

CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., AUG. 27, 1885.

—Sir Leonard Tilley's health continues to improve.

—The Queen and the Prince of Wales have gone to Norway.

—Sir Charles Tupper left Ottawa for Moncton last night.

—Russia is rapidly pushing her railway extension in the direction of India.

—A Scott Act election will be held in the County of Peterborough, Ont., on the 14th September.

—Mr. Henry Ward, Liberal-Conservative, was elected for East Durham on Monday by 380 majority.

—It is said that England and Russia have come to a definite agreement on the Afghan question.

—Frewen's ranch, in Alberta, has been stocked with 17,000 head of cattle, and 10,000 more are to follow.

—The Marquis of Salisbury has ordered a cessation of negotiations with King John of Abyssinia for a march to the Soudan.

—The Rev. Dr. Kelly, the late Episcopal Bishop of Newfoundland, has been elected coadjutor Bishop of Monrovia and Ross, Scotland.

—The Bishop of London has issued a pastoral to be read in the churches of his diocese on the subject of the protection of young girls.

—Rev. W. G. Lane has returned from Norway. He brings to Nova Scotia the honor of the highest office in the bestowal of the Good Templars of the world.

—The Earl of Devon, who possesses 53,075 acres, with an annual rental of £45,520, has consented to a reduction of thirty per cent. on the rents of his tenants.

—Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, Special Envoy from England to the Porto, was on Saturday released from the quarantine under which he had been detained for two days.

—Dr. McNutt, a Colchester County man, is a candidate for the governorship of California. He is a citizen of San Francisco, and is a man of conceded ability and integrity.

—Sir Charles Tupper has secured 54,000 square feet of space in the Colonial Exhibition Building in London, and expresses himself satisfied that the location secured for Canada is the best in the world.

—The total number of deaths from cholera in Spain this season is said to be over 70,000. The mortality is slightly diminishing at present, but it is feared that the deaths will reach a total of at least 100,000.

—The Obstructionists of Cardiff, failing to get the Government to sacrifice himself, have induced Dr. Allison, who calls himself an "Independent Conservative," to oppose the election of the Minister of the Interior.

—Disestablishment is a leading topic of discussion in the English newspapers at present. There appears to be considerable diversity of opinion, however, as to the likelihood of the question becoming a practical issue in the next Parliament.

—The question of constitutionality of the Dominion Liquor License Act will be considered by the Privy Council on the first of November next. Mr. Burbridge, Deputy Minister of Justice, will leave for England in connection with the case about the middle of October.

—Mr. J. A. Dunham, of Carleton, N. B., who took the Stevens scholarship at King's College, Windsor, and lately graduated at the same place with honors, has been appointed head of the classical department in the Carleton School, Garden City, New York, at a salary of \$2,000 per year.

—The settlement of the Zulficar Pass difficulty is regarded as a great triumph for the Marquis of Salisbury. The details of the agreement have not been made public, but it is known that Russia has abandoned the most important of her claims, and that the Afghans have obtained a position which is capable of being defended.

—Spain and Germany have got up a dispute over the Caroline Islands, of which the latter claims prior ownership and the former has taken possession. It is claimed, however, that Spain had taken effective possession of the islands. Germany is not likely to give up the prize, poor as it may be. That there will be war over the question is very improbable.

—The report of the massacre of ten thousand Christians at Annam having been declared greatly exaggerated, the style of the press despatches has been slightly changed, and it is now reported on the authority of the Bishop of Tuinhien that ten thousand Christian refugees are starving. The reports do not state whether the starving Christian refugees are the same ten thousand that have been killed so often.

—A report comes from Ottawa to the effect that Mr. James Johnson, Commissioner of Customs, is to be superannuated. Mr. Johnson was Auditor General of this Province previous to confederation, and in 1867 was appointed Assistant Commissioner of Customs, which office he held till 1875, when he became Commissioner. It is rumored that his successor will be Hon. James Patton, at present collector at Toronto.

A CRIME AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.

The course pursued by the Halifax Board of Charities in reference to the appointment of the House Surgeon of the City Hospital has borne its legitimate fruit. It is now announced by the proper authorities that "owing to the delay in the settlement of the Hospital difficulty the usual course of lectures in connection with the Halifax Medical College will be suspended during the coming winter session." This announcement is the death knell of the Medical College, which was the only school of medicine in the Maritime Provinces. The institution has done good work, and the news of its practical suspension will be heard with general regret. It had become incorporated with a prosperous university and its prospects for the future were reasonably good. But the dishonest and dishonorable action of the Board of Charities not only impaired the usefulness of the Hospital, but has practically caused the destruction of the Medical College. Even before the announcement of the suspension of the course of lectures, half-a-dozen of the medical students had decided, on account of the Hospital dispute, to complete their medical education in the United States, and now that the fact is made known the others can scarcely fail to follow their example. The public cannot blame the doctors for their action in the matter, but they can and probably will visit their displeasure upon the men who violated the principles of honor to secure an office for a party friend. It is quite possible also that a share of their displeasure will fall upon the Government who permitted the conversion of the Board to continue until it had seriously injured one useful institution and destroyed another which had apparently entered upon a prosperous and brilliant career.

—The election in East Durham will not be likely to afford much satisfaction to those who have so patiently and confidently been looking for a Grit victory. The majority for the Government candidate has not only been increased, but in several cases the Grit majorities of 1882 have been converted into minorities. The cry that East Durham is "a Tory constituency" will not account for the present victory, for, although Col. Williams was elected in 1878 and 1882, yet in 1872 and 1874 the constituency returned a Grit representative. If there had been a revising barrister in the constituency our Grit supporters would have had no difficulty in explaining the increased majority, but the fact remains that East Durham has no new franchise, and the defeat of the Grit candidate cannot even be attributed to a gerrymander. A dozen or more Grit orators, including Cartwright, Mills and Paterson, instructed the electors in their duties, the Grits and other "Reform" journals were filled with advice, but the votes which would have secured Preston's election were given to Ward. No doubt the Grit organs will be equal to the emergency and will be able to reconcile the result with their predictions, but in the meantime the ordinary observer will be apt to think that the reaction in East Durham is rather against the obstructionists.

—The Kelly incident threatens to cause a diversion of diplomatic relations between the United States and Austria, as after the sharp letter of Mr. Bayard to the Vienna government it is not likely they will retain their minister at Washington. The course the United States pursued after the Austrian objection to their appointee was stated (that his wife was a Jewess), has been one both dignified and befitting a great nation, and may serve to teach Austria that the world has moved on since the days of the Holy Alliance, and that the principles on which her social and diplomatic usages are founded receive general acceptance.

—Every year's experience in the Northern, located at that the full wealth producing capabilities of the country have never been fully appreciated, even by the people most familiar with its resources. An interview with Mr. John Hallam, an Ontario woolen manufacturer, indicates that sheep raising may add another to the diverse industries that may be profitably carried on there. Already several ranchmen have gone extensively into the experiment, and have flocks numbered by the thousand.

—The Toronto Globe announces that it "has made arrangements which will supply its readers with an unusually good quality of fiction during the coming fall months." The Globe has always displayed great enterprise in furnishing its readers with high-class fiction of a political character.

—Mr. Egan, general superintendent of the Canadian Pacific railway at Winnipeg, telegraphed the head office on the 17th instant, that the crop reports were never better in the history of the Northwest, and that the weather was all that could be desired.

—It is proposed in Montreal to erect a statue to the late Sir Francis Hincks in the Parliament grounds, Ottawa, similar to that of the late Sir George Cartier.

—Archbishop Lynch has been giving the congregation of St. Michael's, Toronto, a graphic description of the lepers at Tracadie.

—Rev. Principal Grant will deliver his lecture, "What shall we do with Riel," at the Halifax Academy to-morrow evening.

The Baptist Convention.

The fourth annual session of the Baptist Convention of the Maritime Provinces was opened at Amherst last Saturday morning at ten o'clock, with Dr. Sawyer, the retiring president, in the chair. The session was opened by singing the 369th hymn, followed by prayer by Rev. T. J. Siskier. About 300 names are on the roll of delegates, and many of them were present at the opening. The obituary report contained the names of Rev. James Heret, of N. B., who died on Jan. 26th, aged 75, and Rev. John Miller, of Halifax, who died in May last. Reference was made to the death of Rev. A. V. Timpany, missionary to India, in February last, and to that of the Rev. John Francis, of California, formerly of Nova Scotia.

A communication from the solicitors of the Toronto Baptist College was read, but action on it was deferred. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:— President—Arthur Simpson, Cavendish, P. E. I. Vice Presidents—Wm. Vaughan, St. Martin's, N. B., A. P. Sland, Windsor, N. S. Secretary—Prof. E. N. Kirestead, (re-elected for three years). Assistant Secretary—Rev. J. O. Redden, (elected for one year). Treasurer—T. R. Ayer, Amherst, N. B. Assistant Treasurer—H. Ayer, Moncton, N. B.

The late president, Rev. Dr. Sawyer, delivered his retiring address, which was a grand review of the history of this convention for the past forty years. He closed with an eloquent and pathetic appeal for renewed effort.

The report on the state of the denomination was read by the Rev. C. Goodspeed. This gives the additions to the churches during the past year and the present membership, as follows:

Associations.	Churches.	Baptisms.	Members.
N. S. Western	67	584	11,229
N. S. Central	31	281	5,430
N. S. Eastern	62	592	12,450
Total N. S.	160	1,457	29,109
N. B. Western	21	152	4,024
N. B. Southern	11	103	2,581
N. B. Eastern	43	210	5,861
Total N. B.	75	465	12,466
P. E. Islands	25	50	1,623
Grand total	360	2,014	46,995

The net gain of membership has been about 1,300.

Ordained to the ministry during 1885—W. H. Cline, Halifax, Jan. 22; S. H. Cain, Lunenburg, June 26; M. Johnston, Windsor Plains, July 18; Josiah Webb, Margerville, July 29. A large number of young men are now preparing for the ministry.

On motion of E. D. King a report on the constitution was presented by B. H. Eaton, changing the number of delegates from the association from five to two.

The report of the Board of Governors of Acadia College showed that all the educational institutions of the denomination were in a very prosperous state. The report stated that Dr. Rind had tendered his resignation of the chair held by him, but the matter had not been finally disposed of by the board of governors.

The report of the Treasurer of the College showed the current expenses of the year to be \$8,939, leaving a deficit of \$638, which, increased by last year's deficit amounts to \$11,610. The Home Academy balance sheet shows a surplus of \$340, after paying about \$800 interest.

AN EDUCATIONAL MEETING was held on Saturday evening, and was largely attended. The addresses were delivered by Dr. Higgins, of Acadia College, Dr. Clark, of the Toronto Baptist College, and Rev. A. P. McDiarmid, of Ottawa, and excellent music was furnished by the choir.

ON SUNDAY the pulpits of the Baptist, Methodist and Presbyterian Churches were filled by ministers attending the convention. Rev. Dr. Clark preached in the Baptist Church at 11 a.m., the Association sermon was delivered in the afternoon by Rev. G. O. Gates, and Rev. Dr. Ellis, of Baltimore, occupied the pulpit in the evening. In the Methodist Church Rev. Dr. Day preached in the morning, and Rev. W. H. Cline preached in the evening. In the Presbyterian Church, and the evening service was conducted by Rev. F. D. Grayley.

A portion of the time on Monday was taken up in the discussion of a resolution to refer to a committee the appointing of representatives to the senate of McMaster Hall. The report was tabled, and the remainder of the morning session was occupied by the report of the FOREIGN MISSIONARY BOARD.

The report shows that the receipts and balance on hand amounted to \$13,233.40, while the disbursements amounted to \$12,894.10, leaving on hand a balance of \$339.30.

The Ministerial Fund and Aid Fund committee reported, recommending co-operation with the Anti-Slavery Association of New Brunswick. The report of the treasurer showed that \$509 had been paid to fifteen persons, and that \$820 had been invested during the year. The fund on hand is \$4,025. A place for establishing

AN ANNUITY SOCIETY for the ministers of the convention was referred to a committee to examine and report upon at next convention.

of a general superintendent, whose duty it would be to visit the various fields and solicit financial aid. This financial aid was ordered to be laid on the table until the report of the committee on finance was heard. The financial committee then presented its report through its chairman, Rev. Dr. Sawyer. It recommended strongly the retention of what is known as the "Convention Scheme," attributing its partial failure to the inefficiency of the efforts made. The appointment of a general financial agent to visit the various churches and urge subscriptions on a basis of quarterly payments, at a salary of \$1,000 per year, expenses paid, was strongly recommended as the best means of giving the scheme a fair trial. This part of the report was the subject of much opposition, especially from the report of the Foreign Missionary Board, who felt that they were in need of immediate relief. The report also recommended that the portion of the funds set apart for the ministerial relief fund be increased from 25 to 50 per cent., the addition of what was known as the expense and emergency fund placing the committee in a position to recommend this change.

In the afternoon the report was fully discussed, and at last carried. The clause in the report of the Foreign Missionary Board recommending that power be given to take immediate steps to better their financial condition was then reconsidered, and the Board was given the power to act as it saw fit in cases of emergency. At the evening session a resolution passed giving the executive committee of

ACADIA COLLEGE power to negotiate with the Government of Nova Scotia, with the view of having Horton Academy and Acadia Seminary brought under the operation of the Academy Act of 1885, could such be done without prejudicing the denominational status of these schools.

After this the chairman called the speakers of the evening to the pulpit, the subject for discussion being

HOME MISSIONS.

Rev. J. A. McLean, of Hantsport, spoke of the influence of Home Missions or church growth. Rev. D. G. McDonald, general home missionary, on the duty of the church to the poor and destitute, and Rev. A. Gordon on the benefit the larger churches derive from home missionary labor. The church was again more than comfortably filled and the addresses were attentively listened to.

The convention continued to sit after the close of the public meeting with the hope of completing the business of the session, but it was found impossible to do so. Rev. J. W. A. Stewart of Hamilton, Ontario having to leave at midnight, was called upon to express his views on the matter of general union with the Canadian Baptists. His address was one of the most eloquent and thoughtful yet delivered in the convention.

On Wednesday morning the report of the convention on union of the Baptists in Canada was taken up, and after a discussion which occupied nearly all the morning was adopted as read. This report admitted the desirability and practicability of union both in Home and Foreign Missions, but no decided advance was made, except the constitution of a Dominion Board of Home Missions to operate especially in Manitoba, N. W. T. and British Columbia. This report concluded the general work of the convention, and the necessary time was occupied in matters of detail. The committee on nomination of a general financial agent recommended the appointment of Rev. Dr. Day of Yarmouth. Most of the delegates returned to their homes at night yesterday.

Ship Railway.

The world will soon know whether or not loaded ships can be safely and profitably lifted out of the water and carried across an isthmus upon a railway. Vessels plying between the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the ports of our north-eastern seaboard are now compelled, of course, to go around the peninsula of Nova Scotia. About 100 miles would be saved if they could be canal across the narrow neck that connects that peninsula with the mainland of New Brunswick. It was once proposed that a canal should be made there, but now a ship railway is to be built on a line of the proposed waterway. Work has already been begun upon this railway, and it will be carried on by an English company, whose President is Lord Brabourne, and whose chief engineer is John Fowler, who built the London Underground Railway. It may be that Capt. Eads will find by and by in the Dominion the strongest of arguments to support his project for an inter-oceanic ship railway on the isthmus of Tehuantepec.—New York Times.

As an offset to the exodus stories which may be expected when the American visitors now in the Provinces start for home, we publish the following from the Boston Evening Record:

"There is one circumstance which has not been noticed which is likely to exert an important influence on the future of the operation of these mills. Our cotton mills have recently suffered a great loss in workers. A large percentage of the operatives in these mills, especially in the weaving department, are French-Canadians, and for some reason not wholly explained, have been within a few weeks a general exodus of these people to Canada. So important is the matter to many of the factories in Lowell, Nashua, Manchester, Newmarket, and Norwich that it must result in a considerable reduction of the output, and in turn will lead inevitably to a hardening of the market and a rise in prices of cotton goods."

General Grant, in the course of his mission work, relates that one John H. H. was the future was dark before him, and he knew not what difficulties were ahead, he kept right on trusting to his soldiers and provisions. The phrase of "I kept right on" forms the subject of a strong poetical tribute to Grant, by Robert Montgomery, in The Current of August 22.

—A wealthy widow, of Green Valley, Sonoma County, Cal., between 70 and 80 years of age, recently offered a neighbor \$500 if he could find a young lady, the bargain was concluded, a young lady was found, and the bargain was made. The wealthy widow, and all hands seemed satisfied.

—Steamer "Zandam," at New York from Amherst, reports "August 29, lat. 42° 23' N., long. 69° 45' W. in with the bergs, "Brinings" of Windsor, N. S., Capt. Galtier, from Parramore, N. S., for Liverpool, had lost her main and mizzen mast in a hurricane on the 10th and was waterlogged. Assistance was refused as the captain thought he could reach the bergs by sail; took off eight men of the crew, three of whom had been injured by falling rigging, and sent some provisions on board. The captain, first and second officers and steward remained on the wreck. The "Brinings" has since arrived at Halifax.

Death of Rev. J. G. Hennigar.

Rev. James G. Hennigar, who for some years has been the senior Methodist minister in the Maritime Provinces, died at Canning, N. S., on Monday morning, in the 81st year of his age. Mr. Hennigar was sent to America as a missionary by the British Conference in 1826, to Cole's Island in the afternoon. Terms as heretofore.

In case of rain on Saturday morning, the sale will take place on Monday or the first fair day after.

EDWARD COGSWELL, 21, August 26, 1885.

Whose services we will avail ourselves of in making Gentlemen's Clothing from our unequalled stock of Cloths and Trimmings. Gentlemen, come and see the Goods and leave your orders.

J. L. BLACK.

Tweeds & Suitings.

New and this day received: 50 PIECES, Which together with some forty pieces in stock offer the Finest Assortment available.

J. L. BLACK.

80 Bbls.

Choice Brand Corn Meal.

AT—

J. L. BLACK'S.

JULY 9TH.

FLOUR

IN STORE AND ON RAIL:

125 Bbls. Best Patent Flour Made, "Gold Coin."

NOW IN STORE:

125 Bbls. "Superior Ex." Choice Brand;

125 Bbls. High Patent "Glen Valley," also

Mixed Car Flour and Middlings, Part in store; balance due few days.

We write special attention to our brands of Flour. We can't and will give the buyer the best value for his money!

J. L. BLACK.

JULY 9th, 1885.

New Goods in Various Departments.

Our Stock Arriving Daily.

Large Additions During Past Week.

J. L. BLACK.

SUGAR GOING UP!

Now the Time to Buy.

WE HAVE IN STOCK:

3 CASKS BEST BRIGHT PORTO RICO SUGAR;

25 Bbls. "HALIFAX" REFINED; 10 "GOLD COIN";

At the bottom of low prices.

J. L. BLACK.

TOBACCO.

RECEIVED TO-DAY:

25 CASKS "LITTLE SERGEANT"; 10 CASKS "GOLD COIN";

10 CASKS "BLACK HAWK"; 5 Boxes "CHALLENGER"; 12; 5 "HAWAIIA"—Smoking.

At the lowest wholesale rate per box.

J. L. BLACK.

DRY GOODS!

Full Stock now in Store:

BLACK GOODS

In Cashmere, Ottomans, Persian Cashmere, Fancy Cashmere, White Goods, Prints, Cottons, Fancy Shirtings, Cottonades, Grey Sheetings, White Sheetings, Pillow Cases, Stables and Linens, &c.

Sunshades, Gloves, Hosiery, Buttons, Trimmings, &c.

J. L. BLACK.

Carpets! Carpets!

In All-Wool, Union, Tapestry and Hemp, assorted quality.

15 Pieces Oil Carpet, 1, 1½, 1¾ and 2 yards wide. At bottom prices.

June 10 J. L. BLACK.

TEA! TEA!

Direct Importation from London:

80 Chests Tea, Assorted quality. Wholesale from 24 to 35 cents.

June 10 J. L. BLACK.

House Building Stock.

NOW IN STORE:

125 K EIS NAILS—Best Quality:

1200 lbs. White Lead;

1000 lbs. Colored Paints;

10 casks Raw and Boiled Oil;

3 casks Turpentine;

75 boxes Glass;

1000 lbs. Putty;

500 lbs. Sheet Zinc;

500 lbs. Sheet Lead;

1 ton Dry and Tar'd Paper;

Ready Mixed Paints;

Locks, Knobs, Hinges, &c., &c.

June 11 J. L. BLACK.

New Advertisements.

TAILORING!

Mr. A. L. McLean,

So favorably known as an excellent "Cutter," has opened rooms in the

Town Hall Building,

Center Sackville,

Whose services we will avail ourselves of in making Gentlemen's Clothing from our unequalled stock of Cloths and Trimmings. Gentlemen, come and see the Goods and leave your orders.

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