been so successful in building up the business in this country will be employed in the conduct of the new branch.

They also announce that they will shortly have ready "The American Illustrated Medical Dictionary," by W. A. N. Dorland, editor of "The American Pocket Medical Dictionary." This is an entirely new and unique work for students and practitioners. It contains more than twice the matter in the ordinary students' dictionary, and yet, by the use of clear, condensed type and thin paper of the finest quality, it forms an extremely handy volume only one and one-half inches thick. The price of the work will be \$4.50 net, indexed \$5.00 net.

Atlas and Abstract of the Diseases of the Larync. By L. GRUNWALD, of Munich. Authorized translation from the German, edited by Charles P. Grayson, M.D., Philadelphia, with 107 colored tigures on 44 plates. Philadelphia : W. B. Saunders, 1898.

This work, the author says, is intended to help the beginner in the study of diseases of the larynx, and the English editor says that the book is so good that it needs no preface. The general plan of the work embraces some introductory remarks on the anatomy and physiology, then a description of the different methods of examination, and then some general remarks on the causes and treatment of disease in the larynx. This is followed by an account of the causes, symptoms, pathology and treatment of the various affections which are met with in this organ. Considering the field which this section of the work covers, the space devoted to it (66 small pages only) requires that the style should be most concise, practical and to the point, but in fact on many subjects it is quite the opposite and not at all suitable for a beginner. Then finally, occupying about two-thirds of the volume, there is a long series of beautiful pictures (107 of them) of the larynx in health and in various states of disease, and accompanying each plate is a short account of what it is intended to represent. Thus the examiner may always find a parallel picture to whatever condition he may observe in his patient's larynx. Unfortunately, this is quite impractical. These plates are certainly well executed, but however natural they may appear to the experienced eye acquainted with the original, they convey but a poor and inaccurate impression to the unaccustomed eye of the beginner, and can never be more than a weak substitute for clinical experience. The book is well printed in clear, readable type, and the plates are particularly good, and will form a valuable addition to the series of hand atlases.