ENDORSE SYSTEM AT DES MOINES

REPORT PRESENTED TO TRADES COUNCIL

Public Meeting to Be Called Shortly to Discuss Matter.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

At last evening's meeting of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council a very interesting report was presented by the legislative committee in respect to systems of municipal government. After having made full enquiry into the experience of various cities on the continent of America they had come to the conclusion that the system in operation at Des Moines, Ohio, was by far the best of any that they had investigated. They recommended that steps be taken to secure the inauguration of such system in Victoria. The report caused an animated discussion and the members of the committee, Messrs. McEachern and Charlton, were highly commended for the painstaking and thorough manner in which they had performed the task alloted to them. It was finally decided to lay the whole matter before the Union of Municipalities and also call a public meeting to be held at an early date to discuss the proposal of the committee.

The committee suggested that the following questions be submitted to all candidates for municipal office:

Do you favor the introduction of a system of civic government embodying the following features:

1. Mayor and council of four or six elected for a term of at least two years.
2. All to be elected from city at large.
3. All or any of them to be subject to recall on petition of a percentage of voters, say 25 per cent.
4. All the city's business to be divided into departments, each department to be under the control of one of the aldermen or the mayor, who will consult the rest of the board when necessary on the more important undertakings. The mayor and aldermen to give as much of their time as may be necessary to properly do the business, having regular hours set apart for this purpose.
5. The salaries of mayor and aldermen to be placed at figures sufficient to adequately pay them for their work.
6. All franchises to be subject to referendum, and contracts of any sum above $200 to be subject to tender.
7. Th evoters to have the power to initiate any by-law they may desire on presentation of a petition embodying the by-law and signed as a suitable percentage of the voters, say ten per cent.
7. The voters to have the power to exercise the referendum on by-laws on presentation of a petition signed by a proper number of the voters, ten per cent.

In the discussion which followed it was pointed out that a system such as proposed could not be put in operation unless the British North America Act were amended. The Dominion Trades and Labor Congress will be asked to bring the matter before the Ottawa House preliminary to asking for legislation in the Imperial arliament.

AN INVITATION TO PROFESSOR LEACOCK

Canadian Club to Ask Distinguished Economist to Speak.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

At a brief business meeting of the Canadian Club held at the close of the banquet this afternoon, the pleasing information was conveyed to the members by A. C. Flumerfelt that Prof. Stephen Leacock, professor of political economy in McGill University, would in all likelihood pay a visit to Victoria shortly. It was unanimously decided that a pressing invitation be extended to this distinguished Canadian to address the club.

The following members were constituted a nominating committee to arrange for the annual election of officers at a meeting to be held in the near future: A. W. McCurdy, Judge Lampman, E. V. Bodwell, K. C., John Nelson, A. C. Flumerfelt, Mayor Hall and J. A. Mara.

PROPOSED INQUIRY.

Resolution Before U. S. Congress Asking for Investigaation Into Ballinger-Pinchot Controversy.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—The administration resolution for a congressional investigation of the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy was introduced simultaneously in the Senate and House yesterday. It is a joint resolution, which means that it must receive the signature of the president to make it effective, and this will give Taft a hand in the investigation.

In the Senate Senator Jones asked that the resolution be referred to the public lands committee, but at the request of Senator Lodge it was laid over until to-day.

AIRSHIP TANGLE.

New York, Jan. 6.—President Cortlandt Bishop, of the Aero Club of America, left to-day for Los Angeles. Before leaving Bishop said he would do everything to settle the maze of difficulties which have arisen around the injunction granted the Wright Bros. by Judge Hazel, restraining Curtiss and Fauelhan from flying in Wright machines.

ARBITRATION COST $2.50 A MINUTE

Proceedings Are to Determine What Kenora Shall Pay for Power.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—Arbitration which, according to a statement made by one of the commissioners, is costing three parties at the rate of $2.50 per minute, is in progress at the city here here to determine what sum the town of Kenora shall pay to the Hudson's Bay Company and the Keewatin Power Company for water power on Winnipeg river expropriated by the town for its municipal power and light plant. There are four commissioners, each of whom received $40 a day at the minimum. Kenora spent originally $17,000 to determine whether there was anything to arbitrate. The case went to the Court of Appeals, which referred it to arbitration. The commissioners told N. W. Rowell, K.C., to discontinue his line of questions, as the testimony would do no good and the session was costing $2.50 per minute for each six-hour day. It is pointed out that a High Court judge would have tried the case for a third of these expenses. Added to that any party has a right to appeal to the High Court, and from there again to the Court of Appeal. The two companies expect to receive an award not far short of $100,000, while the town looks to pay some $1,000.

TWO KILLED BY TRAIN AT CROSSING

Auto is Wrecked and Occupants Hurled Twenty Feet From Track.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Lewis E. Cone, a wealthy horseman, and his wife were instantly killed to-day when an Illinois Central train crashed into their touring car in the southern section of the city.

Cone, although said to have been warned by the whistle on the coming train, crossed the track just as the engine rounded a curve.

The auto was struck squarely and Cone and his wife hurled a distance of twenty feet from the track. The bodies of both victims were badly mangled.

OUTLOOK BRIGHT FOR LUMBER TRADE

Demand Much Better Than in Same Month Last Year.

Vancouver, Jan. 6.—Buyers representing 165 lumber yards in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba are either in Vancouver to-day or have been in the city within the past few days for the purpose of purchasing and acquainting themselves with the conditions of the manufacturing end of the lumber business.

A large manufacturer of lumber in Vancouver stated yesterday that the outlook for heavy exportation of lumber to the prairies during 1910 is excellent. The lumbering industry on the coast has never been, according to this authority, in better condition than it is to-day, stocks in the mills being about half what they were this time last year, and the demand is much better than was the case twelve months ago.

Lumber manufacturers on the coast are expecting a general stiffening of the market in March and April, and while there may be no general advance in the price of lumber, increases are looked for in certain grades which some mills are at present long on. When they have worked their stocks down, advances will naturally occur.

FLY HIGH, SAYS BLERIOT.

Paris, Jan. 6.—"The higher you go, the safer you are" Thus M. Bleriot, the aviator who crossed the English channel in a monoplane, commented on the death of Leon De La Grange, who was killed in a fall with his aeroplane at Bordeaux. Bleriot also referred to injuries of Santos Dumont, who was also slightly hurt during an ascension.

"I believe the deaths of De La Grange, Lefebre, Fernandez and Ferber were all due to flying too close to the ground where the air current is uncertain. I would as soon fall from 4,000 or 5,000 feet as from 100 feet. There is less danger of falling from the greater heights. Hereafter. I think that I shall not sail at a distance less than 2,400 feet above the ground.

IMMIGRATION TO U. S.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—A statement by the bureau of immigration shows that during the year ending June 30th, 1909, out of a total of 751,786 immigrants admitted to the country, 12,218 were destined for the State of Washington. Only about a quarter as many were for Oregon. During the same time only 1,924 alien emigrants departed from the states for foreign countries.

At the port of Seattle from July to September 464 alien immigrants were admitted to the country, 383 non-immigrant aliens also came in, while 231 emigrant aliens departed and 283 non-emigrant aliens also left. Thirty-eight were debarred from entering and 90 were returned after landing.

PRINCE RUPERT'S FIRE HALL.

Prince Rupert, Jan. 5.—The new fire-hall on Fulton street is rapidly nearing completion. As soon as the recently ordered fire fighting apparatus arrives, it will be installed

WEARS A NO. 17 BOOT

New York, Jan. 7.—Geo. Dolling, seven feet and a quarter inch tall, arrived here to-day from England. He was met at the pier by his brother-in-law, Benj. Corday, who is a mere stripling of 6 feet 8½ inches.

Dolling wears a number 17 boot, about six inches wide and sixteen inches long—eats enough for three ordinary men—and enjoys every mouthful.

It is a great thing when one goes to the table with a hearty appetite and sound digestion. Many things tend to make us eat less than the body requires.

Constipation, Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Weak Stomach, Impure Blood, Sick Kidneys—all these troubles affect Digestion and the desire for food.

"Fruit-a-tives," made from fruit juices and tonics, is the best appetizer, because "Fruit-a-tives" makes the stomach strong—the liver active—the bowels and kidneys regular—the blood pure and the skin clean. If you want to be well and feel well, take "Fruit-a-tives."

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, or trial size 25c—or may be obtained direct from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

STEEL CARGOES COMING FOR GRAND TRUNK

Cape Breton Sails for Prince Rupert With 6,800 Tons.

The principal cargo coming to this Coast at present by way of the Straits of Magellan is steel rails. These are being shipped from the steel works on Cape Breton Island, Nova Scotia, direct to Prince Rupert for the Grand Trunk Pacific railway. The water route is much cheaper than overland, even if the line was constructed right through. As it is a large quantity are bound to come by water.

Several ships are now being loaded for this Coast. The Cape Breton has just left with 6,800 tons, and several foreign vessels will leave in the near future. This means that a very large length of line will be laid during the coming summer. The railway work will be pushed as fast as possible, for the road cannot begin to pay until the East and West have been linked up. Once that is completed the matter of branch lines will be taken up.

NUDE BODY FOUND.

Mystery Surrounding Disappearance of George Roberts Is Cleared Up.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The dead body of George Roberts, the E. & N. section hand who disappeared on Saturday night, was found yesterday afternoon by Joseph Barlow, who was sent out by the provincial police to search for him.

The body was found lying on the trail in the mountains about a mile and a half from Goldstream. Every bit of clothing was off with the exception of the boots. Evidently Roberts had gone insane, and leaving his speeder on the track in Niagara canyon, where it was found, wandered a couple of miles to where his body was found. Then he had removed his clothing and wandered about until he became exhausted and succumbed to the cold.

The body was brought down to Goldstream, where an inquest is being held to-day. Little is known of the man, beyond the fact that for a couple of years he had been working as a laborer during the construction of Mr. Dunsmuir's residence at Hatley Park.

The remains were brought to this city on the noon train to-day, and were conveyed to the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Company's parlors. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

CANADA'S WHEAT CROP VALUED AT $141,320,000

Yield in 1909 Was 166,744,000 Bushels—Higher Price for Grain.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—The department of agriculture reports that the total wheat crop of Canada last year was 166,744,000 bushels, averaging 21½ bushels per acre. The average market value was 84 4-5 cents per bushel, thus aggregating for the whole crop $141,320,000. In the crop was 112,434,000 bushels, averaging 17 bushels per acre, and the market value was 81 1-10 cents per bushel, aggregating for the whole crop $91,228,000.

WAR ON STEEL TRUST.

Federation of Labor Presents Letter to Taft, Charging Corporation With Violating Laws.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—The American Federation of Labor to-day involved President Taft in the fight it is conducting against the United States Steel Corporation.

A committee of the federation, headed by President Samuel Gompers, presented the president with a lengthy letter, charging the steel trust with breaking the laws and demanding its punishment. The president proposes to investigate the charges.

PUTS BULLET INTO BRAIN.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 6.—With bank books on his person showing balances of $400 and $100 in two local institutions, and with every evidence of prosperity, Wilheld Franks, 45, killed nimself to-day. Franks walked into a vacant lot and sent a bullet into his head. Nothing is known by the authorities of the man's history.

ARBITRATION AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—It was announced to-day that it will probably take a month to arbitrate the differences of the switchmen and the railway companies entering Chicago.

NEW METHOD OF SUBSTITUTING

PERMANENT TEACHERS TO DO THIS WORK

More Benches for Manual Training Centres—Committee to Investigate.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The matter of appointing permanent teachers on the city staff for the purpose of doing substitute work was decided upon last night by the board of school trustees at their regular meeting held in the city hall. Mrs. Trustee Jenkins presided in the absence of Chairman Jay and there were present Trustees McNeill, Christie, Riddell, McIntosh, Superintendent Paul and the secretary.

In introducing the subject Trustee McNeill showed that by making appointments of four permanent teachers to do the work there would be a saving to the city of $255, and that the work would be done much better as they would get properly certificated teachers. The saving would be made because the department of education paid a sum of $460 towards each permanent teacher while they paid nothing towards a casual substitute.

Mr. McNeill said he had talked the matter over with the principals of the schools and they had stated they could find plenty of work for the teachers to do when not substituting. Of the eighteen teachers who had done substituting during the past year only eight were certificated and those eight were not now available. He suggested that one should be attached to South Park, North Ward, Boys' Central and Girls' Central, respectively.

The motion to appoint four teachers was seconded by Trustee Riddell, but Trustee Christie thought three substitute teachers would be sufficient.

Superintendent Paul said that he had recommended four because that many were required. If, however, they decided not to appoint so many they could still appoint temporary outside substitutes if required. He showed how useful they would be in helping in the crowded rooms. At the North Ward, he said, there were not less than fifty pupils in any room and the two primary classes had sixty pupils each. In South Park school the lower rooms had 55 pupils each. Miss Sweet was already employed in the way suggested and her work was very satisfactory.

It was then decided to advertise for assistant teachers with not less than a second class standing, at a salry of $600 a year.

A letter was read by Manuel Training Superintendent Dunnell, which recommended the placing of four additional benches in each centre in the city in order to avoid the breaking up of classes. A discussion arose as to the advisability of securing these in Victoria, or buying in the East, and it was finally left to a committee to report on the cost of the home made benches. All were agreed to securing the extra benches but the questions that arose were how and when?

The board decided to continue Mrs. Wheeler's salary during her illness.

Some other detail work was attended to before the board adjourned.

INQUIRIES FOR LAND.

Settlers Are Turning Their Eyes Towards British Columbia.

Winnipeg, Jan. 6.—J. S. Dennis, assistant to Wm. Whyte, second vice-president of the Canadian Pacific railway, is in the city. Mr. Dennis said that his visit to Winnipeg was for the purpose of consulting with Mr. Whyte regarding the operations in the West during the coming year.

In the course of conversation Mr. Dennis referred to the great interest which is now being taken in the settlement of lands in British Columbia where the C. P. R. have large interests, which are administered at Calgary. He stated that during the last few months of the past year the company received some 7,000 inquiries from all parts of the world, but largely from the United States, from people who desire to locate in British Columbia, and that it was evident in the near future that the valleys in the southern portion of the province were going to the rapidly colonized, and the fruit and mixed farming industry rapidly developed.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Negro Shoots Paymaster and Then Ends His Own Life.

Reading, Pa., Jan. 6.—Frederick Neudorff, Democratic leader in the fourteenth ward of this city, was shot and killed today by a negro named John Brooks, who then committed suicide. The shooting occurred in Neudorff's office. It is supposed to have resulted from a dispute over Brooks' wages as an employee of the Toledo Asphalt Co., of which Neudorff was paymaster.

MILK GOES UP.

New York, Jan. 6.—Milk at the increased price of 9 cents a quart will enable the large milk companies to pay dividends three times as high as the big ones of recent years. This is the assertion of counsel for the state in the milk investigation which was resumed here yesterday.

MAN ELECTROCUTED.

Vallejo, Cal., Jan. 6.—Robt. McBride, of Davis, was killed this afternoon at the north tower of the Bay Counties Power Company, sixty thousand volts of electricity passing through his body. John Harrington, a foreman at the tower, was killed in a similar way a few days before Christmas.

EXPLOSION KILLS TWO.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Two men were killed and four others seriously injured today in an explosion of several cans of oil at the Lawndale pumping station near this city. The dead: Philip Dolan, aged 58, a coal passer, and Michael O'Donnel, assistant engineer at the plant.

IMPROVEMENTS AT ASYLUM FARM

Will Be Object Lesson for Farmers of Prairie—To Import Holsteins.

New Westminster, Jan. 3.—"We are working along the line of making the asylum farm at Coquitlam, outside of New Westminster, a model farm for British Columbia and in a way an experimental farm where the farmers of the province may see agricultural operations conducted in the most up-to-date manner and where they may secure thoroughbred stock to improve their strain at moderate prices." This was the statement made by Hon. Dr. Young, provincial secretary and minister of education, during his visit a few days ago.

"We have no idea of starting a series of experimental farms in the province," said Dr. Young. "That feature is looked after by the Dominion government. The idea which I am endeavoring to work out is rather to establish a model farm with thoroughbred stock for the assistance of the farmers. I got the idea when I was east last year where I found it working out very well near Montreal in connection with one of the colleges associated with McGill university. There they had thoroughbred stock of every description from chickens to cattle and horses, which the farmers were able to secure cheaply and thus improve the strain of their own stock. I believe the same scheme will work out very well here and Mr. Hodson is in accord with the idea.

"We have now under consideration a suggestion of sending an experienced man east this winter to select a herd of cattle for this farm. We have decided on Holsteins as being a good combination of milch and beef cattle and all that remains is to decide whether the herd will be secured in the west or selected in the east. At the present time we have some excellent Clydesdale horses which have carried off many prizes both at the Seattle and Victoria shows. In any event it is our intention to stock this farm with the best thoroughbred stock to be procured.

"At the next session of the House I intend to ask for an appropriation of $25,000 for the purpose of erecting permanent buildings at the asylum farm apart from the main buildings being erected. This sum, if granted, will be used to build a dwelling for the superintendent of the farm, modern stables and other buildings necessary for the carrying out of the work on the farm. The work on the main building is progressing satisfactorily, and I think we will have good results. On the farm we have now 250 acres ploughed and 460 acres cleared, and next summer farming operations will be conducted on a much larger scale than this year."

LABOR'S INTEREST IN PROBLEM OF HEALTH

Trades Council to Prepare Data for International Congress.

At last evening's meeting of the Victoria Trades and Labor council, Hon. H. E. Young, provincial secretary, wrote regarding the international congress of boards of health, which is to be held in Brussels, Belgium, next September, and asking the council to assist the project by furnishing information regarding the different diseases that the members of each trade or calling is mostly subject to. The letter was warmly received by all the delegates, and it was decided to assist in every possible way and the president was instructed to prepare a list of questions that will be submitted to all unions with the object of getting the information desired. The president announced that he would consult with the Hon. Dr. Young, Dr. Fagan, chief of the provincial board of health, and Dr. Robertson, city medical health officer, and after doing so would no doubt be in a position to take the most effective steps towards obtaining the desired results.

V. Clothier, chairman of the special committee on bill No. 21, regarding the hours of labor, wrote asking for all the information on the subject that the unions could possibly furnish, and pointing out that the committee was very anxious to thoroughly investigate the subject before making a report to parliament. The secretary and executive were instructed to comply with the request in every detail.

G. H. Barnard, M. P., wrote the council re Verville's 8-hour bill and enclosed a copy of the same with comments thereon. The secretary said he wrote and thanked Mr. Barnard for his kindness in keeping the council posted on the matter of interest to labor. On motion the council approved the secretary's action. The president pointed out that Martin Burrell, M. P., had strongly supported the bill and pointed out that the 8-hour system was and had been working well in his constituency. The council unanimously favored the bill, while they did not deny that it might be a little awkward to put it into operation in some districts, but claimed that the difficulties would soon be got over, and the law recognized, as was always the case in Canada.

R. Roundeau and W. C. Smith presented their credentials as delegates of the Barbers' International union and were duly initiated.

The treasurer presented his report for the past six months, showing the council to be in a prosperous condition.

The executive reported having met the street railway men and electrical workers with the object of settling some differences that have arisen with regard to jurisdiction but so far had not arrived at any satisfactory arrangements.

APPLES

We have received another consignment of apples from South Saanich and while they last we offer—

BELLE DE BOSCOOP.....
RHODE ISLAND GREENING.
CANADA REINETTE ..... } $2.50 per box

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CORNER YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS

PHONE 312.

WHEN A COURT IS NOT A COURT

INTERESTING POINT RAISED IN MURDER CASE

Stuart Henderson Argues for Lives of Two Condemned Men.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

An interesting constitutional point was raised before the Court of Appeal yesterday afternoon by Stuart Henderson, ex-M. P. P., Ashcroft, in a reserve case granted in the cause of Rex vs. Robert Dalker and William Chinley, under sentence of death for the murder of an Indian woman named Agnes, near Quesnel, in July last.

This point, which was only one out of several objections taken by counsel for the accused to the trial proceedings, is that the whole assize presided over by Mr. Justice Morrison at Clinton last fall was irregular, in that no commission of assize was issued or read, as required by common law. He contended that the provincial act abolishing commissions of assize was ineffective as to criminal cases and unconstitutional as affected criminal procedure. The commission was always read at the opening of an assize in the Old Land, and to do away with it here a federal statute would have to be enacted.

Chief Justice Macdonald got in a rub at his former colleague in the legislature by asking him if he desired to draft such a statute.

"I have no desire to touch on that for I am through with politices for the time being," replied Mr. Henderson laughingly.

To-day Mr. Henderson took up a number of other points, chief among them being the woman's ante-mortem statement. He read from the evidence of other witnesses to prove that no testimony was given which went to show that she was in imminent fear of death when she made her statement, and that therefore it was improperly admitted by the trial judge. Her father had not gone for the priest at once when asked, and did not return to the house until informed next day of her death; the doctor, while he knew her recovery was impossible, did not tell her so; the priest heard her confession, but did not administer extreme unction and expected to see her next day.

Their lordships pointed out that two witnesses described the woman as saying she was going to die, sure.

Mr. Henderson objected that all this important evidence was given through a poor interpreter, who was himself an ex-convict. He also objected that Attorney-General Bowser, in his opening statement, had made statements which were not afterwards given as facts in evidence. While these were to have been given by the wife of one of the accused he should have known that her evidence would be inadmissable as against her husband. Statements in the judge's summing up were objected to in addition.

An old woman named Augustine had given her evidence at the trial and moved off mumbling. Mr. Justice Morrison asked what she was saying, and the interpreter said she was repeating what the dying woman had said as to Walker and Chinley being her assailants. The attorney-general at once broke in to say that this was not what the crown wanted from her; that this evidence would come later; and the judge ordered the witness to be taken out.

Mr. Henderson argued that the testimony, given long before the ante-mortem statement was admitted, must have influenced the minds of the jury and was sufficient to warrant a new trial.

Their lordships thought it must have been as plain to the jury that they were not to pay any attention to this, from what Mr. Bowser and the judge said, as if they had been directed not to consider it.

"Is it not going too far to argue as you do" the chief justice asked Mr. Henderson. "I cannot see that the validity of a trial is to be affected by things a witness blurts out."

The argument will be concluded this afternoon, after which the list of civil appeals will be taken up.

ARCTIC CLUB EXPELS COOK.

New York, Jan. 6.—Dr. Cook, the explorer, whose claims to Polar discovery were rejected by a consistory of the faculty of the University of Copenhagen is no longer a member of the Arctic Club, which he founded. Last evening he was formally expelled.

WILL NOT DIVULGE CONFESSION.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Rev. Edwin A. Schnell, president of the Iowa Wesleyan University, has refused to divulge the confession Ray Lamphere is reported to have made to him. As a clergyman, Rev. Mr. Schnell declared he must keep sacred the story of the man who is supposed to have been responsible for the death of Mrs. Belle Gunness, of the Laporte, Ind. "murder farm."

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Men's or Women's Only.

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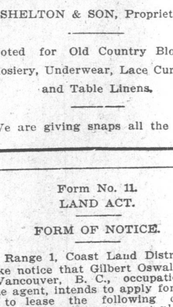

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AGENT.

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Marvellous results from taking his remedy for the liquor habit. Safe and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections, no publicity, no loss of time from business, and a cure guaranteed.

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Noted for Old Country Blouses, Hosiery, Underwear, Lace Curtains and Table Linens.

We are giving snaps all the time.

Form No. 11.
LAND ACT.

FORM OF NOTICE.

Range 1, Coast Land District.

Take notice that Gilbert Oswald Smith, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation, real estate agent, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the north shore of Call Creek, about 3 miles westerly from the head of said Call Creek, thence following shore line easterly 160 chains, thence southerly 20 chains, thence following shore line 20 chains distant therefrom westerly 160 chains, thence to point of commencement.

Located Nov. 26th, 1909.

GILBERT OSWALD SMITH.

December 20th, 1909.

FAVORS WOMEN ON POLICE FORCE

San Francisco Woman Says They Could Do Effective Work.

Los Angeles, Jan. 6.—The declaration of Mrs. Frances N. Noel, of the League of Justice, in her speech before the Reciprocity Club, to the effect that women were needed on the police force is the inspiration for many comments and discussions among the local club women here.

She stated that in her opinion woman could do effective police duty with recourse to clubs and that in her estimation there are many more important things for a policeman or policewoman to do than to promenade up and down a "beat."

"Women could accomplish much good," said Mrs. Noel, "as members of police boards and It would seem but logical that they be employed in cases where the arrest of other women, no matter how bad or unfortunate, is necessary. Already there are policewomen in certain places and I learn their work is effective. Their appointment is particularly necessary for the protection of children and the child labor problem would be easier of solution with such officers. Oh, yes, I certainly think we should have women on the police forces."