Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. 1. NO. 19. GUELPH, ON., CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10, 1867. PRICE ONE PEN

New Advertisements.

TO PRINTER BOYS.

WANTED immediately at this office, a young lad who has a knowledge of type setting.

McLAGAN & INNES.

Guelph, 20th July, 1867.

Apprentices Wanted.

WANTED, three apprentices to the tailoring business. Enquire at

JOHN HILL'S, Merchant Tailor,

Guelph, 30th July, 1867. Quebec Street.

Mourning Stationery

A FULL ASSORTMEMT!

CHEAP!

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Guelph, 20th July, 1867.

THE BEST OF STATIONERY!

AT THE LOWEST PRICE,

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Guelph, 20th July, 1867.

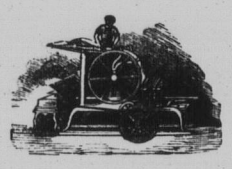
THE EVENING MERCURY

CHEAP BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING HOUSE!

FIRST HOUSE EAST OF THE GOLDEN LION,

Macdonnell Street, - - GUELPH.



McLAGAN AND INNES,

HAVE much pleasure in intimating to their numerous patrons and the public in general that they have

REMOVED

Their Printing Establishment to more extensive and commodious premises, specially erected for the requirements of their extensive business.

JOB PRINTING

In connection with the EVENING and WEEKLY MERCURY Newspapers we have the Largest and most complete JOB DEPARTMENT west of the City of Toronto. We have within the past few days added an immense assortment of

Beautiful New Scotch Type,

Imported direct from Millar & Richards, Edinburgh. We have also in constant operation

THREE POWER AND TWO HAND PRESSES,

Thus enabling us to turn out work on the shortest possible notice. Having such facilities at our command, employing none but the best of workmen, and using good stock, we enjoy great advantages in the execution of all kinds of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

BOOK and JOB PRINTING.

Our charges in the future, as in the past, will be moderate, at least

20 per Cent. under any other Office in the County,

While the style and quality of the work will be fully up to that of the large cities.

THE BUSINESS MAN

Will find it specially to his advantage to give us a call and examine specimens and learn prices.

All Orders by Post Promptly attended to.

McLAGAN & INNES,

EVENING MERCURY OFFICE,

Macdonnell St., Guelph.

Guelph, July 20, 1867. d-tf

GUELPH POST OFFICE.

Arrival and Delivery of Mails.

	DELIVERY. A.M.	DELIVERY. P.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.
Hamilton	8.00	12.30	6.30	4.15
Great Western	8.00	12.30	6.30	4.15
Grand Trunk, west		3.30	9.30	
Toronto	10.30	6.30	9.30	2.30
Arkell, Eden Mills, Nassagaweya, Campbellsville, Lowville, Nelson, Wellington Square, Aberfoyle, Freelton, Greensville, Morriston, Puslinch, Strabane, Eramosa, Everton, Ospringe,	Monday, Wed'y. & Friday. 11.30		6.30	10.30 / 6.30 / 12.30
			P.M.	
Elora	8.00	1.30	12.30	9.00
Fergus	8.00	1.30	12.30	9.00
Marden		1.30		12.30
Ponsonby		1.30		12.30
Alma	8.00	1.30	12.30	9.00
Wynford	8.00	1.30	12.30	9.00
Montreal	10.30	6.30		2.30
Grand Trunk, east	10.30	6.30		2.30
Orangeville		6.30		2.30
Way Mail, between Guelph & Toronto,	10.30			2.30
Gourock	8.00		A.M.	4.15
Berlin	10.30	3.30	9.30	5.30
Waterloo	10.30	3.30	9.30	5.30

Guelph P. O., July 23, 1867.

A CARD FROM

The American Watch Company.

OF

WALTHAM, MASS.

THIS Company beg leave to inform the citizens of the new dominion of Canada, that they have made arrangements to introduce their celebrated Watches to their notice. They are prepared to prove that their watches are made upon a better system than others in the world.

They commenced operations in 1850, and their factory now covers four acres of ground, and has cost more than a million dollars, and employs over 700 operatives. They produce 75,000 Watches a year, and make and sell not less than half of all the watches sold in the United States. Up to the present time, it has been impossible for them to do more than supply the constantly increasing home demand; but recent additions to their works have enabled them to turn their attention to other markets.

The difference between their manufacture and the European, is briefly this: European Watches are made almost entirely BY HAND. In them, all those mysterious and infinitesimal organs when put together create the watch, are the result of slow and toilsome MANUAL processes, and the result is of necessity a lack of uniformity, which is indispensable to correct time-keeping. Both the eye and the hand of the most skilful operative must vary. But it is a fact that, except watches of the higher grades, most European watches are the product of the cheapest labor of Switzerland, and the result is the worthless Ancres, Lepins and so-called Patent Levers—which soon cost more in attempted repairs, than their original price. Common workmen, boys and women, buy the rough separate parts of these watches from various factories, polish and put them together, and take them to the nearest watch merchant. He stamps and engraves them with any name or brand that may be ordered—whether London, Paris, Geneva or what not; and many a man who thinks he has a genuine "M. I. Tobias, of Liverpool," (whose only fault is, that he can never regulate it to keep very good time), is really carrying a cheap and poor Swiss imitation.

How American Watches are Made.

The American Waltham Watch is made by no such uncertain process—and by no such incompetent workmen. All their operations, from the reception of the raw materials—the brass, the steel, the silver, the gold and the precious stones—to the final completion of the Watch, are carried on under one roof, and under one skilful and competent direction.—But the great distinguishing feature of their Watches, is the fact that their several parts are all made by the finest, the most perfect and delicate machinery ever brought to the aid of human industry. Every one of the more than a hundred parts of every watch is made by a machine—that infallibly reproduces every succeeding part with the most unvarying accuracy. It was only necessary to make one perfect watch of any particular style and then to adjust the the hundred machines necessary to reproduce every part of that watch, and it follows that every succeeding watch must be like it. If any part of any American Waltham Watch should be lost or injured, the owner has only to address the Company, stating the number of his watch and the part wanted, whether it be spring, pinion, jewel, or what not, and by return mail he would receive the desired article, which any watchmaker would adjust to its position.

The Company respectfully submit their watches on their merit only They have fully succeeded in overcoming popular prejudice in the States in favor of European watches, and solicit a thorough examination and fair trial for their manufactures elsewhere. They claim to make

A Better Article for the Money

by their improved mechanical processes than can be made under the old-fashioned handicraft system. They manufacture watches of every grade, from a good, low-priced, and substantial article, in solid silver hunting cases, especially adapted to the wants of the farmer and lumberman, to the finest chronometer for the navigator; and also ladies' watches in plain gold or the finest enameled and jeweled cases, but the indispensable requisite of all their watches is that they shall be **good Timekeepers.** It should be remembered that, except their single lowest grade named "Home Watch Company, Boston," all watches made by them

Are Fully Warranted

by a special certificate given to the purchaser of every watch by the seller, and this warrantee is good at all times against the Company or its agents.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
182 Broadway, New York.

ROBBINS, APPLETON & Co.,
158 Washington St., Boston.
General Agents.

ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal.
Agent for Canada.

july29

STORE to LET in ACTON

A COMMODIOUS STORE and Dwelling House in Acton, situate in a good locality for business. This presents a favourable opening for a Dry Goods or General Store. Apply to

W. DARLING & CO., Montreal,
or W. H. STOREY, Acton.

August 3rd, 1867. d-tf

DAILY GLOBE copy till forbid.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.	
Mail	9.45 a. m.	Day Express	9.45 a.m.
Day Express	2.55 p. m.	Eve. Express	3.33 p. m
Ev. Express	6.45 p. m.	Mail	5.50 "
Night Ex	2.45 a. m.	Night Ex	2.45 a.m.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

ARRIVE AT GUELPH.		DEPART.	
Mixed	11.10 a. m.	Accommodat'n	7.40 a.m
Accom'd'n	11.40 a. m.	Mixed	1.45 p.m
Do	9.10 p. m.	Accom	4.50 p.m

Evening Mercury.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10.

General News.

☞ Mr. Youmans is most successful with his music clssses in London.

☞ The Fergus *Record* is urging upon the people of that village the propriety of putting up a Market House.

☞ The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald* states that Napoleon is forming three *corps d'armie* of 100,000 men each, and making preparations which point to an active campaign.

The Kingston *Daily News* (Conservative) in an able article, says that "the Confederated union is in danger, but the truth is the danger is from extravagance and corruption."

☞ A farmer in Wisconsin has been poisoned by picking and eating strawberries after killing potatoe bugs with his fingers. An awful warning to people who don't wash their hands.

☞ The Catholic priest at Northampton, Mass., Rev. Patrick V. Moyce, has sent a petition to the Pope, asking the privilege to use the Protestant version of the Bible in his church.

☞ The Kentucky State election took place on the 5th inst., and resulted in a Democratic majority of 50,000. On the other hand the Radicals have carrid Tennessee, electing Governor Brownlow by large majorities.

☞ A telegram from Hadersley, in North Schleswig, has announced that 1,000 families in that district have had notice from the Prussian authorities to quit their homes within eight days, for refusing allegiance to the new order of things.

☞ The jury upon the late accident at Thorndale, on the Grand Trunk Railway, returned the following verdict:—"That the conductor of the wood train carelessly ran into the passenger train." Warrants have been issued for the apprehension of the conductor and engine-driver.

☞ The Princess of Wales leaves England in the second week in August. Her Royal Highness will proceed on board one of the royal yachts to Rotterdam, whence she will pursue her journey up the Rhine, on her way to the waters recommended to her.

☞ Englishmen still drink beer! The annual return show that 37,776 persons in the United Kingdom pay licenses as brewers. Nearly 100,000 persons were licensed to sell beer as victuallers. Upwards of 50,000,000 bushels of malt were used in the manufacture.

☞ The enterprising and indefatigable Scotch residents in the English metropolis, have started a new journal for themselves, styled the *London Scotsman*. The new journal purports to be a "a repertory of Scotch news and Scotch interests as they ramify all over the world."

☞ The Amherst, N. B., *Gazette* states that Mr. Sandford Fleming is in Cumberland by direction of the General Government, for the purpose of locating the line of the Intercolonial Railway from the New Brunswick border to Truro.

☞ On Tuesday afternoon last, the barn of Mr. Alex. Stewart, Garafraxa, was struck by lightning and the hay set on fire. By the determined and heroic efforts of Mr. Stewart, junr., and sisters, the burning hay was soon extinguished.

☞ The monitor *Onondago* recently purchased from the United States by the French Government, had to be towed back to New York on Friday, having broken down on her passage to France like her consort the *Dunderberg*.

☞ The Fenians at Chicago, on Thursday, had an immense mass meeting in honor of the Union of the I. R. B. of Ireland and the F. B. of America.—There was a torch-light procession, and it is said that fully 10,000 people attended the mass meeting which was held at the Court House Square, in the Centre of Chicago. Resolutions were passed calling upon the United States Government to interfere for the liberation of the Fenian prisoners in Canada and Ireland.

☞ Mormonism in England is rapidly collapsing. In Liverpool, where, in 1861, there was a church of 1000 persons, there are now not 20 members. And so it is all through the country. Poverty has settled upon them all. The President of a Conference was once maintained in fine style. But now he is scarcely able to maintain himself. The "Saints" possessed of the means have emigrated to Salt Lake, and no new recruits are being obtained. "There are hundreds of unmarried sisters," writes the apostle, "waiting for the day of their deliverance, and looking to the mountains for help."

Local News.

CRICKET:—A match was played on Friday between the junior Cricket Club of Guelph, and the juniors of Fergus. The latter had two innings: the former only one, yet Guelph beat by 44 runs.

The Foundry of the Messrs. Bricker, of Waterloo, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night together with the greater part of its contents. It was insured for 1000 in the Gore Mutual.

The Galt *Reporter* says that the wheat crop in that part of the country is much superior to what was anticipated; and it is believed that it has suffered but little from the midge.

SCHOOL OPENING.—The schools in town will open on Monday next—vacation having expired. It is desirable that scholars should not consider it necessary to prolong the time of relaxation.

MR. WARNER'S STORE.—We would direct notice to Mr. Warner's advertisement of his store at Rockwood. He has enlarged his establishment, got a full supply of groceries and hardware, and we are sure that he will be found a most agreeable and upright man with whom to do business.

LUNACY:—Yesterday (Friday) a man named Richard Ward, a resident of Garafraxa, was brought to Guelph gaol, a very violent lunatic. The cause of the malady is supposed to have been religious excitement. Application has been made for his admission to the Asylum in Toronto.

☞ Mr D. Ormiston has resigned his situation as head master of the Berlin Grammar School, and goes to Cobourg to teach in the Grammar School of the preparatory department of Victoria University. We congratulate Mr Ormiston on his appointment.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—At the inquest, which was held by Dr. Orton on the body of the boy, John Yeats, on Friday, no facts of importance were elicited from any of the witnesses beyond those we have already given in our narration of the accident. The evidence of Dr. Clarke, however, might be interesting as showing the exact extent of the injuries sustained by the unfortunate young man. Dr. Clarke being sworn said:—I was called to see John Yeats; I found his body in Presants' mill; the front bone and ribs were broken into pieces; the heart was lacerated and protruded externally; the lungs were also torn; the bowels were pushed out of the abdomen, and the left arm was frightfully lacerated. All these injuries were likely to be produced by the body being caught in the cogs of the wheel, and were sufficient to cause death. The jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death," and at the same time Mr. Presant was cautioned against allowing the boys to go bathing by a way in which there was so much danger.

GUELPH EVENING MERCURY:—Guelph now boasts of two daily papers—each of which is a great deal better than the other—in the opinion of their respective friends and supporters. On the 20th ult. the publishers of the *Mercury* issued the first number of a daily evening edition of that paper, since which time it has made its appearance as regularly as clockwork, to the delight of its friends and the savage chagrin of its coalition-loving opponents. It is a handsomely printed 24 column sheet, of the anti-coalition persuasion, and in point of literary ability will compare favorably with its more pretentious city cotemporaries of barn-door dimensions. Notwithstanding it made its bow to the public quite unexpectedly, it became a general favorite *forthwith*, and is meeting with liberal support from the business men of the town and vicinity. Newsboys are to be seen in every direction urging the sale of the rival papers upon all who come within reach of their voices; and meet with liberal patronage. The success of the new candidate has, so far, fully realized the most sanguine expectations of its publishers. It is intended as a permanent institution (not as a campaign sheet, as many supposed) and judging from present appearances, is likely to enjoy a long and prosperous career. So mote it be.—*Guelph cor. of Berlin Telegraph.*

Base Ball Match in Hamilton.

The Maple Leaf Club of Hamilton, have got a tremendous thrashing in the game they profess to play so well. They have entered for a first prize at the Detroit tournament, but have had it pretty clearly demonstrated to them, that there was no necessity for their going so far to be beaten. The game was between them and their namesakes of Guelph, and was played on Thursday last. It should have commenced at noon, but was kept back some way or other until one o'clock; the consequence was, that as the Guelph boys had to leave at a few minutes past six, only seven innings were played, but in these they distanced their opponents so far, that the latter had not the shadow of a chance of success. The following is the score.

HAMILTON.

	H.	L.	RUNS.
J. Young	4		1
T. McCann	2		3
W. Shuttleworth	2		2
P. Dinahy	2		1
G. Hamilton	3		1
H. Sweetman	2		2
J. Atkinson	1		3
J. J. Mason	2		2
A. Secord	1		2
	Total		17

GUELPH.

	H.	L.	
J. T. Nichols	3		7
R. Howard	1		8
W. Sunley	1		8
H. Steele	2		7
A. Cormie	5		5
R. Oliver	3		6
T. Smith	2		6
J. Colson	3		7
A. P. Crooks	1		8
	Total		62

OUT AGAIN.—The Mount Forest *Examiner* says it is reported that Geo. Jackson, Esq., has signified his intention of again becoming a candidate for the representation of South Grey. Another paper says that exertions are being made to induce Mr. Jackson to come out again, on conditions that the expenses incurred in his election be borne by his friends. His attempts to find some outsider to undertake the hopeless task of contesting the Riding with Mr. Dalgish has proved a failure.

Police Court.

Mrs. Lappen appeared before his Worship this morning to answer a charge of being drunk and disorderly, last night, on Essex street. She had raised an awful row, and intruding on the premises of a neighbor, she got a severe thwacking.—She had cursed and sworn with a vehemence that would rather have been expected from the proverbial "trooper" than from a lady advanced in years, and still experiencing the effects of erysipelas. Her yells and curses had created a great deal of excitement on the street, and finally she was arrested while she was in the act of "bating" Mr Lappen. The affectionate couple perform this conjugal duty by turns. Mrs Lappen gets drunk and wallops Mr Lappen, and anon Mr Lappen gets drunk and returns the kindness.—Thus the melancholy of monotony is prevented. Being a little above the common class of offenders, the old lady refused to walk to the lock-up; she was therefore brought in a carriage—that is to say, a superannuated wheelbarrow was brought into requisition, and in it the drunken but by no means passive form of Mrs Lappen was laid, with due attention to her bodily comfort. One man played horse, while two others held her in the vehicle, and in this manner, amid much applause, she was conveyed to the mansion prepared for her, and "the likes o' her." She was slightly nervous when she appeared in court this morning, and excessively thirsty. One of the constables humanely gave her a draught of what an old pedant once called *aqua fontis*.

His Worship—"Guilty or not guilty, Mrs Lappen?

Mrs Lappen—"I was the worse of wine, your Honor, but I never got drunk on bad whiskey."

His Worship—"It does not matter about the kind of liquor used."

Mrs Lappen—"And was it any wonder that I was in such a state? Would you look, if you plaise, at the jaw that Simon Fitznoodle left me, and that's the fifth time he's done that same, since I have been in that house."

A witness was examined, who testified to the fact of Mrs Lappen's disorderly conduct, and she was fined $10 and costs. What touched her pocket so heavily touched her heart, and she wept as she went to fetch the money.

How the Work Goes on.

At the Reform committee meeting, held at Lindsay's Hotel last night, the most cheering reports were received from every Ward in town. In Guelph Township and Puslinch also the canvass is being prosecuted with the greatest energy and success. There never was the slightest doubt about securing a Reform victory, nevertheless our friends should not relax in their efforts to swell the majorities for the Reform candidates, and show their opponents how utterly futile it is for them to force on South Wellington two such extreme Conservatives as Messrs. Stone and Leslie.

A meeting of the Committee will be held at the Wellington Hotel on Tuesday night. We hope every member will make a point of attending.

The Crops.

For a number of years past, invariably as harvest approached we were told most appalling tales concerning the ravages that some of the insect tribe were making with the staple agricultural productions of Canada. Had they all been true, to the extent stated, long ere this man and beast in the country must have perished by famine. There is no doubt that there was some foundation for the assertions made, but the prospective evils were always exaggerated by gloomy imaginations. Again this year almost as soon as the wheat was in the head we were assured with all proper solemnity, and every expression of sorrow for the dire calamity which was coming upon us, that the crops were going to be literally devoured. It so turns out, however, that the evil has not been so immense as was anticipated, for the Fall wheat has been put into the barns, having suffered comparatively little from midge, rust, or any other cause—in short a heavier crop than usual, and damaged much less. Spring wheat does not cover the ground so thickly as it did last season; there will consequently be a deficiency in straw, (for which the unusual abundance of hay will make amends) but almost every person knows that when the spring wheat was thrashed last winter that the expectations of farmers were very much disappointed, as the crop promised far more yield than it gave. This is not likely to be the case this year; the head is well filled and the grain of good size, so that there will probably be as much of this grain to take to market next winter as there was last. A great deal of the barley throughout the country has been cut, and promises fair to reward amply the toils of the farmer. Peas are also heavy, oats not so much so. In fact so far as the prosperity of Canada is contingent on the products of the soil—and that is to a very large extent—there is every prospect that her fortune will not be reversed, at least for a season. In this locality the crops are such as should prove satisfactory to any reasonable man, but away to the north and west they have been still more highly favoured. Genial and seasonable rains were the means of producing greater abundance. And here we might mention that on Tuesday night last, in Erin, an uncommonly heavy thunder shower threw down the grain, and cut up the roads considerably; but it is possible that before the crops ripen, its effects upon them will not be noticed. Potatoes look well, and turnips, particularly in this locality, although retarded in their growth by early droughts, have become fresh and vigorous in consequence of the recent rains, and will be excellent.

South Wellington.

The *Globe* of to-day says:—

"Mr. F. W. Stone, who is at present in England, has been nominated as a candidate for the House of Commons in this constituency, and Mr. Wm. Leslie, of Puslinch, for the Legislature of Ontario, in opposition to Messrs. Stirton and Gow. Mr. Stone, it is thought probable, will not accept the nomination on his return home; but in the meantime he has been started by his party. Mr. Leslie has undertaken to lead the forlorn hope in the meantime. Both are extreme Conservatives, and furnish the most honest ticket that has been started in the West for some time. There is not even the pretence of Reform about them, and they will march under their own colours to certain defeat."

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAM

Special Despatches to the Ev Mercury.

From Mexico.

New Orleans, Aug. 9.—The mai mer from Cadiz arrived to-day at H bringing the new Postmaster Gene The *Diaro* of the 4th says that the government has been a party to discriminate shooting of prisoners in ico by the Liberals, and calls for in tion of the European governments a America, in order to cause their co rights to be respected throughou continent. Santa Anna had been br to Vera Cruz by a Mexican man-o and was to be tried for conspiracy a the government.

A reward of ten thousand dolla been offered for the arrest of Marqu

Everything was quiet at the c The trouble from the Indians cont

From Baltimore.

Baltimore, Aug. 9.—A Democrati cession was fired into last night by a of men. Two persons seriously in

From Louisville.

Louisville, Aug. 9—Advices from I River parishes of Louisiana and s counties of Mississippi, in reference cotton crop, are quite unfavorable.

From Mobile.

Mobile, Aug. 9th.—Fourteen ne were appointed on the police force t by the Mayor. One of them was m Lieutenant of the day police.

Cable News OF TO-DAY.

From London.

LONDON, August 9.—The govern will immediately despatch a large of troops to Canada to repel a threa Fenian invasion from the United S

In the House of Lords last evenin bill to abolish the church rates w jected by a large majority.

Despatches have been received which announce the death of Sophie Amelia, daughter of Maxi Joseph of Bavaria, and ex-Queen of N

A terrible railroad casualty occur Bray Head, Wicklow Co., Ireland, t The express from Dublin for Wic when at the above-named locality, r the track, and eight passenger co were precipitated into the sea. Th road at that point runs along the s of a high bluff. The loss of lif frightful: only one man out of the train, a man named Morris, escap Thirty persons were killed on th

LONDON, August 9.—In the Lords this evening, the go mitted the new postal tr United States for reducing postage between the two

In the House of Commo in answer to an inquiry, the foreign secretary, said erick Bruce, the Britis Washington, had been em vestigate the matter of th of Capt. Speer, by a Unite

Right Hon. Gaythor home secretary, in the H mons this evening in reply said that the Fenian prison ed better than any of the oth

The Reform bill having been from the Commons, a motion to-night in the House of Lords, sider its action upon the dis amendment. After some delay sideration of the subject was fixed 12th inst.

From Paris.

PARIS, August 9.—Despatch been received here which con previous announcement of the oc of three provinces of Cochin Chi French Forces.

Hon. Mr. Macdougall in Sa

"Hon. Mr. Macdougall addresse and influential meeting of the el Lambton at Sarnia, last evening, enthusiastically received. His was a powerful one, and won ove doubting ones to the Union cause Sandie probably wishes by this hadn't played political missionar extent he has done. Mr. Vidal wi him perspire before the electio over."

The above we find in the Lond *totype* of Wednesday,—but whi ways printed the evening bef must have been written and pr fore the meeting took place, events before they knew any London as to the result. But not, it is entirely erroneous in sions. Mr. Macdougall's s doubt, was a powerful one in t the Tories, but as to its "win many doubting ones" to the C this is the merest *bosh!* Th was two to one in favor of Mr. and he was far more enthusi ceived than the gentleman *Prototype*, until quite recently scribe by no other epithet tha ington Macdougall." The p Mackenzie again and again ma Mr. Macdougall's false and assumptions, and anxious giving the Ministry a piquant and racy, and down the house" in th and when Mr. Mack he was greeted wi cheering as must perambulating Mi to some other loca get endorsation And instead of Mackenzie "pe cess will be all *somebody's* give unmis *Observer.*

☞ Th on the 2 half the about day.