TOOK A SEVERE COLD.

R Settled in The Kidneys.

Pain in The Back The Result

Catching cold and having it settle in the back is often the cause of Backachestimary cause of kidney trouble. Bleed the warning : check the Backad dispose of any chance of further

If you don't, serious complications are very apt to arise. Mrs. E. Williams, Banalton, Ont., caught cold, and it utiled in her kidneys. She used

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS, me is thankful for the immediate relief they gave her. She writes us as follows: with pleasure that I add my win favor of Doan's Kidney Pills. Sometime ago I took a severe cold, which ettled in my kidneys. The soreness and

pain in the small of my back bothered greatly. After suffering for some sths, and finding numerous remedies fail, I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, and received immediate relief from

Donn's Kidney Pills may be procured at all dealers, or will be sent direct by mail on receipt of price-

50 cents per box, or 8 for \$1.25. THE BOAN KIDNEY PILL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Canadian West Grain Crop

WHEAT-60,000,000 Bushels.

OATS-40,000,000 Bushels.

DAHLEY-10,000,000 Bushels. Total—110,000,000 Bushels.
Raised on 5,313,654 Acres.

Estimated Value of Wheat Alone
is \$41,250,000.00.

er 100,000,000 Acres Good Land yet for Settlement

hand handreds of miles of new Railways will be build there in 1905.
Above figures from Winnipeg Free

From maps, descriptive pamphlets, swittlers passage and freight rates, swill on nearest Canadian Pacific Massat, or write to C.B. Foster, Distant, District Passenger Agent, Tor-

Tickets and full particulars from W. Mr Harper, City Agt., or C. B Poster District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK SALLWAY

February at the Winter Resorts.

The most copular month of the mean at Southern winter resorts; California, Mexico, or Florida, offer attractions difficult to find in any other part af the world. Delightful meather, health resorting climate, humarious hotels.

Those who cannot take advantage of the above resorts, should spend the above resorts, should spend a flow days or weeks at "Near Winter measuris," St. Catharines Mineral attes, and Preston Springs,

MI situated on Grand Trunk.

W. R. RISPIN.

W. E. RISPIN, City Ticket Agent, 115 King Street, Chatnam.

PRITCHARD, Depot Ticket Agent

is the great winter tourist route to the south and and west, including the Mexico, the most interesting measury on the face of the globe. There and California, the lands of measurements and flowers. Round trip the face of the greatly reduced rates. The Wabash is the great trunk line between the east and the west, and runs the finest and the west, and runs the finest anguisped trains in America.

For time-tables and descriptive Medicare and other printed matter, additions.

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Y-Don't

you have a neat Photo of yourself taken at the

GIBSON STUDIO. Cor.King and Fifth Sts?

Minard's Linimen - Lumberman's

CANADA'S TIMBER. vation of the Ferents a Great

Dr. Clarke, of the Ontario Department of Forestry, in addressing the Canadian Institute in Toronto on a recent Saturday night, said one of the greatest national problems was the maintenance of a forest cover on its non-agricultural lands for the production of timber and the conservation of water, in fact, nothing would contribute more to the development of the Dominion than an anundant timber supply. The forest's other sphere of usefulness was in the conservation of water by checking the surface run-off, owing to the spongy character of the forest floor, by giving the water which does not at once enter the soil time to penetrate by presenting obstructions in the state of the special content of the soil time to penetrate by presenting obstructions in the state of the soil time to penetrate by presenting obstructions in the state of the soil time to penetrate by presenting obstructions in the state of the soil time to the state of the s does not at once enter the soil time to penetrate by presenting obstructions in the shape of leaves, twigs, moss, etc., and by distributing the flow from melting snow in an evergreen forest over weeks instead of days, thus preventing disastrous floods.

Referring to the income which

Referring to the income which the Referring to the income which the different provinces of the Dominion might hope to receive from their forest lands, Dr. Clarke pointed out that Ontario alone had at least 50,000,000 acres of land which could be retained for timber production. If practical methods were adopted in the removal of the present crop and every care taken to avoid injury by fire the value of the annual growth on this area should in two decades be equal to \$20,000,000.

Canada's forest lands fared badly.

Canada's forest lands fared badly on a fire owing to their usual rocky floor. If these fires, which are of frequent occurrence on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, were not checked the amount of water available for invitations. available for irrigation in southern Alberta and western Assiniboia would be proportionately decreased.

How Canada Hit Back.

Hew Canada His Back.

The London Standard has recently been publishing a series of letters from more or less eminent authors upon the need of better copyright protection for British authors in the United States. Mr. Robert Barr, the Canadian novelist, has taken the opportunity to tell Old Country people how Canada acted in a similar situation. writing as follows:

how Canada acted in a similar situation, writing as follows:

"I am entirely in agreement with Mr. Douglas Sladen on the copyright question between Great Britain and America. The law on each side should be identical. This proposition is so sane and self-evident that I am quite certain he will never get the British Parliament to take any action in the matter. Some years ago the United States amused itself by passing several vexatious laws which affected Canadian interests. Canada made no protest, but promptly placing several vexatious laws which affected Canadian interests. Canada, made no protest, but promptly placed on her statute books similar laws affecting the interests of her neighbor. Those people of the United States whose interests were adversely affected did not appreciate this sincerest form of flattery by the Canadian Legislature, so they brought pressure to bear on their own Government, which is quick to respond to a popular demand; and the result was that some of these obnoxious laws were repealed, followed by the repeal of the identical law by the Canadian Legislature. The result of it all has been most happy. Many United States newspapers are now showing what a nice country Canada is, and urging the adoption of reciprocal relations with it. However, both the United States and Canada are common-sense countries, and I realize that the precedent cited can have no value in Great Britain."

Taking Him Down.

Taking Mim Dewn.

His height was a little over five feet. He was slender in proportion. But he was proud—oh, so proud! He stood erect and with folded arms near the rail of the steamer and gazed out upon the sea in stern, majestic silence. Presently the captain approached him and touched his arm. "What is it, my good fellow?" he said, turning his head slowly and eying him from head to foot. "Would you mind stepping over this way a little?" asked the captain, touching his hat. "What for, my good fellow?" "To trim the ship. You'are giving it a decided list to port."—London

a decided list to port. Answers.

Burning the Dead.

Since cremation has come into frequent, if not ordinary, use there have been many strange ways of disposing of the ashes of a body. Usually the deceased leaves directions as to what shall be done with his remains, and it seems as if he often taxed his brain to the utmost to find some novel plan for disposing of his ashes. But possibly the most eccentric of these instructions comes from a man in Exeter. He has left in his will a clause directing that his body shall be cremated, the ashes taken up in a balloon to a height of not less than a thousand feet and then scattered to the four winds of heaven. quent, if not ordinary, use there have

What Can Be Done With Eggs.

Here are some of the emergency uses of eggs: They can be used as a substitute for paste or mucilage to seal a letter or a jar of jelly. The white will allay the smart of a burn if bound upon it excluding the air. Half a dozen eggs given immediately after an emetic will render corrosive sublimate harmless. The white beaten and swallowed will dislodge a fish hone from the throat. And if a mustard plaster be mixed with the white of egg instead of water no blister will follow the application of the plaster. What Can Be Done With Eggs.

The is enforced idleness that makes farmers poor, and no farmer need be idle a day on account of bad weathers or wet fields if only his roads are good. On a good road there is always paying work of some kind, and wet weather is just the time to go on the road. The French farmer never loses a good day in his fields, for he can do all his marketing in rainy times. Every farmer and farmer's boy not at school and every farm hand and team could earn a full day's wages every day in the year, rain or shine.

Have You One of Those Can't Taste, Can't Smell Colds?

If you have you had better get rid of it immediately. If you don't, that terrible and disgusting malady, Catarrh, is sure to take hold of you and make you miserable, and an object of repugnance to your friends. The best and quickest cure for your cold is

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP. It contains all the virtues of the Norway Pine Tree, combined with Wild Cherry Bark and the soothing and expectoran properties of other excellent herbs and barks.

Mr. Harry Mosher, Mosher's Island, N.S., writes:-" We have used Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup in our family for the past six years, and have always found it a reliable remedy for the cure of coughs and colds.

Many cases of substitution have been brought to our notice. Do not be humbugged into taking any other pine syrup which unscrupulous dealers say is just as

Dr. Wood's is the original, put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark, and the price 25 cents.

THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED, TORONTO ONT.

Encounter With Nine Lions. Encounter With Nine Liens.
Cotonel Colin Harding, C.M.G., the
commandant of the Barotseland Native Police, who accompanied chief
Lewanika to England for the King's
coronation, has had an exciting adventure with a number of lions.
While traveling from Mumbwa (the
headquarters of the Kafue district

headquarters of the Kafue district commissioner) to Kalomo (the capital of Northwestern Rhodesia) he came across no fewer than nine lions all in a group. Quickly he wounded two, and he was following up one of the pair when a lioness sprang at him and knocked him over. Luckily he retained his rifle and was able to free and at the noise of the wearon free and at the noise of the wearon fire, and at the no the brute made off. and at the noise of the weapon

the brute made off.

In the meantime the mules had bolted with the cart, leaving the colonel in a perilous position in the eyent of the lions returning. Afterthey had gone some distance, the driver, who had kept his seat all the time, succeeded in stopping and turning the frightened animals. Colonel Harding was conveyed back to Market and the colonel of the colone Harding was conveyed back to Mumbwa, about twelve miles, and medical examination showed him to be suffering from a broken shoulder and a torn thigh. He is now progressing favorably. One of the lions was

The Gospel of another life gives

Lots of men are not satisfied to take things as they come unless they can sell them at a profit.

A man does not have to go to heaven by freight simply because he onanot express himself in meeting.

MAKES MER **SOUND AND STRONG**

Detroit Specialist Making Men's Diseases a Specialty for Years, Will Accept Your Case, Giving It Individual Treatment, You may Use it in the Prival Cyof Your Commence

You May Pay When You are Cured.



DR. S. GOLDBERG.

The possessor of 16 diplomas and certificates, who wants no money that he does not earn. In order to convince patients that he has the ability de oa she says, Dr. Galdberg will accept your case for treatment, and you need not pay one penny until a complete cure has been made; he want to hear from patients who have been unable. livy to do as he says, Dr. Goldberg will accept your penny until assent, and you need not pay one penny until assent, and you need not pay one penny until assent, and you need not pay one penny until assent, and you need not penny until assent penny until asse

Minard's Liniment Gures Distemper

FEED AND CARE OF FOALS.

Foals should never be neglected at any time of the year, but just at this particular season there is great necessity for being extra good to the youngsters, says Breeder's Gazette. It will soon be time to wean them; and if they have not been getting a ration of grain right along since birth they should be started up at once on crushed oats and bran. What is more, they should have shed protection these chilly nights and some place to shelter themselves when the cold autumn rains are falling. It is no hard trick at all to start a foal to doing badly at this time of the year, and if that is permitted it will be an awkward job to get it back again into the right way of doing before winter sets in in earnest. Therefore those who have foals which have not been fed grain all summer long will do mighty well to start in to feed them now.

They will not take and indeed do not require much at first, but the quantity should be increased gradually day by day until each one is eating enough grain to keep him gaining fiesh and strength. This cannot be done if the foals are subjected to wet and cold. They do not stand exame cold.

done if the foals are subjected to wet and cold. They do not stand ex-

posure well.

The mares also should have the best of care. This is true of all best of care. This is true of all mares nursing foals, but more especially so of those that are not only suckling, but 'again in foal. Such should have grain all summer long, should have grain all summer long, but if they have not been fed and in a year like this of generally good pastures have done fairly well in the way of retaining flesh they should be liberally grained from now on until they foal again, and they should have as good shelter as their young ones. After they are dried off they can do quite a bit of roughing it if it is necessary and if they get plenty of grain, but the less roughing it mares and foals do the better for them and the pockets of their owners. It is easy enough at this time of the season to let a foal by nerof the season to let a foal by neg-lect get into a way of doing badly, from the effects of which he will nev-er really recover.

Universal Pestage Problem

Universal Festage Preblems.

Postal experts of the countries belonging to the Universal Postal Union are now considering the problems which will be brought before the congress called to meet at Rome next April. Two matters of pre-eminent importance will be discussed—the reduction of the five cent rate and the issue of a universal stamp. The two cent rate proposed at the last congress is deemed impracticable, and even a three cent rate is thought to be a radical cut at the present time. In lieu of a reduction of postage the congress may favor an increase of weight of letters from the present limit of half an ounce to three-quarters or possibly to one ounce. The convenience of a universal stamp is generally admitted, but a lack of uniformity in the money standards of the countries in the union stands in the way—at least that is the view of the foreign postal officials. Another matter which will be considered by the Rome congress is the compensation for countries which forward through mails, the "transic countries have comparatively little original foreign mail to cancel, but are called upon to handle the mail of other countries passing through their territory free of compensation. The union originated in a treaty concluded in 1874 between the whole of Europe, Egypt, British India, the colonies of France and the United States. Since that time many other countries and colonies have joined. Each country sends one delegate, and questions are decided by a majority vote.

There are two classes that put an exaggerated valuation upon money—those who have plenty of it and those who haven't. But of the two the absurdest offenders against the common-sense view are those who have the money. How the exaggeration persists, and even grows, is one of the mysteries of human nature.

Of the men of property in this country, a few of those rich by inheritance excepted, how many are there who could not immediately grow rich again—if they lost everything they have? And of those who possess large property, how many Better Brains Than Meney.

thing they have? And of those who possess large property, how many would long keep it were it not that they have on guard over it men of brains and character?

Yet to hear men talk one would think that when a man has put money into an enterprise he has done that which entitles, him to overwhelming preponderance of consideration. This in face of the patent fact that, while enterprises innumerable have succeeded without money, not one has ever succeeded without brains.

It is absurd enough to rank money

brains.

It is absurd enough to rank money above brains. To estimate brains in terms of money is like selling race-horses by weight or paintings by measure.—Saturday Evening Post.

Death of Louise Michel.

Louise Michel, the noted communist, recently died at Marseilles, France, Louise Michel was born in 1830. She became a teacher in 1853, and ultimately taught in Paris and Montmartre. She took an active part in the revolutionary commune in Paris, and was made a prisoner in 1870. She was sentenced to transportation for life, but was released, after returned to Paris in 1880. She was again imprisoned in 1883 and 1886. She wrote many books attacking the social system, and of lets years she was classed as an Anarchist.

Landmarks of Civilizatio The public road is one of the land-marks of civilization. The trackless forest or pathless plain answers ev-ery purpose of the saviage, but the commercial pursuits and social in-tercourse of civilized people make ne-cessary these traveled throughfares known a spublic roads.

THE DISCOVERER

Of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills,



No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and equalified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Carlian Troubles, Infiammation and Ulceration. Falling and Displacement Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted the Change of Life.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Leucorrhoes than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development.

disolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of sevelopment.

Iregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Plooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yield to it. Womb troubles, causing pain, weight and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstance is invigorates the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that Bearing-down Feeling, extreme lassitude, "dent care" and "want-to-be-left-slone" feeling, extetability, irritability, necessions, Diziness, Faintness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blum" and headache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some farmagement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures. Kidney Compaliance and Backache, of either sex, the Vegetable Compound always cures.

Those women who refuse, to accept anything else are rewarded a humber thoughness, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Draggiery where. Estuse all substitutes.

Talking of Trousers.

Every man you know knows of the rare values to be found in our Big Offerings of TROUSERS TO MEASURE at

The T. H. TAYLOR CO for One Week Only we will sell \$5.00 Trousers for \$4 00; our \$6 00 Trousers for \$5.00. Also one lot of CARDIGAN JACKETS at Cut Rate Price.

\$1.25 Cardigan for 90c.; \$1.50 Cardigan for \$1:10; \$1.75 Cardigan for \$1.25; \$2.00 Cardigan for \$1.50; \$3.00 Cardigan for \$2.25. These prices for One Week Only.

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