ned savages, and had actually repulsed and beaten them back, when he got severely wounded, and fell. The fate of the day was just about this time decided against the Europeans, by a body of natives, with Hicks at their head, having surprised and taken a musket proof blockhouse which stood close by the flag-staff. The number of natives killed and wounded during the engagement has not been ascertained, but there must have been a considerable number of both.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Most distressing accounts have been received from this colony during the past week. The whole of the north-eastern province beyond Colesberg is in arms. The missionary station of Philippolis has been abandoned. From the 6th to the 8th of April there was continuous fighting between the Griquas, or bastard natives, and the immigrant Boers. No quarter was given on either side; prisoners taken were instantly knocked on the head; troops and artillery were hurrying from all quarters to the north-eastern frontiers, and from Cape Town Sir Peregrine Maitland was hastening to this awful scene. On the whole, the Griquas appear to have maintained their ground, but the Boers had despatched messengers to Natal for reinforcements, which there was little doubt would be readily furnished to them, and a collision between her Majesty's forces and her Majesty's subjects was, at the latest dates, the most probable of impending contingencies.

PORTUGAL.

Accounts from Lisbon, of the 9th instant, show that the Portuguese government is for once honestly endeavouring to observe its treaties for the suppression of the slave trade.

THE GREAT FIRE.—The New York Tribune says:—"We understand that the owners of the store where the fire originated have been arrested. If it shall appear that they had powder in the store, they will be tried for murder. The pilfering fraternity, in spite of every precaution, did a very extensive business."

The Lieutenant Governor and Council of Nova Scotia have ordered that all members of the Executive and Legislative Council, shall in future be Justices of the Peace throughout the Province so long as they remain in those respective branches of the Legislature.

HAVANA WATER COMPANY.—This company have been organised by the election of officers, making bye laws, &c., and will go into immediate operation with the most encouraging prospects.

GAS.—As the Gas Company of this city will shortly go into operation, the following copied from a late Liverpool Mail, may assist in throwing *light* on the subject matter of Gas and Gas Companies:—

"The recent parliamentary inquiry into the name of the Gas Companies of Liverpool has caused no little speculation amongst the large body of gas consumers. Mr. Gage's letter, which appeared in the Mail of Saturday last, has perhaps invigorated the excitement, although Mr. Gage did not consider it within his province to touch the points to which we allude. The "Guardian Gas Company" are well entitled to the thanks of the community, and indeed to every mark of gratitude which can be awarded them for their exertions. In this company's case personal objects were, for once, made subservient to the public good; and the considerable reduction in the price of gas, obtained by the Guardian's intercession, must be felt and appreciated by every inhabitant householder, manufacturer, mechanic, and shopkeeper.

But here arises the question—and we admit that it comes in a suspicious form—what enormous amount of profits must the old companies have realized, or rather extorted from the public, when they now admit that they can supply gas, with a profit, for 4s. on and after January next, which they have for years charged as high as 6s. 6d., 8s., and 10s. per one thousand cubic feet!

On the face of it this is a striking fact, one that naturally suggests apprehensions, but which, we trust, shall not be realised. We have received numerous letters on this head, and from the mass of these we fear that an opinion is gaining ground that the practice of gas companies, or rather their mode of ascertaining the quantity consumed by the public is unjust in principle. We are averse from using harsh terms; but we are bound to admit that the mode is an anomalous one.

The wisdom of our calumniated ancestors, but which, we rejoice to say, is, in many cases, still respected, provided securities against fraud on the part of the dealers in the necessaries of life. Take, for example, the erecting of public weighing houses and machines, where the quantity of corn, hay, straw, coals, and almost innumerable articles, could be tested by an impartial and independent officer appointed for that purpose for that purpose. In those public markets the quality as well as the weight of the article is exposed to surveillance. Beef, pork, fish, and butter are viewed, watched and examined. And in addition to this there are heavy penalties imposed upon dealers for using defective or unjust weights, scales, and measures; and the urgent necessity of doing so, with extreme rigour, is improved by the convictions and fines in the magisterial courts.

Such are the remains, still in practice, of the unjustly ridiculated and despised wisdom of our ancestors. But, may we ask, is not the seller of gas as likely to cheat the buyer as the vender of coals, hay, and straw? Look at the high *respectability* of companies will be the answer. A fig for companies! say we. Human nature is nearly the same, whether it work under the influence of twenty heads, or one, where profit is concerned. There are strictly honourable men, members of companies; there are equally respectable men, as individual dealers; but what has this to do with the question? The gas companies, for instance, sell gas by cubic measure. We do not object to this; we do not complain that their gas meters are imperfect, we do not complain that ninety-nine out of every hundred consumers do not understand the process of admeasurement; but we have a right to claim, on the part of the public, that the retailer of the article should not only be a dealer in the gas measure, but should not be the clerk, accountant, and exclusive arbitrator of the quantity he measures for the benefit of his employer.

This brings us to what we intended to propose when we commenced these observations, and which we hope will earnestly introduced to the consideration of parliament early in the next session. Gas is an article of vast importance, and of enormous consumption in almost every town in the kingdom. It is expedient, therefore, that the mode of selling it should be regulated by act of parliament. We would propose that the gas meters all over the country should be taken out of the hands of the various companies and placed under a General Gas-meter Board, with inspectors competent to make returns to to the companies of the quantities consumed by each and all of their customers—that these returns should be made monthly or quarterly as may be deemed most safe and convenient, and that each individual return, certified by the inspector, shall, and shall only constitute the basis and measure of charge.

It will be contended, on the other side, most probably, that this project would lead to an expensive establishment. And why not? Gas companies are very expensive establishments and the official meterage would be more expensive than they are at present. We think they would in the end prove to be less expensive; at any rate they would protect and satisfy the public in a matter upon which they have a right to be heard. The inhabitants of Liverpool, we are confident, will take these suggestions into serious consideration, and will be prepared to act upon them, some way or other, when the proper time comes."

REMARKABLE ESCAPE.—The brig Orslon, was a few days since struck by lightning when off Seguin, and thrown over; she was nearly light and had 7 female passengers on board, all of whom were in the cabin, and even subsequently saved by the crews of two vessels in sight, by cutting holes through the sides of the brig.

The salvation of Mrs. Ford was truly wonderful. She and her son were three hours in that cabin, almost buried in water. In talking with some friends before she sailed, they narrated how a woman was saved in similar circumstances a year or two since in a Bingham pocket, and it gave her courage during all those, to her interminable three hours, to struggle for life. Her head having risen between the heavy beams of the cabin roof, she was left a breathing place, free from the water that filled the cabin. Having fortunately also secured a firkin cover, she got it under her feet which just raised her head above water. With one hand she held the boy and with the other kept up a knocking with a mustard box against the roof of the cabin, lacerating her hand badly the most time.

For three hours, which to her were an eternity, did she cling to her boy, and to life, till the dull ticking of her feeble means of alarm fell on the ear of her rescuers as they were about abandoning their noble efforts. It was by the merest accident that she left behind her little girl at Cambridgeport, and much against her will at the time. But her change of purpose saved its life. On Sunday forenoon the wreck was discovered from this city and preparations made to send help. The cutter attempted to get out, but for the want of a breeze could not succeed. In one hour the propeller Gen. Warren had steam on her and was on her way. She found the wreck 21 miles from the city, and made fast at 6 o'clock. At half past three on Monday morning, she got her into Portland harbor.

THE TEMPERATURE for the month of July 1845, at St. John, as indicated by observing a Farenheit's thermometer three times each day, gave 1793½ units in the shade, or 57.86; while a thermometer attached to a barometer of Taglisbue's, but marks under a glass cover, generally indicated 2 degrees higher. A comparison with the months of July 1843 and '44 will appear next week.

ST. STEPHEN, July 26th, 1845.

The Rev. Doctor Thomson, Rector of St. Stephens, having been hastily called to Europe in consequence of the dangerous state of health of his son, his Parishioners, through the senior member of his flock, Samuel Abbot, Esq., presented him the following Address on Thursday last; to which the Revd. Doctor returned the accompanying Answer.

ADDRESS

To the Revd. SEPTIMUS THOMSON, LL.D. Rector of St. Stephen's Parish.

We the undersigned, your Parishioners beg leave to avail ourselves of the parting moment to tender you this expression of our respect and affection—the ties which have connected you with us for nearly a quarter of a century as Rector and Pastor, as our Neighbour and Friend, cannot but call forth our most lively desires and earnest prayers for your welfare, now you are about to cross the Atlantic and to be for a season separated from us. We are sensible, Revd. Sir, that no eulogium of ours at this time can add to the high reputation you have so long sustained in this Province as a Clergyman, a Gentleman, and a Scholar. We can only acknowledge with gratitude a feeling sense of the many benefits we have derived from your labours among us both in and out of the Pulpit—your uniform kindness towards us in sickness and in health—the consolations you have by your ministrations afforded us from time to time, under our afflictions—and for your able and indefatigable exertions for the promotion of our spiritual instruction and edification.

We regret extremely, Revd. Sir, that your present call to your Fatherland is in any way owing to circumstances of an affecting nature, and we will indulge the hope that you will find the object of your immediate solicitude in a better state of health than your fears now lead you to anticipate; and that it may please God yet to enable your son to return here with you, to be a comfort to his parents and friends—useful to the community and an ornament to his profession.

Allow us, Revd. Sir, to add the assurance that you carry with you our best feelings and sympathies, and that we shall hope to witness your speedy and safe return to your family and to your pastoral care over us.

And may the blessing of Heaven accompany you. God grant you a short and pleasant passage to Europe and a happy greeting there with your kindred and friends.

Tristram Moore J P.	Sam. Abbot J.C P.
Josephus Moore J P.	David A. Ross J P.
James Maxwell C.W.	John Grimmer J P.
Joseph Cornick C.W.	J H. Whitlock
P. M Abbot	T. M. Pingree
John W. Moore	T. Burton Abbott
H. Thompson	John H. Ovitt
A. Lindsay	Wm. Watson
James Waddall	James McCoreghey
John M. Norwood	George Abbott
Wm. Andrews	James Murchie
George Lindsay	Saml McGowan
Joseph McAdam	Alex Gillis
James T. Rixby	John Strange
Wm Owens	Thos Vesey
Z Chipman	Jas McBride
John Love	Thos W Rogers
Thos H Maxwell	Wm W Grimmer
John Milherry	Barth McCoreghey
Daniel H Maxwell	Saml Robinson
James Maxwell	Wm Munson
Israel Peake	Wm Vroom
Wm Moore	John McBride
Daniel M Perkins	Archd McBride
John Wilson	Archd Thompson
James Grimmer	John Wilson jr.
Thomas McKeen	Wm Maxwell
Charles Grant	John W Grimmer
Joseph H Maxwell	John Murchie
William Grant	George Trimble
John Grant	William Trimble
Thomas D Maxwell	Jesse Grimmer
Daniel Maxwell	Saml Maxwell
Joseph Clendennin	George Hiltz
G W L Abbot	

To the Parishioners of St. Stephen.

MY DEAR PARISHIONERS AND FRIENDS.—Your very kind Address is as unexpected as it is grateful to my feelings in this trying moment, which separates me from my dear flock for the first time during the space of "a quarter of a century" that I have had the spiritual charge among you. This expression of your affectionate regard is duly appreciated by me, and it is a source of comfort to know that your prayers will arise to our common Father above, for me, during my voyage and separation from you. Be assured you will never be forgotten in my daily addresses to the throne of Grace.

I feel my dear friends, that I wished to be in all the relations of "Rector and Pastor—of neighbour and friend," all that your kind Address gives me credit for having been, but I feel sadly conscious that in too many instances, I have come far short of the measure of Pastoral duty among you, which I had traced out for myself,—as far as the feelings, that ought to characterize the "neighbour and friend" go, and the wish to cultivate these feelings, I have never been wanting—but this is all I can claim.

For my humble ministrations in the congregation and among your families, when sickness visited them, or death and sorrow overshadowed them, I can claim no higher credit than that they were well meant and never withheld, let the season or the weather be what it might. My wish was and is to spend and be spent in the service of "Christ and his Church," and of you that portion of his flock committed to my charge.

I most sincerely thank you for your kind sympathy with me, in the family affliction which calls me to my "Father Land." This is not the first time that my afflictions have been soothed by your sympathy. It has pleased God at various times to chastise my family by afflictions; and at such seasons the sympathies of you all, were expressed in a way never to be forgotten by myself or family, and of which we have ever retained a grateful sense. I need your sympathy now, for it is indeed a hard trial to be forced at my advanced age to leave my family and flock and cross the Atlantic, with the impression on my mind that I shall be, perhaps, too late, to catch the last fleeting breath of a beloved son, whose return after a long and expensive course of studies I daily looked for, in the full hope that he would have been "useful in this community," and not unworthy his honourable profession as a Physician. It may please God yet to give him to our prayers; but while I would feign indulge hope, I greatly fear.

I have one word to say to you beyond what your Address would call for, but I am sure you will not think it out of place. It is, that it arise to the duties of my separation from you, that it occurs at a time, when our own excellent Bishop, is about for the first time to visit us. I am sure you will be prepared to pay him that attention which his high and holy office and his personal merits have a right to claim from you, and assist my representative, in more than compensating to his Lordship and the Church, for my absence.

Now my dear friends, to God's gracious mercy and protection I commend you all fervently praying that he may richly give you of his Grace, both to will and to do, of his good pleasure; and that if we be permitted again to meet here below, we may re-establish an intercourse of love and of mutual edification; but if this be denied us, that our Blessed Redeemer may grant us the privilege of meeting in a happier world, to praise him who has loved us and washed us from our sins in his own blood, and made us Kings and Priests unto God and the Father for ever.

SKEFFINGTON THOMSON.

We learn from an English paper that His Grace, the Commander in Chief of Her Majesty's Forces, has at last discovered that the *thing* called the *Albert cap*, won't do for the British Army. The charity boys in the streets of the towns have hooted it out of fashion, and a city contemporary states that the authorities dare not allow recruiting parties to wear it, for fear the monstrosity should frighten the bumpkins from enlisting. How much more becoming is the new scalpin of the Fusileers! We trust that while His Grace's hand is in, he will not stop at the schakos, but will also restore the old cocked hat and plumes, instead of the hideous looking thing with the large rabbit's ears in the top that the Staff sport now. No man likes to be made a figure of, if he can help it.—*Montreal Courier.*

FROM NEW ZEALAND.—The New Bedford Mercury, on the authority of a letter from captain Howland, of the ship London Packet, of Fairhaven, dated Bay of Isles, New Zealand, March 13th, that the natives of New Zealand had risen upon the English inhabitants of the Bay of Isles, and completely overpowered them. On the 12th of March, a battle was fought between the English and the natives, in which the former sustained a loss of 20 or thirty killed, and a great many wounded. The English fled to the vessels in the port, leaving the town in possession of the natives, who soon reduced it to ashes.

Later.—Later accounts, received at Nantucket from New Zealand confirm the above melancholy news, and add—

"Captain Roberts of H. M. sloop of war Hazard was supposed to be mortally wounded. The serjeant of Marines, and a number of the ship's company, who were landed to assist the inhabitants were killed. The survivors had all left for Auckland the seat of Government."

Fire at St. Thomas.—A fire occurred at St. Thos on the 25th June, in a Commission Ware house of Santz Stilla, on the wharf, which, with two adjoining buildings was destroyed.—Loss estimated at $18,000.

Death by Heat.—Some twelve persons were taken to the Bellevue Hospital in the Park, who had fallen in the streets in the course of the day, and died in consequence of the excessive heat.—*New York paper.*

☞ The June and July numbers of SEARS' new *Family Magazine* have been received, and may be obtained from the Agent, Mr. John F. Smith, North Market Wharf.

Married.

On Thursday, in Germain street Chapel, by the Rev. Enoch Wood, Mr. George F. Thompson, to Rebecca, third daughter of Mr. Wm. Dunham.

At the Cathedral Church, on Wednesday the 23d inst., by the Lord Bishop of Fredericton, Samuel J. Scovil, Esq. Barrister at Law, of this city, to Mary Eliza, only daughter of John Robinson, Esquire, Douglas.

On Thursday by the Rev. James Dunphy, V.G., Mr. Nicholas Hanchery, to Miss Eleanor Bowes both of Lots Lamond Island.

On the 25th inst., by the Rev. Robert Irvine, of the Free Church, Mr. Wm. Buck, to Miss Rachel Thompson, both of this city.

On the 26th instant, by the same Mr. John Galbraith, of Fredericton, to Miss Rachel Ramsey, of this city.

On Friday last, by the Rev. Jas. Dunphy V. G., Mr. Joseph Tahany, of Johnston, (Q. C.) to Miss Mary Falls, late of Boston, Mass.

At Shediac, on the 10th inst. by the Rev. Doctor Jarvis, John Steadham, Esq. to Miss Catherine E. Harper, daughter of the late William Harper, Esq of Moncton.

At Pictou, Nova Scotia, on Wednesday the 16th instant, by the Rev. Charles Elliott, John Hamilton Lane, Esquire, of H. M. Customs at that Port, to Amelia, second daughter of the late Wm. Mortimer, Esquire.

Died.

At Carleton on Tuesday last, Percy Robert, youngest son of Mr. John Cook, aged 8 months.

On Thursday evening, of consumption, Mary Ann, wife of Mr. W. Tredwell, and eldest daughter of Mr. Wm. A. Robertson, in the 24th year of her age. Funeral on Saturday next, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of her father, Duke street, when friends and acquaintances are requested to attend.

On Thursday, Henry Hennigar, infant son of Mr. Richard W. Thorne.

At Hammond River Bridge, on the 12th inst. David, second son of Mr. Robert Wood, in the 18th year of his age.

At the Parish of Johnston, Queen's county, on the 16th inst. Charlotte Ann, wife of Mr. George S. Akerley, in the 26th year of her age, leaving a husband, five small children, and a large number of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

On Saturday last, Mary Eliza, second daughter of Mr. James F. Morse, of this city, aged 3 years and 10 months.

At Indian Town, on the 22d inst. James Bailey, infant son of Capt. Mowry, aged 11 days.

In the Parish of Upham, on the Thursday, 17th inst., Daniel Livingstone, aged 59 years, a native of Belfast, Ireland, late Quarter Master sergeant Royal Artillery—leaving a wife and family to lament the loss of a kind and affectionate parent.

At Halifax, on the 25th inst., in the 34th year of his age, Mr James Whelpley, a native of this city.

At Yarmouth, N. S., on the 6th inst., after a lingering illness, Thomas Purdie, Esq., in the 68th year of his age. He was a native of Lanarkshire, Scotland, and for many years a resident in Miramichi; the last sixteen years of life were passed in Yarmouth, and his death is deservedly regretted by all who knew him.

Drowned from on board the ship "Charlotte," on her passage from Belfast to this port, Mr. John M. Dickson, mate of that ship, aged 43 years, leaving a wife and 5 children to lament his loss.

SHIPPING LIST.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.—ARRIVED—24th, schooner Margaret, McCarthy, Boston, 5, Master, assorted cargo.

26th, brig Wm. Gowland, Thirkiel, Brest, 43, S. Wiggins & son, ballast; schr. Boundary, Shackford, New York, Adams & Ketchum, flour and pork.

27th, ship Favourite, Leach, Liverpool, 25, John Wishart, salt & iron; Barque Asia, Hannah, Liverpool, 35—W. M. Scovil, general cargo; George, Graham, Cork, 39, Allison & Sparr, passengers; brig Hardware, Shaw, Newfoundland, 20 John Robertson, ballast; Hope, Middleton, Maryport, 56, order, passengers; schooner Richmond, Kyllin, Boston, 5, R. D. Wilmot, assorted cargo; Daniel O'Connell, Parker, Portland, 4, Master, ballast.

28th, ship Wakefield, Abel, Newry, 54, John Hammond, gen. cargo & passengers; Wm. Ward, Daly, Liverpool, 25, James Smith, ballast; schr. Jane, Crowell, Halifax, 7, T. L. Nicholson and Co., rum, gin, and brandy.

29th, ship Mountaineer, Bogart, Liverpool, 38, Jas. Kirk, general cargo; Barque Oromocto, Cronk, Greenock, 35, John Robertson, coals; Venerable, Martin, Hull, 49, John Robertson, ballast; brig Alexander, Gregory, Newfoundland, 26 John Mackay, ballast; Broderick, Carr, Gibraltar, 46, order, ballast; Tagus, Taymouth, Carthagena, 49, John Robertson, ballast; brigt. Magnet, Proctor, Bryonies, 69, John Mackay, ballast; schr. Ann, Mahony, Boston, 6, Master, ballast.

30th, barque Canmore Cudlip, Glasgow, 25, Jas Malcolm, merchandise; Liverpool, Swinford, Liverpool, 40, order, ballast; brigt. Colonist, Reynolds, Halifax, 3, S. Wiggins & son, ballast; brigt. Mary Jane, Barr, Antigua, 15, T. Leavitt ballast; schr. Hemisphere, Crow, Boston, 4, Jas Alexander, assorted cargo; Don Nicholas, Drinkwater, Philadelphia, 9, C. E. Cross, assorted cargo; Charles Claridge, Eastport, 1, Master, ballast.

31st, barque Frederick, Grant, Bristol, 34, S. Wiggins & son, ballast; brig Manfred, Murwood Belfast, 50 order, ballast; Minerva, Hammond, saint Kitts 15, James Kirk, molasses; schooner Eleanor Jane, Roberts, Boston, 2, R. D. Wilmot, assorted cargo.

1st—brig Jane, Fairburn, Bordeaux, 49, order, ballast.

CLEARED.

26th, ship Albion, Brown, London, timber and deals, John Hammond; schr. Eliza Jane, Scott, Boston, coals, R. D. Wilmot.

28th, brig Harriet, Wallace, Newcastle, timber & deals James Alexander.

29th, schr. LaGrange, Drew, Boston, timber, George Eaton.

31st—ship Albion, Brown, London deals, John Hammond; schr. Meridian, Kavanagh, Boston coals; ship St. Andrew, Robertson, Hull, timber & deals, John Mackay; schr. James, Crowell, Halifax, limestone, &c.

At Philadelphia 16th, barque Argionut, Bette, of this port, 75 days from Table Bay, Cape of Good Hope.

Brigt. F. L. Veit, of Westport, N. S., loading Molasses at St. Kitts, to sail for Halifax, about 21st July.

ARRIVALS FROM ST. JOHN, N. B.

July 24, Spy, Hayes, at Wexford; Edina, Simson, at the Clyde; Northumberland, Collier, at Hull; Danube, McNaghten, at Donegal; 26, Independent, Kirkley; British Queen, Lord; and Corsair, McGregor, at Gloucester; 4th, William Herdman, Marshall, at Hull; William Penn, Stephenson, at the Clyde; 5th, Ann, McPee, at Fiperwick; 6th, Triton, Smith, at the Clyde; 7th, Andromeda, Paton, at Ayr; Westmoreland, Walker, at Ardrossan; 8th, England, Hardenbrook, at Liverpool; 9th, Harmony, Carrol, at Waterford; Mavis, Meredith, at Wexford; 11th, Wandsworth, Sangster, at the Clyde; 12th, Lady Caroline, at Gravesend; 13th, Princess Royal, Morrie, at Liverpool; Marchmont, Flemming, and Wm. Peel, Jenkinson, at Dee; Isadore, Walsh, and Sophia, Belford, at Waterford; 14th, Gratitude, Forrest, at Deal, Samuel, Grandell, at Liverpool; Britannia, Kemp, at Lynn; 15th, Queen, Watson, at Hull; Seadrift, Weatherall, at Liverpool; Nicholson, Young, at the Wight; Redwidg, York, at Galway; Fanny, Quinn, and Creole, Clarke, at Londonderry; Jane Hammond, Gillies, at Warren Point, (Newry).

SAILED FOR ST. JOHN, N. B.

July 3, Victor, Murray, from Glasgow; Ellergill, Knill, from Hull; 4th, Edward, from Londonderry; Normanton, Robinson, from Bordeaux; 5th, Birkenhead, Keswick, from Liverpool; 6th, Thetis, Vaughan, and Clyde, Halcrow, from London; 8th, Hornet, Hedigan, from Limerick; Aldebaron, from Hull; 9th, John & Richard, Clark, from Dundalk; 11th, Ann, from Liverpool; Panope, Pearce, from Dublin; Coronation, Hume, from the Clyde; 15th, Malvina, and Brothers, from Liverpool; 17th, Columbia, Reed, from Ardrossan; St. Mary, Baker, from Waterford.

Loading at Liverpool.—Edinburgh, Lawson, for St. John.

"Ætna," and "Protection" Insurance Companies.

ALEXANDER BALLOCH, the Agent in this City, has received Circulars, from which the following is taken:

From the "Ætna" Company, 23d July, 1845:—"You may be solicitous to know how we are affected by the fire in New York, on the morning of Saturday the 19th instant.

"We have a list of all our Insurances in the Burnt District—and we have the pleasure of stating, that the amount is such that we can meet every claim as soon as presented. If our Customers should feel interested to inquire, you now have the ability to answer."

From the "Protection" Company, 21st July, 1845: "Before this reaches you, intelligence doubtless will have been received of the late most disastrous conflagration in the city of New York, and as its effects will probably be entirely to absorb the Capital of some Offices, and to create inquiries as to all in this section of the country, it is deemed proper to send this Circular to our Agents that they may know that our loss by the fire is moderate—nothing more than we can readily meet, and will not interfere with the regular course of our business, nor affect the security of those who insure with us."

August 1.

CATHEDRAL CHURCH.

THE Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Fredericton having addressed a communication to the Rector, Church Wardens, and Vestry, of Trinity Church, in this Parish, relative to the procuring funds towards the erection of a Cathedral Church in the city of Fredericton.—Notice is hereby given, that subscription lists in aid of this object have been left at the office of Wm. Wright, Esq., and at the counting houses of Wm. H. Street, L. H. Deveber, and John V. Thurgar.

St. John, 25th July, 1845—4i.

Smith's Tools.

THE subscriber has lately received an assortment of Smiths' Anvils, Vices, and Bellows.

July 25. E. L. JARVIS.

A CARD.

MRS. J. T. HUNT, begs to announce that she is about forming CLASSES for the instruction of Young Ladies in *Drawing*, and the *French and Italian Languages*, at her residence in Garden st., in the cottage lately occupied by Mr. S. L. TILLEY.

July 18. 4ins.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a Note of Hand drawn by the subscriber in favour of James E. M'Donald, for £58: 8s: 1d., dated St. John, 7th June, 1843, and endorsed by him to his son Jacob M'Donald, as said Note has been negociated and paid.

J. JOHN E. DOW,

Sheffield, (N. B.) July 23, 1845

FOR SALE

A Very valuable Lot or parcel of Land situate and fronting on the Washademoak Lake, in the Parish of Wickham, Queen's county, containing 200 Acres, more or less, formerly owned by Wm Peters and James Blizzard. The Land is of very superior quality, having a good growth of timber on part, and yielding a considerable quantity of excellent HAY. Further information can be obtained by application to H. P. STURDEE.

July 4.

ELDON, No. 2.—The brethren of Eldon are requested to meet in their Lodge Room, This Evening, (Friday,) at 8 o'clock. By order of the W. M. Regular night. August 1.

YORK, No. 3.—The brethren of No. 3, are requested to meet on Monday evening next, 8 o'clock. R. N.—By order of the W. M. Aug. 1.

Phœnix Book and Stationery WAREHOUSE,

Prince William Street, Saint John, N. B.

THE subscribers having entered into Co-Partnership, have pleasure in apprizing their Friends and the Public that they are prepared to furnish School and Mercantile Account Books and Papers; Bibles; Classical, Theological and Miscellaneous Books; Prayer, Psalm and Hymn Books; STATIONERY in all its variety of style and quality: Fancy Articles; Printing and Wrapping Papers; Printing, Writing, and Indelible INKS—together with every conceivable requisite for the School, Office, and Counting Room;—and hope by prompt attention and very low prices to render every satisfaction to their customers, whether Wholesale or Retail.

From their facilities for procuring supplies of every article in their line of business from the very best British and American markets, they can with every confidence, recommend their Stock to the attention of the public—and will promptly execute all orders with which they may be favoured.

They are also prepared to execute every description of **Book Binding**, in the neatest and most substantial manner, at low prices.

JAMES M'MILLAN,
ALEX. M'MILLAN.

August 1, 1845.

CARD.—J. & A. M'MILLAN present their warmest thanks to the friends through whose prompt and efficient assistance they have suffered so little loss and damage by the fire of the morning of the 30th instant,—and particularly to the Foreman and Company of Engine No. 3, for their strenuous and effective exertions. August 1.

MR. F. NEIL returns thanks to the friends who assisted him in removing his goods on the night of the conflagration, and informs the public that he has taken a Store in Merritt's Brick Buildings, No. 1, Water street. August 1.

NOTICE.—A Band Basket was left with the subscriber on the night of the fire, containing females' wearing apparel. The owner is requested to call and get the same by paying expenses.

August 1. JAS. PEACOCK.

A CARD.—The Subscriber begs to return his most sincere thanks to the numerous Friends who assisted him in removing his Property on the night of the late fire, and more particularly to the Officers and Men of the Militia Rifle Company under his command, to whose unwearied exertions he feels himself particularly indebted.

August 1. CHAS. W. KETCHUM.

A CARD.—The Subscriber takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to those friends who so cheerfully assisted him in securing his stock of Goods, on the night of the late melancholy fire. JOHN B JWES.

LOST.—Any Person having in their possession a Tub of Clothes, which was taken from the Commercial Bank on Wednesday last, will oblige a favour on the subscriber by giving him notice of the same. WM. MAJOR.

August 1.

The Subscriber returns his sincere thanks to those Friends who so kindly assisted him on the night of Tuesday last; and by whose means much of his personal property was saved.

August 1. WM MAJOR.

CARD.—MR. W. B. KINNEAR returns his best thanks to those friends by whose kind exertions the Books, Papers, and Furniture of his Office were saved from the flames and afterwards preserved on the night of the late calamitous fire.

August 1. [court and obs]

Mr. W. B. Kinnear's Office

IS in the buildings next to the Mayor's Office in Prince Wm. street Aug 1.

(court and obs 4i)

Card.—THOMAS M. SMITH takes this method of tendering his thanks to those Friends who so promptly came to his assistance at the Fire on Tuesday night, and by whose endeavours a considerable amount of his property was saved.

He has taken a store on the North Market Wharf next to Messrs. T. L. NICHOLSON & Co., where his former Customers and the Public in general are invited to call. August 1.

HORSFALL & SHERATON tender their grateful thanks, to those kind friends, who gave them such valuable assistance on Tuesday night during the fire. August 1.

DETAINED

BY the subscriber, on the night of the fire, under suspicious circumstances, the following Goods, viz:—3 Vests; 4 Hats; 1 Guernsey Frock; 1 Neck Scarf; 1 Silk Handkerchief. The owner can have the same on application to

GEO. WOODS.

August 1. *Dock street.*

INTIMATION.

THE undersigned begs to tender his grateful acknowledgements to those gentlemen whose friendly assistance during the raging of the fire on Wednesday morning last, was the means of removing his Printing materials to a place of safety.

August 1, 1845. ROBERT SHIVES.

EDUCATION.

MISS FOULIS' Day School for Young Ladies, will reopen on Monday, the 4th day of August next, when a few pupils can be received for Instruction in English Grammar, Composition, History, Geography with the use of the Globes, Practical Geometry, Writing, Arithmetic, Needle Work, Piano Forte, Music and Drawing, &c.

Orange street August 1.

[court and obs 2i]

HIDES, RICE, &c.

By the Eleanor Jane, from Boston:—

100 AFRICAN HIDES;
12 half Tierces best RICE;
6 barrels SALERATUS;
5 barrels Best Refined WHALE OIL;
6 handsome CLOCKS, brass works;
20 Trunks and Valises;
Children's Waggons and Willow Baskets;
Spit Leather; Castor Oil, &c.

JOHN KINNEAR,

1st August. *Prince William street.*

1st AUGUST, 1845.

PER schooner 'Eleanor Jane,' from Boston—20 dozen PAILS.

ARCH'D HEGAN.

Chain, Chain Cables, Oil, &c.

Received by the *Mountaineer* and *Asia*:

2 CASKS Quarter Inch CHAIN;
5 do. five sixteenths do.; 8 do ⅜ do.
5 do seven sixteenths do.; 5 do. half inch do.
4 Chain CABLES ⅝ in. 9 16, ¾ inch,
10 casks 4d. Wrought NAILS,
10 do. 6d. do. do.
20 do. 8, 10, 12, and 20, do.
10 do assorted Boat Nails; 2 do. Sheathing Nails;
25 do assorted SPIKES;
17 pieces Table Printed COVERS;
55 reams Post, Pot, and Fool's Cap PAPER;
50 do White Cap Paper.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.

August 1. *Prince William street.*

For sale low,

For Cash or approved Payments—

50 HHDS. SUGAR; 40 puncheons MOLASSES;
150 bbls Corn Meal; 50 do Rye Flour.

July 12. SUMMERS & HICKS.

Anchors, Chains, &c.

Ex *John & Isabella*, from Newcastle—

2 CHAINS, each 14 inch, 90 fathoms; 1 do. do. 1 inch, 60 do.; 1 ANCHOR, 21 cwt; 1 do. 20 cwt; 1 do. 22 cwt; 1 do. 4 cwt 2 qrs 26lbs; 4 tons CORDAGE, assorted sizes; 5 tons Spikes, assorted. For sale by

June 27. J. R. CRANE.

PRINCE of WALES THEATRE.

The Public is respectfully informed that in consequence of the late calamitous Fire, the above elegant place of amusement was closed until

FRIDAY EVENING 1st July,

On which occasion the conjunctive exertions of *Miss McBRIDE & Mr. FREER* will be brought before the audience in James S. Knowles fine tragedy of VIRGINIUS, aided by the whole strength of the company.

Virginius,	Mr. Freer.
Virginia,	Miss McBride.

August 1. [*See small Bills*]

By the Queen's patent.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS OF

Buchan's Hungarian Balsam of Life,

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR

Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption.

THE most celebrated and infallible remedy for Colds Coughs, Asthma, and every form of Pulmonary Consumption, is the HUNGARIAN BALSAM OF LIFE, discovered by that eminent medical chemist, Dr Buchan, of London, England, and extensively known as the 'Great English Remedy.'

It has been tested for upwards of seven years in Great Britain and on the continent of Europe, where it is universally considered the great and only remedy for that awful malady, and is now introduced to the public under the immediate superintendence of the inventor. Within three years it has been distributed from Maine to Florida, and from Canada to Wisconsin, and its effects are every where alike ASTONISHING AND TRIUMPHANT.

As a preventive medicine, and an antidote to the consumptive tendencies of the climate, it is invaluable. As a remedy for severe and obstinate coughs Inflammation of the Lungs, Croup, &c. it is unrivalled. But the Proprietor is so confident of the merit of this great remedy, in the worst forms of consumption, that he prefers to have it used by the DYING INVALID, rather than by persons afflicted with some simple and less dangerous disorder of the throat and lungs;—this may seem strong language, but it is the result of experience in three hundreds of cases, sustained by the most intelligent and unimpeachable testimony. It is not pronounced an infallible remedy in all cases, but it is THE MOST INFALLIBLE remedy known to the civilized world. It is the best preventive of hereditary consumption—it is the best defence against the influence of climate—it is the best remedy for incipient consumption—and it is the great and only remedy for that fearful softening of the lungs—inflammation of the membrane, and tuberculous decay, which are the last effects of that dreadful scourge, and which are erroneously supposed to be beyond the reach of medical aid;—the agent or proprietors of other medicines dare not claim for their preparations a power like this: they know that in no case have such effects been produced:—the grand object, and purpose of the common 'remedies' is simply to give relief—not to cure: this is easily done by an intelligent Physician or Druggist; but while dallying with these delusive compounds, the patient rapidly declines, and every day places him farther and farther beyond the reach of hope.

Such is not the case with the Hungarian Balsam. It is always salutary in its effects—never injurious. It is not an opiate—it is not a tonic—it is not a mere expectorant. It is not intended to lull the invalid into a fatal security. It is a great remedy—a grand healing and curative compound; the great and only remedy which medical science and skill has yet produced for the treatment of this hitherto unconquerable malady. It is in fact the *best remedy in the world!*

[From the John Bull, newspaper, London.]

There is certainly some mysterious and occult virtue in the famous "Hungarian Balsam of Life," which the medical faculty are unable to discover, or Dr. Buchan would not be permitted for so many years to enjoy the magnificent monopoly of the treatment and cure of Consumption in Great Britain. No satisfactory analysis of this famous compound has ever, to our knowledge, been offered to the public.

Sold by McDonald & Smith, Sole Agents for the United Kingdom.

By special appointment PETERS and TILLEY, No. 2, King street, St. John, Sole Agents for the Province of New-Brunswick. Aug. 1.

No PUFFING! No PUFFING!

City Clothing Store,

AND GENERAL

OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,

South Side the Market Square.

THE subscriber has received per recent arrivals, a large and extensive selection of

Cloths, Summer Clothing,

and every other article connected for an Outfitting Establishment, which are too numerous to mention in the columns of a Newspaper; and for Variety, Quality, and Cheapness, cannot be surpassed by any house in the Trade.

JOHN ANDERSON.

N. B. Persons desirous of having their Clothes made to order, can select the Cloth and have them made up at the shortest notice and latest styles.

June 13, 1845.

LONDON HOUSE

MARKET SQUARE.

Spring and Summer Goods.

Per ships *St. John, Corsair*, and *Lady Caroline*:—

AN assortment of shawls, Dresses, silks, cottons, Woollens, Linens, Hose, Parasols, &c.

June 6 T. DANIEL.

Spring and Summer Goods.

HORSFALL & SHERATON,

Have just received per *Mayflower* and *Lady Caroline*, part of their supply of Spring Goods, consisting of—

SHAWLS and Handkerchiefs; Bonnet and Cap Ribbons; Fancy Orleans and Parisians;
Gent