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ria is put up in one-size bottles only. It old in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell thing else on the plea or promise that is st as good" and "will answer every pur-See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

dment, as it might mean that the could not secure a good magistrate salary offered. Cotton supported the amendment Mr. Williams said that he would ort it in deference to the wishes of eople of Vancouver, although he did

ction being taken to the amendthe clause and the amendment were ver. The committee rose and relien labor bill introduced by Mr. cken, which is a copy of the bill ich Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney ed his assent, was considered in

ittee. The several sections of the were passed and the committee rose reported progress without passing professions bill introduced by Mr. The bill met with considerab ion and the committee rose and

rted progress, ROSSLAND'S ATTITUDE. ng Resolution Passed Condemning

the Redistribution Bill. ssland, April 29.-At a public meetconvened by the mayor at the rethe redistribution bill, the followresolution was passed unanimously: esolved—That this meeting endorses resolution adopted by the Trades & our Council, and that, in the opinion this meeting, the redistribution bill been deliberately arranged to deprive citizens of a large section of this ince of their inheritant right to ade te representation in the government the country, and records its indignant est against such gross injustice; and this resolution be telegraphed to

H. S. WALLACE, Mayor. SONGHEES RESERVATION.

Helmcken Asks For All Papers to Be Brought Down, the following notice of motion was given the local house yesterday, by H. D. Imeken, M.P.P. 'or a return of all correspondence be-een the Domininon government and the

vincial government, or between the ulmalt & Nanaimo Railway Company, anyone on its behalf, and the provincial ernment, or any member thereof, reve to the obtaining of or requesting the ent of the provincial government to the sent of the provincial government to the sposition by the Dominion government nineteen acres of the Songhees reserve, any part thereof, in favor of the Esquialt & Nanaimo Railway Company.

(b.) Also copies of all orders-in-council any) passed by the provincial government, and the federal government of forwarded to the provincial government, relating to any such disposition favor of said company.

(c.) Also for a copy of the plan referred in the communication of J. A. J. Moenia, to the Premier, dated September 2, 197.

Also for correspondence between the

a) Also for correspondence between the ininion government, and the Provincial eriment, or between the Esquimalt & naimo Railway Co. or any one on its alf, and the provincial government, or member thereof, relative to obtaining assent of the provincial government to grant of the foreshore of the Soughessirve by the federal government in favor the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co. .) Also copies of all orders-in-council any) passed by the provincial government in favor the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co. . ed to the provincial government, reg to the grant of the foreshore of the

-DR. TAFT'S CURES leep and cures so that you need not sit ASTHMA for breath for fear of suffocation. On receipt of name and P. O. address will mail Trial Bottle. Dr. O. Taft Bros. Med Co., 186
West 'Adelaide' Street, FREE.
Toronto, Ontario.

Coronto, Ontario. NOTICE—Sixty days after date I Intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tracts of land, situate at the head of Nasoga Gulf, commencing at the N.W. corner on shore line, thence south 40 chains, east 40 chains, north 40 chains, west 40 chains, to point of commencement, containing 160 point of commencement, containing 160 point of commencement, containing 160 acres (more or less). I'RANK ROUNDY. 18th March, 1898.

TWO CIVIC BOARDS

The Deadlock Between the School Trustees and Aldermen Continues.

City Superintendent Reports on the Pupil Teacher System and the Trustees Debate It.

The controversy which has arisen between two important civic bodies was
advanced another stage last evening,
advanced meeting of the board of
A special meeting of the board o tween two important civic bodies was advanced another stage last evening.

A special meeting of the board of school trustees was held in the council school trustees was need in the country chamber of the city hall for the purpose of receiving and considering the report ne committee on legislation in regard ne matters at variance between the council and the trustees referred at committee at the last regular report was also received School Superintendent Eaton d to the pupil teacher question.
In Hayward presided, and Trussdames Grant and Jenkins, and
Belyea, Hall, Marchant and

f Victoria and the board. se proposed amendments are deavoid the apparent difficulty signed to avoid the apparent difficulty raised by the position taken by the municipal council that the only funds of the corporation available for school purposes are: (1.) The per capita allowance by the

signed to avoid the apparent difficulty raised by the position taken by the minimple council that the only funds of the corporation available for school purposes should be accessory for school purposes should be accessory for school purposes and charge and management of school funds. The board contend that for economical cases the amount required to be raised for school purposes should be accessory for school purposes should should be accessory for school purposes should be accessory for school purposes should should be accessory to school purposes should should be access

board wish it to be distinctly understood that it in no way accepts or agrees with the position and views advanced by the municipal council as to the funds at its disposal for school purposes.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. L. BELYEA,
Chairman Legislation Committee, Board of School Trustees, Victoria.

Education Office. Victoria, April ,26th, 1898. A. L. Belyea, Esq., Chairman Lelislative Committee of Board of School Trus-

tees, Victoria, B. C.: Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge he receipt of your letter of 22nd inst., enclosing copies of amendments proposed to the school act by the Victoria board of school trustees and also by the municipal council.

In reply I may state that after careful consideration the council of public instruction does not consider it advisble to make any changes in the act, as it works well and smoothly in the three other cities of the province. When the provincial revenue tax was given to the ties it was certainly with a view to its being applied for school purposes, as the following extract from the Colonist shows, as well as an extract from Mr. on's speech on the second reading

The News-Advertiser says: 'By the new measure the government proposes that the cities provide the larger portion of the money required for school expen-

"What are the facts? The government hands over to the municipalities, for the maintenance of the schools, the whole of the provincial tax, and it put them in possession of the school buildings and grounds and furniture without asking a single cent for their use. We do not know how it is in Vancouver, but in Victoria, if the provincial tax is all carefuly collected, and the government is credited with a fair rent for the school buildings and half the salaries of all the teachers, the balance which the city will be required to pay out of its ordinary revenue, for the suport of the schools will be very small indeed."

(Extract from speech of late Hond John Robson on second reading of Pub-lic School Act, 1891, vide Daily Celon-ist, Feb. 19th, 1891) In conection with the new burdens hat, under this bill, would he imposed in the city municipalities, the revenue of he surrendered by the government would, if properly administered, be nearly sufficient to cover the additional costs."

It will be seen by the accounts for 1896-7, that although the costs for school Poses in the city of Victoria were 213.67, the government contributed \$18,744.24 as per capita grant. and \$9.105 were collected as provincial taxes, leaving only \$20,364.43 to be contribut-

have the honor to be,
Your most obedient servant,
JAMES BAKER,
Minister of Education Mr. Belyea moved the adoption of the report, stating that the correspondence went to show that the responsibility of This view was shared by Mr. Marchant who, in seconding the motion, added that the position of the board had not been in favor of further legislation. The report was unmimously adopted, and the committee relieved from further duty in the matter. the matter.

Superintendent Eaton then reid the following report: To the School Board of Victoria. Ladies and Gentlemen:-My report

February 9th last recommending certain changes in existing provisions relating to pupil teachers were referred back to me for ruther consideration and report. In pursuance of that direction I now submit a somewhat enlarged review of the whole subject, together with a draft of such regulations under which the pupil teacher feature of our school system may be maintained with probably more satisfactory results that have hitherto been realized. In the first place I offer for your consideration the first place I offer for your consideration the reasons that present themselves respective-ly for and against the continuance of the

board's present policy in this regard.

1. In the absence of any provincial facilities for training teachers, it is desirable that the city of Victoria should, as far as possible, furn'sh such training for the considerable number of young people of the city who are looking forward to teaching as a profession.

3. So long as the board is dependent up-3. So long as the board is dependent upon on outside candidates for appointment to vacancies, there is a constant risk either that there may not be good material to select from or that a wrong choice may be made from lack of personal knowledge of the candidates. On the other hand the board with a number of fairly trained pupil teachers to select from, the merits of all being fully known, the risk of making unsatisfactory appointments would be minimized.

in regard to the pupil teacher question. Chairman Hayward presided, and Trustees Mesdames Grant and Jenkins, and Messrs. Belyea, Hall, Marchant and Messrs Belyea (4. The assistance given by pupil teachers which they are attached is valuable and the exholosy the exhotion in the everyday work of the schools to which they are attached is valuable and the exhotion in the everyday work of the schools to which they are attached is valuable and the exhotion in the everyday work of the schools to which they are attached is valuable and the exhotion in the everyday work of the schools to which they are attached is valuable and the exhotion in the everyday work of the schools to which they are attached is valuable and the exhotion in the everyday work

sion.

2. That with a view to securing the best tenchers posible the board, in making appointments, should be governed entirely by the qualifications of candidates and are under no obligations to give a preference

study, by an organized plan of observation of the work of the best teachers in the city, and by requiring systematic practice under criticism throughout the whole term of service. It may be instructive in this connections of the public schools, and the control of the work of the best teachers in the city superintendent, together with the principals of the public schools, criticism throughout the whole term of service. It may be instructive in this connection.

CARTER'S dent to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea. Drowsiness, Distress after esting, Pain in the Stie, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown. fleadache, yet Carter's Liver Pull fre equally, valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while hey also correct all disorders of the stomach, thi nulate the liver and regulate the bowels who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately 'Leir goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do with us them.

here, and those who once try them will have these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do with any them.

Sur after all sick head

CARTER MEDICINE CO. "Tew York." and a laid a bulke

Substitute direct.

During the eight months of the current year ending March 31, the total number of days' absence on the part of teachers was 66. Presumptively this represents an average monthly expenditure for substitute service of from \$10 to \$12. The actual average was somewhat less than this. Last year the absences aggregated 151 days, representing an average payment to substitutes of not less than \$18 a month. In these figures there is furnished a basis on which to determine the monthly salary the board would be justified in paying pupil teacher substitutes, if this plan of remunerating them commends itself.

Whether the board should not remit to

Whether the board should not remit to Whether the board should not remit to teachers absent temporarily on account of sickness any curtailment of their salaries in consequence is another question.

An a priori objection is sometimes raised against the model school system that it is not in the interests of the schools themselves to be used as practice ground for the teachers in training. In reply, it may be said:

1. It is not found in general that results sustain this objection.

1. It is not found in general that results sustain this objection.

2. In carrying out the plan under discussion, the practice lessons would be distributed over a large number of classes, and for any given class would occur infrequently, so that the disadvantage, if any, to the children would be very slight.

3. No class would ever be left wholly in charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons the control of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons that the charge of the puril teacher giving the lessons the charge of the purity that the p

3. No class would every sight.
3. No class would ever be left wholly in charge of the pupil teacher giving the lesson. The regular teacher would be present, as also the city superintendent or principal under whose supervision and criticism the lesson was being taught.

4. The regular teacher would often be materially benefited by the suggestions and criticisms given to the pupil teacher. In this way the general interests would gain rather than lose by the system proposed.

Following is a draft of such recommendations as I have to offer in the premises, based on the considerations set forth in the foregoing discussion. These, if adopted, with such modifications as may be necessary, may constitute the regulations of the board relating to pupil teachers in training.

REGULATIONS.

1. That the pupil teacher feature of the

1. That the pupil teacher feature of the cty school system in order (a) to supply in the pupilic interests a measure of training for the work of teaching, facilities for which are not afforded by the provincial authorities and (b) in order to provide an adequate substitute service required by the unavoidable occasional absences of teachers from their classes.

ers from their classes.

2. That no one shall become a pupil teacher except by regular appointment by the board.

of the work of the best teachers in the city, and by requiring systematic practice under circleism throughout the whole term of service. It may be instructive in this connected to the recall the fact that in Ontario the only professional riming that is imperationally supported by the service is that given in the so-called. Model School is an ordinary problem on the school with several grades, and for four months in the year the principal devotes the major portion of his fime to the teachers in training. The training grades are connected with the work of such a practice—such as it is proposed to give to perfolwed in the consists of instruction, observation and practice—such as it is proposed to give to perfolwed in the consists of instruction, observation and practice—such as it is proposed to give to perfolwed in the consists of instruction, observation and practice—such as it is proposed to give to perfolwed in the consists of instruction, observation and practice—such as it is proposed to give to perfolwed in the consists of instruction, observation and practice—such as it is proposed to give to perfolwed in the consists of instruction, observation and practice—such as it is proposed to give to perfolwed in the consists of instruction, observation and practice—such as it is proposed to give to pupil teachers here. The plan proposed to give to pupil teachers here. The plan proposed to give to pupil teachers here. The plan proposed to give to pupil teachers here. The plan proposed to give to pupil teachers here. The plan proposed to give to pupil teachers and the consists of any one, and at the same time the result should be at least as good as an possibly be attained in Ontario in a give to the pupil teachers at least two who would be reasonably competent of the pupil teachers at least two who would be reasonably competent of the proposed to the labors of any one, and at the same time the result should be at least as good as an possibly be attained in Ontario in a proposed to the labors of any one, and the pro of the ratepayers it was not advisable to engage additional trained teachers; and it was thought in exchange for the training received the pupil teacher should furnish the services required, and that opinion he (the speaker) then shared. He had, however, since concluded, after the trial which had been given the system, that it was advisable for some plan of remuneration to be carried out. He regretted the lack of a Normal school in the province, and while not blaming the local government, believed some substitute for such a training should be established. The city was, in his opinion, in an exceptionally good substitute direct, as is now done, or to pay the pupil teachers selected for substitute

his opinion, in an exceptionally good position to establish such a system, having at their disposal a gentleman (Mr. Eaton), who was capable of giving much valuable assistance in the work. It seemed to him a patriotic act for the board to establish some system by which board to establish some system by which the boys and girls of the city may be trained for the positions of teachers in the schools, and so avoid the compulsory importation of teachers from the east.

Mrs. Jenkins seconded the motion Dr. Hall strongly advocated the model school plan, although the suggestions contained from the superintendents.

Dr. Hall strongly advocated the model school plan, although the suggestions contained in the superintendent's report were worthy of consideration. He thought it well to lay the whole matter over, as the system of pubil teachers could not in any case be inaugurated until after midsummer.

Trustee Mrs. Grant did not think the question was one of how the teachers were to be trained, but from where the teachers required were to be obtained. The pupil teacher plan had worked well and teachers taken from the city schools had proved better fitted to fill vacancies than teachers from elsewhere.

Trustee Mrs. Jenkins also endorsed the suggestions of the superintendent, saying that under the present system no teachers could be employed who had not received a Normal school training.

service a small monthly salary, the board relimbursing itself by deducting from the month's salary of the absentee the amount that otherwise would have been paid to the substitute direct.

During the eight months of the current year ending March 31, the total number of days' absence on the part of teachers was 66. Presumptively this represents an averence of the city schools, but because the pupil teacher yearence who had received their training in the city schools, but because the pupil teacher yearence was an attempt to graff teacher system was an attempt to graft upon the educational work a Normal school training. He maintained that the board had no legal or moral right to spend money for the purpose of training boys and girls for one particular profession. He stated that two years ago the teaching stoff in the city schools. the teaching staff in the city schools was not upon the necessary standard of efficiency, a fact which was attributable to the employment of pupil teachers. On the subject of substitute teachers, Mr. Belyen maintained that the plan of placing a deep in phase of an incorable

ing a class in charge of an incapable teacher in the absence of a competent one was an injustice to the children, and less harm would be done by closing the school room and sending the children home. If the plans suggested were adopted, it would result in the filling up in the course of one or two years with incompetent teachers, and would, to a great extent, limit the freedom of the board to choose the best from the candi-dates for vacancies. The board had no dates for vacancies. The board had no right to attempt to supply the advantages which the provincial government should supply. There was, in the speaker's opinion, nothing whatever in the argument that it was impossible to obtain competent teachers iunless they were trained in the schools, and the plan suggested would result in a dearth of competent teachers, and two years hence the efficiency of the teaching staff would be tent teachers, and two years hence the efficiency of the teaching staff would be worse than it was two years ago. It would be a monstrous thing to use the would be a monstrous thing to use the ratepayers' money for one purpose, supplied for an entirely different one. He had gone very carefully into the matter, and had formed an oninion by which he was prepared to stand, regardless of the expressions of others, and if the position he adopted did not suit the public they were the judges when the time came. He believed in conclusion that the adoption of the report would be more disastrous to the schools than anything which had been done during the last ten years.

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ten years. Dr. Hall urged laying over the report and endorsed Mr. Belyea's remarks regarding the pupil teacher system, saying it would be disastrous to the schools and amounted to nothing but class legislation; spending public money for the purpose of training a few for a special profession. He thought it better to a profession. urge upon the government the necessity of providing something in the way of a normal training, and moved that the matter be laid over.

matter be laid over.

In closing the debate Mr. Marchant considered the postponement of the matter meant shelving it, for he considered there was not "the ghost of a show or the millionth part of a chance of the government doing anything;" Dealing with the question of the efficiency of the teaching staff, Mr. Marchant disputed the assertion that the pupil teaching system was responsible for the alleged deterioration of the staff two years ago, pointing out five pupil teachers who have pointing out five pupil teachers who have been appointed teachers were but onetenth of the whole. Mr. Marchant named the five to whom he referred, which brought from Mr. Belyea the protest that four out of the five had been appointed during the last two years, and could therefore not be the cause of the de-terioration. Mr. Marchant combatted the argument that the adoption of the sys-tem recommended by the superintendent would entail the expenditure of city money, by referring to the statement that the cost could be defrayed at a minimum of \$20 a month. He submitted that Mr. Belyea's proposal to engage a substitute teacher at \$50 a month proved an animus against the boys and girls of the city.

the city. Chairman Hayward thought it very steamer signalling the fact that al

Mr. McMicking endorsed the amendment again, and Superintendent Eaton made clear a clause in his report which appeared ambiguous.

A vote was then taken upon the amendment, the vote being: Messrs. Belyea, McMicking and Hall, ayes: Mesdames Jenkins, Grant and Mr. Marchant, nays. The chairman gave his casting vote against the amendment, which was lost and the control of against the amendment, which was lost, and the resolution of Mr. Marchant that the report be taken into consideration in committee was carried on an identical

Clause one was then taken up in committee, Chairman Hayward presiding, and a discussion arose on the elimination of the words "a measure of training," Mr. Belyea urging the substitution of "Normal school training," claiming that it was necessary to let the public know what was being done; but it was defeated on the casting vote of the chairman, and the committee rose and reportman, and the committee rose and reportd progress. This was all the business.

A WORKER. WOTO Rach-If war should come, would you leave your wife and haby and go to the front? front? Newpop—In a minute, my boy! Then I could get some sleep.—New York Evening

Never Fails to Cure

LUNG TROUBLE AND CONSUMPTION IN ANY CLIMATE.

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HAPPY MARRIAGE, HEALTH, ENERGY AND LONG LIFE.

In all the world today—in all the history of the world—no doctor or institution has treated and restored so many men as has the famed ERIE MEDICAL CO., of Buffalo, N.Y. This is due to the fact that the company controls some inventions and discoveries which have no equal in the whole realm of medical science. So much deception has been practised in advertising that this grand old company now makes this startling offer:

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They possess marvelous power to vitalize, develop, restore and

ustain.

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They stop drains that sap the energy.

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This "Trial Without Expense" offer is limited to a This "Trial Without Expense" oner is limited to a short time, and application must be made at once. No C.O.D. scheme nor deception; no exposure—a clean business proposition by a company of high financial and professional standing. Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and refer to their offer in this paper.

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THE SCHEME

Smuggle Whiskey Into Alaskan Territory.

An Officer of the Centennial Tells How Whiskey Is Smuggled Ashore at Skagway.

Collector of Customs A. R. Milne seized 192 cases of whiskey at the outer wharf vesterday under most peculiar circumstances. It seems many persons have of late been increasing their fortunes by smuggling whiskey and other brands of "fire-water" ashore at the ports of Alaska, now a prohibition territory, and one, W. H. Miller, to whom the whiskey seized by the customs authorities belonged, made an attempt to do likewise. He beught 200 cases of whiskey in this city at a cost of about \$2,000, and laid a plot to land the liquor at Wrangel or Skagway. His first work was to approach some of those employed on the Centen-nial prior to her departure on her last trip, and in consideration of promises of a share of the profits enlisted their ser-

Aided by them he got the whiskey aboard that steamer without the captain, purser or other officers being aware of the fact. The whiskey was carted down to one of the wharves in James Bay and a vessel, of what class Miller will not say, secured to take it out to the Centennial: The trip was made at dead of night, and the whiskey laden vessel lay off in the darkness until the low whistles of those in the plot were heard from the unfortunate that the term pupil teachers had been used so prominently, pointing out that the requirements were that a cases of intoxicants through the open male teacher should be 20 years of age ports. It was quickly passed along to

male teacher should be 20 years of age ports. It was quickly passed along to and a female teacher 18 years, and they should hold a grade B certificate, which would enable them to hold even a principalship, which disposed of the idea that children would be put in charge of the classes.

Mr. McMicking endorsed the amendment again, and Superintendent Eaton made clear a clause in his report which.

S. Collector Ivey, were all on the qui vive and the whiskey was allowed to remain in its hiding place until Skag vay was reached. The situation there augured even worse for the success of the plot-ters than at Wrangel, for Collector Ivey ters than at Wrangel, for Collector Ivey was then there and the customs officials were looking lynx-like at every package landed. Fearing the seizure of his stock, Miller decided to abandon the attempt for the time being, and allowing the liquor to remain in its obscure hiding place returned to Victoria. His intention was to return on the next trip and make another attempt to land the whiskey, but the best laid plans—and so forth, the steamer did not make another voyage northward. In consequence of the decline in trade her agents resolved to send how to Seattle, where she is to be tied her to Seattle, where she is to be tied

her to Seattle, where she is to be tied up until business revives.

Miller and the other conspirators were then in a quandry, the whiskey being again in danger of seizure. It was ultimately agreed to land it secretly at the outer wharf on the first opportunity and take chances of getting it away. The opportunity arose yesterday morning during the absence of Captain Thompson, the purser and the majority of the officers, and Miller and his friends seized it. The whiskey was hurriedly exhumed and rushed into a corner of the shed. The customs men were, however, on hand and the collector being at once informed,

One of the officers of the Centennal tells an amusing story of how the smuggling of liquor is carried on at Skagway. He says, that every might peculiar whistles are heard from different parts of the shore, soon afterwards to be answered by similar whistles from vessels anchored in the bay, and the dip of muffied oars can just be heard as the boat loads of smuggled whiskey are rowed ashore. In many cases the American clistoms officials are known to have workteachers required the pupil teacher plan had wearded to fill vacancies than teachers taken from the city schools and deachers taken from the city schools and proved better fitted to fill vacancies than teachers round elsewhere.

Trustee Mrs. Jenkins also endorsed the suggestions of the superintendent reachers could be employed who had not received a Normal school training which was, as there was no Normal school frequiring which was, as there was no Normal school frequiring which was, as there was no Normal school frequiring or educational work.

The dread consumption, uninterrupted means speedy and certain death.

Simply write to the T. S. delaide street, and the free mellicula (the Slocums was smashed, exposing the customs man one of the carted quiety away. All wented to have a speedy and certain death.

The dread consumption, uninterrupted means speedy and certain death.

Trustee Mrs. Jenkins also endorsed the suggestion of the customs man of the purious with the customs man of the outside and the suggestion were a great advance upon the principle of employing pupil reachers, will be promptly sent.

Sufferers should take list and the string broke and such as such as the customs man one of the carted quiety away. All wenter the customs well will be constituted. The sufference of the suggestions were a great advance upon the principle of employing pupil reachers, with which he did not quite agree. The suffer is the times, and the free mellicula (the Slocums the principle of employing pupil reachers, and the free mellicular (the Slocums the principle of employing pupil reachers, and the free mellicular (the Slocums the pupil reachers, and the free mellicular (the Slocums the pupil reachers, and the free mellicular (the Slocums the customs man more than the customs man the customs man the pupil could be carted quiety away. All wenter the customs man the customs man the customs of the customs was manned to the customs with the customs man the customs and the customs was manned to the customs was manned to the cus

of whiskey here, paying from \$7 to \$10 for it, and if they can get it ashore safely at Skagway they can readily dispose of it for from \$20 to \$30. It is a common of it for from \$20 to \$30. It is a common sight to see a procession of them walking ashore stouter by fully a hundred percent, than usual, the stoutness being made up by bottles of whiskey concealed about their persons. Of course the game has "its losses, for not infrequently the "stout man" is met by a customs official and bottle after bottle is drawn from the inside of his coat, his sleeves and trouser levs. ser legs no leader out

be confiscated and he will be out about \$2,500. The customs authorities are looking for the vessel which conveyed it from James Bay to the outer wharf. JUBILEE HOSPITAL BOARD.

Routine Business Only Dealt With Last Night.

The regular meeting of the directors of the Jubilee hospital board was held in the Board of Trade rooms last night. Messrs, C. Hayward, C. E. Renouf, G. Byrnes, J. S. Yates, W. M. Chudley, A. C Flumerfelt, W. J. Dwyer, and J. W. Crimp were present, and Mr. Alex. Wil-

son presided. Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved, and the following communications dealt with: From the resident physician, asking that the glass roof of operating room be painted white on account of the extreme heat, referred to committee of the month with power to act: from the same source suggesting that an arrangement be made to have one Sunday in each year set apart by all the churches in the city as Hospital Sunday, and stating that Christ Church Cathedral were willing to fall in with such a plan. Sunday, May 22nd, was suggested as a suitable day, but several of the members stated that attempts had been made on so many previous occasions that there was but little hope of its ever being brought about; the committee of

the month for report. The committee for the month reported on several minor matters and enclosed a letter from Miss Agnes Deans Cameron, ery, stating that Miss Livingstone was expected in the city this week and suggesting that the arrangement of terms for the course of lectures to be given to the nurses be left until her arrival. The incoming committee of the month report after further information is received from Miss Livingstone.

The monthly pay roll was passed, and this being all the business the board rose. Suffering Vanquished

NOVA SCOTIA FARMER TELLS HOW HE REGAINED HEALTH.

Had Suffered from Acute Rheumatism and General Debility-Scarcely Able to Do the Lightest Work,

One of the most prosperous and intelligent farmers of the village of Greenwick, N.S., is Mr. Edward Manning. Anyone intimate with Mr. Manning knows him as a man of strong integrity and veracity, so that every confidence can be placed in the information which he gave a reporter of the Acadian for publication the other day. During a very pleasant interview he gave the following statements of his severe suffering

cers, and Miller and his friends seized it. The whiskey was hurriedly exhumed and rushed into a corner of the shed. The customs men were, however, on hand and the collector being at once informed, promptly ordered the whiskey to be seized. One hundred and ninety-two cases were found, eight having been taken out, and now the consignment of whiskey which was to have been sold to the thirsty Alaskan belongs to Her Majesty.

The ship is completely exonerated, as those in charge of her did not know of the existence of the whiskey in question. They are also sufferers, as the whiskey did not appear on the manifest of either trip. they are also sufferers, as the whiskey had been consider, when his continuing their use. I have never felt better than one of the officers of the Centennial of their use. I have never felt better than since that time. My health seems to have improved in every way. During the have improved in every way. past summer I worked very hard, but have felt no bad effects. The gratitude I feel to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, none but those who have suffered as I have and been cured, can appreciate." An analysis shows that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain in a condensed form

Pink Pills contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and righness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, all diseases depending upon vitated palpitation of the heart, nervous prostra-tion, all diseases depending upon vitiated humors n the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Sold by all dealers, or sent, post paid, at 50c. a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams. Medicine Company, Brock-