

General Intelligence.

Later from Europe.

The Steamship Liverpool, one of the Cunard line, 13 days from London, bound for Boston, put into the port yesterday, to receive a supply of coal. She experienced uncommonly boisterous weather during her passage, and has received some slight injury to her bulwarks.

The Andes brought papers to the 16th ult., the day which she sailed. They contain little in addition to previous advice.

It was currently reported and generally believed in Liverpool, on the morning the Steamer Andes, that 70,000 French troops had moved to the support of the Turks. The following is from the Liverpool Courier of the 16th.

A telegraph dispatch was received in London on Monday night, announcing that the Turks had advanced on Bucharest between the 5th and 11th December, and were fighting there the Friday previous. The main body of the Turks had crossed the Danube.

The Paris paper Presse says that Gortschakoff has made his attack with his 20,000 men, and had been again defeated.

Trekinian letters state that authentic details have been received of the late engagement in the Caucasus, in which 20,000 Russians were overpowered by Schamyl's troops, and all that were not killed were taken prisoners.

The reports of the Turkish successes in Asia, were credited at Constantinople.

A Lyons paper mentions that immense quantities of ammunition had been forwarded from the arsenal of that city to Toulouse.

In Paris the feeling among the public and in the highest quarters again Russia continued to increase.

In Wallachia the population of the Principalities are in the utmost exasperation against the Russians in consequence of the vexations to which they are subjected from the Russian troops, and the insolence of the Russian generals, and that in the event of a more decided advantage being gained by the Turks, the whole country would be up in arms against the invaders.

Finis Boston.—The Report of the Boston Fire Department, for the year ending September 1, 1853, has just appeared. The total loss by fire, as far as ascertained, is \$5,167,167; insurance \$3,955,056. The force of the Department consists of 12 engines manned by 549 men. The total number of hydrants is 1137. The greatest loss was by the destruction of the Chickering estate and adjoining buildings in December last. The loss here by fire is set down at \$1,973,340, and insurance at only \$36,657. The loss at the fire at the store of Henshaw, Edwards & Co., was \$44,404, which was fully insured. Twenty-nine of the fires are believed to have been the work of incendiaries.

EXPENSIVE GARNET.—The Journal of Commerce states, that a Russian gentleman residing in New York, who has been in the country since, to bring to this country his overcoat, which was lined with sable, and valued at \$100,000, and the duty assessed to it was \$7000. The garment having been appraised at something like \$3000.

EXPEDITION TO THE ARABIAN.—An enterprise has been projected in New York, which promises to open a new market for our manufactures and extend our commerce into regions where it has not before penetrated. The Imperial British company, with a capital of \$100,000, propose to send a first class steamer 190 feet long, now nearly ready for sea, on a trading voyage to the head waters of the Amazon. Of the capital, it is said, \$60,000 is already subscribed.—Bell City.

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.—The New York Herald of yesterday contains the memorial of the Temperance Alliance of that city to Congress, praying for the stoppage of the annual amount of hard drinking at the national capital. This is really carrying the war into Africa.

THE CATTLE TRADE OF TEXAS is growing into considerable importance. New Orleans is the market to which it is directed. During the week before last, 4000 head of Texas cattle were crossed the Natchez river at Beaumont, bound for New Orleans, and large herds have also been shipped from Sabine Pass and Indianola. The Galveston News predicts that, with the advantage of railways, the cattle trade of Texas will equal the whole cotton crop of the State, and that the business of the latter, rapidly from year to year. Many Texas agriculturists are constantly entering the business of stock raising, which requires little labor, and yields large profits.

THE YOUTH OF OHIO.—There are 12,000 school districts, and 36,000 districts by the new law. There are 528,000 youths in the State, and nearly one out of every five, it is estimated that thirty-nine per cent, or more than 80,000, depend on the common schools, for their education; and that more than 500,000 will attend school the coming winter. It is further estimated, that 50,000 of this number will attend for the first time, and about 40,000 for the last time before the present system of education expires. Of these, it is estimated that thirty-nine per cent, or more than 80,000, depend on the common schools, for their education; and that more than 500,000 will attend school the coming winter. It is further estimated, that 50,000 of this number will attend for the first time, and about 40,000 for the last time before the present system of education expires.

HORSES IN THE UNITED STATES.—The United States has 4,335,358 horses, or about one horse to every family in the land. As to single States Ohio stands first, having 463,337 horses; then New York, with 447,014; and Pennsylvania, with 350,334; and last Kentucky, with 315,628. There are only 2,056,636 more mules than in the land than horses. The whole working stock figure only comes up to 1,639,341.

THE GREAT REPAIR.—This new clipper ship cleared yesterday for New York, under the command of Capt. Lusk. Her cargo, Her cargo, Custom House measurement, is 4555.69 25 tons.—Boston Daily.

NEW ORLEANS, November 22.—The ship Blanche, from Liverpool, with 400 emigrants, reports 10 deaths from cholera on the passage.

TEMPERANCE.—The Annapolis Republican says: "Judging from the feeling expressed in the different counties of this State in favor of a prohibitory liquor law, we are satisfied that a law to that effect will be passed by the next Legislature, submitting it to a vote of the people for their ratification or rejection. A large number of members are pledged to vote for the passage of such a law."

EXCHANGES.—The abolition, or rather the reform of the title system has undergone some modifications passing through the Fergus committee of the House of Representatives. The bill concerning emigrants has met with a similar fate. The conceptors have restricted the immunities conferred in favor of emigrants, those only who shall introduce colonists attached to the Roman Catholic faith, but such restriction, we hope, will not prevail over the remonstrances of the Secretary of the Interior, who insists upon the principle of toleration as essential to the population of the country, and the extension of commerce.

Great indignation has been excited in respect to a recent conflict between the civil and military authorities. The bishop of Santiago has issued a note to the people for their ratification or rejection. A large number of members are pledged to vote for the passage of such a law.

CHILE.—The abolition, or rather the reform of the title system has undergone some modifications passing through the Fergus committee of the House of Representatives. The bill concerning emigrants has met with a similar fate. The conceptors have restricted the immunities conferred in favor of emigrants, those only who shall introduce colonists attached to the Roman Catholic faith, but such restriction, we hope, will not prevail over the remonstrances of the Secretary of the Interior, who insists upon the principle of toleration as essential to the population of the country, and the extension of commerce.

By a note received last evening from St. George, (and we feel great pleasure in recording the fact) we learn that there was no case of fever in that town on the 22d. Nov. 22.

There was a White killed on the East End on Thursday last, by the St. David's Island Boat. It was first struck by Mr. Tappin, and afterwards shot by Mr. Fox. It is said that it will yield 20 or 22 barrels oil.—16

The Parliament of Bermuda was prorogued on the 7th Nov, by His Honor Major Oakeley, Acting Governor and Commander-in-Chief. The following extracts are from His Honor's Speech: "The various Acts passed during the Session, will I doubt not, contribute materially to augment the prosperity of these Islands, and I trust the increased care for the encouragement of Agriculture and Horticulture, will have the effect of giving a further impulse to those profitable branches of industry."

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The same which Bermuda has so long enjoyed as a healthy residence has been endangered by a visitation unparalleled in malignity, and beyond precedent fatal. I confidently hope, and pray, however, that the worst is passed, and that it may please the Providence in its mercy to withdraw from this plague and grievous sickness, and once more restore these Islands to their wonted healthy condition.

It becomes I think a matter of great public importance to consider how far, in any future epidemic, so awful a sacrifice of human life may be necessitated, and, if least mitigated, by attention to the improvement of the Town; nor can I but feel a conviction that during the season of recess measures may be concerted to secure so desirable an object."

His Excellency Governor Elliott, arrived at Bermuda, on the 20th Nov.—16

REMOVAL OF A JUDGE.—Judge Large, of New Orleans, on the 19th instant, addressed a letter to the Governor of Louisiana, requesting the office of Judge of the first district court. The reason assigned for his step we give in the retiring Judge's own language:

"I would be happy to serve the State in the office which I now hold, but I cannot afford it—I must pay my debts and support my family, and I have been obliged to leave the office of the Government, and expressing their willingness to emigrate.—16

From North Florida.—By the Jacksonville News of the 5th instant, we learn that the Yellow Fever was on the increase at Tampa. Fifteen of the garrison had died from its effects, and the disorder had broken out among the officers.

Capt Casey, the United States Indian Agent, had arrived with authority to offer the Indian larger sums of money than were offered by Gen. Blake, to induce them to emigrate, and the information of the News stated that a report was in circulation, that the Indians were congregating at Pensacola, in high hope of the proposition of the Government, and expressing their willingness to emigrate.—16

United States.—The salary of the King of the Sandwich Islands is \$16,000 a year.

There are said to be eighty thousand hyanas in the German language.

Cats are quoted in Australia at fifteen dollars each.

Robert William Keate, Esq., has been appointed Lieutenant Governor of the Island of Grenada.

There are 289,654 males in the United States over 20 years of age who can neither read nor write, and 573,294 females.

The Virginia Sentinel says that the vessel for sale is prevailing to an alarming extent in Fauquier county.

The Erie Railroad with its equipments cost twenty-five millions of dollars, and employs two hundred locomotives.

The U. S. Economist states that the United States now consumes as much cotton, in 1853, as England did in 1840. The cotton raised in the same year in New England was twenty years ago.

The Halliwell Gazette notices the receipt of an apple from Mr. P. Morton of that city, which was picked from a tree in 1832, thirty-one years ago. It is in a good state of preservation, and quite a curiosity.

The Little Miami Railroad Company have determined to lay a second track on their road. This is required by their very large and rapidly increasing traffic. The road, which was completed in 1846, their receipts were up to \$604,000 in 1853.

The Maine Law Convention held at New London, Conn., on the 10th inst., determined by a vote of 40 to 24, to call a convention of delegates from all towns in the State, to make an application for State officers at the spring elections.

We are very sorry to learn says the Bermuda Royal Gazette, that Joseph F. Matthews, Esq., Staff Assistant Surgeon, who served in this command in 1850, was, with an Officer of Engineers, and his servants, recently drowned in a river at the Cape.

The Detroit Tribune estimates that a strip of country at least thirty miles in length, has been burned over by the late fire in that vicinity, that twenty-seven houses have been destroyed, and the crops and wood on at least one hundred farms have been entirely destroyed.

A gale, which did considerable damage, and caused the loss of very many vessels—occurred on the 18th, 19th and 20th ultimo. It was between Bermuda and the coast of the United States. It was felt as far west as latitude 29° 17' and extended as far North as the Bay of Fundy.

A decree had been issued, providing that ships entering Mexican ports only to repair damages sustained, or for provisions or fuel, shall not be considered liable to the payment of any tonnage; and vessels loaded only with coal, for the steamship depot at Acapulco, shall pay only four real per ton for their burthen.

Leut. Beale, in passing over the table last between the Colaba and the Gila, discovered a number of burrows of human habitations. Some of them were very extensive and of stone, and showed that a numerous and industrious population once existed where all is now barren. A multitude of remains of crockery and domestic utensils were found. It is supposed that the ruins are of a long date.

The population of Ireland is decreasing from month to month, while that of England is slowly increasing. Above ninety-thousand emigrants sailed from ports of the United Kingdom between the first of July and the first of October. They were mostly Irish.

The Montreal Mechanic Institute is going to build a handsome Hall. There are 628 members, and they have a library containing over 1,650 well assorted works.

The friends of Temperance in Michigan are now organizing Caravan Leagues all over the State, and will be ready to strike at once on the 1st of December.

Glack is to be supplied with water from Loch Katrine, at a cost of \$1,200,000.

Camphene is a desolvent of India Rubber without the action of heat.

The first saw mill ever erected in Maine, was built in Berwick, in 1663.

Dr. McLane's Vermifuge. ALWAYS RESORTED TO WHEN EVERY OTHER REMEDY FAILS.

NEW YORK, September 15, 1852. This is to certify that my child, three years old, was troubled with worms six months. I had tried several kinds of medicine, but none of them did me any good; and it was not until I tried Dr. McLane's Vermifuge that she found any relief. I gave her the contents of one bottle, which brought from her a very large quantity of worms, but they were so completely cut to pieces it was impossible to count them. My daughter is now doing well; indeed she is completely restored to health; therefore she pleases in recommending it to parents. I would say, by all means keep a supply of this valuable medicine constantly in your houses. I have known many children to die suddenly from the effects of worms. It is also not unfrequently happens that children are treated for croup, when the choking and coughing is caused altogether by the irritation of worms. Therefore, we say again, keep it always in the house; it costs but little, and may be the means of saving life; and at any rate it will save physicians' bills.

MRS. LANE, No. 333 Eighth street. P. S. The above valuable preparation, also Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE. All others in comparison are worthless. Agents in Halifax, Wm. LANGLEY and JOHN NAYLOR.

Rabbit's Toilet Soap and Creams are superior articles for the toilet, and those who are so fortunate as to use them, see, will never be induced to use any other. See advertisement.

Newfoundland Missionary Meeting.

The Missionary Meeting held in the Wesleyan Chapel on Wednesday evening last was one of the most interesting and impressive that has been attended here for many years. The addresses from the platform were well sustained throughout—grave, weighty, and to the point, replete with missionary information calculated to excite the sympathies of the audience, and to stimulate the supporters of the cause to increased liberality and usefulness.

The Chairman (John Jones, Esq.) went into a full and gratifying narrative of the missionary labors of the successors of the great and pious John Wesley, whose unyielding spirit, discipline, and doctrine he exhorted in the highest terms; hoping that the church which under God he had been instrumental in raising up would be a blessing in the earth to the end of time; and that sinners would never be wanting to carry out their beneficent purposes towards their fellow men, till the whole world should bow to the sceptre of Jehovah, and become the kingdom of God and of his Christ.

It was treated that the church which he had been instrumental in raising up would be a blessing in the earth to the end of time; and that sinners would never be wanting to carry out their beneficent purposes towards their fellow men, till the whole world should bow to the sceptre of Jehovah, and become the kingdom of God and of his Christ.

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