of the Holy Ghost in our hearts; it is either the Holy Ghost in our neart; it is either there or it is not. If it is there, never theless, our spiritual health may be diminished, its vigour lessened. Con sider this, firstly, these lesser sin sider this, firstly, these lesser sins diminish the sweetness, the juy, and the consolation of doing right. We know that when we do anything right there is a certain sweetness, a pleasure that rises in our heart; but if we give way to little sins, it may be of bad temper, we gradually lose the sweetness of the service of God. "Taste and see that the Lord is sweet," says the Psalmist. That is a spiritual taste, and when we begin to ose that taste we begin to acquire a false taste, one that is contrary to the Holy Spirit of God; we lose that sense of weetness in the service of God. When any one tries to learn a musical instru ment nothing at first is more difficult, more disappointing, or more irksome impatient with ourselves. knowledge there is a sweetness and a pleasure that come from its practice which is so great that we are unconscious of the time we give to it. When with a joy and a consolation, and it would be against our will not to do it. These little sins hinder the increase of the grace of God in our souls. We live port and co-operation of God our

WHO SUSTAINS US IN LIFE Our pulse would not beat nor could we draw breath if Almighty God were not continually supporting those functions by which we live. So it is with the soul. You have every one of you been baptized, and in that moment you received a sacramental grace which all through your life will enable you to live and die as true children of God, in fidelity, in purity, in humility, in the charity of God and your numity, in the charty of God and your neighbour, in piety, and in self denial. There is the grace of the children of God in every one of you, and if you have been faithful you are of those of whom St. John says: "As many as received Him to them He gave power to be made the sons of God." Well, all these little sins hinder the grace of God. We are born again, and our regeneration can never be cancelled; whether in eternal life or eternal death we shall still be the child. of God. The heart rendered narrow and lukewarm by these lesser sins, re-ceives only a diminished measure of the grace that flows from the Sacraments. We see people who go to Communion seldom and yet lead very holy lives, and some who go to Communion often and never overcome their faults. Why? For never overcome their faults. Why? For the reason I have given. Those that go very seldom with great preparation, with a holy fear of sin, with hearts that are purified by prayer, receive a greater benefit than those that think little and take little care over their own hearts, and who constantly commit these lesser

sins. What must have been the Com-The grace he received in every Commun ion must have been greater than any, thing we can imagine. The Blessed and Immaculate Mother of our Saviour for Immaculate Mother of our Saviour for twelve or twenty years lived a life of patient waiting upon earth. What a holy Communion hers must have been! If the grace that we receive then be small, it is our own fault. The lesser or venial

sins, as we call them, are
THE SINS OF THE FRIENDS OF GOD. THE SINS OF THE FRIENDS OF GOD.

What a word! To say that the friends of God should grieve Him! They are called venial sins because they do not break the friendship of God, and in His great the friendship of God, and the His great the friendship of God, and the second state of the friendship of God, and the second state of the friendship of God, and the second state of the friendship of God, and mercy He easily forgives them as soon as we turn to Him with a perfect act of sorrow. Nevertheless remember that those lesser sins easily lead to the greater. For instance, sometimes in the summer the hot sun burns the grass; the grass seems to imbibe the heat of the grass seems to imbibe the heat of the sun, and a spark falling on it will light up a flame that will perhaps run for miles over the face of the wide prairies of the West. Well, people who have hot tempers, who nourish in their hearts the recollection of little offences, and lose their perfect charity with their neighbours though they do not commit morhough they do not commit mortal sin they are like the grass ready to burst out into flume, and that one out burst may lead them into mortal sin. People who use words that are short of or beyond the truth are preparing them-selves for the time when they may be tempted to tell a lie. So

I MIGHT GO ON GIVING examples. There is one more. wall is built and the winter comes on before it is finished, and the rain and the snow fall upon it. Then comes the frost, and the work begins to swell and to lean. The wall is out of the perpen-dicular, and the wind comes and it falls. So with people who indulge in venial sins in the heart. They have an inclination to the greater sins, and if occasion comes they fall. We have all seen a tree which seemed to be full of life and strength, and which nevertheless has been torn down in a night by the storm because there was something rotten at its heart, it was decayed. So it often happens that there is a man or a woman who is supposed to be a good Christian

for the eye of man cannot see beyond
the countenance, but God sees the heart -but who is constantly grieving the Holy Spirit of God. At last there comes the great temptation, and they fall. The Cardinal concluded by urging his hearers to avoid these lesser sins, because every sin, however small, grieves the Holy Ghost and decreases the health and vigour of His grace in our hearts. Secondly, because it hindered the inflax of more grace. Thirdly, because it leads on to greater sins, for though venial sins, though multiplied by millions, would never become mortal, nevertheless they may easily lead on to mortal sin Fourthly, because every sin was

AN ACT AGAINST THE GREAT G.D, against His infinite holiness, truth, perfection, and majesty, and how could any sin be small which offended such a Being and lastly, every sin we commit, even the least, can only be washed away in the Blood of Jesus Christ, shed upon the cross. Measure then the sinfulness of sin by the remedy necessary for your the remedy necessary for your redemption. Every little sin offends the ove of our Heavenly Father, wounds our Divine Redeemer again, and grieves the Holy Ghost. Once more, these lesser sins are those which will have to be ex-piated in Purgatory, for no mortal sin goes there. Purgatory is the place where the saints of Gol who have not yet re-ceived their crown are purified till they are fit to see His face. They are detained there explaing the punishment still due to those sins for which they failed to make reparation on earth. Let us then ese lesser sins of which men think the vision of God and eternal bliss for we know not how long .- London Universe Nov 6th.

PENETANGUISHENE

Corres, ondence of the Barrie Gazette, Rarely if ever in the history of the cessful religious exercises conducted than those which opened on Sunday, 7th inst., and ended on Friday morning, 12. Rev. Father Laboreau had invited

a number of priests to assist him in

making the graces and advantages of the jubilee of this year available to his parishioners, and Father McCabe, chaplain to the Reformatory, opened the exercises on the aforesaid Sunday, by a most instructive sermon on "the most instructive sermon on "the nature and fruits of a jubilee. Rev. Father Hayden, of Flos, preached Monday evening on "Mortal Sin," Tuesday morning on "the mercy of Sin," Tuesday morning on "the mercy of God, as exercised in the Sacrament of Penance," the same evening on "the necessity and importance of Salvation," and Wednesday morning on "Grace." Rev. Father Leynett, P. P., of Midtand, occupied the pulpit on Wednesday evening of three score and thire received the pulpit on Wednesday evening of the score and thire received the pulpit on Wednesday evening of the score and thire received the pulpit on Wednesday evening of the score and thire received the score and occupied the pulpit on Wednesday evening and delivered a telling and practical discourse on "the relative duties of parents and children." On Thursday morning he again preached on "Caristian Wisdom," and the same evening on the "Healing of the Ten Lepers." The last sermon on Friday morning, was delivered by Father Hayden, the subject being "Prayer and Perseverance." The concluding part of this splendid sermon was extremely nathetic and as the sneaker to rest in the family plot. The deceased occupied the pulpit on Wednesday even-ing and delivered a telling and practical discourse on "the relative duties of cluding part of this splendid sermon was extremely pathetic, and as the speaker recalled the reminiscences twenty years ago, and pointed to the mural tablet sadiy commemorating the melancholy death of Father Kennedy, whom he mentioned by name, many of the congregation were moved to tears. Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament which had been given every ment, which had been given every evening, followed, and closed the exercises. Rev. Father Laboreau preached twice each day, in French, very acceptable and practical sermons. Miss Columbus attended to the choir, which acquitted itself throughout admir-ably. About five hundred received Holy

services, returned to their respective

WEDDING BELLS.

One of those pleasant events took place on Monday morning, it being the marriage of Mr. Wm. McDonald, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., to Miss Mary Letang, third daughter of our respected Letang, third daughter of our respected townsman, Mr. E. Letang, merchant. The ceremony was performed at St. Mary's Church by the Rev. Father Foley, followed by High Mass. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Rose Letang, while Mr. R. J. McDonald acted as groomsman. The singing was well ren-dered, and the "Ave Maria" by Miss Braniff deserves special mention. ceremony being over the wedding party proceeded to the residence of the bride's parents, where a sumptuous repast awaited them. The bride was the recipient of many handsome presents, among which was a beautiful silver castor, presented by the young ladies of the Sodality, of which she was a member. The happy couple left on Tuesday for Chippers [23]. Chippewa Falls, their future home, lowed by the good wishes of num and acquaintances .- Almonte friends Gazette, Nov. 18.

On Monday at Mattawa took place one of these pleasing events which are always looked forward to with great eagerness. Mr. P. J. Loughrin was united in matrimony to Miss Nellie Kearney. The groom was supported by Mr. Alex. McCool, while Miss Teresa. O'Connor, niece of the groom, of Pembroke, supported the bride. After partaking of a sumptuous repast the happy couple left by the 9.20 a. m. train for Montreal, Toronto and other points of interest. They were met at Pembroke by a large circle of friends. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and costly presents. May happiness and presperity attend the young couple. — Pembroke Observer, Nov. 19.

On Monday last, one of those ceremonies which are so particularly interest-ing to a community in which the parties are known took place, by which Mr. D. Kerr, of the St. Liwieace Hotel, and Miss May Louder were made life partners in Mary Lauder were made life partners in what may be hoped will prove a domestic felicity establishment. The ceremony was performed in the R. C. Church at 7 a. m., and notwithstanding the early hour a. m., and notwithstanding the early hour a large number was present. After the ceremony, the bridal party and a few friends were entertained at breakfast by the Rev. Father Casey, and the groom and bride took the morning train for the States, to visit the residence of a brother of the groom, where a few weeks honeymoon will be spent. Quite a number of brautiful presents were sent in to the bride, who is deservedly nopular amongst a large is deservedly popular amongst a large circle of acquaintsness, and both have the very best wishes of the community, that true happiness and prosperity may attend them in their path through life. Mr. Heney acted as groomsman, and Miss Delaney, of Peterboro, as bridesmaid.—— Campbeliford News, Nov. 12tb.

OBITUARY.

Richard Coleman.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Richard Coleman, second son of Mr. John Coleman, an old and respected resident of London South. The deceased was born in this city and had at the time of his death attained the age of time of his death attained the age of 29 years. Some time since, his health failing, he decided, accompanied by his family, to make his future home in Texas, hoping to regain his former vigor under the influence of that healthful climate. Such, however, was not in the design of Providence, to be the case, for on the 20th of this month, on his way home, with the lond hope that he would once again behold those who were near and dear to him—father, mother, brother dear to him—father, mother, brother and sisters—the hand of death set its upon him. He was acco in the journey by his fond and faithful wife, and a friend, Mr. John Gilbert. The funeral of the deceased took place from his father's residence on the 23rd. Solemn Requiem mass was celebrated in St. Peter's Cathedral at nine o'clock for the repose of his soul. We extend our heart-felt sympathy to the sorrowing family. A good, honest man, a fervent Catholic, a dutiful son and faithful husband has gone to his eternal home.

> Mrs. Margaret Daly. Grief is bitter o'er the dust, when we hear the churchyard knell, But echoes of an upward trust Float around the tolling bell.

On Thursday, the 11th inst, Rawdon was called upon to deplore the death of Margaret Coffey, wife of James Daly. She was universally respected and to rest in the family plot. The deceased lady leaves an aged husband, a brother, three sons and three daughters, two ol the latter being religious in the com-munity of St. Ann's, and a host of more distant friends and relatives to mourn

her loss. R I. P. Montreal, Nov. 25, 1886.

We walk as it were in the crypts of life; at times from the great cathedral above us we can hear the organ and chanting of the choir, we see the light stream through the open door when some friends go up before us; and shall we fear to mount the narrow staircase of the grave that leads us out of this uncertain twilight into the serene mansion of eternal light?-Lacor-

LINDSAY .- Mr. J. O'Leary, of Lindsay, is authorized to receive subscriptions for the CATHOLIC RECORD.