Wholesale Warehouse,

55 and 57 KING STREET.

We have received by steamers Prussian, Caspian, Polynesian, Nova Scotian, Moravian, Hibernian and Scandinavian, from Liverpool:—

300 BALES AND CASES OF

DRY GOODS, in MILLINERY,

Woollens, Silks, Cottons, Hosiery, Clothing, Small Wares,

AND A FULL ASSORTMENT IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

To which we Call the Attention of Close Buyers.

Persons commencing business will do well to inspect our stock, being New, Fashionable, bought in the best markets, and MARKED DOWN to the lowest Living Profits.

Orders by Mail will receive careful attention.

apr21 **EVERITT & BUTLER.**

OAK AND PITCH PINE

TIMBER

For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also

WHITE PINE BIRCH, &c., &c.

R. A. GREGORY,

Office—FOOT OF SIMONDS STREET - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.

References—GUY, STEWART & CO., E. D. JEWETT & CO. feb 13 1y

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist.

Office, corner Germain and Duke Streets,

(OPPOSITE VICTORIA HOTEL),

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

☞ Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Laughing) Ga may 7

MARITIME

WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!

Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances

on all descriptions of Merchadise. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers Application to be made to

Sept 27 **T. W. LEE, Secretary.**

COTTON WARPS.

MANUFATURED AT THE

MISPECK MILLS, - - - St. John, N. B.

THE trade would do well to place their orders for Warps early. PRICES ARE LIKELY TO BE HIGHER AS THE SEASON ADVANCES, in consequence of the

RISE IN THE PRICE OF COTTON.

Warehouse, - - - Reed's Building, Water Street.

J. L. WOODWORTH,

apri2 **Agent.**

HOMESPUN!

The subscribers have on hand a large stock of

MISPECK AND OTHER MAKES HOMESPUNS,

At Prices Ranging from 40 to 70 cts per Yard.

The Cheapest and Best Goods in the Market.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

apri5 **T. R. JONES & CO.**

P. BESNARD, JR., & CO'S

Real Estate and Collection Agency,

23 PRINCESS STREET.

Real Estate Bought and Sold, Houses Rented and Rents Collected

TO LET.

A HOUSE on Peters street: nine rooms: Water in house.

AN UPPER FLAT, corner of Carmarthen and Duke streets, containing 10 rooms: water in house. W. C. and Woodshed under cover.

A NEW HOUSE, on Charlotte street, containing 6 rooms: water in house. W. C. and Woodshed under cover.

THREE miles from City, 18 acres Land, with good Dwelling House, Barns, etc. Rent moderate. Immediate possession.

A HOUSE situate on the St. Andrews Road, 3 mil s from town, consisting of 20 rooms: in every way suitable for Hotel business. 3 acres of well cultivated land attached: also, barn.

A FARM, containing 300 acres, situated on the St. Andrews Road, 3 miles from the City. All under good cultivation. Cuts 100 tons of hay. Good dwelling and barn. Will be leased for a term of years.
Good supply of firewood.
Farm implements will be sold.

A LARGE HALL, well lighted, corner of King and Charlotte streets; in every way suitable for a Billiard Room. Will be rented for a term of years.

TWO LARGE ROOMS in the St. John Hotel, corner of King and Charlotte sts., suitable for a Hair Dressing Establishment. Will be rented for a term of years.

FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—The Second Story of the old St. John Hotel, containing some 25 rooms, situate corner of King and Charlotte streets.
Rent moderate to a good tenant.

TWO LARGE FLATS on Main Street, Portland, containing a large number of rooms, suitable for a boarding house. Will be rented for three years if required.

A COMFORTABLE SINGLE OFFICE, Prince William street. Possession at once. Rent $60.

A LARGE SHOP, adjoining Barnes' Hotel, Prince Wm. street, in every way suited for a first class Barber Shop. Will only be rented to a Barber. Rent moderate to a good tenant.

For full particulars and terms, see our To Let Register, which is always open for public inspection

P. BESNARD, JR., & CO.,
feb3 23 Princess stre t.

WANTED to purchase—a small Freehold with Cottage or half a double House in a good locality. A Leasehold with a small ground rent would suit.

FOR SALE.

A FARM of 275 acres, on River St. John, 13 miles from the city. Has on it two Houses, two Barns, and Fish House, Cord and Hoop Pole Wood. Cuts 15 tons Hay.

A VALUABLE FREEHOLD on Germain street, with first class Dwelling House, containing fourteen rooms in excellent order and condition, is furnished with modern conveniences. A desirable residence for a genteel family.

A VALUABLE FREEHOLD on the City Road, near the Skating Rink. The lot is 40x100, and the large two story Building thereon is well finished, and yields a rental of $340.00 p. a. Terms easy.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE—Bordering on a beautiful lake, situate on the line of railway. There are attached 150 acres, half of which is plough. Plenty of good fire wood on the place The dwelling is a moderately finished two story house. House capable of holding two families. Barns, coach-house, piggeries, etc., in good order. Owner will exchange for city property.

A LARGE FREEHOLD close to the Queen Square. The house is two stories, and rents for $340. Terms easy. Possession can be had on the 1st May next.

For full particulars, prices, terms, etc., see our Register of "For Sale," which is always open for public inspection.

P. BESNARD, JR., & CO.,
feb3 23 Princess street.

Life of Henry More Smith
Price Twenty cents.

BLACK RIVER ROAD TRAGEDY:
Price Twenty-five cents.

Blank Marriage Certificates,
Price Five cents.

BILLS LADING AND RAILWAY RECEIPTS.

For sale by **GEO. W. DAY,**
feb5 46 Charlotte Street.

Bromide of Sodium.

SYR. LACTO PHOSPHATE OF LIME;

Syr. Lacto Phosphate Lime and Iron.
Cod Liver Oil and Lacto Phosphate of Lime.
Fresh Chlorine Water always on hand.

J. CHALONER.
ap.13 Cor King and Germain sts.

Grass Seeds.

430 BUSH Timothy Seed.
410 bush Clover Seed.
For sale by J. & W. F. HARRISON,
apr16 16 North Wharf.

BASS' ALE.

Now landing ex SS India, from London and Harmony from Liverpool.

55 HHDS Bass' Ale. For sale low from the wharf.
apr18 tf fm HILYARD & RUDDOCK.

Ex India.

122 PKGS Choice Tea:
50 boxes Valencia Raisins:
2 cases Nixey's Black Lead:
1 case Cream Tartar Chrystals;
3 tons Brandram's White Lead:
1 ton do Colored Paint.
Landing ex India from London.
GEO. S. DEFOREST,
apr15 11 South Wharf.

---

35 Dock Street.

2 CRATES Bermuda Onions:
9 bbls Silver Skin do
7 bbls Potatoes;
3 bbls Fresh Eggs;
Just Received.
apr17 J. S. TURNER.

---

100 BOXES Smoxed Herring. For sale by
MASTERS & PATTERSON,
apr10 119 South Wharf.

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 28.

One Honest Election.

There was one man in the New Brunswick House of Assembly to protest against the dishonest appropriation of public funds to the private purposes of members, and there is at least one member of Parliament free from the suspicion of having been aided in his canvass by the improper use of money. This is a fact worth thinking about, especially as the member sits for an urban constituency in Ontario. It has been broadly asserted, especially by those Elevators of the Standard of Political Parity whose corrupt practices have been exposed, that all Ontario constituencies are so corrupt, have been made so corrupt by Conservative practices, that bribery is a necessary evil for the rendering of reform possible; and yet here is a "Corruptionist Tory" who forces his enemies, after they have had two years for the collection and manufacture of evidence, to confess that they knew no evil of him or his agents, to express their belief in his purity, and to withdraw their petition against his return. This is something. The name of the member is Platt, and his constituency is East Toronto. The man and the riding are entitled to honor, and they should go far towards redeeming Ontario from the wholesale charges of electoral corruption which are so freely made against her. It was proved that Mr. Platt drank with some of his friends at his own expense, but the circumstances were such as to preclude the suspicion of corrupt motives. Only this and nothing more. After the examination of the principal witnesses by whom the charges were to have been proved, Mr. Bethune, the leading counsel for the prosecution,

announced that petitioners could not prove enough to void the election, and he was now quite satisfied that Mr. Platt's had been pure treating, which was certainly not sufficient cause, more especially as no corrupt motive had been proved, and it was well known that drinking customs prevail so generally in Canada. The petitioners were not without some satisfaction, having proved that an election could be conducted in Canada as purely as this one had been. At election times all sorts of rumors were put in circulation, and petitioners had been misled by false statements to believe bribery by agents had been practised.

Mr. Harrison, for the respondent,

complimented Mr. Bethune on the honorable course he had adopted, and said the conclusion he had arrived at was only what might have been expected from a gentleman with such experience in election trials. Had the case gone on, he could have shown, by the most indisputable testimony, that there was no evidence of corruption. His learned friend had been honorable enough to admit that respondent had acted in a thoroughly pure manner. It was perhaps well that the investigation had been held, as it had cleared the characters of many respectable persons who had been slandered.

The Judge, in dismissing the petition, declared that

the result of the trial was as highly gratifying to him as to the counsel concerned. Mr. Bethune had undoubtedly pursued the proper course. He might say that if the evidence had rested where it now was, he should certainly have come to the same conclusion—namely, that the election had been conducted fairly. As to the respondent, it was very much to his honor that he had, by his strict instructions to abstain from all means of corruption, done something to establish purity of elections. His Lordship alluded to the scandalous practices that had prevailed in some constituencies, as disclosed in recent election trials, and drew the deduction that the honest and fearless administration of the stringent measures of the new law by Judges had shown, by this instance, that the law has had a salutary effect. He had no doubt in his own mind that Mr. Platt's election was a sound one.

Mr. Platt is the only member of the present Parliament, except those returned by acclamation, whose purity has been certified to by his opponents and the bench. Others are considered pure, because they have not been proved corrupt, but Mr. Platt's purity has been proved.

Our readers will remember that our Ottawa correspondent prepared them for the triumphant acquittal of Mr. Platt. The correspondent of a city contemporary, who probably lives in so thick an atmosphere of Government corruption that he can't recognize purity when he sees it, sent daily declarations that evidence of corrupt practices had been elicited, and then announced that "everybody was surprised to learn that the petitioner's counsel had withdrawn the charges." The Judge didn't express much surprise, and only those whose own practices rendered them incapable of imagining electoral purity could have been surprised at the withdrawal of the charges after an examination of a score or more of witnesses showed that the petitioners had been imposed on by the false reports of others or their own evil imaginings. That correspondent is certainly, a trustworthy person to depend on for news.

The Beecher Business—Treatment of Witnesses.

The Beecher trial does not seem to be conducted for the purpose of establishing the innocence of the accused, but for the purpose of begriming all concerned. The chief and only aim of the counsel on both sides seems to be to blacken the character of opposing witnesses. Tilton's spiritualistic and marital views, and his relations with the Woodhulls, have been minutely inquired into, and Moulton's difficulties with the Customs authorities have been put in evidence. On the suggestion of Mr. Beecher himself Mrs. Moulton was called on to confess having kissed the defendant, and Mr. Beecher has been forced to own up to an extended osculatory practice among his fair parishioners. The venerable Assistant Pastor Halliday, who has grown gray in the service of the Lord in Brooklyn, was forced to relate his early failures in fish, lobster and coal ventures. And other witnesses have been probed to the quick on sensitive points in their lives or doctrines in such a way as to make the Brooklyn witness box an object of terror to the purest and boldest. There has been no forgotten scandal connected with the name of any witness that has not been revived and inquired into. And for what purpose? What have one's opinions on divorce or spiritualism to do with his trustworthiness as a witness in a matter that does not concern either? The lawyers seem to look on every witness whose testimony they do not like as an enemy to be humiliated to the utmost. Pure indeed must have been the life of a witness who escapes from these scandal lawyers without stain—without having been forced to confess or (what is almost as humiliating) deny something which the evil-disposed may make capital out of. The last testimony went to show that Tilton was on terms of affectionate intimacy with "Vickey" Woodhull, and the lawyers got the witness, Mrs. Palmer, to reveal the fact that she had been divorced and had married a man who boarded in the same house with herself and her first husband. Then they made inquiries into her present husband's medical practice, into her own views on the Trinity, and other equally relevant matters.

This practice of dissecting the lives and thoughts of witnesses is on the increase everywhere, and should be effectually checked. Inquiries should be confined to the subject of the trial in which testimony is given. No witness should be forced to give his autobiography, or reveal his inmost convictions on theological questions. Thousands of good people have accepted, without any special study or inquiry, the general teachings of Christianity, without troubling themselves to form any opinion on the minor points over which theologians sling ink. How unjust it is to ask such people to return sworn answers, at a moment's notice, to categorical questions on points of doctrine. Witnesses should rebel. If the bench will not protect them they should defy the bench. Better be imprisoned for contempt than submit to injustice. No man should be expected to confess his own shortcomings, or disclose his secret soul to the sneering inspection of a court-room audience. Justice does not require, and lawyers should not be permitted to exact, such sacrifices.

The River is said to be open only as far as the foot of the Reach. Above that the ice is still solid and does not lose its strength during the present cold weather. At Fredericton the ice made a start a few days ago but soon brought up. It is confidently expected that a May Pole will be raised in the ice next Saturday.

A Card of Denial.

To the Editor of the Tribune.

DEAR SIR: In your issue of yesterday we found it stated that Messrs. I. & F. Burpee & Co. supplied goods to the Government through the retail branch of their house.

Supposing that the public may apply this to ourselves, in the interest of common fairness and truth we ask you to publish the following:

We beg to state most emphatically that Messrs. I. & F. Burpee & Co. have no interest whatever in our business, or in our sales; that directly or indirectly we never had from them any orders for Government supplies; and that what amounts we ever supplied the Government were done in fair competition with others in the trade. Yours,

KERR & THORNE.

April 28, 1875.

TIMELY TOPICS.

M. Wallon, French Minister of Public Instruction, has designated Judge Cambert as special commissioner to examine and report on the American system of education. M. Cambert will visit Washington and New York, and will also attend the Philadelphia Exhibition, in connection with which he will receive special instructions from Ministers Decazes and De Meaux.

At the opening of Monsignor Capel's college at Kensington, England, Cardinal Manning was present in his scarlet robes, which it is said became him exceedingly well, and were a vast improvement over his old ecclesiastical dress. He revealed on this occasion the intention of the Catholics to create, with Kensington as a centre, a kind of university for Romanists by erecting colleges all over the country.

In the House of Commons Friday evening, Mr. Sullivan stated that he had been assured by the Marquis of Hartington that a resolution would soon be introduced regulating the position of reporters for the Press in the House. In view of this promise, he would not carry out his intention of calling attention to the presence of strangers. This was a great relief to the spectators who had crowded the gallery in expectation of an exciting debate on the Tichborne case.

The April number of *Blackwood's Magazine*, republished by the Leonard Scott Publishing Co. (41 Barclay street, N. Y.), contains the conclusion of "Alice Lorraine." "Fashions and Tricks of Speech," complains that conversation is becoming a lost art—a few conversational phrases and a little slang. Mr. Kinglake's "Inkerman Volume" is received with almost unqualified praise. "In a Studio, No. 1," asserts that the old Greeks and Romans were the only ones who really valued art. The traveller through the "Abode of Snow" has reached the Vale of Kashmir. He describes the inhabitants as forlorn creatures; and the female race as decidedly ugly. "Politics before Easter" makes a few remarks on the election of Dr. Kenealy and the late John Mitchell to Parliament, and gives the leading features of public affairs, the general condition of which, it is affirmed, leaves little room either for cavil or censure from the Opposition.

Dust prevails, and people are beginning to cry out for the watering cart.

Dr. Kenealy's Motion in Parliament Condemning the Proceedings of the Judges.

LONDON, April 23.

The motion of Dr. Kenealy impugning the verdict of the jury in the Tichborne trial was taken up this afternoon in the House of Commons. A large crowd assembled about Parliament House, and trouble was apprehended. Hundreds of extra policemen had been stationed around the building.

Dr. Kenealy arrived at Parliament House at 4 p. m. His appearance was greeted with great cheers from the throng on the street.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, Dr. Kenealy rose and moved that a royal commission be appointed to investigate the circumstances attending the Tichborne trials.

In a powerful speech in support of his resolution, Dr. Kenealy alluded to the growing dissatisfaction at the result of these trials and the manner in which they had been conducted by the bench. Nothing short of a royal commission of inquiry would content the people of England, who were convinced that justice had not been done. He stated that he had received many letters from America to the same effect. The discontent had grown into a torrent which was pouring over the land. The late Ministry partly owed its downfall to its conduct in regard to the Tichborne case. He asserted that he had positive proof that the Chief Justice, Sir Alexander Cockburn, in society, while the trial was in progress, said he would give the claimant 15 years' imprisonment.

He spoke in severe terms of the Pittindreigh forgeries, and stated that the claimant was unable to call more witnesses for lack of funds. The penalties for contempt of court had been directed against one side only. The witnesses were brow-beaten, and the partiality of the Bench was patent throughout the proceedings. Dr. Kenealy declared he had sacrificed himself to his sense of honor and duty, and had been irretrievably ruined in his profession. He believed the motion before the House would never be renewed in its present form. It was impossible to predict the result if this commission should be refused. The defeat of the motion would spread dismay throughout the country. Dr. Kenealy spoke three hours. He was followed by Mr. Whalley, who seconded the motion.

Sir Richard Baggallay opposed the appointment of a commission for which there was not the slightest ground of justification. The observations alleged to have been made by the Chief Justice were gressly misunderstood and misinterpreted.

Mr. Whalley remarked that the House seemed to be interested in the suppression of an inquiry which would lead to the exposure of a Catholic conspiracy against the Tichborne claimant.

Sir Henry James, who was Attorney-General under the last Gladstone Ministry, denounced the motion as an attack on the jury system, and declared that the commission asked for was unprecedented.

Mr. Disraeli said Dr. Kenealy's speech was a thrice told tale. The charges of misconduct made against the Chief-Justice were entirely unsupported. Alluding to Dr. Kenealy, he regretted that a talented man under hallucination had destroyed his own reputation.

Mr. John Bright reviewed the evidence in the Tichborne trials, and declared that he could not but agree with the jury in their verdicts.

The motion of Dr. Kenealy was then rejected by a vote of 433 nays to 1 yea.

LOCALS.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements— do Lee's Opera House
Gibbs' Zoological Exhibition— Dan Ducello
To Let (Second Page) P Besnard & Co
For Sale do do
Costumes, &c— Barnes, Kerr & Co
Saturday Half-Holiday— Berton Bros
Sun Hats— A Macaulay
London Goods— W W Jordan
Shop Counter Wanted— Tribune Office
About Canarys, etc— J & A McMillan

AUCTIONS.

Books— T B Hanington
Confectionery, &c—Lockhart & Chipman
BankruptStock— E H Lester

The WEEKLY TRIBUNE is mailed to Subscribers at One Dollar a year, 50 Cents for Six Months, 30 Cents for Three Months. All subscriptions discontinued at the expiration of the term for which they are paid unless promptly renewed.

Brevities.

The great sale of books by auction, at W. K. Crawford's, will be continued this evening.

The streets are lively with carts loaded with good, bad and indifferent furniture. Moving spectacles are numerous.

The Western train was about three hours behind time last evening, having been detained by some obstruction on the track near Vanceboro.

A number of gentlemen, who have been attending Prof. Fordham's dancing academy, tender a complimentary benefit to the Professor this evening.

A grand concert under the auspices of Fireman's Division, S. of T., is to be given at the Temperance Hall, King st., to-night. Tickets 25 cents each.

Some one stole some rings out of the show-case in Miss Phillips's jewelery store, Germain street, the other evening. Miss Phillips was in the room in the rear at the time.

A meeting of the parishioners of St. Marks was held yesterday, and Messrs. R. T. Clinch and Jeremiah Travis were elected lay representatives of the Provincial Synod, and Messrs. T. W. Daniel and S. D. Berton.

At the regular meeting of Dufferin Temple of H. & T., held at their hall, Paradise Row, last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: W. C. T., E. V. Wetmore; W. V. T., R. N. Spence; W. R., R. A. Brown; W. A. R., C. W. Fairweather; W. F. R., C. E. Gilchrist; W. T., Geo. Allen; W. U., C. Armstrong; W. D. U., H. J. Pratt; W. G., J. D. Nickols; W. S., J. B. Penaligan; W. Chap., W. Chives Fisher; P. W. C. T., H. C. Creed.

Fellows' Syrup of Hypophosphites supplies matter for bone and blood, rendering it highly beneficial for feeble children.

Honor to Whom Honor, etc.

The Halifax papers continue to chronicle the exploits of Detective Power in finding and arresting Capt. Charlton at Dorchester, and ignore the part taken in the matter by Policeman Briggs, of this city. Whether this is due to the want of true information on the subject, or to the misrepresentations of the Detective it is difficult to say, but there appears little doubt that all the honor of the affair is due to Briggs, by whose efforts the man was secured, and is now in Halifax jail. It appears that Briggs had seen Charlton, while running in a schooner some years ago, and felt confident he would recognize him if he met him anywhere. Power, it is believed, did not know Charlton and, it is probable, might have passed him in a crowd without suspecting he was the man who was "wanted." Briggs arrived at Dorchester about 1.20 p. m., and learning that a Captain was expected to cross the ferry from the other side that afternoon to take the train for St. Jonn, at once suspected he would find the man he wanted. Without delay, Briggs walked to the ferry, two miles and a half distant, and reached it just as the boat was crossing. In the boat were two or three persons, and among them was the looked-for Captain Charlton, with a quantity of luggage. The boat landed the passengers, who proceeded to the hotel, followed by Briggs, who was not recognized by the captain. Briggs had in his pocket a telegram from City Marshal Cotter to our Chief, authorizing Charlton's arrest, and was prepared to act upon it when the right moment arrived. In the meantime he struck up an acquaintance with Charlton, who was very sociable and communicative, and announced his intention of going as far as Moncton and stopping there that night. Briggs, learning this, concluded it would save trouble to wait until on board the cars before making the arrest, and then, agreeably to previous arrangements, bring the prisoner through to St. John. During the afternoon Charlton was very free, and drank considerable. Briggs, of course, did not join him in drinking, but took care to keep him in sight and occasionally have a little conversation. There was no risk in thus waiting, and Briggs apparently acted very prudently. About half-past three the train from Halifax arrived. Briggs and Charlton were standing on the station platform, when Power jumped out of the cars, ran up and down, passing the two, and not noticing either of them. Briggs stepped aside and explained his errand, pointing out Charlton, and they concluded to arrest the man then and lodge him in the jail. As the train started Charlton jumped to get aboard, but was caught by Briggs and at once made a prisoner. He was much surprised, and denied being the man they wanted, but went quietly to jail. Power had only a blank warrant in his pocket, and after Charlton's arrival and lodgement in jail the formal papers on which the prisoner was taken to Halifax were made out by Justice Gilbert on the strength of the telegram held by Briggs, and the latter's affidavit of Charlton's identity. From this it would appear that the true credit of the affair belongs to Briggs, who actually did everything except take the prisoner to Halifax. What Power might have done without Briggs is only a matter of speculation, but it seems that as it is he is indebted solely to the latter for the praise of which he is now the recipient.

A British officer, writing from Teheran, Persia, to the *London Times*, remarks: "A Cathartic Pill, manufactured by 'an American Chemist' (Dr. J. C. AYER, of Lowell, Mass.) has cured the Shah of a Liver Complaint that threatened his life. This simple fact, as might be expected, renders the Americans immensely popular here, while we English are overlooked. Doubtless our own scholars made the discoveries which he employs, and thus it is, in everything; we do the labor, then the mousing. Americans put their mark upon it and take the reward. Dr. Ayer is idolized by the Court and its retainers here, which will doubtless be reflected to him on a gold snuff-box, or diamond-hilted sword, while not the name even of Davy, Christison or Brodie—the great lights by which he shines—is known.—[New York Sunday Paper.]

Rural Cemetery.

MR. SPRAGG will run the two first class omnibuses, ONWARD and UNDAUNTED, to the RURAL CEMETERY, every fine day during the season, beginning on Monday, May 3rd., for the accommodation of visitors. Hours for leaving the Bell Tower (head of King street) will be as follows: Half-past one, two, half-past two, and three o'clock, p. m. Mr. Spragg also runs a "buss" regularly to Fairville, twice daily, leaving Market Square at 9 a. m. and 3.15 p. m.

Dr. Arnold requests us to state, that he will give attendance and medicine free to all the poor of the Province, at the Victoria Hotel, from 2 till 4 o'clock every day, during his stay in St. John, which will be until October next. 1m

Lee's Opera House.

Mr. Lee has not met with the encouragement he had reason to expect after his efforts to please the public, and so far has been playing to small houses. It is probable, however, that this is due to the hard times rather than to a want of appreciation of the talent now on the boards, as the Hussey Combination and the Lamonts are excellent in their way. Blanche Clifton is received with much favor and in ordinary times would draw a good house, while the aerial evolutions of the Lamonts show them to be adepts in their profession. This is the last week of the season, as Manager Lee intends to travel too Provinces during a portion, at least, of the present coming summer.

ENORMOUS.—No medicine that has ever been introduced into these Provinces enjoys the enormous sale that Reader's German Snuff does. The reason is obvious, because of the grand fact notorious throughout the United States and the Dominion of Canada that it cures that fatal disease catarrh, when all other remedies fail.

Manufacturers and Mechanics' Association.

A meeting of the above Association was held at the Board of Trade rooms last evening for the purpose of discussing the details of the proposed exhibition. The propriety of holding an exhibition was thoroughly considered and the determination was expressed to make the affair a success. The question of representation at the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia was also brought up and caused some discussion. A number of suggestions drawn up by the Executive Committee were submitted and on motion adopted. The first is that the exhibition open on 7th September and remain open until the 14th or to the 18th, if deemed advisable. The second provides that diplomas be awarded to competitors from this Province only, but that manufacturers from all parts of Canada be allowed to attend and exhibit, as far as space will permit, novelties and designs in manufactures. The third section relates to the transportation of goods on steamboats and railways, at reduced rates. The fourth recommends that all applications for running machinery be made one month previous to the opening; and the machinery must be in position forty-eight hours previous to the opening, the committee reserving the power to reject all applicants not complying with these rules.

The fifth provides that free motive power will be furnished, together with main shafting and pulleys, by the Association. The sixth section declares that instead of cash premiums, diplomas of first and second class, and honorable mention of third-class articles, will be given. The question of appointing judges was referred to a committee to report at a meeting on the last Tuesday in May.

The chair was occupied by Ald. Peters, and at the close a vote of thanks was passed to him for his conduct as chairman.

The room was full of manufacturers, about seventy-five being seated, and a great many left on account of not being able to obtain seats. It is suggested that the next meeting be held in a larger room.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King street. aug 8

In Darkness.

It was nearly nine o'clock last night before the lamps were lit around the upper part of the city, and as the night was very dark the inconvenience was much felt by those who had occasion to be out. The King Square, North Wharf, Nelson street and vicinity, were among the important sections neglected.

A few drops of DR. FORSTER'S IMPROVED ENAMELLINE upon a wet tooth brush forms a rich, creamy foam in the mouth, imparting a delightful fragrance to the breath, and thoroughly cleansing the teeth from all impurities. Call at the Drug Stores and get a sample bottle free

Portland Police Court.

Edward Gallagher was fined $6 for drunkenness, and James Campbell $4 for the like offence.

Portland Civil Court.

Several contested cases before Judge Tapley to-day gave employment to some of the lawyers of the city and Portland.

CATARRH CAUSES CONSUMPTION.—Yes, this is true, as the medical record will show. It was first a cold, then catarrh, and lastly confirmed consumption. Reader's German Snuff will cure the worst cases of catarrh

Temple of Honor.

The officers of Victoria Temple of H. and T., for the ensuing term are:

Harry Jordan, W. T. C.; W. C. Everett, W. V.; John Willett, W. R.; F. A. Barker, W. A. R.; David Smiler, W. F. R.; J. A. S. Mott, W. F.; G. T. Knollen, W. U.; Chas. Laird, W. D. U.; Thos. Finlay, W. G.; John Hammond, W. S.; Thomas Simpson, W. Chap.

FAMOUS FRENCH MEDICATED PASTILLES.—Specimens of this new Pocket Medicine are on exhibition at the Drug store of T. B. Barker, King street.

City Police Court.

John Maloy was the only prisoner taken last night. This morning he was fined $4 with the alternative of 10 days at the crusher.

Two Thousand Dollars Reward.

A meeting of the merchants of the city was held at the Board of Trade rooms this morning to consider the proper action to be taken in regard to the recent assault on Mr. Scammell. After remarks from some of the leading merchants, it was decided to offer a reward of $2,000 for the discovery of the perpetrator of the deed. This was all the regular business transacted.

The best selected stock of Cigars, including the celebrated brands Henry Clay, Prof. Morse and Flor del Fumar, meerschaum and briar pipes, tobaccos and smokers' articles, will be found at Robertson's, 74 Prince Wm. street.

Alarm of Fire.

An alarm of fire from Box 8 about 11 this morning was caused by a spark from the chimney setting fire to the roof of the house in Union street formerly occupied by Col. O'Leary. It was extinguished without difficulty.

County Court.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Evans vs. McCrea, undefended, was taken up, and a verdict of $96 rendered for the plaintiff.

The Grand Jury came into court last evening, having found true bills in all the criminal cases except that of the alleged robbery of the Royal Hotel bar. They were then relieved from attendance until next week.

The case of Swan vs. Rankine and others, is still before the Court. The plaintiff, a glass-blower, seeks to recover $165 wages from the defendants. The evidence was finished at 12.30 to-day, and the counsel addressed the jury. Mr. W.