

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1915

VOL. XLIV., NO. 19

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within five miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres wholly owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required a homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres each year.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$7.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior

Canadian Government Railways.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 3rd, 1915.

Trains Outward, Read Down.				Trains Inward, Read Up.			
P.M.	Noon.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
3.45	12.00	7.35	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	11.40	10.50		10.20
5.00	1.20	8.30	Dep. Hunter River " "	10.36	9.52		9.03
5.45	2.10	9.02	Dep. Kensington " "	9.59	9.21	5.45	8.10
6.22	2.55	9.27	Dep. Summerside " "	9.27	8.55	5.02	
7.00	3.30	9.50	Ar. Summerside Dep.	9.00	8.30	4.30	
		P.M.					
	8.40	12.10	Dep. Summerside Ar.	8.45	5.30		
	9.38	1.42	Dep. Port Hill " "	7.48	4.00		
	10.27	3.10	Dep. O'Leary " "	7.04	2.40		
	11.08	4.22	Dep. Alberton " "	6.19	1.35		
	11.45	5.20	Ar. Tignish Dep.	5.45	12.30		
		P.M.					
	9.25	6.00	Dep. Emerald Jct. Ar.	4.40	1.15	8.00	
	10.00	7.00	Ar. Cape Traverse Dep.	8.40		7.00	
		P.M.					
	3.00	6.50	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	9.30	5.45		
	4.10	8.40	Dep. Mt. Stewart " "	8.27	4.10		
	4.36	9.17	Dep. Port Hill " "	7.58	3.27		
	4.57	9.46	Dep. St. Peter's " "	7.36	2.55		
	6.00	11.15	Ar. Souris Dep.	6.35	1.30		
	7.10		Ar. Elmira Dep.	5.25			
		A.M.					
	4.20	8.45	Dep. Mt. Stewart Ar.	8.20	3.55		
	5.09	9.55	Dep. Cardigan " "	7.26	2.48		
	5.30	10.25	Dep. Montague " "	7.04	2.20		
	6.05	11.05	Ar. Georgetown Dep.	6.30	1.30		
		Sat. only					
	3.10	3.10	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	10.00	9.45		
	4.25	4.57	Dep. Vernon River " "	8.23	8.31		
	5.55	7.00	Ar. Murray Harbor Dep.	6.30	7.00		

Oldest Cathedral in New World

The Cathedral of Mexico, one of the oldest and grandest in the Republic, stands on the site of the Aztec temple that was destroyed by Cortez. The Cathedral was begun in 1573, and was carried on by more or less active periods for almost a century before the main building was completed. It was more than another century later when the immense corner towers were finished in 1791, at a cost of \$200,000, for that portion of the structure alone. The whole cost was in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000, but when the tribute for such a gigantic undertaking is collected, the reckoning of the sum that in the course of centuries would be put to a single purpose might easily be a difficult matter.

The facade of the Cathedral of Mexico is very beautiful and impressive, but the first view of what should be an imposing interior is disappointing. First, because of the ugly wooden floor that disfigures it, and second, because of the cumbersome choir that stands in the central nave, and is as large as high in itself a small church. As is the custom in all the old Spanish churches, the choir is connected with the pulpit by a raised passageway, that prevents an immediate front view of the pulpit.

In many of the great churches, Guadalupe, for instance, the choir has been relegated to the rear of the pulpit, thereby vastly improving the appearance of the main auditorium. The massive railing about the entrance to the choir and the statues along the passageway to the pulpit are cast from a brilliant metal, composed of gold, silver and copper, and were brought from China. There are seven highly ornamented chapels on each side, one is the tomb of the liberator, Iturbide, and others contain the remains of famous patriots and statesmen.

The great church, exclusive of the very thick walls, is 370 feet long and 177 feet wide, an interior height of 179 feet, and there are five naves and six altars, with a magnificent dome rising over the central arches. There are always worshippers in the Cathedral, and during a service is being performed by the priests. The great doors are always open to visitors, and the Cathedral is one of the most interesting places in the capital city.

The towers, 203 feet 6 inches in height, are in two divisions, the lower Doric and the upper Ionic, each capped by a ball-shaped dome. The cornices, not only of the towers, but elsewhere also, are surmounted by balustrades of carved stone, upon which, disposed at regular intervals, are carved stone vases. The cornices immediately beneath the domes of the towers serve as pedestals for colossal statues of the doctors of the Church. Those of the central portal, occupied by the clock, are pedestals for statues of the Theological Virtues, with their attributes. Beneath the clock are blazoned the arms of the republic, a modern innovation that indicated at that time the controlling attitude of the State toward the Church. Above the whole, as seen from the southern side of the plaza, rises the dome surmounted by its slender, graceful lantern.

The interior is almost severe in its simplicity. The aisles are divided from the nave, or open portions of the church, by twenty fluted columns, which support the light and elegant vaulted roof. The central arches form a Latin cross, above which rises the dome of the edifice. Within the dome are paintings of the Blessed Virgin and groups of historical characters. Outside the aisles are rows of chapels, seven on each side of the building.

The main altar, erected in 1850, after designs by Lorenzo Hidalgo—a work that jars the prevailing simplicity of design and that is decidedly inferior to the structure that it replaced—is raised on a pedestal of four steps, to the

height of the choir. The latter occupies space between the third and fifth pairs of columns of the nave. It is enclosed in front by a handsome railing of tumbago, a composite metal of gold, silver and copper, made in Macao.

The stalls are richly carved in wood, and above them is a painting of the Immaculate Conception. The organs in carved cases, rising from the lateral tribunes to the height of the arches of the aisles. The finest altar in the Cathedral is that of Los Reyes, rising from the pavement to the roof. Beneath it lie buried the remains of Hidalgo, Alameda, Aldama and Jimenez, brought there with all honor from Guanajuato.

In the chapel of San Felipe De Jesus, which is one among the most notable of the fourteen chapels, are some relics of the saint, Mexico's proto-martyr, and just outside the grating is the front at which he was baptized. Within the chapel are the remains and a modest monument to the memory of the unfortunate Augustin Iturbide, first emperor of Mexico, whose well deserved and honorable title here inscribed, is "The Liberator."

Another notable chapel is that of "De Las Reliquias," which contains twelve pictures of holy martyrs, by Juan de Herrera, called "The Divine" by his contemporaries, for reasons not apparent to his successors.

In the chapel of San Pedro are the remains of the first Mexican Archbishop, Fray Juan de Zumarraga, and it is thought also that the remains of the mysterious Beato, Gregorio Lopez, the Mexican "Man with an Iron Mask," popularly supposed to have been a son of Philip II, rest here.

The sacristy is decorated with five great paintings, which completely cover the walls: The Glory of Saint Michael, the Immaculate Conception, and The Triumph of the Sacrament by Cristobal de Villalpando; The Assumption, and The Entry Into Jerusalem by Juna Correa. In the meeting room of the archiepiscopate are two fine pictures by Jose Alcega: The Last Supper and The Triumphal Faith; also a very interesting collection of photographs of the archbishops of Mexico. In the chapter-room are the three choicest paintings that the Cathedral possesses; a picture by an unknown artist of the Italian school, representing Don Juan of Austria imploring the help of the Virgin at the Battle of Lepanto; A Virgin, by Pietro de Cariona, and Murillo's The Virgin of Bethlehem.

How A True Catholic Dies

Nothing extraordinary, perhaps, may mark the end, except what astonishes those who see nothing beyond the present life—I mean the serenity of a soul who abandons the world without an effort, says Monsignor D'Hulst. The Sacraments ardently desired, hailed with faith, received with love; the calm with which the preparation for death and the last tender adieux are made; the firm and tranquil hope of a future reunion; one last look mingled with confidence, at that past which God has purified; then the mind turns away from visible things to fix itself on the bright dawn of eternal realities; the hands clasping the crucifix, the lips murmuring a last prayer, and the entire man, especially recollected, waiting for his last sigh. Such is the sight which ever makes a Christian death the astonishment of the impious, the consolation of the just and one of the most eloquent witnesses which God gives us of Himself here below.

Ordained on Battlefield

How the life of the Church goes on in the midst of the death and destruction caused by the most terrible war in history is shown by a touching ceremony formally by lecturing in the Province which took place on Belgian soil Cathedral of Brooklyn, N. Y. some time ago. In a fold of the

sand dunes, not far from La Panne and within sound of the sea there is a small chapel served by the Oblates of Mary which has so far escaped the furies of the human tempest. At seven o'clock in the morning a long procession of priests and seminarians, with a bishop bringing up the rear, left the neighboring convent for the little chapel. The latter building was filled with officers of all grades, soldiers and some poor refugee civilians. It was an ordination. Six young deacons were to be raised to the priesthood by the Coadjutor Bishop of Nancy, himself a soldier, to fill the gaps made by the war in the diocese of Namur. Six young priests are all brand-cardiers, the assistant to the French Bishop is the divisional chaplain of the fourth section of the Belgian army, the acolytes are all soldiers also. The Mass is celebrated to the accompaniment of a military band. After the imposition of hands the six young priests, filled with emotion, continue with the Bishop the celebration of Mass. In a beautiful address at the close of this elevating ceremony the Bishop recalled the memory of the martyred clergy of Namur whose souls seemed to press to encourage the young priests who were to take their place. The service concluded with the strains of the "Marseillaise" and the "Brabanconne."

Conditions in Macedonia

From Bishop Scianow, Vicar Apostolic of the Bulgarian Catholics of Macedonia, Greece, comes a letter describing the condition of these poor people. There seems to be little peace for our Armenian and Bulgarian brothers in the Faith wherever they may set their feet; the Greeks from this account, are treating them as badly as the Turks: "I have been very much occupied with our Bulgarians, who find themselves obliged to emigrate, on account of the tyrannical rule of the Greeks who make their situation insupportable. It was heart-rendering to see these poor creatures, God's children, robbed and despoiled of everything, and at last obliged to leave their houses and lands and seek elsewhere liberty, and the right to live as men and not as slaves." The secular hatred nourished by Greeks against Bulgarians inspired the authorities to place a thousand difficulties in the way of their departure. "As to the Catholics who, in spite of all the difficulties and the painful situation in which they found themselves, had decided to stay in Greek territory, the Greeks seized their schools and churches, drove away the priests by force of arms, and then forced the population to submit to the schismatic Greek patriarch. "Meanwhile all this takes place before the eyes of the European consuls in the 20th century of light and civilization which should give to all peoples social and individual liberty. Unhappily we see, on the contrary, the return of a barbarism and tyranny more terrible than in the times of Nero. "I am more than ever convinced that from unbelievers, infidels and sectarians we can expect nothing but evil."

Rev. Philip B. Gordon, a Chipewyan

Indian priest of the Diocese of Superior, has been named a missionary and lecturer to work among the Indians by Cardinal Gibbons, president of the Indian Bureau of Catholic Missions. Father Gordon is at present attending the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., preparing himself for the work which he will take up in the near future. On Easter Sunday Father Gordon commenced his work in connection with the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., on the day that he was named a missionary and lecturer to work among the Indians by Cardinal Gibbons, president of the Indian Bureau of Catholic Missions. Father Gordon is at present attending the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., preparing himself for the work which he will take up in the near future. On Easter Sunday Father Gordon commenced his work in connection with the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., on the day that he was named a missionary and lecturer to work among the Indians by Cardinal Gibbons, president of the Indian Bureau of Catholic Missions.

Don't Allow Your Bowels To Become Constipated.

Keep your bowels regular by using Milburn's Laxative Pills. They clear away all the effete matter which collects in the system and make you think "This is worth living."

Mrs. Hans McKintie, Wakefield, Que., writes: "For several years I was troubled with sour stomach and biliousness and did not get relief until I used Milburn's Laxative Pills. I had only taken them two weeks when my trouble was quite gone, and I will recommend them to all suffering as I did."

Milburn's Laxative Pills are 25¢ per box, 5 for \$1.00, at all drug stores or dealers, or will be mailed on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Cause of Dyspepsia.

The Symptoms and the Cure.

THE CAUSE.
Too rapid eating, eating too much, and too often, and improperly chewing the food; eating too much stimulating food, and indulging in improper diet generally.

THE SYMPTOMS.
Variable appetite, rising and soaring of food, heartburn, wind in the stomach, a feeling of weight in the stomach, in fact a feeling that your stomach has gone all wrong and that the food you eat does not seem to agree with you.

THE CURE.
Variable appetite, rising and soaring of food, heartburn, wind in the stomach, a feeling of weight in the stomach, in fact a feeling that your stomach has gone all wrong and that the food you eat does not seem to agree with you.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.
Mrs. E. Williamson, Wheeler, Ont., writes: "I have been a sufferer for years from dyspepsia, and could scarcely see anything. I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, and I am entirely cured. I have not been troubled since I took it, and that is two years ago. I can now eat anything I wish."

B.B.B. is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gordon will canvass Oklahoma and later he will work in Kansas and Nebraska. Father Gordon is a graduate of the College of St. Thomas and of the St. Paul Seminary and was ordained about two years ago.

Beware of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

Husband—It seems to me that shrapnel has been the cause of most of the casualties.

Wife—But, George, isn't he a war correspondent, not a general?—London Opinion.

A SENSIBLE MERCHANT

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25c and 50c.

"Remember, boys," said the master, "that in the bright lexicon of youth there is no such word as fall."

After a few moments a boy raised his hand.

"Well, what is it, my lad?" asked the master.

"I was merely going to suggest," replied the youngster, "that if such is the case it would be advisable to write to the publishers of that lexicon and call their attention to the omission."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25c.

When the waiter brought the bill the farmer said—

"This bill is more than I expected."

The waiter replied: "You will find the things you ate all marked—ham, eggs, beans, potatoes, coffee, etcetera."

"Thar, I knowed you was trying to beat me; I never ate any etcetera."

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DYPHTHERIA.

A boy's definition of a skeleton—Something that has the inside out and the outside off.

Don't Allow Your Bowels To Become Constipated.

If the truth was only known you would find that over one half of the ills of life are caused by allowing the bowels to get into a constipated condition.

When the bowels become constipated the stomach gets out of order, the liver does not work properly, and then follows the violent sick headaches, the sourness of the stomach, belching of wind, heartburn, water brash, biliousness, and a general feeling that you do not care to do anything.

Keep your bowels regular by using Milburn's Laxative Pills. They clear away all the effete matter which collects in the system and make you think "This is worth living."

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We are showing now a nice line of Invictus—the best boots for men. These are shown in gun metal, patent, tan and black, laced and buttoned styles. Some of the new features are the new style tongue attached to uppers, wearproof, lining and many other new ideas that dressy men should see.

Prices range from \$5.00 to \$7.00.

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In order to facilitate the handling of mail at the front and insure prompt delivery it is requested that all mail be addressed as follows—

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- (b) Name
- (c) Regimental number
- (d) Company, Squadron, Battery or other unit
- (e) Battalion
- (f) Brigade
- (g) First (or second) Canadian Contingent
- (h) British Expeditionary Force

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