172, 174 BAYLEY'S DUNDAS ST.

CORSETS.

An ill-fitting Corset is dear at any price. A corset that yields ease, grace and comfort is worth a fair price. That's just the point.

GOODFORM CORSETS are worth $1 00 any lady's money; all steel filled, the most perfect model ever produced, handsomely made and finished.

We've a Sale o nNow—Any Size 50c.

BAYLEY'S | BAYLEY'S

SAL AMMONIA ENDED DOG FIGHT

But a Lawsuit Is the Result of Injuries to One of the Canine Combatants.

Montreal, Feb. 6.—Chemical dog fight extinguishers are somewhat of a novelty, but according to evidence adduced before Mr. Justice Doherty, they are decidedly efficacious. Carelessly handled, however, they are liable to do more damage than the dog fight itself, and then, of course, legal battles follow.

This was what happened last November as a result of applying expert alchemistic knowledge to a dispute between two canines. Mr. Joseph Paradis and Mr. J. H. Quipp both own St. Bernard dogs. The latter also owns a drug store. Outside this shop, the two dogs had a little argument, which ended in a contest on catch-as-catch-can principles. Ordinary inducements failing to check the scrap, Mr. Quipp applied ammonia close to the fighting ends of the animals, with marvelously quick results. Hostilities ended as soon as the fumes reached the nostrils of the combatants, but some of the ammonia got into the eyes of Mr. Paradis' dog, blinding it in one eye, and so injuring the other that the canine is threatened with total blindness. Mr. Paradis claims that there was malice behind the ammonia and sues Mr. Quipp for $400 damages.

On the hearing, Mr. Paradis recounted the story of the battle. The two dogs, he said, were at first pretty evenly matched, and fought so tenaciously that ordinary methods failed to abate their ardor. Each had a good "hold" and held on. Then the druggist prescribed Sal Amm., vulgarly known as spirits of ammonia. One dose, said Mr. Paradis, acted like a charm. But the plaintiff complained that the application was too generous, and was directed chiefly to his dog, so that the poor beast was blinded.

A spirited argument by counsel followed. Mr. L. Demers for the plaintiff claimed that the druggist had encouraged his dog to fight, yet when he saw defeat threatening his champion, poured the ammonia over its opponent. As, in sporting parlance, the dogs were about "even up," he considered this an unwarrantable performance.

Mr. St. Julien, for the druggist, argued that this was beside the point, which was simply whether Mr. Quipp had applied the antidote with malice.

Mr. Justice Doherty could not see things in the same light. He thought it odd that the druggist's canine should have got off scott free, while its opponent was so seriously injured. He considered the vital issue was whether the druggist had used the ammonia carelessly. In any event, the court considered that, if used at all, the drug should have been only applied so as to let the fumes induce the dogs to quit.

Mr. St. Julien replied that with such huge beasts the chemical engine was the only safe separator. He also accused Mr. Paradis' dog of being the aggressor, indeed being guilty of trespass in order to begin the battle, although Mr. Paradis had frequently been notified to keep his pet at home.

Mr. Justice Doherty took the case en delibre, remarking that $400 was a pretty steep valuation for a watchdog.

Mr. Justice Doherty gave judgment for Mr. Paradis, awarding him $50 damages and costs.

TUMORS CONQUERED

SERIOUS OPERATIONS AVOIDED

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the Case of Mrs. Fannie D. Fox.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

The growth of a tumor is so sly that frequently its presence is not suspected until it is far advanced.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by profuse menstruation, accompanied by unusual pain, from the ovaries down the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., will give you her advice free of all charge if you will write her about yourself. Your letter will be seen by women only.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine. Eighteen months ago my monthlies stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly that I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician and was told that I had a tumor on the uterus and would have to undergo an operation.

"Soon after I read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After trying five bottles as directed the tumor is entirely gone. I have been examined by a physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my monthlies around once more, and I am entirely well."—Fannie D. Fox, 7 Chestnut Street, Bradford, Pa.

HEAVY FIGHTING ALONG THE HUN

Russians Keep Up Their Aggressive Operations—Jap Line Heavily Shelled.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 4.—Gen. Kuropatkin, telegraphing under date of Feb. 3 to Emperor Nicholas, said: "The village of Chautandhenau has been completely occupied by our troops after a fight at 5 o'clock this morning. We reconnoitered the villages of Fanshen and Poudzova, occupied by the enemy, and after several volleys the sharpshooters entered Fanshen and shot and bayoneted many Japanese. The latter were reinforced and attacked the sharpshooters, who retired, carrying off 30 dead or wounded. On our right flank the Japanese left 100 corpses, of which number we burned 87."

A later dispatch says: "No reports of further encounters have been received. One of our patrols blew up the railway eight miles south of Liao Yang, Jan. 30 and Feb. 2."

Rumors of General Kuropatkin handing over his command to General Linevitch have been current in St. Petersburg since the announcement that General Grippenberg had been relieved of his command of the second army. The Associated Press is unable to obtain any confirmation of the reports. The war office declares they are improbable, but is unable to deny them. A distinguished general stated that evidently there had been friction between General Kuropatkin and General Grippenberg. Interest in the ill-starred attempt to capture Sandepas is eclipsed by the withdrawal of General Grippenberg and unconfirmed reports regarding the retirement of General Kuropatkin.

According to the latest information received by the war office, operations on the right flank of the Russian army are at a standstill. The extreme right of the Russians continues to hold Chautandhenau, on the Hun River, six miles northwest of Sandepas. Apparently both sides are unable to move, owing to the terrible weather. There are 25 degrees of frost, accompanied by wind, but in view of the sudden fluctuations in temperature at this time of the year, the frost may suddenly decrease and the Russians would then be confronted with the alternative of withdrawal in order to avoid being intercepted by a Japanese column from Shikhe or of undertaking a general advance. The latter view finds some confirmation in a dispatch from Tsinkhetchen, reporting a reconnaissance by Rennenkamp in force on the left, which, perhaps, is preliminary to an advance. The military authorities here are encouraged by the report as showing that the Russians are able to repeat the plan of reaching the enemy's line of communication.

Mukden, Feb. 4. — Though there is a momentary pause in the operations, Russian activity on the Shakhe River has not ended. Two hundred Japanese prisoners were brought in today. They were poorly clad and suffering from cold. The Japanese report that 5,000 Russians were taken prisoners during the Sandepas operations is untrue, and the Japanese losses greatly exceeded Tokio estimates of the Russian losses, because in their advance over the frozen ground it was impossible for the Japanese to entrench. The report that General Kuropatkin received orders from St. Petersburg to advance on account of the internal conditions in Russia also is untrue. The fighting was inaugurated independently, and the operations could have assumed important dimensions only in case of the success of the primary object, the capture of Sandepas.

Tokio, Feb. 5, 3 p.m.—There were a number of serious skirmishes along the Shakhe and Hun Rivers Friday night and Saturday. The Russians shelled positions of the Japanese lines Friday night, and small bodies of Russians attacked Waitao and Titi Mountains and places in those vicinities. Reports received from Japanese Manchurian headquarters say that all the attacks were repulsed. Friday afternoon Russian batteries stationed at Liuchientun and Wanpai Mountains north of Shakhe River, and at other places, shelled the Japanese positions. Saturday morning 699 cavalry, comprising one force, and two companies of infantry and one battery simultaneously attacked Chitaitse, on the right bank of the Hun River. The Russians appeared to have reserves. The Japanese garrison at Chitaitse was defending the place, when the report of the attack was forwarded. Three hundred Russian cavalry with two guns occupied Songchin on Plaksin Bay, Northeastern Korea, Jan. 4, but abandoned the town Jan. 28, and retired northward.

Tsinkhetchen, Manchuria, Feb. 2. — (Delayed in transmission).—A reconnaissance in force was undertaken Feb. 1 by the Russian advanced posts towards Dziantchen, fourteen miles southeast of Tsinkhetohen. The troops started at early morning, and by noon drove in the Japanese outposts to Santziache, then moving round Vantze Pass, the Russians flanked the position of the Japanese east, and compelled the Japanese to fall back to Chapten Pass. The Russians stormed and occupied a portion of Vantze Pass at 10:30 p.m., but the Japanese being reinforced by 6,000 men, the position of the Russians was untenable. Having carried out the mission of feeling the enemy's strength the Rusians then withdrew fighting, capturing a few Japanese.

Belgium Miners Strike.

Charleroi, Belgium, Feb. 6. — As a result of the decision of the miners' congress yesterday to declare a general strike to begin today, work was completely suspended this morning at eight collieries and there was a partial strike at thirteen others. Work is proceeding as usual at twelve collieries.

The growing of cotton in Spain is being encouraged by the government by exempting land from taxes and offering prizes for the most successful experiments.

BALFOUR NOT IN HURRY TO RESIGN

But Dissolution Talk Is Affecting Trade.

REDISTRIBUTION BILL IN SIGHT

Its Introduction Would Carry the Present Government on to the Next Year.

London, Feb. 6. — The rumors of an early dissolution are still current. The wish is father to the thought not only among the ranks of the Opposition, but among men of business, who find the uncertainty of the political future, and the shadow of a general election, have an unsettling effect upon trade. It is generally acknowledged that Mr. Balfour's resignation is not being hastened by the talk of dissolution. On the contrary, as Mr. Brodrick said to his constituents, the rumors are arousing the interest of the friends of the Government, causing a rally to the standard of the Prime Minister. Mr. Arnold-Forster, Lord Onslow, and the Attorney-General, and Mr. Long, have each shown that the Government is still prepared to defend itself and to claim its right to hold on till it finds itself in a minority in the Commons. As Lord Onslow put it, there is only one duty the members of Parliament have to perform, and that is to support the party in whose favor he was elected. With a majority of eighty in the House still impressed with that sense of duty, all the ministers who have spoken lately have declared a dissolution need not be thought of till Mr. Balfour has acknowledged his programme finished. Mr. Long, who has made himself popular by his exertions as president of the local government board, on behalf of the unemployed was in a particularly confident mood, and made sport of the Opposition by declaring the Liberals were good people, who were struggling to do right, but seldom succeeded. Sir Robert Finlay, Attorney-General, raises the danger signal and warns the country that the return of a Liberal Government involves the supremacy in the House of Commons of the Irish Nationalists.

The Liberals may take it, therefore, that Mr. Balfour, unless an angry Opposition succeeds in driving him out, will calmly pursue his way. It is believed he is seriously meditating the proposed redistribution bill, and that would likely carry the Government on to next year. This, and an aliens bill, would be strong cards for Mr. Balfour, either this year or next year, provided, of course, the fiscal issue were put back out of sight. It is thought that if Mr. Chamberlain, who is fighting solely for fiscal reform, and colonial preference, should consent to stand aside now, it would be an acknowledgment of defeat. This, of course, Mr. Chamberlain and his friends must not acknowledge, unless their defeat be overwhelming, which as yet it is not. Thus the situation is largely in Mr. Chamberlain's hands. If he thinks he can afford to wait while Mr. Balfour pulls the Unionist party together, things will go on, and we shall have the redistribution bill and another year or a half of the present Government. If the fiscal issue is to be put to the test of an appeal to the country, then Mr. Balfour will waive all other considerations and join in the fight with Mr. Chamberlain against the Liberals and Free Traders.

The city branch of the high commissioner's office, which, as I mentioned, was opened some weeks ago at 73 Basinghall street, is now fairly started. This idea of a city branch has greatly interested Lord Starthcona, and it is to his initiative the new office is chiefly due. In conversation with his lordship on the subject yesterday he told me he had great hopes that it would be a most useful means of promoting Anglo-Canadian trade. It does not constitute a new departure; it will simly be an intelligence department, to assist Canadian and British traders by answering inquiries, etc., as has always been done heretofore in the high commissioner's office in Victoria street. In the Basinghall street office city merchants will find it a great convenience to have a well-informed and reliable adviser like Mr. Harrison Watson in the center of London commerce. In one of the rooms Lord Strathcona has arranged for files of all the leading Canadian newspapers, to be on the tables accessible to visitors, and samples of produce and manufactures from Canada, representative of Canada's chief exports to Great Britain, will be displayed. The situation of this city office, in the same building with similar offices representing the other colonial governments, is also advantageous, for buyers and sellers interested in Australian, Indian and African trade will be led to make inquiries in the Canadian office. Canadian traders cannot expect, of course, that this city office will introduce business directly, or that it will give a display of samples of any particular firm; all samples sent to it must come through the Government department at Ottawa.

Mr. Harrison Watson, besides having charge of the Basinghall street office, will retain the curatorship of the Canadian section of the Imperial Institute. Lord Strathcona informs me that he is arranging for the exhibition of products and manufactures at the Imperial Institute to be renewed and replenished, so that traders inquiring at the city office can see for themselves if they wish, a more comprehensive display of exhibits by going out to Kensington, than can possibly be accommodated in the city office. These London agencies, with the branches in the provinces, should make the high commissioner's office here a very valuable medium for promoting Anglo-Canadian trade, that is, in so far as a Government can promote trade. Canadian exporters or importers cannot do more than supply information, and their efforts in this direction should not be taxed too much by those who may imagine a Government official is going to book orders for them. Canadian traders are to be congratulated on having a Government department and a high commissioner in London who takes such a practical interest in their welfare. The enterprise of the Government should lead Canadian merchants themselves to run wholesale agencies for buying and selling in London. Such agencies might have city stores where the trading public could always see the goods that are passing between the countries. In this way the products and manufactures of Canada could always be well advertised.

Watch the Children

If they are restless—feverish—have bad breath—start up in their sleep—pick the nose—they are suffering from worms.

Mentholl Worm Remover

kills the worms—rids the system of them—cures all bowel troubles—corrects the digestion, etc. a box. At all dealers.

The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

GREAT TERRORIST IS A WOMAN

Vera Sassulich Once Tried to Kill Trepoff.

AN ASSOCIATE OF PLEKHANOFF

The Work Planned in Switzerland and Crusade Carried on Through a Paper.

New York, Feb. 2. — Famous among the informed, those who receive and read the copies of the "underground" Social Democrat organ, "The Spark," is the council of three which has worked cautiously in Switzerland for many years.

But the general public has not yet heard of the man who is the great moving power, nor of the no less wonderful woman who consults with him.

Vera Sassulich once made an attempt to kill Trepoff.

She was the first woman who ever shot at an officer among the revolutionists of Russia. The officer was Trepoff. This was one of the first outward signs of the present well-recognized feelings against the man who has been made the dictator of St. Petersburg. The feeling has spread, and where once a woman was the only one who strove to blot out this great enemy of the people, now those could be numbered by thusands who rebel at his severe unsympathy.

But it may be said perhaps that the master mind of the council is that of George Plehkanoff, the acknowledged inspiration of the Social Democrat revolutionaries.

Plehkanoff is and has always been the editor of "The Spark," which is named in a sort of graphic symbolism after his own role in the affairs of incendiary Russia. He is not an anarchist, but a Social Democrat of the school of Karl Marx.

And it was his prediction, also unknown by the general public, which has come true in Russia. He not only predicted the uprising of the working people in Russia ten years ago, but he predicted for them a success in overthrowing the Government which is still to be seen.

He not only, too, made the prophecy, but his was the force that brought about that which he prophesied. The day will come when George Plehkanoff and those who are in council with him—Vera Sassulich and Paul Axelrode, notably—will be crowned with greatness by those great heroes who, uplifted by them out of slavery, are at last free from Russian despotic rule.

"This movement," said Dr. Paul S. Kaplan, "was begun, not by revolutionaries who have reason to know that arms are necessary in such an attempt. It was really started by the social revolutionists.

The true revolutionist will not petition. No; but the workingman replies that he will petition, and we see the outcome. In 1848 the German Emperor deigned to go out on his balcony and listen to the mob. So, these laboring men, whether they are as innocent of suspicious qualities as many suppose, may have dreamed that the Czar might yield to their petition as a prayer. And if Nicholas II. had listened to certain advisers he would possibly have been more lenient."

The present movement is in the hands of the Terrorists who assassinated Alexander II. and who killed Von Plehve. The Terrorists were called the "Society of the Will of the People," at the earlier date. They are more active than has been generally supposed up to the last few days, and more powerful.

The social revolutionaries are Terrorists. Social Democracy of the Order of Vera Sassulich and Plehkanoff believes in agitation, not arms, except when hard pressed. Psychologically the masses do not participate in bloodshed. The masses in Europe have for years been becoming Socialists, which means that they study the problems of social economics, the causes and the remedies for evils. Russian masses have been for twenty years more and more permeated with these ideas, of which the group in Zurich, Switzerland, is the nucleus, the impetus. Last year an international congress was held by this group, which included delegates from many countries. From America was Maurice Hillquit; from Italy, Cipriani; from Austria, Alder; from Berlin, the great Bebel, and even from Japan, Katayama.

The literary men of the circle in Russia who have taken up the same cause are Maxime Gorky, Annensky, an author; Hessen, editor of Pravo; Professor Karejeff, scientist and sociologist, and Korolenko, who has called his brothers to no longer be silent.

Terrorism started, not as a political system, but sporadically to avenge this or that person. All of the Narodnik, which is that philosophy pertaining to the people and social ideas, is based on the belief that Russia is in a special development, and not, like others, destined to go through capitalism.

ONE IN A MILLION

A Cleveland Slave Answers the Call of the Little Father.

Cleveland, Feb. 6.—"The little father calls you to the colors. Come home," was the message that was sent to John Danilowicz, of No. 15 Starkweather street, recently by his aged father, in the western part of Russia. Last night at 8:30 o'clock at the Nickel Plate depot the young man stepped on a train and began his long journey to his Russian home.

When the news came from his father that he was wanted the young man hesitated. There were so many in Russia that he did not think he would be needed. He heard sneering remarks about his country. He was told that Russia would lose the war and that his countrymen would be defeated. Then he made up his mind that he was needed. John is a patriot.

When the news that he had made up his mind to go home was spread among the Russians of the city, they decided to give him a grand godspeed. A band was engaged, and nearly 100 of his friends accompanied him to the railway station.

The band played several selections in the waiting room, and when the train pulled in, took up its position on the station platform and played the good old American air, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." The Russian national air was not known, but the air that was played seemed even more appropriate.

The young man kissed his friends and countrymen good-bye, according to his national custom. Then he knelt down on the snow-covered railroad track while Father J. Kappanadz, of St. Theodosius' Greek Russian Church, blessed him. Hurrying travelers paused a moment and wondered. The conductor said "All aboard," and with a parting cheer ringing in his ears the young man sprang upon the train step and the train started him on his long, long journey to fight and die, maybe, for the Czar of All the Russias.

The young man is 29 years of age, and has been in this country four years. Prior to coming to this country he served in a Russian regiment, which was stationed in Finland. He was employed in the Newburg steel mills, and will defray his own expenses on the journey home.

He expects to arrive in Russia the latter part of the month, and will sail from New York on Feb. 7. He will first go to his home to meet his parents, and then expects to go to the far east.

GRAY & PARKER ALWAYS THE BEST OF EVERYTHING FOR THE LEAST MONEY Phone 1162

Special Bargains For Tuesday.

Every day is Bargain Day at this store, but Tuesday will be a chance to get extra values. Our new goods are coming in steadily, and it's the new styles we want to interest you in. Buying the very latest from the fashion marts at extra low prices should encourage you to buy more, and it's with this object in view that we start out to sell new goods at Bargain Prices.

New Laces and New Trimmings.

5c Yd. 250 New Pieces of Cotton Torchon Laces, Insertions, Valenciennes Laces and Insertions, especially nice patterns, and an opportunity to buy which will not possibly come at such a time as now for spring sewing. These are especially good wash laces. For Tuesday's Special Sale the entire lot at 5c yard. **5c Yd.**

New All-Over Laces.

15 pieces New All-over Laces of most dainty patterns; colors are white, Paris, ecru, champagne and black. Tuesday on sale, at yard, special

50c.

Guipure All-Over Laces and Insertions.

New Guipure All-overs in most dainty patterns, Paris, ecru, butter, champagne, white and black. Special showing for Tuesday, yard 75c to $2 00

Guipure Laces and Insertions.

New and dainty effects in Guipure Laces and Insertions to match. White, champagne, Paris, ecru and black; are priced at lowest possible prices to interest you, at from, yard, 50c to $1 00

Corset Embroidery Sale.

25c YARD—10 new Pieces of Most Dainty Patterns, special—25c YARD.

New Spring Dress Goods—Specials for Tuesday's Selling.

DAINTY SILK EOLIENNES—10 pieces new Silk Eoliennes of a beautiful silk finish in dainty evening shades—white, pearl, champagne, light green, light navy, brown and black; full 44 inches wide, on Tuesday special sale, not more than one or two dress patterns in each piece, at, yard 75c

48-inch Mohair Shirtwaist suiting, in cream, at per yard 50c

56-inch Sicilian Shirtwaist Suiting, in cream, at, per yard 50c

GRAY & PARKER,

150 DUNDAS AND CARLING.

WABASH EXPRESS HITS A FREIGHT

Serious Rear-End Collision at Lawrence Station, Near St. Thomas, Saturday.

St. Thomas, Ont., Feb. 5.—Wabash express No. 3 crashed into the rear of a sidetracked freight at Laurence Saturday afternoon. The express was running at a high rate of speed at the time. George Elsie, of Windsor, the engineer, was thrown from his cab window, about 50 feet, into the adjoining field, and was seriously injured. His fireman, James Peters, of Windsor, escaped with a badly bruised body. The engine was ditched, baggage and day coach took fire, but fortunately all the passengers escaped with no other injuries than a bad shaking up. Luckily for the baggageman and express messenger, they were having their meals in the dining car at the time of the collision. The caboose of the freight was burned up and several freight cars smashed.

The accident was caused by an open switch, it is said.

The passengers were brought back to this city, and went west by way of London. The auxiliary, with the local officials, left here immediately after the accident, and had the track cleared. Dr. Lawrence, the company's surgeon, of this city, attended to the injured persons.

AN AFFAIR OF BAILIFFS

An Odd Mix-Up Over an Attempt to Seize St. Thomas Stock.

St. Thomas, Feb. 5. — The stock of W. G. Hill, brother of J. B. Hill, the insolvent merchant, was seized by Bailiff Hopkins Saturday on behalf of a number of Toronto creditors. As Robinson & Green, of this city, hold a chattel mortgage on the stock, the case became somewhat complicated. The bailiff requested the key of the store, but Mr. Hill replied that his solicitor, John A. Robinson, had told him to hold the store and the key against all comers. The chattel mortgage is for $2,500, and there is a large claim for rent due to the landlord, P. Meehan. Not many minutes after Mr. Hopkins arrived, John H. Smale, bailiff for the chattel mortgagee, and the landlord, also arrived, and the two bailiffs remained in the store. Messrs. Robinson & Green supplied their bailiff, Smale, with a bed, and left an order for his meals to be sent in. The sheriff's bailiff got no supper and no bed, and Sheriff Brown found a hungry and sleepy bailiff awaiting him this morning. The sheriff arrived just in time to prevent a capitulation on the part of the bailiff. The sheriff is in a dilemma, as he cannot stay in the store, but must move his goods out, and if they are moved they will not bring the claim of the landlord, and the store would immediately be stocked with new goods. Great sympathy is felt by all for W. G. Hill, who put all his savings of a lifetime and some of his wife's money into the business, and even if able to hold the small remnant of an equity in Shaw's Fair, would still be a heavy loser by reason of the failure of J. B. Hill & Co.

Those whom neglected coughs have killed were once as healthy and robust as you. Don't follow in their paths of neglect. Take

Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung Tonic

right now. It is guaranteed to cure. It has cured many thousands.

Prices: S. C. WELLS & CO. 25c

LeRoy, N. Y., Toronto, Can.

They act like Exercise.

Cascarets -for the Bowels

Ten Cents 650 All Druggists

BROTHER'S SEARCH FOR ONLY SISTER

Continued from page 1.

her eyes on her hands, thinking, thinking, trying to remember. Away back in the distant dead days she got glimpses of a childhood, of other children playing with her, of a mother calling them from a cottage door. Presently she glanced up at Daly and asked:

"Is his name Charley?"

Daly didn't know.

It was arranged between them that the stranger should be introduced on the following day, at the house of her foster-brother, the doctor suggested; under her own roof, Mary insisted, and the two men agreed that it should be so.

As Mr. Daly opened his desk the next day, the stranger's man called with a note, requesting the immigration agent to communicate with him, if necessary, at the Royal Muskoka, as he would spend a week in the Highlands, what time they searched the records.

"Ask your master to look in here before leaving Quebec," said Daly, and the valet bowed himself out.

When the Englishman came in and sat opposite the agent, he looked at the latter inquiringly, and Daily answered his questioning glance by saying:

"I have found a lady, a widow lady, whose maiden name was Mary Miller. She came to Canada as an immigrant, under the auspices of some one of the many societies in England.

Mr. Daly paused to mark the brightening of the Englishman's face, then asked, as Mary had asked him, "Is your name Charley?"

The man opposite the immigration agent went deadly pale, bowed his head upon the table and shook with sobs, as a woman shakes under a great grief. In vain did Daly try to cheer him. Not until his grief had spent its pent flood did he lift his head. Daly was almost provoked, and the Englishman seemed to appreciate the fact.

"Why do you grieve now that you have found your sister? Not only found her, but found her well, and, if not happy, loved by all who know her?"

"Ah, you do not understand. It's Charley. Charley's dead."

Daly closed the door and took a few turns up and down the room. The Englishman wiped his weeping eyes, and went on:

"Charley was younger than I, coming between Mary and me. He was her playmate, her hero. If I strode on ahead to put the geese to flight, or to cast stones at a cow who stared threateningly at her through the pasture fence, Charley walked at her side, held her hand and protected her. In this way they grew to be essential to each other—in short, they were comrades, and that's why she remembers Charley, while she forgets James."

"Ah, well," said Daly. "We don't order these things, or they might be better, or worse, most likely."

When he had given the stranger time to collect himself, Daly led him first to the French doctor—to Mary's foster-brother—then to Mary's home, where she lived comfortably with her two children.

A French maid answered the bell.

"Entre, Monsieur," said she, recognizing the doctor.

The doctor waved the Englishman in, then Daly.

"Not I," said the Irishman.

"Won't you come in, doctor?" asked the Englishman, glancing back.

"Bon, merci," answered the doctor, "I think I shall go back with Mr. Daly."

The maid closed the door and showed the Englishman into the little library, where he was met immediately by Mary, and where, in the hours that followed fast, they retold, revived and learned anew the almost forgotten story of their childhood.

CY WARMAN.

THE J. C. McLAREN BELTING CO. OAK EXTRA TANNED ESTD. 1856

BELTING

THE GRADE TO BUY

MONTREAL AND TORONTO

Sold by A. Westman, 121 Dundas St.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

His Feet Crushed.

St. Thomas, Feb. 5.—While Tom Reath, a brakeman on the Wabash, was working on his train this afternoon at the yards here, he fell off the cars and had his feet terribly crushed. He was taken to the Amasa Wood Hospital, where D. Lawrence, a company's physician, amputated a couple of his toes. He had a narrow escape from instant death.

Ask your doctor, then do as he says

If he tells you to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your throat cough or bronchial trouble, then take it. If he has anything better, then take that. Only get well as soon as you can. Delays are always so dangerous in lung troubles. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

ACCEPT ONLY

Labatt's (LONDON) INDIA PALE ALE

Brewed with exceptional care and watchfulness until just the right body and flavor are obtained. Its flavor is the true flavor of good malt and hops. One case in your house will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction that it is the best table ale brewed. All dealers can supply you.