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THE COMMISSION TO SIT IN PARIS

Russia Accepts Articles of North Sea Convention.

WILL BE RATIFIED IN LONDON

St. Petersburg Press Objects to the Shadowing of Baltic Fleet by British Cruisers.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 5, 1:41 p.m. — Russia has acomplished the telegraphic draft of the Anglo-Russian convention of inquiry into the North Sea incident, submitted to Russia on Wednesday, as announced in these dispatches at the time, and the final exchanges will be ratified in London. The convention covers six articles, as previously forecasted from here. The commission will sit in Paris, and will consist of five members, Russian, British, American and French. Broad outlines for the inquiry are laid down by the convention, but the commission will have wide latitude in determining all the relevant facts. Although the convention is agreed to, it is believed that some minor matters connected with the subject, the exact nature of which cannot be ascertained, are still undecided.

Four points of the Russian case, as presented simultaneously by special dispatches from Paris to two papers here, which bear evidence that they came from inspired sources, are as follows:

1. Information which reached Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky as he was leaving Danish waters, showed that suspicious vessels were in the North Sea, navigating first under one flag, and then another.

2. The transport Kamtchatka's report by wireless telegraphy, some time before the incident occurred, that she had seen two torpedo boats (the Kamtchatka, being then 30 miles behind the squadron).

3. Later the receipt of a suspicious wireless message signed "Kamtchatka," asking for the exact latitude and longitude of the squadron, a message, which it was afterward ascertained, was never sent by the Kamtchatka.

4. Then the appearance of two torpedo boats alongside the squadron, which could not have been Russian, as all the Russian torpedo boats were then in the English Channel. The squadron did not fire until the torpedo boats were seen.

The fact that only seven torpedo boats are now with the squadron, whereas eight left Libau, is explained by the fact that one of them broke down before the squadron left Danish waters, and was towed back to Libau by the Russian icebreaker Ermak.

The Associated Press has strong reason to believe that the letter from Vigo published in the Novoe Vremya this morning, represents practically the substance of Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's detailed report submitted to Emperor Nicholas today by Capt. Clado. Indeed, it is almost certain that the letter was written by Capt. Clado himself. It has attracted much attention, being accepted by the public, as well as by the Novoe Vremya, as the complete Russian version of the North Sea incident. Commenting editorially on the letter, the Novoe Vremya declares it shows it was not a case of panic, nor of the misreading of signals, but of cool calculation of the time for the arrival of the torpedo boats after they were sighted by the Russian transport Kamtchatka. The Novoe Vremya says the commission will have an opportunity of seeing the wireless message on the subject.

The reports of British warships following up the various divisions of the Russian squadron are creating intense irritation here. The Sviet says:

"The shadowing of the Russian squadron by British cruisers cannot go on. This game must be stopped, and the sooner the better."

London, Nov. 5, 2:50 p.m. — The British foreign office has received through Ambassador Hardinge, Russia's acceptance of the telegraphic summary of the Anglo-Russian convention, but it states that as several details remain to be settled, it is not in a position to make any statement today.

Russian Fleet Sails.

Tangier, Nov. 5. — The entire Russian fleet of warships, accompanied by ten colliers and a hospital ship, sailed from here this morning. They took a westward course.

Here's a New One.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 5, 5:40 p.m.—A sensational report is current here, attributed to a high authority that Russia will undertake before the international commission to prove that the Japanese minister at The Hague organized an attack on the Russian squadron, and will produce a message sent by the minister containing complete evidence that such was the case.

KRUGER MILLIONS MYTH

Official Admission That the Money Does Not Exist.

London, Nov. 5. — The myth of the "Kruger millions" has at last been officially disposed of. The colonial office now acknowledges that it cannot deal with the millions, because they do not exist.

A correspondent wrote to the Duke of Marlborough suggesting that in view of the distress among the indigent Boers in the Transvaal the Government should take steps "to recover the balance of the huge sum taken from the Boer treasury and transmitted to Europe prior to the occupation of Pretoria by the imperial troops." The following reply has been received:

"Dear Sir—I am desired by the Duke of Marlborough to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, and to inform you that though all possible steps have been taken with a view to discovering the facts in connection with the matter mentioned in your letter, his Majesty's Government have failed to obtain any reliable information as to the existence of a balance such as that to which you refer. Yours, etc.,

"F. BUTLER."

Paul de Cassagnac Dead.

Paris, Nov. 4. — Paul de Granier de Cassagnac, editor of L'Autorite, and a noted duelist, died today from apoplexy.

WILL BE ANOTHER SWEEP

Quebec Province To Go to Polls on November 25th.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—The announcement of the dissolving of the Quebec Legislature yesterday morning, nominations for the new House to take place on Nov. 18, and elections on Nov. 25, came as a great surprise to the most of the people here, although it was hinted in some quarters that if the Laurier Government was returned, the Premier of Quebec would take advantage of the conditions to appeal to the country. At the general election of November, 1900, the Conservatives secured only 7 seats to 65 for the Liberals, with one Independent. In the bye-elections, which occurred from time to time, the Conservatives made a few gains and counted on ten to twelve on a division.

JAPANESE CARRY ANOTHER FORT

Wantai Hill at Port Arthur Becomes Theirs.

SOME ACTIVITY IN MANCHURIA

Hundreds of Chinese Refugees From Vladivostock, Which Is Heavily Garrisoned and Fortified.

Mukden, Nov. 5, via Pekin.—The activity conspicuous between the opposing positions, that on the plain and on Hungpao Hill, occupied by the Japanese, and on Manalon Hill, named after a Russian general, daily threatens a formidable outbreak. From Hungpao, the capture of which by the Japanese was reported on Oct. 12 by the correspondent of the Associated Press, the Japanese are now shelling the Russians with captured Russian guns, and the resultant feeling among the Russians indicates that this spot which is the most prominent along the entire line, will doubtless initiate the coming battle. Occasional casualties are reported at Pienchiapu on account of its exposed position, as the apex of an aggregating wedge used against the Japanese right. At the Shahopu station is a water tank which the Japanese are using as a watch tower from which the Russian artillery has failed after an attempt lasting more than a fortnight to dislodge the enemy on account of it being such a small target. The Japanese still possess an elevated temple in the quadrangle west of Linshenput, while the combatants occupy separate parts of the same village. The advantage of position appears slightly in favor of the Japanese along the entire line.

The women and children of Fenchlapu, near Ta Mountain, arrived at Mukden on Nov. 2, after a 20-mile tramp. The Russian authorities facilitate the movements of refugees by allowing them the use of numerous bridges over the Hun River. The use of all Chinese timber by the soldiers, together with the destruction of buildings, has caused the Chinese themselves to pull down their houses and sell timber which otherwise might be lost completely. In consequence of this Gen. Kuropatkin has ordered that the houses shall be preserved for the reason that they are necessary for the Chinese and also useful for the army.

The soldiers are now mostly in dugout cantonments along the siege line, giving the war an appearance of seriousness hitherto unobserved. The soldiers are bearing their unusual hardship, sometimes only one meal daily, insufficient clothing and also exposure, with great hardiness. The commander-in-chief's orders are now dated at headquarters for land and naval forces, in conformity with his new appointment.

Wantai Hill Taken.

Tokio, Nov. 5, 4 p.m. — It is reported that the Japanese have occupied Wantai Hill, sunk several transports, and have set fire to a battleship at Port Arthur. There is no confirmation of the report.

Wantai Hill is one of the extensive semi-circles of forts defending Port Arthur. It is situated in about the center of the semi-circle, between the Antse Mountain forts and Sungchow fort, which is situated on an adjoining hill. The capture of Wantai Hill, it has been pointed out in dispatches from Port Arthur, means the dividing of the eastern fortified ridges. The Japanese had previously and unsuccessfully attacked this hill, particularly during the latter part of August.

Chinese Refugees.

Che Foo, Nov. 5, 8:45 p.m. — The Norweglan steamer Tungus arrived here this evening, five days from Vladivostock, carrying 700 Chinese refugees, who were unable to live at Vladivostock any longer, owing to the high prices of food, etc., due to the war. A terrific gale makes the landing of the refugees impossible today, but one Chinaman succeeded in reaching the shore. He said the fortifications of Vladivostock are increasing in numbers and strength, and that the fortress is strongly garrisoned, but the Russians do not expect an attack on the part of the Japanese, and have no intention of invading Korea this winter.

GREAT ALPINE FEAT

Statue of the Virgin Placed 13,170 Feet High.

Geneva, Nov. 5. — A band of priests and guides have succeeded in performing the unparalleled feat of erecting a statue of the Virgin on the summit of the mighty Dent du Geant, a 13,170-feet monarch of the Pennine Alps.

Over slippery, ice-bound rocks and unsafe snow patches, up perpendicular chimneys and steep slabs of smooth rock like the sides of a house, the party had to climb with their burden, clinging for life to ropes fixed to iron stanchions in the rocks.

In the midst of a "torment," or whirling snowstorm, great holes were drilled in the rock to receive the iron supports of the statue, and two hours later the Virgin was securely fixed on her mountain pedestal.

MAJORITY IS NOW SIXTY-TWO

Reduction Due to Changes in the West.

ALGOMA WEST IS IN DOUBT

Calgary, in the Territories, Goes to the Opposition, Also Pontiac in Quebec Province.

	Government.	Opposition.
Ontario	39	47
Quebec	53	11
Nova Scotia	18	..
New Brunswick	7	6
Prince Edward Island	1	3
Manitoba	6	3
Northwest Territories	6	2
British Columbia	4	..
Totals	134	72
Government majority	62	

To be held 7
In doubt (Alberta) 1

Reports received from the constituencies indicate that the Liberal majority of 66 announced yesterday has probably been reduced to 62, chiefly by changes in the west. The changes are:

In Ontario—The transfer of Algoma West from the Liberal to the Conservative column, although the returns being as yet quite incomplete and the majority so far small, there is still a good prospect that a re-transfer will be necessary.

In Quebec—Pontiac, which was yesterday classified as doubtful, has been conceded to the Opposition, giving them a total of 11 seats in Quebec, with the Gaspe election yet to be held, which will undoubtedly go Liberal, leaving the Government majority in Quebec 43, a net loss of 4 seats.

In New Brunswick—York reverts to the Opposition.

In Manitoba Liberals are now leading in Provencher, which was yesterday classed an Opposition seat.

In the Territories yesterday's calculation claimed only six seats for the Liberals, with one, Calgary, doubtful. Later figures indicate that Calgary has been carried by the Opposition. The Conservative candidate is also ahead in Qu'Appelle, while Alberta is in doubt.

No changes are reported from Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and British Columbia.

The elections still to be held are:

Quebec—Gaspe.

N. W. T.—Dauphin, Mackenzie and Yukon.

British Columbia—Comox-Atlin, Kootenay and Yale and Cariboo.

First To Be Gazetted.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 5. — The first member of the new Parliament to be gazetted is R. C. Laurier, brother of the Premier, who was elected in L'Assomption by acclamation.

Premier at Montreal.

Montreal, Que., Nov. 5. — Sir Wilfrid Laurier arrived at Place Viger station this morning from Quebec in his special car, and at once proceeded to the Windsor Hotel, where he is receiving his friends. Sir Wilfrid declined to make any statement on public matters. He will leave at 4 o'clock for Ottawa, where a big reception is being prepared in his honor.

Avery Elected.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 5. — Frontenac is now fully conceded to have elected Avery (Con.) The final figures, however, are not yet obtainable.

Conservative Withdraws.

Gaspe, Que., Nov. 5.—Beaudry, Conservative candidate for Gaspe County, has withdrawn. Lomiux, Liberal, likely will be declared elected by acclamation. The election is fixed for Dec. 12.

The West's Fine Showing.

Winnipeg, Nov. 4. — Later returns show that the Liberals made almost a clean sweep of Manitoba and the Territories. Provencher, which for the past 30 years has elected a Conservative, Mr. C. LaRiviere, swung into the Liberal column this afternoon, the final returns electing J. E. Cyr, the popular Liberal candidate, by 17 majority. This is one of the most popular victories in the whole campaign, coming next to Hon. Mr. Sifton's sweeping victory in Brandon, and Mr. Bole's in Winnipeg.

The final figures of Brandon give Mr. Sifton 871 majority. Brandon City was wild with excitement last night on Mr. Sifton's great victory over an unscrupulous opponent.

The correct majority for Bole, Liberal, in Winnipeg, is 284.

Jackson, Liberal, is leading by 400 in Selkirk, with six or seven minor polls to report.

Ex-Premier Greenway's majority in Lisgar is 243.

Crawford, Liberal, who fought Portage la Prairie against Body, one of the strongest of Tory campaigners, is a winner by nearly 500.

Schaffner, Conservative, is leading by a small majority in Souris, with all the polls not heard from.

Staples, Conservative, has 437 majority over Riddell, Liberal, in Macdonald.

Final returns in Marquette elect Roche, Conservative, by about 120 majority.

Premier's Majority.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—Sir Wilfrid's majority in Wright County will be 1,350.

VETERAN FOUND DROWNED

Body of William Harper Found in the Black River.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 5. — The body of Wm. Harper, 80 years old, was found last evening floating in Black River. The old man disappeared on Oct. 20. Harper's widow, 78 years of age, is in the city hospital, a hopeless paralytic, with her mind almost gone. The old man was a veteran of Great Britain's wars, having fought under the Union Jack in the Sepoy mutiny, the Crimean war, and twice on the South African veldt.

ORDERED HOME

Cruisers on Pacific To Be Replaced by Powerful Ships.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 5. — The unexpected summoning of H. M. S. Grafton and H. M. S. Flora, the two largest vessels at this station, is explained at Esquimalt on the ground that more powerful vessels are on their way from England to this station, which, since the friction with Russia became acute, has suddenly sprung into prominence as a naval base.

The Grafton was busy preparing for her cruise to Honolulu when the order for her return to England arrived. The departure of the Grafton and the Flora leaves on the Pacific station the cruiser Bonaventure, the sloop-of-war Shearwater and the naval survey vessel Algeria.

SOLD TO RUSSIA

Two Big American Liners Purchased by Czar's Government.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 5.—A special to the Telegraph from Savannah says: Two Savannah ships, the Alabama and the Florida, have been sold to Russia. The steamships are on the cargo line between Savannah and European ports. The news of their sale was brought to Savannah by the captain of the Louisiana, another of the ships of this line. He says that the sale was made in Berlin, and the vessels are to be used as transports. The purchase was made by Russia through the South African Company.

TO PATROL THE STRAITS

H. M. S. Battleships Victorious and Magnificent On Guard.

Gibraltar, Nov. 5. — The battle ships Victorious and Magnificent have sailed under orders to patrol the straits. The battleships Illustrious and Jupiter have been ordered to put to sea immediately, and it is believed they will proceed westward.

Tangier, Nov. 4. — The ships of the Russian Baltic squadron now here will sail at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning. Their destination has not been disclosed.

May Be Reconciled

Florence, Italy, Nov. 4. — The former Crown Prince Louise, the divorced wife of the present King of Saxony, has arrived here, desiring, it is said, to be nearer Rome in order to facilitate the negotiations with the Vatican with the object of bringing about a reconciliation with the King. This is here considered to be more probable now, owing to the death of the late King George, who was implacable. Princess Louise is stopping at a private villa here.

OVATION FOR THE PREMIER

Tremendous Demonstration Upon Leaving Quebec for the Capital.

Quebec, Nov. 5.—Yesterday morning a number of veteran volunteers who aided in the Trent affair, and also those who aided to repeal the Fenian invasion of 1866, waited upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier to ask recognition for their services to Canada in those days. Sir Wilfrid Laurier received the deputation very courteously, and said that he would be pleased to recognize their past valuable services to their country. He allowed the delegates to use his name as favorable to any scheme for recognition that they might present to the Minister of Militia.

Sir Wilfrid left for Ottawa on board his private car by the regular C. P. R. train. He was escorted to the station from the Chateau Frontenac by thousands of people. There was a tremendous and very enthusiastic demonstration.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Cloudy, Cold.

Sun rises, 6:58 a.m.; sets, 5:04 p.m.
Moon rises, 4:16 a.m.; sets, 4:14 p.m.

Toronto, Nov. 4, 8 p.m.—The weather today has been fine and warm in Manitoba and the Territories and for the most part cloudy and cool from Ontario to Maritime Provinces. The southern storm is now moving northward near the Atlantic Coast. Its course so far has been very erratic, but from present indications it will be felt on the great lakes. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 14—18; Victoria, 52—56; Kamloops, 40—60; Calgary, 28—58; Edmonton, 28—62; Prince Albert, 26—52; Qu'Appelle, 34—64; Winnipeg, 28—56; Parry Sound, 38—48; Toronto, 34—46; Ottawa, 40—40; Montreal, 34—42; Quebec, 28—38; St. John, 36—38; Halifax, 32—48.

FORECASTS.

Saturday, Nov. 5, 8 a.m.—Today—Northeast and north winds, cloudy and cold, with scattered showers of rain or snow.

Sunday—Cloudy and cold with northeast winds.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	40	30	Clear
Winnipeg	30	28	Clear
Parry Sound	34	32	Fair
Toronto	36	36	Cloudy
Ottawa	26	24	Fair
Montreal	26	24	Cloudy
Quebec	24	22	Cloudy
Father Point	24	22	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

A cold wave has come in from the northward of Ontario and Quebec, and this with the storm still hovering near the middle Atlantic Coast, makes the conditions very unsettled. The weather continues fine and summerlike in the Northwest Territories.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Saturday, Nov. 5, 8 a.m.—Local temperatures — The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Friday, Nov. 4, 1904, were: Highest, 60 above; lowest, 28 above.

WHO WILL BE NEXT LEADER?

Comment of Organs on Mr. Borden's Defeat.

PROPOSAL TO PROVIDE SEAT

The Witness Thinks Conservatives May Not Want Him Further as Their Leader.

Montreal, Nov. 4. — The Conservative newspapers of Montreal are silent as regards the party leadership. The Gazette will say nothing at present, and the Montreal Star, the paper that has so enthusiastically supported Mr. Borden, confines itself to the following reference: "The defeat of Mr. Borden is a very real, though it is to be hoped only a temporary, calamity. No man has shown in so short a time more genuine genius for public life. He has already deserved well of his country, and better than he received from his own city. Mr. Bell, too, is another man who will be keenly missed if a seat is not found for him. On the other hand, the Conservative parliamentary forces will be strengthened by the accession of Mr. Foster."

The Herald (Liberal), says that Mr. Borden would be a loss to Parliament, and adds that a seat should be found for him.

The Witness (Independent Liberal), treats the question more openly. It says: "Will it be possible to find a safe seat for Mr. Borden? Will the party still want him and the principles which it commissioned him to represent, and for which he so wholeheartedly stood, and for which he has fallen, or will he find himself tired of politics for the moment, and also of the prospect of more long years of battle in weary siege to the Government fortress? In the event of Mr. Borden dropping out of the leadership the natural inquiry is, who is there to succeed him? Mr. Foster, whose re-entry into Parliament we cordially welcome, is acknowledged to be the strongest man, but it is suspected that he will not be persona grata to a majority. The Hon. Peter White is the hope of a good many Conservatives outside of Parliament, whatever may be the official decision of the party. Mr. White, however, has passed his 66th milestone, and may not care to take such an onerous position even if it were offered to him. The gallant Col. Hughes, no doubt, aspires, perhaps also Mr. Maclean; but apart from Mr. Foster not one of the old guard, the Tuppers, etc., is supported by a single voice."

The French papers say practically nothing.

AFTERMATH OF THE ELECTIONS

A Big Demonstration for the Premier at Ottawa—Revised Election Returns.

North Perth Figures.

Stratford, Ont., Nov. 4. — Following is a complete statement of the poll by majorities:

McLaren, Stratford, 115; Elma Township, 115; Elice Township, 44; Mornington Township, 41; Wallace Township, 127; Listowel, 52—total 534.

Mabee, North Easthope, 245; Milverton, 21—total 266. Majority for McLaren, 268.

To Welcome Premier.

Ottawa, Nov. 4. — Premier Laurier will be welcomed home with a big demonstration tomorrow night. He will be met at the station and escorted to his home, headed by massed bands.

Close at Wentworth.

Hamilton, Nov. 4.—Although W. E. S. Knowles, returning officer for Wentworth, has not received all the official returns, the latest information by telephone gives W. O. Sealey, Liberal candidate, 17 majority. A Conservative scrutineer announced a majority of 13 in one division for Smith, which was for Sealey, and that was how it was believed at first Smith was elected.

Clarke's Small Majority.

Toronto, Nov. 4.—Liberals now claim that E. F. Clarke's majority in Center Toronto is now only 392, not 386. They state that some returns were inaccurate.

Accident at Lucan.

Lucan, Nov. 4. — At 9:30 last night, while the Stanley block, corner of Main and William streets, was crowded, part of the floor gave may and precipitated over fifty men and boys into the cellar, which was quite deep. No one was seriously hurt, but many were considerably bruised.

Mayor a Murderer.

Charlottesville, Va., Nov. 5. — D. J. McHugh, for two terms mayor of Charlottesville, and for many years a lawyer at the bar, before which he was tried today, was found guilty of murder in the first degree of the charge of having killed his wife. This carries the death penalty.

MR. BORDEN REGRETS

Thanks His Friends and Will Make Announcement Later.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 5. — Mr. R. L. Borden was seen by your correspondent yesterday morning, and asked if he had anything to say regarding the political situation, when he made the following statement: "I have no announcement to make at present, except to thank my friends all over the Dominion for the splendid fight which they made in the election contest. The odds against them appear to have been overwhelming. I especially regret the defeat of several of my colleagues in the late Parliament, men whose ability and experience in public affairs should certainly have justified their re-election in any constituency."

LONDON PRESS ON THE VICTORY

Prosperous Canada Did Not Desire a Change.

GREAT TRIUMPH, SAYS GRAPHIC

English Newspapers Agreed That the G. T. Pacific Was the Main Issue.

London, Nov. 5. — The London Daily Graphic says: Sir Wilfrid Laurier has scored a great triumph. Imperial tariff reform caused no division of opinion. Laurier's views were well known in England, while Borden, notwithstanding Rosebery's extraordinary assertion, pledged himself and his party to the principle of mutual preference two years ago. After speaking of the Grand Trunk Pacific, being the main party questions, the Graphic says that the Canadians, however, are too prosperous to feel greatly inclined to go "against the Government."

Earl Ranfurly, entertained at Belfast, after seven years' governorship of New Zealand, said that the real bond of empire was of blood, sentiment and tradition. That bond, through much discouragement, still lived. It was the mother country's bounden duty to foster and encourage it in every way in their power. Absolute free trade throughout the empire might be an impossibility, owing to revenue requirements, but when colonies had passed preferential tariffs regarding British-made goods carried in British ships it was more than time for the home country to try to deal with her family in a liberal spirit. In conclusion, he referred to New Zealand's largely increased contributions to the British navy measure passed by Parliament without dissent as undoubted proof of the sentiments of the colony.

Referring to Bannerman's speech the Morning Post says it is hardly necessary to say there is not even a scintilla of justification for the inference that Laurier's victory was evidence of anti-Chamberlain sentiment. We have had repeated assurances in most clear and precise language that the Canadian Premier is eager to strengthen the bonds of commercial union with the mother country. Canada has her own questions to deal with. There is happily no conflict of opinion on the matter dividing us here.

The Daily News says the issue before the electorate of Canada was reduced to the one question of the Grand Trunk Pacific contract. Tariff questions were absolutely quiescent during the campaign. The attempt to beat the Chamberlain drum was a terrifying failure, which will probably keep that instrument from Canadian politics for some time to come.

BLOOD AND TRADITION

Make the Real Bond of Empire, Says Earl Ranfurly.

London, Nov. 5. — Earl Ranfurly, entertained at Belfast after 7 years' governorship of New Zealand, said the real bond of empire was that of blood, sentiment and tradition. That bond, after passing through much discouragement, still lived. It was the mother country's bounden duty to foster and encourage it in every way in their power.

Absolute free trade throughout the Empire might be an impossibility owing to revenue requirements, but when the colonies had passed preferential tariffs regarding British-made goods carried in British ships it was more than time for the home country to try and deal with her family in a liberal spirit.

In conclusion he referred to New Zealand's largely increased contributions to the British navy—a measure passed by Parliament without dissent—as undoubted proof of the sentiments of the colony.

Plot Against Navy Yard.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4. — It came to the notice of the commandant of the navy yard yesterday that 50 discharged Italian laborers had planned to burn the navy yard plant here, and the marine guard was doubled last night. The Italians will be made to leave the state.

Wipe Out Opposition, Says Conservative Organ

The Ottawa Citizen Wants Conservatives to Remain Passive in the House.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—The Citizen (Conservative), discussing the probability of Mr. Borden's retirement from public life, suggests Mr. Foster or Mr. Clark as the only possibilities for the position of leader. In conclusion the paper says: "The suggestion has been made, and it has much to recommend it, that the Conservative members of the new Parliament should tacitly resign the responsibility of Opposition, give the Government both front rows and appear simply as private members, thus giving the Government full swing. It will have at least one advantage, of shortening the sessions. It may have other advantages, the prospects of which we fail to foresee in the operation of any organized Opposition against the existing odds."

FREE FIGHT IN FRENCH CHAMBER

Deputy Slapped the Face of the War Minister,

THEN FLEW TO THE BACK SEATS

Stormy Debate Over the Policy of General Andre—Row Helped the Government.

Paris, Nov. 4. — Today's sitting of the Chamber of Deputies was one of the stormiest and most heated in recent years, the excitement culminating when Gabriel Syveton, a prominent Nationalist deputy, stepped up to Gen. Andre, the Minister of War, and slapped his face. After accomplishing this feat, Syveton retreated rapidly to the uppermost row of seats, taking refuge behind members of the Opposition.

A tremendous tumult ensued, deputies crowding upon the floor of the House, where a free fight was soon in progress. Speaker Brisson left the chair thus suspending the session. Eventually order was restored, and, the sitting being resumed, Syveton's temporary exclusion was voted. The offender, however, refused to quit his seat and it became necessary again to suspend the sitting while he was removed by a military guard.

It is probable that this misconduct, which occurred just before the final division, materially contributed to strengthen the position of the cabinet, which at one time seemed very critical, for after securing a majority of only two on a preliminary question, the Government finally carried a vote of confidence by over a hundred majority.

Deputies who witnessed the assault upon the Minister of War say that Gen. Andre was wholly taken by surprise and was struck with such violence that he would have fallen had not Premier Combes stepped forward and supported him. Gen. Andre's face was much swollen, and was cut by a ring worn by Syveton. Speaker Brisson has notified the judiciary authority than an assault had been committed within the precincts of the chamber.

RECAPITULATION OF MAJORITIES

Results in Detail From the Western Counties of the Province.

Mr. Calvert's Poll

Glencoe, Nov. 4.—The majorities received by candidates Calvert and Stewart in the different municipalities forming the west riding of Middlesex in yesterday's contest were as follows:

	Calvert.	Stewart.
Glencoe	2	..
Wardsville	1	..
Strathroy	7	..
Caradoc	84	..
Ekfrid	98	..
Mosa	29	..
Metcalfe	..	59
Delaware	..	9
Newbury	..	3
Totals	221	71

Majority for Calvert, 150.

Kent West.

	Clements.	Stephens.
Chatham	145	..
Blenheim	35	..
Tilbury Village	..	13
Harwich	..	5
Raleigh	25	..
Dover	38	..
Romney	..	38
Tilbury East	..	76
	243	132

Total majority for Clements (Con.), 111.

Brant.

	Ludlow.	Paterson
Paris	..	68
Burford	..	93
South Dumfries	..	132
Brantford Township	..	151
Onondaga	34	..
	34	504

Majority for Paterson (Lib.), 470

Brantford.

	Cockshutt.	Heyd.
Brantford	2,113	1,944
Brantford Township	292	291
Oakland	62	117
Totals	2,377	2,352

Majority for Cockshutt (Con.), 15.

Following are the summaries supplied by the Toronto Globe, World and Mail and Empire:

North Oxford.

	Sutherland.	Wallace.
Woodstock	931	625
Blenheim	450	199
E. Nissouri	324	167
Blandford	141	66
E. Zorra	353	104
West Zorra	263	38
Embro	61	31
	2,539	1,170

Majority for Sutherland (Lib.), 1,369 (incomplete).

Perth South.

	McIntyre.	Stelce.
St. Marys	51	..
Blanshard	..	72
Downie	127	..
Hibbert	82	..
Fullarton	..	97
Mitchell	..	93
Logan	..	129
South Easthope	255	..
Totals	515	291

Majority for McIntyre (Lib.), 124.

East Middlesex.

	Elson.	McEvoy.
London township	1,023	667
Westminster	379	636
North Dorchester	476	340
West Nissouri	381	332
Totals	2,259	2,035

Majority for Elson (Con.), 224.

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