# LISTOWEL STANDARD.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1881.


## A TRIP TO THE NORTH-WEST.

LETTER NO. II.

Portage La Prairie, July, 29, 1881.

We arrived here to-day by train from Winnipeg. John and Charles Livingstone and Messrs. Buckingham and Wood left us and went west by Emmerson. We will likely meet them at Brandon or Fort Ellis. No pen can describe the grandeur and sublimity of this great country. Endless fields of the very finest wheat we ever saw meet the eye; oats, potatoes and barley are all the most exacting farmer could desire, and the universal opinion among Ontario people is that this is the very finest country in the world. In this town of a population of about 2,000, about one half appear to be from Perth, Huron and Bruce. I cannot undertake to name them, but we are quite as well known here as we would be in any town in the county of Perth. We leave the Portage this afternoon for Brandon, some 70 miles distant, by trail. We engaged a Mr. Baine, formerly of Elma, to drive us. He has a good team of horses and a large democrat wagon that will accommodate our party of five, and is to continue with us on our trip up the Qu'Appelle valley, which will take some twenty-five days. The land fever is as seductive and dangerous as an epidemic. Millionaires and carpenters, stone masons and bankers, alike tumble over one another to secure desirable corner lots. The "boom" is immense, and some one will surely suffer by it bye and bye. This is the first place that we met the aboriginal Indian. A part of Sitting Bull's tribe, as well as a tribe of Crees, are camped in the town. They are said to be peacable and orderly. Their faces are most hideously painted, and the men stalk about the street, the thermometer being in the "nineties," solemnly wrapped in their blankets, the squaw stepping after her lord on a sort of half trot, with a bright red and black shawl spread over her person to its full extent, with from one to three papooses peeking out from under its folds, in various positions on her back, sometimes a tawny little arm hanging over the shawl, or two or three pairs of copper colored legs dropping beneath. The sight, by a great stretch of imagination, might be termed grand, but for beauty squaws and papooses are not a success. They never go out at night through superstitious fear, and are said not to steal anything in the day time that is fairly out of their reach. I am quite persuaded that as a citizen "Lo" will not succeed. Longfellow must have seen a different tribe or drawn largely upon his imagination when he wrote Hiawatha. It is difficult to think that we are 2,000 miles from Listowel and still only beginning our difficult journey. Winnipeg being the base of our supplies, any letters advanced to us may be sent to the "Queen's" in that city. We are on the wing so much that it is exceedingly difficult to write. Until you locate yourself here consider that you are living only in a very limited portion of the globe. This is certainly the country of the future, and you need not fear but you can get a big farm any time you come. It will take five hundred years for the whole world to fill this country with people. The season is very dry, and travel is much more pleasant than usual on that account. The people of this country seem to be on the wing, and ever bent on going farther west. It seems to me when they move once and break up family and friendly ties and start westward, that they move west until they reach the Rocky Mountains. So at every turn you meet them prospecting for land. One farmer we met left 100 acres in Huron and took up 320 acres here. He thinks this is not enough, and is looking up a location of 640 acres. A man here with only 320 acres is nobody, and is only considered worth notice when he has from 5,000 to 10,000 acres. We are just now leaving, and you may hear of us again at Brandon.

D. D. CAMPBELL.

## BRADLAUGH BOUNCED.

**The Member for Northampton at Westminster Hall.—A Determined Attempt to Enter.—Forcible Ejection by the Police and Officials.—He Meets With Rough Usage.**

LONDON, Aug. 3.—From an early hour in the morning until about eleven o'clock the adherents of Bradlaugh, as well as many others who wished to see the contest, had flocked towards Westminster Hall, and at eleven o'clock not only the hall and the new palace yard, but Parliament-street and the wide space between it and Westminster Abbey were thronged with people. Two hundred extra policemen were on duty. At eleven o'clock a cab drove up to one of the entrances of the new palace yard, Bradlaugh descended from it. His imposing form towered above the heads of the crowd. He was dressed in plain morning costume, and carried in his hand a stout oak stick. Passing through the crowd, who lustily cheered him, he was met at the great door of Westminster Hall by Henry Labouchere, his fellow-member for Northampton, and arm in arm they walked through Westminster Hall to the western end, ascended the steps, and waited until a messenger had informed them that the speaker had taken the chair and the House was in session. Bradlaugh then walked through St. Stephen's Gallery, and

ATTEMPTED TO ENTER THE LOBBY.

Annie Besant and two daughters of Bradlaugh were present in Westminster Hall. The statement that the first removal of Bradlaugh on his attempting to enter the House was effected quietly appears to have been an error. He made the attempt soon after the business of the House commenced. He informed Mr. Erskine, Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, that he was there by mandate of his constituents and would not yield to anything illegal. Upon Mr. Erskine putting out his hand to prevent his passage Bradlaugh pushed him and was immediately seized by an usher, with whom

HE STRUGGLED FIERCELY.

He grabbed the usher furiously exclaiming, "If any one dares hinder me." He was hustled down the member's stairs, grabbling with the police and members, but no blows were struck. He was ghastly pale when he appeared in the palace yard, still struggling with the police and almost fainting. A glass of water was brought and his face bathed. The police cleared the palace yard about 12.30 p. m.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Labouchere, (Advanced Liberal), raised the question of privilege that the resolution of the House in regard to Bradlaugh only excluded him from the lobby. Labouchere moved that the officials were therein exceeding their authority. The Speaker replied that he considered it his duty to order Bradlaugh's removal, and added "The door of the House is closed." The cheers of the crowd were audible inside the House.

SUPPORTED BY THE LEADERS.

Mr. Gladstone supported the Speaker, and said that Labouchere's motion was untenable. He declared that Bradlaugh must now be treated as having no more right to enter the House than a stranger. Sir Stafford Northcote endorsed Mr. Gladstone's view.

MR. BRADLAUGH'S COURSE OF ACTION FOR THE FUTURE.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The *Morning Post* has reason to believe that Mr. Bradlaugh will demand to be allowed to take the oath in the usual way at the next session of Parliament, and if objection is raised the Government will propose a resolution declaring that he be allowed to take the oath. If that resolution is defeated a Bill will be introduced altering the Parliamentary Oaths Act.

Many Conservatives and Liberals in the Houses of Lords and Commons have signed a memorial urging Mr. Gladstone not to propose special legislation on behalf of Bradlaugh.

## THE CROPS IN RUSSIA.

**Prospects of a Splendid Wheat Harvest in the Centre and South.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Minister Foster writes to the Department that the Russian wheat crop is likely to be one of the largest ever raised in the empire and that the export promises to be much greater than usual. It is stated that in the districts tributary to Odessa the yield will likely be so large that farmers think they could dispense with a harvest for four years to come. Advices from Toganrog and the Caucasus show the promise of a crop equal to that of 1874, one of the largest ever known in Russia, and advices from Moscow affirm that the harvest in Southern Russia will be the largest for twenty years. The harvest in Central Russia, while not so enormous, will yield a splendid crop of excellent quality. From Moscow, which is the great commercial centre of Russia, it is reported that all branches of business are beginning to revive and flourish after long years of depression, solely on account of the prospects of an abundant harvest. It will not be without practical political influence also, for much of the discontent in the interior has resulted from the hard times and short crops.

## CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

**Rapid Progress Being Made in Construction.**

WINNIPEG, Aug. 9.—Superintendent Stickney, of the C. P. R., has ordered for the road 1,000 flat cars, 350 box cars, 200 stock cars, 30 cabooses, 15 first-class cars, 14 second-class, 14 baggage, 40 locomotives, 2 tool cars, 1 pile driver, 3 sleepers, and two derricks. Although the manufactories are crammed with orders, special exertions will be made to fill this one. Contracts for grading to the amount of $300,000 have been let on the western part of the road, within the past few days. This includes sixteen miles at the east end of Portage La Prairie air line, the remainder being west of Brandon. Contracts have been let on the southern extension from Scratching River to the International boundary and on the Pembina Mountain branch as far west as Calf Mountain. Two hundred and fifty men and 150 teams are at work on these branches, and the number will rapidly be increased. By winter 400 miles of new road on the C. P. R. will have been completed. Mr. Secrefan, C. E., will locate the line this season as far as Moose Jaw Creek; Mr. Barclay, C. E., thence to South Saskatchewan, and Chas. Shaw, C. E., to Fort Calgary. The Rockies are likely to be crossed by the Howse branch surveys of the Assiniboine branch starting at twenty miles east of Brandon and running north-westerly towards Touchwood Hills and of the Saskatchewan branch, running from the forks of the Qu'Appelle to Edmonton, are to be proceeded with immediately.

Mr. C. F. Kindred, Asst. Land Commissioner of the Canada Pacific, has arrived at St. Paul from the west, and had a conference with the directors of the road including Messrs. Stephen, Angus, and Hill, preparatory to assuming the active duties of his office.

## ELMA.

Owing to the absence of Rev. D. J. Caswell on a holiday trip, there was no service in Trinity Church last Sunday.

Quite a number of our citizens "took in" the excursion to Toronto on the 4th.

A Conservative meeting is to be held at Donegal on 26th inst. We hope to see a large attendance as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.—COM.

## HENFRYN.

NEW ENGLISH CHURCH.—The church people at Henfryn have decided to erect an edifice for worshipping in. A large proportion of the funds have already been subscribed. The building will be frame, veneered with brick, and will be sufficiently large to accommodate about one hundred persons. The contract has been let, and the work will be proceeded with at once. Services are held here every Sunday, at 11 a. m., by Rev. Mr. Batistone, who has lately been appointed to this mission.

## STRATFORD.

OFF TO WINNIPEG.—His Worship Mayor Robb, Mr. James Robb of the *Herald*, Messrs. Moran and Alexander, school inspectors, and James Odbert, of Stratford; John McLaren, of Dublin, and Samuel Dickson, of St. Marys, left yesterday for a three weeks sojourn in Manitoba and the Northwest.

SIR. HECTOR LANGEVIN.—We are enabled to state that the Hon. Sir H. L. Langevin, Dominion Minister of Public Works, will visit Stratford on Tuesday, 30th inst., and remain a few hours. As the distinguished visitor comes in his official capacity, and on business connected with his department, we hope our citizens will extend him a hearty welcome.

STRATFORD PRESBYTERY.—The Presbytery of Stratford met in St. Andrew's Church on the 2nd inst. Mr. Renwick's resignation was accepted, the congregation granting a retiring allowance. Mr. Hislop declares the vacancy on the 21st and Mr. Bell becomes the Moderator of the session *ad interim*. The late Mr. Hall's name was removed from the roll after Presbytery had engaged in prayer. The vacancy is to be declared next Sabbath. Mr. McAlpine becomes moderator *ad interim*. The names of Mrs. Hall and her children under 18 years will be put down on the list of the widow's and orphan's fund. The ordination of Mr. A. B. Baird was appointed for the 16th inst., at 2.30 p. m. in the Fullarton church, Mitchell road. Thereafter he proceeds as missionary to the North-west. A committee was appointed to consider and report on Mr. Mann's claims against the congregation of Biddulph. Arrangements were made for missionary meetings, Messrs. Waits and R. Scott being appointed to address those in the north, and Messrs. Kay and Wright in the south, the session to make arrangements as may seem best. Mr. James Ballantyne, student, was heard in a discourse which was regarded as highly satisfactory. Presbytery meets for ordinary business on the 16th at 11 a. m. in the manse at Motherwell.

NEW RAILWAY OFFICES AT STRATFORD.—On account of the constantly increasing railway business at Stratford, the Grand Trunk authorities have determined to erect new offices for the Superintendents of the Western division of the Grand Trunk and of the Georgian Bay and Lake Erie division, and other officials, and also for telegraphic and train despatchers accommodation. The new buildings will be of brick, handsomely faced, two stories in height and will be erected on the west side of Downie St., near the Shipman House. They will be the most commodious and complete railway offices in Ontario. The "hub" is bound to go ahead, notwithstanding the *Beacon's* unpatriotic endeavors to convince the outside public that Stratford has gone to the dogs.—*Times.*


Don't forget the Toronto Tea Store when in town, for Cheap Teas; good value for the money. D. W. Palmer & Co.

The largest and best assortment of Tobaccos in town at Kay's Tobacco Store, Main street

D. W. Palmer & Co. have secured a choice selection of the best brands of imported Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.


## GREY.

COUNCIL.—Council met at Tuck's hotel, Cranbrook, August 5th, pursuant to adjournment; members all present; Reeve in the chair; minutes of last meeting read and approved. Application of Jas. Kelly for culvert at lot 50, con. 14—Mr. Oliver to attend to it. Roderick McLeod applied to Council for aid to build a small house 12 x 16 for John Wood and wife, two old persons in indigent circumstances, stating that the place they now live in is a miserable old shanty and insufficient to shelter them—Mr. Hislop was authorized to attend to the matter. Petition of John Cameron and others asking liberty to put hay scales on con. line in front of Jas. Hick's garden, Cranbrook—petition granted. Petition of E. C. K. Davies and 22 others praying to have Union School formed with Elma and Henfryn, and asking the Council to appoint a competent person to investigate and report on the expediency of the same—laid over till next meeting to enable the Council to gain further information regarding the matter. Report of John Stewart, inspector of new bridge at lot 11, con. 16, was read, pronouncing said bridge finished satisfactorily. By-law read and passed levying one and three-quarter mills on the dollar for Township rate, and a ¼ mill on the dollar for railway rate for the current year. The following estimates were handed in from school trustees: S.S. No. 1 $395, and debenture; S. S. No. 2, $425; S. S. No. 6, $240; S. S. No. 7, $650; S. S. No. 8, $315; S. S. No. 9, $261; S. S. No. 10, $367; S. S. No. 11, $300; Union School No. 16, Grey and Howick, $182. Orders granted—Jas. Kelly, gravelling on sideroad 6, con. 17, $17.16; Andrew Pollock, approach to bridge con. 2, $197; Thos. Strachan, putting posts under bridge con. 2 in 1880, $1.25; Michael Keffer, statute labor refunded, $9; Widow Holland, charity, $8; Treas. Tp. Howick drain debenture, $34.80; John Anderson two culverts, one at lot 14, cons 9 and 10 and one at lot 13, con. 12, $14; Wm. Bishop, balance of salary 1881, $25; Robt. Francis, work on boundary Grey and Logan, $5.25; Alex. McDonald, repairing bridge on sideroad between lots 5 and 6 con. 2, $12.50; Hart & Rawlinson order book, 50c. Daniel Robertson, gravelling at lots 12 and 13, con. 14, $35.20; Thos. Shields, digging ditch at lot 10, con. 14, $4.80; Thos. Cardiff, 88 yds gravel, $4.40; Richard Roe, culvert lot 4, cons. 3 and 4, $9.25; Henry Makins, grading between lots 5 and 6, con. 15, $11; George Forest, covering crossway on sideroad lots 5 and 6, con. 14, $4; Anthony Kaymann, two wood scrapers, $1; Andrew Lee, fixing two culverts boundary Grey and Morris, $2.25; Isaac Currie, 99 yds gravel, $4.95; Thos. Newsome, payment in full of culvert con. 13, $1; Wm. Warner, gravel, $8.20; Thos. Shiels work on cons. 16, $1.60; W. R. Wilson, road scraper, $6; Kerr & Auld, printing voter's lists, etc., $39; Geo. Clark, 68 yds gravel, $3.40; Wm. Botz, bridge contract and making two approaches, $299.50; Jas. Smilie, drain across con. 17, $2; Adam Klyne, drain across con. 17, $2; Alex. McDonald filling up culvert and ditching cons. 3 and 4, $25; Jas. Lynn, stone hammer and digging ditch con. 2, $4; John Stewart, inspecting bridge lot 11, con. 16, $3; Robt. Ross, gravelling crossway lot 25, cons. 5 and 6, $16.50; Thos. Taylor, cutting drain across cons. 9 and 10, lot 2, $2. Council then adjourned to meet at Egger's hotel, on the 1st Saturday in September next.

WM. SPENCE, Tp. Clerk

## MORNINGTON.

COUNCIL.—The Council met according to adjournment at Buchanan's hotel on Monday, August 1st; members all present. The minutes of last meeting were read and approved. The Reeve being called away, left Mr. Freeborn, Deputy-Reeve, in the chair. H. Freeborn moved, seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to J. Hamilton for $6 for ditch on sideline west of Milverton—carried. Thomas Magwood moved, seconded by Henry Freeborn, that the Reeve issue his order to R. Kincade for 16.20 for grading on sidelines 12 and 13, con. 7—carried. J. Kines moved, seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to J. Conaghey for 6.44 for ditching on N. G. Road—carried. T. Magwood moved, seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to W. Mitchell for 16.00 license money refunded in consequence of his fire in Millbank—carried. J. Kines moved, seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to A. Henderson for 377.00 for contract of delivering 650 yards of gravel on the N. G. Road—carried. J. Kines moved, seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to G. Clark for 6.00 for half of culvert on Wellesley town line, townline grant—carried. J. Kines moved, seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to J. Marks for 26.52 for ditching and work on N. G. Road—carried. W. Johnston moved, seconded by T. Magwood, that the Reeve issue his order to J. Farncowl for $12.27 for ditching on townline Elma, townline grant—carried. The Reeve took his seat. W. Johnstone moved seconded by Jas. Kines, that the Reeve issue his order to Joshua Kines for $18 for work on N. G. Road—carried. H. Freeborn moved, seconded by T. Magwood, that the Reeve issue his order for $10 towards relieving the distress of Jno. Gamble and family, indigents of the village of Milverton—carried. J. Kines moved seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to J. Grattan for $5 indigent relief—carried. H. Freeborn moved, seconded by T. Magwood, that the Reeve issue his order to J. McLaughlin for $2, for culvert on townline Maryborough, Mornington's half, townline grant—carried. H. Freeborn moved seconded by W. Johnston, that the Reeve issue his order to Mr. Greenwood of Maryborough for $2.24 for gravel to pathmasters—carried. H. Freeborn moved, seconded by T. Magwood, that the Reeve issue his order to J. Atkin for $2, and to A. Zilliax, J. Freeman, J. McGregar, J. Wood, S. Roe, A. West, H. Schierholtz and C. Hoeurich for $1.00 each, amounting in all to $10 for attending as witnesses at arbitration between the township and village of Milverton—carried. H. Freeborn moved, seconded by T. Magwood, that E. F. Rutherford be appointed Referee by this council to meet with Referee appointed by the village of Milverton, and the county school Inspector to value school property in Milverton, hitherto known as section No. 1 of the township of Mornington, and determine the portion to be refunded to parties drafted from said section and placed in new and other sections—carried. W. Johnston moved, seconded by J. Kines, that John Watson and Alex. Patterson be appointed by this Council to adjust all claims consequense upon alteration in school Sections Nos. 2, 3, 4, 8 and 15, of the township of Mornington—carried. The clerk presented a report from J. G. Kirk Esq., C. E., in reference to Poole Bridge, which was read, received, and filed for further consideration. A by-law was introduced and passed authorizing the levying and collecting of the County, Township and Railway rates, also the school rates for S. S. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 15, also U. S. S. Nos. 10 and 20, and R. C. S. School. The other Trustees having placed themselves in an awkward position by not having their requests in before the August meeting. As the school law does not allow the Trustees to collect it themselves, neither does it allow the council to take it after the August meeting, trustees should be careful and have their requests in with the clerk before the last of July, or ray and get one of the clauses of the act repealed. T. Magwood moved, seconded by H. Freeborn, that this Council do now adjourn to meet again on the first Monday in October, at the same place—carried.

JOHN WATSON, Clerk.


Manufacturers of reapers, mowers and threshing machines prefer "Castorine" Machine Oil to any other. It will outwear lard oil or elephant, and is warranted not to gum.

PAINTS, OILS AND COLORS.—For the largest stock, best material and lowest prices, go to HACKING'S Drug Store.—21.


## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

OTTAWA, 25TH MAY, 1881.

WHEREAS circumstances have rendered it expedient to effect certain changes in the policy of the Government respecting the administration of Dominion Lands, PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given:—

1. The Regulations of the 14th October, 1879, are hereby rescinded, and the following Regulations for the disposal of agricultural lands are substituted therefor:

2. The even-numbered sections within the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt—that is to say, lying within 24 miles on each side of the line of the said Railway, excepting those which may be required for wood-lots in connection with settlers on prairie lands within the said belt, or which may be otherwise specially dealt with by the Governor in Council—shall be held exclusively for homesteads and pre-emptions. The odd-numbered sections within the said Belt are Canadian Pacific Railway Lands, and can only be acquired from the Company.

3. The pre-emptions entered within the said Belt of 24 miles on each side of the Canadian Pacific Railway, up to and including the 31st day of December next, shall be disposed of at the rate of $2.50 per acre; four-tenths of the purchase money, with interest on the latter at the rate of six per cent. per annum, to be paid at the end of three years from the date of entry, the remainder to be paid in six equal instalments annually from and after the said date, with interest at the rate above mentioned on such portions of the purchase money as may from time to time remain unpaid, to be paid with each instalment.

4. From and after the 31st day of December next, the price shall remain the same—that is, $2.50 per acre—for pre-emption within the said Belt, or within the corresponding Belt of any branch line of the said Railway, but shall be paid in one sum at the end of three years, or at such earlier period as the claimant may have acquired a title to his homestead quarter-section.

5. Dominion Lands, the property of the Government, within 24 miles of any projected line of Railway recognized by the Minister of Railways, and of which he has given notice in the Official Gazette as being a projected line of Railway, shall be dealt with, as to price and terms, as follows:—The pre-emptions shall be sold at the same price and on the same terms as fixed in the next preceding paragraph, and the odd-numbered sections shall be sold at $2.50 per acre payable in cash.

6. In all townships open for sale or settlement within Manitoba or the North-West Territories, outside of the said Canadian Pacific Railway Belt, the even-numbered sections except in the cases provided for in clause two of these Regulations, shall be held exclusively for homestead and pre-emption, and the odd-numbered sections for sale as public lands.

7. The lands described as public lands shall be sold at the uniform price of $2 per acre, cash, excepting in special cases where the Minister of the Interior under the provisions of section 4 of the amendment to the Dominion Lands Act passed at the last Session of Parliament, may deem it expedient to withdraw certain farming lands from ordinary sale and settlement, and put them up for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, in which event such lands shall be put up at an upset price of $2 per acre.

8. Pre-emptions outside of the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt shall be sold at the uniform price of $2 per acre, to be paid in one sum at the end of three years from the date of entry, or at such earlier period as the claimant may acquire a title to his homestead quarter section.

9. Exceptions shall be made to the provisions of clause 7, in so far as relates to lands in the Province of Manitoba or the North-West Territory, lying to the north of the Belt containing the Pacific Railway lands, wherein a person being an actual settler on an odd numbered section shall have the privilege of purchasing to the extent of 320 acres of such section, but no more, at the price of $1.25 per acre, cash; but no Patent shall issue for such land until after three years of actual residence upon the same.

10. The price and terms of payment of odd-numbered sections and preemptions, above set forth shall not apply to persons who have settled in any one of the several belts described in the said Regulations of the 14th October, 1879, hereby rescinded, but who have not obtained entries for their lands, and who may establish a right to purchase such oddnumbered sections or preemptions, as the case may be, at the price and at terms respectively fixed for the same by the said Regulations.

TIMBER FOR SETTERS.

11. The system of wood lots in prairie townships shall be continued—that is to say, homestead settlers having no timber on their own lands, shall be permitted to purchase wood lots in area not exceeding 20 acres each, at a uniform rate of $5 per acre, to be paid in cash.

12. The provision in the next preceding paragraph shall apply also to settlers on prairie sections bought from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, in cases where the only wood lands available have been laid out on even numbered sections, provided the Railway Company agree to reciprocate where the only timber in the locality may be found on their lands.

13. With a view to encouraging settlement by cheapening the cost of building material, the Government reserves a right to grant licenses from time to time, under and in accordance with the provisions of the "Dominion Lands Act," to cut merchantable timber on any lands owned by it within surveyed townships; and settlement upon, or sale of any lands covered by such license, shall, for the time being, be subject to the operation of the same.

SALES OF LANDS TO INDIVIDUALS OR CORPORATIONS FOR COLONIZATION.

14. In any case where a company or individual applies for lands to colonize, and is willing to expend capital to contribute towards the construction of facilities for communication between such lands and existing settlements, and the Government is satisfied of the good faith ability of such company or individual to carry out such undertaking, the odd-numbered sections in the case of lands outside of the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt, or of the Belt of any branch line or lines of the same, may be sold to such company or individual at half price or $1 per acre, in cash. In case the lands applied for be situated within the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt, the same principle shall apply so far as one-half of each even-numbered section is concerned—that is to say, the one-half of each even numbered section may be sold, to the company or individual at the price of $1.25 per acre to be paid in cash. The company or individual will further be protected up to the extent of $500, with 6 per cent. interest thereon till paid, in the case of advances made to place families on homesteads, under the provisions of section 10 of the amendments to the Dominion Lands Act hereinbefore mentioned.

15. In every such transaction, it shall be absolutely conditional:—

(*a.*) That the company or individual, as the case may be, shall, in the case of lands outside of the said Canadian Pacific Railway Belt, within three years of the date of the agreement with the Government, place two settlers on each of the odd-numbered sections, and also two on homesteads on each of the even-numbered sections embraced in the scheme of colonization.

(*b.*) That should the land applied for be situated in the Canadian Pacific Railway Belt, the company or individual shall, within three years of the date of the agreement with the Government, place two settlers on the half of each even-numbered section purchased under the provision contained in paragraph 14, above, and also one settler upon each of the two quarter sections remaining for homesteads in such section.

(*c*) That on the promoters failing within the period fixed, to place the prescribed number of settlers, the Governor in Council may cancel the sale and the privilege of colonization and resume possession of the lands not settled, or charge the full price of $2 per acre, or $2.50 per acre, as the case may be, for such lands, as may be deemed expedient.

(*d.*) That it be distinctly understood that this policy shall only apply to schemes for colonization of the public lands by Emigrants from Great Britain or the European Continent.

PASTURAGE LANDS.

16. The policy set forth as follows shall govern applications for lands for grazing purposes, and previous to entertaining any application, the Minister of the Interior shall satisfy himself of the good faith and ability of the applicant to carry out the undertaking involved in such application.

17. From time to time, as may be deemed expedient, leases of such Townships, or portions of Townships, as may be available for grazing purposes, shall be put up at auction at an upset price to be fixed by the Minister of the Interior, and sold to the highest bidder—the premium for such leases to be paid in cash at the time of the sale.

18. Such leases shall be for a period of twenty-one years, and in accordance otherwise with the provisions of Section eight of the Amendment to the Dominion Lands Act passed at the last Session of Parliament, hereinbefore mentioned.

19. In all cases, the area included in a lease shall be in proportion to the quantity of live stock kept thereon, at the rate of ten acres of land to one head of stock; and the failure in any case of the lessee to place the requisite stock upon the land within three years from the commencement of the lease or in subsequently maintaining the proper ratio of stock to the area of the leasehold, shall justify the Governor in Council in cancelling such lease, or in diminishing proportionally the area contained therein.

20. On placing the required proportion of stock within the limits of the leasehold, the lessee should have the privilege of purchasing, and receiving a patent for, a quantity of land covered by such lease, on which to construct the buildings necessary in connection therewith, not to exceed five per cent. of the area of the leasehold, which latter shall in no single case exceed 100,000 acres.

21. The rental for a leasehold shall in all cases be at the rate of $10 per annum for each thousand acres included therein, and the price of the land which may be purchased for the cattle station referred to in the last preceding paragraph, shall be $1.25 per acre, payable in cash.

PAYMENTS FOR LANDS.

22. Payments for public lands and also for preemptions may be in cash, or in scrip, or in police or military bounty warrants, at the option of the purchaser.

23. The above regulations shall not apply to lands valuable for town plots, or to coal or other mineral lands, or to stone or marble quarries, or to lands having water power thereon; and further shall not, of course, affect Sections 11 and 29 in each Township, which are public school lands, or Sections 8 and 26, which are Hudson Bay Company's lands.

J. S. DENNIS
*Deputy Minister of the Interior.*

LINDSAY RUSSEL,
*Surveyor-General.*

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Many people are left destitute by the recent flood in Colorado.


**Do Not be Deceived.**

In these times of quack medicine advertisements everywhere, it is truly gratifying to find one remedy that is worthy of praise, and which really does as recommended. Electric Bitters we can vouch for as being a true and reliable remedy, and one that will do as recommended. They invariably cure stomach and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary difficulties. We know whereof we speak, and can readily say, give them a trial. Sold at fifty cents a bottle, by J. R. Michener.


It is now learned that H. R. H. the Princess Louise is expected to arrive in Canada in the first week in September.


**Virtue Acknowledged.**

Mrs. Ira Mulholland, Oakville, writes: "For several years I have suffered from offensive bilious headaches, dyspepsia, and complaints peculiar to my sex. Since using your Burdock Blood Bitters I am entirely relieved."

Dr. Butler, of Harrow, has been offered and it is said will probably accept, the deanery of Westminster.

**Canadian Cholera.**

This terrible disease is but little less fatal than real Asiatic cholera, and requires equally prompt treatment. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry will cure it as well as all other forms of bowel complaints of infants or adults if used in proper time.


Winnipeg has voted $1,500 and the Manitoba Government $500 to defray the expenses of receiving the Governor-General.

ZOPESSA, FROM BRAZIL.—Its wonderful affinity to the digestive apparatus of the human stomach, its most surprising effect upon a torpid Liver, and in cleansing and toning the system, can be tested with a 10 cent sample bottle. Sold by J. Livingstone, Jr.


Use "Castorine" Machine Oil for all kinds of machinery, it is also excellent for harness and leather. Makes it water and weather proof. For sale by dealers.


Hannaberry, a Blanshard farmer, refused $350 for his team, and found them lying dead on the railway track in the morning.


**The First Step.**

Self-respect is the first step in all reformations; and when your blood is laden with impurities and you are suffering from biliousness or dyspepsia, the first step to a radical cure is to take Burdock Blood Bitters. Price $1.00, trial size, 10 cents.


The new comet has been seen with the naked eye. It will make its perihelion passage about August 18th, when it will be twenty-five times brighter than when first seen.


**A Safe Remedy.**

Many medicines check too suddenly attacks of Bowel Complaints, inducing dangerous inflammation. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cleanses, strengthens and heals the deceased and mucous surfaces of the Stomach and Bowels and safely cures every form of Summer Complaints.

His Excellency the Governor-General and party left Winnipeg Tuesday morning for the west.

**Free of Charge.**

All persons suffering from Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Loss of Voice, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs, are requested to call at T. H. Michener's Drug Store and get a Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption *free of charge*, which will convince them of its wonderful merits and show what a regular dollar size bottle will do. Call early.


A Canadian company has been formed in New York to manufacture grape sugar in Walkerville, Ont.


**Delays are Dangerous.**

And none more so than to neglect the incipient stages of bowel complaints in infants or adults. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is the most prompt and pleasant remedy to administer, and is always reliable to cure cholera infantum, dysentery, cholic, cramps, and all summer complaints. For sale by all dealers.


Hon. Mr. Mackenzie sails for home on the *Polynesian* on the 25th August. Sir John Macdonald sails by the *Sardinian* on Sept. 8th.


*Holloway's Ointment and Pills.*—Diseases of the Bowels.—A remedy, which has been tested and proved in a thousand different ways, capable of eradicating poisonous taints from ulcers and healing them up, merits a trial of its capacity for extracting the internal corruptions from the bowels. On rubbing Holloway's Ointment repeatedly on the abdomen a rash appears, and as it thickens it allays the irritability it provokes. Acting as a *derivative*, this unguent draws to the surface, releases the tender intestines from all sorts of matters, and prevents inflammation, dysentry, and piles, for which blistering was the old-fashioned, though successful treatment, now from its painfulness fallen into disuse, the discovery of this Ointment having proclaimed a remedy possessing equally *derivative*, yet perfectly painless, powers.

**MUCH TRUTH IN A SMALL COMPASS.**

We are a free people, a great people, an enterprising people; but it must be admitted, also, that we are a DYSPEPTIC PEOPLE. Our stomachs are by no means as sound as our political constitution; and many of us, if addressed in the language of Macbeth—

"Let good *digestion* wait on appetite,
And health on both"—

would anxiously inquire by what means the wish could be realized. That question, thanks to THOMAS HOLLOWAY, can be triumphantly answered. The unequalled stomachic, known throughout the world as HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, is literally a specific for the complaint. Imperfect digestion results from a dilute condition of the gastric juice—the fluid which dissolves the food in the stomach, and fits it for application to the purposes of life in the form of blood. If the organ which secretes this solvent is in a state of morbid irritation, the fluid will be deficient in quality and quantity, and its appointed office in the internal economy of the system will be inefficiently performed. The stomach being disordered, the whole vital machinery to which it furnishes sustenance and strength will be weakened, and the animal spirits, sympathising with the bodily debility, will become greatly depressed. This is DYSPEPSIA; and its victims, when it has assumed the chronic form, are the most miserable of mankind. It is generally accompanied by loss of appetite, alternate oppression after eating, irregularity of the bowels, low nervous fever, great debility, palpitation of the heart, broken sleep, pain in the right side and between the shoulders, and profound melancholy. All these symptoms, and every other variety in the manifestations of this distressing malady, are rapidly removed by a course of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. Putting the testimony of others out of the question, we have full warrant from personal observation for this broad and positive statement

It is not to be marvelled at, then that Holloway has acquired such universal fame.

In these remarks upon a man who is distinguished by the speed, simplicity and certainty of his cures, we wish to discharge a duty which we owed, or thought we owed, to the public. It is for them to act upon our suggestion as they think fit.—*Washington Intelligencer.*


Two Canada Pacific labourers, near Grand Valley, while asleep in their tent, were struck by lightning and killed. A third, apparently dead, was laid out for burial, but being only in a stupor awoke, and seeing the corpses became a raving maniac.


Ask your dealer for "Castorine" Machine Oil and see that the barrel is brande "Castorine" as none other is genuine.

"Must say it's the nicest thing I ever used for the teeth and breath," says everyone having tried "TEABERRY," the new toilet gem. Get a 5 cent sample.


The Canadian artillery team at Shoeburyness defeated eleven British teams in the contest for the prize given by the Governor-General of Canada for the quickest dismounting and remounting of cannon.


**Be Prepared.**

Many of the worst attacks of cholera morbus, cramps, dysentery and cholic come suddenly in the night, and the most speedy and prompt means must be used to combat their dire effects. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is *the* remedy. Keep it at hand for emergencies. *It never fails* to cure or relieve.

It is stated that Davitt will be realeased from gaol on condition that he does not return to Ireland for seven years. A later despatch states that Davitt has refused to make conditions for his release.

**Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!**

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere at 25 cents a bottle.—4y.

A split has taken place in the dynamite conclave at Chicago, which resulted in the resignation of the president and temporary secretary, and subsequently in a general bolt of that section of the convention which is opposed to the use of explosives in carrying on the war against England.

**Bocklen's Arnica Slave.**

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. The Save is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. H. Michener

Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation—all forms of Dyspepsia yield at once to a few doses of *Sopera*, the new compound from Brazil. A 10 cent sample proves it. Sold by J. Livingstone, Jr., druggist, Listowel.

**Rest and Comfort to the Suffering.**

"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted," as it really is the best remedy in the world for cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25