

A GRAND ARCHEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY.—Alexander Von Humboldt publishes in the Gazette de Spener, some particulars of his interesting discovery; at Athens, of the council-chamber where the five hundred held their deliberations, at a depth of one foot below the surface, he had come upon a large mass of inscriptions, columns, statues, &c., which forbid a doubt that there had been the seat of that building. The explorations have not gone on as rapidly as they might, on account of the expense. There is little doubt, however, that the discovery is of extraordinary importance. —*Courier des Etats Unis.*

A STRANGE VISITOR.—A very large seal was seen last week at the Gattineau Point. The animal made its appearance near a raft of timber moored to the shore, (perhaps attracted by the smell of pork on board) and was fired at once or twice, without success, by one of the men. These animals are seldom seen here until shortly before the freezing of the river, and their appearance we consider to be a pretty certain indication that the cold weather is at hand. —*Ottawa Advocate.*

EXTRAORDINARY COMBAT.—A sportsman informs us that he witnessed, while out in quest of wild ducks, on the banks of the Rideau River, a fierce combat between a grey owl, of the largest species, and a mink. The owl, whose wings measured six feet in extent, pounced upon the mink, and bore him off above the bushes in his talons. The sportsman watched his progress, and, while the bird was attempting to alight on the branch of a large elm, he suddenly fell to the ground. On hastening to the spot, our friend found his vigorous ownership quite dead, and the mink gone. The mink, which was a very fine one, with a tempting coat on his back, shortly made his appearance from under the turned up roots of an old oak, but, having the marks and character of a hero about him, the sportsman declined shooting him. —*Ottawa Advocate.*

A FOX'S REVENGE.—Rev. J. Murray, in his work on Creation, tells the following story:

An old and respectable man of the County of Montgomery used frequently to relate an anecdote of a circumstance, which he saw. In his youth he resided on the banks of the Hudson River. One day he went to a bay on the river in order to shoot ducks or wild geese. When he came to the river, he saw six geese beyond shot. He determined to wait for them to approach the shore. While sitting there, he saw a fox coming down to the shore and stand some time and observe the geese. At length he turned and went into the woods, and came out with a very large bunch of moss in his mouth. He then entered the water very silently, sank himself, and, then keeping the moss above the water, himself concealed, he floated among the geese. Suddenly one of them was drawn under the water and the fox soon appeared on the shore with the goose on his back. He ascended the bank and found a hole made by the tearing up of a tree. The hole he cleared, placed in the goose. The fox then left, and while he was gone, the hunter noticed the goose, closed the hole, and resolved to wait the issue.

In about half an hour the fox returned with another in company. They went directly to the place where the goose had been buried and threw out the earth. The goose could not be found. They stood regarding each other for some time—when suddenly the second fox attacked the other most furiously, as if offended at the trick of his friend. During the battle, the man shot them both.

WILD INDIANS IN THE CITY.

Messrs. Wheeler, Miller and Johnson, from Council Bluffs, arrived in the city this morning with a delegation of seventeen wild Indians, from Nebraska, on their way to Washington. Some of them are of the most gigantic and noble structure. They are of the O-ma-ha tribe. Yellow Smoke, the principal Chief, is with them, with two wives, having left three others at home. The two

with him are of great beauty—their ages 14 and 16. They will captivate any of our young ladies. We advise the young ladies not to allow their intendeds to see them.

They will be exhibited this evening at the Fireman's Hall, in order to defray their expenses on their journey to Washington to see their Great Father. They will give specimens of their dancing, singing and feats of agility. The Chicago papers represent the scenes in their exhibition as of the wildest and most captivating nature. Now everybody will desire to take a look at them. —*Chicago Tribune.*

A NOBLE INDIAN—MR. PAGE.

The papers are giving an account of a noble Indian Chief named Oscaelo of a tribe living on the western side of the Rocky Mountains who last year saved a poor Christian Missionary's wife from the slaughter of his countrymen. Mr. Page and his daughter (a young lady of 13) and his amiable wife, went on a mission to convert the poor Indians of the far West. They succeeded in converting a chief named Oscaelo who imbibed the lovely and glorious doctrines of Christ. Without any warning another Indian tribe no doubt enraged at the effects of the new doctrine, suddenly came upon the family and murdered the missionary and his daughter and were about to murder his wife, when the noble Chief came to her rescue and succeeded in saving her. He carried her wounded on a litter over the great western plains and the Rocky Mountains to the civilized white men in New York and thus saved her life. It seems she is now seeking charity in the United States. The noble Indian is in Montreal. The poor lady was for a long time insane from the effects of injury and fright—music restored her to sanity again. How noble is such an act, worthy of immortal song. It is like the act of Pacahontas of Virginia, who saved Captain Smith in 1623.

BOSTON CITY AFFAIRS.

An order passed at the meeting of the Board of the Mayor and Aldermen, on the 3d inst. directing the city marshal to ascertain and report as nearly as possible on certain matters relative to the sale of intoxicating liquors, and the following are the answers of the marshal to the several inquiries embraced in the order referred to:—

Q. Whole number of places where intoxicating liquors are sold?

A. I find the whole number of places to be 1,500.

Q. By whom are they sold, and if foreigners, of what nation; and also if they are sold by men or women, in cellars or above ground?

A. Americans, 490; Germans, English and Swedes, 110; Irish, 9000. In cellars, 1374; above ground, 1190. Males, 1364; females, 126.

Q. How many places called Oyster Saloons, or Ice Cream Saloons, furnish strong drink?

A. Oyster and Ice Cream Saloons, 65; Bowling Alleys, 91; Buildings for the same, 14.

Q. How many keep open on the Sabbath, day or evening?

A. Open on the Sabbath 979.

Q. What number only sell intoxicating drinks, and how many grocery stores keep them for sale?

A. Groceries, 469; other places, 1031.

Q. Of our first class hotels how many have open bars for the sale of intoxicating drinks?

A. All except four.

Q. Also, to give any information he may possess, as in his opinion is calculated to check the progress of crime and intemperance, whereby our taxes are greatly increased and the reputation of the city injured?

A. Execute the Law.

The report and answers of the Marshal were read and ordered to be printed. —*Boston Paper.*

THE DAUGHTERS OF TEMPERANCE OF NEW YORK STATE are active, and are about getting up petitions to the State Legislature to put down the license system. The Daughters of Temperance in Canada are constantly increasing. There is no good reason why ladies should refuse to join temperance unions. We see every day instances of Sons of Temperance being induced to break their pledge through intemperate wives. Women in Canada are doing much harm by upholding the moderate use of Alcohol. Thousands of women of Canada use it daily. Yet we hear some say that Unions of Daughters are useless.

DOINGS OF GRAND DIVISIONS.

KENTUCKY.—The Grand Division convened in regular session at Louisville, on Wednesday, Oct. 15. A committee of five was appointed to prepare and present a memorial to the next Legislature of Kentucky, requesting the passage of an act submitting the question to the people whether the liquor traffic shall not be suppressed. 157 Divisions were reported as having made returns for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1851. And the Order, judging from the evidence they presented, is in a safe and improving condition in Kentucky.

MISSISSIPPI.—The annual session of the Grand Division convened at Jackson, on Monday, Oct. 27th.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.—The Grand Division held their annual session at Concord, on Wednesday, Oct. 23rd. There was a large attendance, comprising Representatives from every county in the State. Resolutions were unanimously adopted declaring their opinion that a prohibitory law, on the principles of the Maine law, was demanded and required by the people of the State; also, that a State Convention of all the friends of temperance was necessary, in order to go to work understandingly. A central Committee of five was appointed, and instructed to call such convention whenever, in their judgment, it was thought the proper time.

The above extracts are taken from the N. Y. Organ.

RIGHT.—The Maine Law has been endorsed by the Grand Divisions of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Western New York, and New Jersey, at recent meetings. They have recommended such action as will produce similar ones in their own States. It is bound to become a "universal Yankee law," and then our Provincial neighbours are moving too. "There's a good time coming."

THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—It affords us much gratification to say that the Order of the Sons of Temperance in Perth is in a most flourishing condition. The members are rapidly increasing in number, respectability, and influence. The Rev. M. Harris, Rector and Rural Dean of Perth, has recently been initiated into the order. The room in which the Sons at present meet has become altogether too small for the purpose, although it is pretty spacious, and it has become necessary to seek out another. We understand that an arrangement has been effected with Mr. James Allan, (Baker,) by which the whole upper flat of his large and commodious building will be secured for the weekly meetings of the order during the winter. We hope a similar misfortune may happen them there as in Mr. Campbell's building, namely, that they may be driven out for want of room! —*Bathurst Courier.*

AN IMPORTANT RESOLUTION.—The Board of Directors of the New York and Erie Railroad have resolved:—That all persons employed in running the trains on their road be required to abstain entirely from the use of intoxicating drinks. The importance of this resolution will be apparent to all, as in the event of any accident, no matter whether the immediate effects of intemperance or not, the Company are bound to make indemnification; and though it may appear compulsory at first blush, it is not too much to ask their employers to be faithful to the trust of life and limb reposed in them. We require the same resolution to be adopted by all railroad, steam-boat, and strain-packet companies, as a guarantee that the comfort of travellers is respected, and if after all necessary precautions, a disaster occurs, it will be pleasing to all parties concerned to reflect that alcoholic stimulants had no part in the affair.

"Ma," said an inquisitive little girl, "will rich and poor people live together when they go to heaven?" "Yes, my dear, they will be all alike there." "Then, ma, why don't rich and poor christians associate together here?" The rich mother did not answer.

When you bump a baby against the top of a room what article of stationery do you give it? Collar-Whacks.