Chambers' spot emptied

Dr. James Douglas Muir, a professor of industrial relations in the Faculty of Business Administration and Commerce, will take over as the faculty's dean on July 1.

He will replace Dr. E.J. Chambers who has stepped down to pursue other interests in the faculty.

Dr. Muir has been associated with the University of Alberta since 1964. His teaching has been in the areas of industrial relations, collective bargaining, arbitration, personnel management and statistics.

During a period of leave from the University of Alberta, he served as the dean of the Faculty of Commerce at the University of Nairobi in Kenya. The University of Alberta was closely involved in the formation of the Nairobi commerce faculty and Dr. Muir was associated with the African university from 1971 to 1974.

After graduating from the University of British Columbia with a Bachelor of Commerce degree in 1958, he went on to study at the University of California (Berkely) from which he graduated with a Master of Business Administration degree. He then studied further at the New York State School of Industrial and Labour Relations of Cornell University and there earned a Doctor of Philosophy degree. His these topic dealt with the impact of collective bargaining on the salaries of Canadian teachers.

Since then, he has gained

experience in business and government as well as in teaching. He spent one year full time and three years part time working with Hu Harries and Associates of Edmonton as an economic consultant, and with Rayonier Canada Limited, a forest products firm, he worked in the areas of industrial relations and personel. He also worked as a labor relations assistant for Canadian Pacific Air Lines for one year.

In the government sphere, Dr. Muir conducted a special study into collective bargaining by Canadian teachers on behalf of the 1967-68 Prime Minister's Task Force on Labour Relations. He also undertook studies on apprenticeship as a system of training, for the Canadian Government. Recent

government work has been for the Alberta Department of advanced education and manpower.

Other experience has come from serving on various arbitration, conciliation and appeals boards and from acting as mediator in labor disputes. As well, he has conducted courses on behalf of the university of Alberta extension department. He has published extensively, writing, editing and reviewing books and articles.

In 1975 he was appointed to the editorial board of Relations Industrielles and became president elect of the Canadian Relations Research Institute

Dr. Muir is married and has two children.

Pete says: Time

Antidi I

by Kevin Gillese
The subject being discussed is money.

It's a popular subject and draws a crowd as surely as a discussion of sex might.

The fellow in front of the crowd is actually discussing something much more specific than just cash. He's talking about the people in Canadawho have cash and lots of it. The man is Peter C. Newman and if anyone in Canada should be able to talk of a "Canadian financial establishment," it's him.

First off, he's a graduate of that infamous school of the corporate elite - Upper Canada College. He has also studied at teh University of Toronto and McGill (from whence he received a Master's in Business Administration). Add to this the fact that he's going to make one quarter of a million dollars from his book The Canadian Establishment Volume / (accor. ding to the Financial Post) and you might easily conclude that Newman is a man who knows about money and how people obtain it.

A lot of folks might suppose that there's not that much to write about rich Canadians, or even that there are few rich Canadians to begin with. Newman explains: "When it was announced that the Kennedy's were going to give one million dollars to each of their children, people were amazed. Canadians used to walk around in wonder, saying they never realized people were that wealthy.

"But what most people don't realize is that there is a man named Brilant, an industrialist in Rimouski, Quebec, who gave each of his five children ten million dollars when they had their 21st man for birthdays!"

As Newman says, it's dif ficult to imagine the wealth of the people he discusses in The Thea don't r Canadian Establishment. "Mo Dougall (one of the establish ment) has ten million dollars! to the CASH in the main branch of the Toronto-Dominion Bank type o Toronto, ready for his persona use. Plus, a thirty car garage people which is always kept full, and so on and so on.

Or the private clubs - the as been exclusive haunts of the ex bbvists clusively rich. Newman points out that these are not "downtown clubs" but rathe "hunting and fishing club hidden away in the backwoods For example, he noted a fishin club in New Brunswick which costs \$25,000 to join and further \$16,000 in annua dues. "That effectively restrict membership; they have or se, wha

twenty members right now."

All right, there are a number of very wealthy peoply in ard, acc Canada. Why a book about gist of it them and why by Peter New asmall in man?

"I am interested," say amount
Newman, "in discovering the dy-pov
differences between wealthan at of the
power, influence and control
and I am interested in finding
out who in Canada does to lon in
holds each."

The result is Volume linth foreig "Establishment" series. It is lled piece of journalism Newman is first and foremost anal journalist. Currently the edit low that of Maclean's magazine, he h trem worked for the Financial Po influe and has been editor-in-chief anada w er-lockir The Toronto Star.



with a special appearance by JASON ROBARDS

THE DOG IS A DON RICKLES WITH FUR!

BASED ON THE NOVELLA OF BY HARLAN ELLISON

STARTS FRIDAY, FEB.13.



118th Ave. at 124th St. Phone 454-5168

AT 7 AND 9 PM. RESTRICTED ADULT