

DRY FORCE IN NEW YORK CUT

Eighteen Govt. Agents Released for Lack of Funds
—The City Now Has But Thirty.

New York, July 6.—Eighteen federal prohibition agents of the staff of the division chief of New York and northern New York, R. Q. Merrick, were dropped from the Government service on June 30, the last day of the fiscal year. It was learned at prohibition headquarters. This year's appropriation, effective July 1, was \$300,000 less than that of last year, and it was necessary to lop off the agents to keep inside the amount available.

Federal officials said that the loss of this number of agents would be keenly felt in the fact of the violations of the prohibition law brought about by the repeal of the Mullen-Gage act. Most of the men discharged were dropped from the Manhattan and Brooklyn groups.

"Due to the consistent reports," said one dry official, "the effect of the forces would be greatly increased, my office has been deluged with applications for appointments in the service. Now, instead of giving us the much needed men, Washington has found it necessary to reduce the number already in the service. We can hope for no relief till next December, when Congress meets, and then there is a possibility that an additional appropriation will be granted."

Due to dwindling appropriations in the last two years it has been necessary for the Government to drop a large number of agents all over the country. With about 150 dry agents all told in the State of New York at the present time, seventy-five on inspection work and seventy-five on enforcement duty, there remains in the City of New York about thirty agents available for enforcement duty.

According to a new ruling issued by Thomas H. Whittle, Surveyor of the Port, based upon instructions from Washington (special prohibition agents will not board incoming steamships arriving with supplies of liquor under seal. Hereafter all seals will be broken by customs officers and will be handled exclusively by the customs officers.

Canadian Archives Will Benefit From New Association

Composed of Families Connected With Early History
Of Dominion—Organization
Proposed by Dower County
Council of Minto and Approved
by Duke of Connaught.

London, June 15.—(By mail).—The following correspondence appears in the Times:

Sir,—I venture to send you herewith copies of letters which have passed between His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and myself, and I should be very grateful if you could give them publicity in the columns of the Times. They are self-explanatory. Communications from those interested will be welcomed by the Temporary Secretary, Sir Campbell Stuart, to whom letters should be addressed, care of the Canadian Archives, Public Record Office, Chancery-lane, London, E. C.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
MARY MINTO.
Hydon End, Hambleton, Godalming,
May 20.

Hydon End, Hambleton, Godalming,
May 25.

Sir,—I am venturing to approach your Royal Highness upon a matter which I feel confident will be of interest to you. Sir Campbell Stuart has suggested to me that an effective means of assisting the Canadian Government in its efforts to obtain all the information possible relating to its history would be the formation of an historical association in England and France, composed of those families which have been connected with its administration and of those which were associated with its naval and military history.

The proposal appeals to me forcibly, for some of the happiest years of my life were spent in Canada, and my husband, Lord Minto, while Governor-General, was deeply interested in the measures adopted by the Government for the preservation of its historic documents. Such an association would create a bond of sympathy between the two countries, and would prove of interest to many families who have possibly forgotten the part played by their predecessors in the progress and development of Canadian institutions. There are undoubtedly numerous memoirs and documents preserved in family archives, which would form the basis of an administrative history of the Dominion, and some of these might be published from time to time in suitable form. In any event, I think this association, through the family connections of its members, would reveal sources of information which are at present unsuspected. Will your Royal Highness kindly give me your views on the subject? The Prime Minister of Canada, the Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, cordially endorses the proposal, and Sir Campbell Stuart has expressed his willingness to act as temporary secretary for the association and to attend to the details of its formation.

I remain, Sir, your Royal Highness's obedient servant,
MARY MINTO.

Clarence House, St. James's, S. W.
May 26.

Dear Lady Minto.—The proposal contained in your letter meets with my cordial approval. It is a movement entirely in sympathy with the views held by the late Lord Minto, and the views held by the succeeding Governor-Generals. Under the administration of Lord Grey, the first Archives building was erected, and afterwards, under my own, a Royal Commission was appointed to inquire into the state of the

Hungry from Play



JUST about the hungriest work children can do is to romp and play out of doors on a summer day. Long before meal time they must have food.

The wise mother meets these hungry demands with a bowl of delicious, wholesome Puffed Wheat and milk.

The very wise mother fills her children's pockets with these crisp, puffed whole grains before they go out to play. Playmates' offerings of cakes or candies won't tempt the little person who has a pocket bulging with these nut-like puffed morsels.

PUFFED RICE

—like Puffed Wheat, is the whole grain made easily digestible by the unique process of steam explosion which puffs each kernel to eight times its normal size, retaining its natural cooking flavor.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

PUFFED RICE—PUFFED WHEAT

Whole Grains—made delicious

The Quaker Oats Company, Peterborough and Saskatoon

DEATH FOLLOWS QUICKLY FROM SLIGHT SCRATCH

Stratford Contractor Dies in His Motor Car After Fainting Spells.

Stratford, July 7.—Blood poisoning from a slight scratch received Saturday is believed to be the cause of William Henry Schenck's death.

Schenck, a contractor, who lives at 190 Birmingham street, while at work Saturday morning on one of his houses, received a slight scratch on his knee. He had the scratch dressed and later visited the doctor, who lanced the wound Saturday and on Sunday. Yesterday Schenck left for Rostock Cemetery to visit his parents' graves. At Schenckville he fainted, and a short while after he fainted again. Arriving at the home of his brother-in-law, Robert Armstrong, near Warburg, and while seated in his motor car, Schenck again fainted, and this seizure proved fatal.

Minard's Linctus for Dandruff.

Worth Its Price

"We have cheaper teas, madam, but I think you'll find 'KING COLE' is worth its price." So said a wise grocer recently to a questioning customer. He was there not merely to serve her, but to serve her well. He might please her purse with the cheaper article but her final judgment of his service would be on the quality of the tea supplied. He wanted a satisfied customer.

This was one of the many merchants using "KING COLE TEA" in their own homes, and so he could say with sincerity: "It is worth the price."

"You'll Like the Flavor."



THREE FREE BOOKS!

Send for our "Baby Welfare Book" which contains additional valuable information. Also "Baby Record Book" and "Recipe Book," all free. Write The Borden Company Limited, Montreal.

Name _____
Address _____

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in
Canada



Clip
and
preserve
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sheet

Our dealer can supply you with Borden's Eagle Brand Milk—note the picture of the can and take no other.

The Borden Co. Limited
180 ST. PAUL STREET WEST
MONTREAL

The Borden Co. Limited

That the Canadian Mother May Have Quick and Ready Information On Feeding Her Child —BORDEN'S EAGLE BRAND MILK—

In the following charts and data we provide the Canadian mother with the necessary information she may require for the use of Borden's Eagle Brand Milk for her child. You will note that the directions provide for a child from three days of age through until the child is 24 months old.

In addition to the directions for feeding Borden's Eagle Brand Milk, the mother should read carefully the suggestions which should be adopted in connection with the use of Borden's Eagle Brand Milk. The Borden Company Limited is proud of the fact that it has been helpful in the raising of many, many Canadian infants into sturdy boys and girls and men and women who are a credit to their country. For further information, do not hesitate to write direct to The Borden Company Limited—Montreal.

TABLE OF DILUTION STRENGTH AND TIMES OF FEEDING "EAGLE BRAND" CONDENSED MILK

AGE	Hours Between Feedings	Feedings During the Night	Quantity At each Feeding	Quantity Fed in 24 Hours	Teaspoonfuls of "EAGLE BRAND" to ounces of boiled water	Feedings in 24 Hours
3 to 7 Days	2	2	1 to 1½ ozs.	10 to 15 ozs.	3 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 13 ounces water	10
2 to 3 weeks	2	2	1½ to 3 ozs.	15 to 30 ozs.	1 teaspoonful "EAGLE BRAND" to 2 ounces water	10
4 to 5 weeks	2	1	2½ to 3½ ozs.	22 to 32 ozs.	2½ teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 4 ounces water	9
6 weeks to 3 months	2½	1	3 to 4½ ozs.	24 to 36 ozs.	3 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 4 ounces water	8
3 to 5 months	3	1	4 to 5½ ozs.	28 to 38 ozs.	4 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 5 ounces water	7
6 to 9 months	3	0	5 to 7 ozs.	30 to 42 ozs.	5 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 6 ounces water	6
9 to 12 months	3½	0	7 to 9 ozs.	35 to 45 ozs.	6 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 7 ounces water	5

IMPORTANT.—In preparing feeding mixtures it is imperative that all utensils, bottles, nipples, etc., should be sterilized in boiling water before using. Use a dry spoon in removing contents from the can, and in measuring be careful to pour from can to spoon, allowing the milk to level itself. Repeat this procedure with every spoonful measured, using the same spoon every time. This will insure accurate measurement and produce the best results.

DIET FOR CHILD DURING THE SECOND YEAR

Usually after the twelfth month, the mother should select a diet schedule. Every new article of food should be carefully prepared, and given at first in very small quantities. All meals are to be given regularly, with nothing between meals. With many children this expansion of the diet list is attended with considerable difficulty. They are thoroughly satisfied with milk, and refuse all other form of nourishment. In such cases, withhold the milk until the more solid articles of food have been eaten. If both are given at the same time, the child will prefer the milk and when he has finished drinking it he will refuse the solid food. The following diet schedule will permit the mother to select a suitable meal from the foods listed. It is never advisable to make a change in diet during very hot weather.

NOTE: One teaspoonful of EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK added to one ounce of boiled water results in a mixture equivalent in nutritive value to whole milk. Whenever the word milk appears in the following diet, EAGLE BRAND should be diluted accordingly.

12th to 15th MONTH—FIVE MEALS DAILY

7 A.M.—Oatmeal, barley, or wheat jelly, one to two tablespoonfuls in 8 or 8 ounces of milk. Stale bread and butter, or rusk and butter.

9 A.M.—The juice of one orange.

11 A.M.—Scraped rare beef, one to three tablespoonfuls, mixed with equal quantity of bread and moistened with beef-jelly. Or a soft-boiled egg mixed with stale bread-crumbs; a piece of rusk and 6 or 8 ounces of milk.

3 P.M.—Beef, chicken, or mutton broth, with rice or if wanted, stale bread and butter or rusk and butter. Many children at the above age will take and digest apple sauce and prune pulp; when these are given, milk should be omitted.

6 P.M.—Two tablespoonfuls of cereal jelly in 8 ounces of milk; a piece of rusk. Stale bread and butter.

10 P.M.—A tablespoonful of cereal jelly in 8 ounces of milk.

15th to 18th MONTH—FOUR MEALS DAILY

7 A.M.—Oatmeal, hominy, cornmeal, each cooked three hours the day before they are used. When the cooking is completed the cereal should be of the consistency of a thin paste. This is strained through a colander, which upon cooling will form a mass of jelly-like consistency. Of this give two or three tablespoonfuls, served with milk. 8 or 10 ounces of milk as a drink. Toast.

9 A.M.—The juice of one orange.

11 A.M.—A soft-boiled egg mixed with stale bread-crumbs, or one tablespoonful of scraped beef mixed with stale bread-crumbs and moistened with beef-jelly. A drink of milk. Rusk or bran biscuits, or stale bread and butter.

3 P.M.—Mutton, chicken, or beef broth, with rice or junket or with stale bread broken in the broth. Custard, corn-starch, plain rice pudding, junket, stewed prunes, baked apple or apple sauce.

6 P.M.—Farina, cream of wheat, wheatena (cooked two hours). Give from one to three tablespoonfuls, served with milk. Rusk or stale bread and butter.

18th to 24th MONTH—FOUR MEALS DAILY

7 A.M.—Cornmeal, oatmeal, hominy (prepared as in the above schedule). Serve with milk, or with butter and salt. A soft-boiled egg every two or three days. Hashed chicken on toast occasionally. A drink of milk. Bran biscuits and butter, or stale bread and butter.

9 A.M.—The juice of one orange.

11 A.M.—Rare beef minced or scraped; the heart of a lamb chop, finely cut. Chicken. Spinach, asparagus tips, squash, strained stewed tomatoes, stewed carrots, mashed cauliflower. Baked apple or apple-sauce. Stale bread and butter. After the twenty-first month, baked potatoes and well-cooked strained beans.

3 P.M.—Chicken, beef or mutton broth, with rice or with stale bread broken into the broth. Custard, corn-starch, or plain rice pudding, junket, stewed prunes. Bran biscuits and butter or stale bread and butter.

6 P.M.—Farina, cream of wheat, wheatena (each cooked two hours). Give one to three tablespoonfuls, served with milk, or with butter and salt. A drink of milk. Rusk or stale bread and butter.

The following suggestions have proved to be helpful when properly used with bottle feedings, and they may be used in conjunction with Eagle Brand Condensed Milk.

Always pour the milk from the can into the spoon—allowing it to level itself but not run over. You can readily understand that by dipping the spoon into the can you get more than a level spoonful, because of the milk that would adhere to the bottom of the spoon. This is important.

When you have added the milk to the water stir thoroughly. This is important.

After opening, it is safe to leave the milk in the original can.

ORANGE JUICE

When baby is four months old, give one teaspoonful of strained orange juice, diluted with equal quantity of boiled water, once daily before feeding time. Gradually increase the amount until you are giving the strained juice of a half of an orange undiluted, once daily before feeding time. Orange juice may be continued until child is old enough to eat other fruits as well as oranges.

OATMEAL JELLY

When baby is five months old, add one teaspoonful of oatmeal jelly to each feeding. Gradually increase the amount until you are adding three tablespoonfuls of oatmeal jelly to each feeding. To make oatmeal jelly add four ounces of oatmeal to one pint of water; boil for three hours in a double boiler, and add enough water so when cooking is completed a thin paste will be formed. This while hot is forced through a strainer to remove coarser particles. When cold a semi-mass will be formed. Oatmeal jelly may be continued until child is old enough to eat well cooked whole cereals.

CONSTIPATION

Oatmeal water very often relieves this condition. To make oatmeal water add one heaping tablespoonful of oatmeal to one pint of water, and boil for three hours in a double boiler. This will make a little more than half a pint of thick gruel to which add one pint of water that has been boiled. After straining mixture through fine strainer, you should have a little more than a pint of white liquid. This should be used with each feeding instead of the plain boiled water. If you find that this makes bowels too loose, dilute oatmeal water with plain boiled water.

Barley or rice water may be used instead of oatmeal water. If necessary two to three drops of plain cod liver oil may be given twice daily added to the morning and night feedings.

DIARRHEA

Give nothing but plain boiled water for twenty-four hours. Then start feeding with barley water, or rice water, to which has been added a little salt to improve the taste. If these feedings are retained, and bowel movements lessened, small amounts of very weak regular feedings may be started and gradually increased according to baby's condition. If your baby does not improve after trying the above suggestions, consult your doctor at once.

BARLEY WATER

Obtain the very best barley flour. Add one rounded tablespoonful to one pint of water. Boil for thirty minutes; strain; then add enough water to make one pint.

RICE WATER

Add one tablespoonful of rice to a pint of water. Boil three hours, adding water from time to time so that you will have one pint of rice water at the end of the three hours.

LIME WATER

It is seldom necessary to use lime water with Eagle Brand Milk but should there be undigested particles of food in the bowel movements (which seem to be otherwise normal) or should there be vomiting of large curds shortly after feeding—or colic—it would be then advisable to try lime water. Obtain freshly prepared lime water at the Druggists, of which add 1 to 2 teaspoonfuls to each feeding.

COLIC OR VOMITING

These conditions may be due to over feeding, or constipation. Reduce quantity of food and use constipation formula, or lime water formula, as given above.

MUTT AND JEFF—MUTT MUST CARRY A ROLL OF STAGE MONEY

ELEVEN O'CLOCK AND JEFF'S STILL IN THE HAY! I GOTTA BRING HIM TO HIS SENSES!



JEFF, HINT YOU GOT NO PRIDE OR AMBITION? ALL YOU DO IS LOAF AND SLEEP!



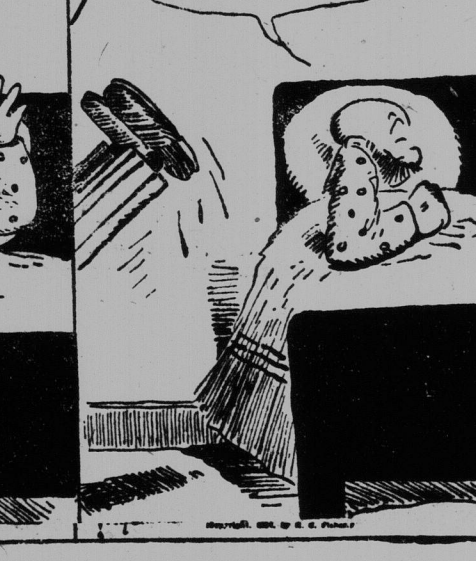
YOU'RE NOTHING BUT A BUM! YOU'RE ALWAYS BROKE AND BORROWING! YOU'RE GETTING ALONG IN YEARS AND OUGHT TO HAVE A BANK ACCOUNT!



I'LL HELP YOU GET A START. IF I GAVE YOU A FIVE DOLLAR BILL WHAT WOULD YOU DO WITH IT?



WELL, I DON'T SUPPOSE IT WOULD DO ANY GOOD, BUT I'D TRY TO PASS IT!



By BUD FISHER