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DUCHESS IN

She Gets Six Weeks for Contempt of Court.

THE ANTI-SEMITES WIN IN VIENNA.

The Grand Trunk Railway Still Makes a Poor Showing.

Carter's Long-winded Arguments Concluded at Last-He Advances New Ideas in Regard to U. S. Jurisdiction To Discount American Silver.

London, April 18.—The downger puchess of Sutherland was to day committed to Holloway jail, under sent-once of imprisonment for six weeks, posed by Sir Francis Jeune, president the court of probate, for contempt court. Notwithstanding that the imisonment of a duchess in a common il is unprecedented in the United ingdom, the affair did not excite great rprise among the public, and it has een expected that the court would take evere action in view of the flagrant ontempt with which the duchess was harged, she having burned some docuents lent her for inspection in the if brought by the present duke to const his father's will.

Israel's Foes Victorious. Vienna, April 18.—The municipal elecons in this city have resulted in a vicy for the anti-Semites. With the aid the Gentile middle classes they se-red 46 of the 18 seats in the coun-

Railways Are Public Property. London, April 18.—In a leader con-erning the decision of Judge Rix in the se of the Ann Arbor boycott in herica, the Daily Chronicle says: "The ledo decision gives a great stimulus railway organizations. The Amerirailway monopolists, anxous to eshave fallen into the Charybdis of ic comtest, for the decision can be nided only on the principle that railways are practically public property.

The G. T. R. Report. London, April 18.-The Grand Trunk Railway report just issued says that the actual cost of working has been reniced, but that the efforts to economize have been neutralized by a further eduction in freight rates. This dispointing result has been due to causes irely beyond the control of the ard of executive officers in Canada. e directors look for greater activity consequence of the World's Fair, l every available means will be taken encourage passenger traffic.

Carter at Length Concludes. Paris, April 18.—At Monday's sitting the Behring Sea court of arbitration mes C. Carter, counsel for the Unit-States, ended his speech in support the American contention. He reca-culated arguments advanced last week d States, ended his speech in support the American contention. He recatulated arguments advanced last week and then proceeded to show that the proceeded to show that the living of the United States has living been based upon property interest, not sovereign dominion over seal arter quoted from the opinions of Engarter quoted from the opinions Carter quoted from the opinions of English jurists regarding the ukase issued by Russia in 1821. America and Great Britain had jointly protested against this ukase, but Great Britain had with drawn her protest because of the Mon-

Hungarian Forest Fires. Buda Pesth, April 18.—Forest fires are reported from the suburbs of Temdamaged. The towns of Sadany and Kaleres have been almost destroyed. No

Lashings of Whiskey. Quebec, April 18.-It is learned that the revenue officers have obtained in-formation of a depot of contraband whiskey, worth \$15,000, in the Lower St. Lawrence, and that they will leave out May 1st with a detachment of B Battery on the government cruiser Constance to capture it.

Failed Heavily. New York, April 18.—Thomas M. Barr Co., of the coffee exchange, have fail-Their liabilities are very large.

Miners Rescued. Hazelton, Pa., April 18.—The five angway men imprisoned in the Crystal Lodge colliery yesterday by the mine taking fire were safely taken out yesterday, afternoon through an adjoining mine. The burning mine will now be

Killed and Mangled Lima, Ohio, April 18.—A terrific explosion of nitro-glycerine occurred this ternoon at the High Explosive Com-Dany's magazine, two miles from the city. Clark Robinson had his head forn off and Benjamin Drew, who had huge hole blown in his side at a preous explosion three months ago, was own forty feet and so badly injured at he died before he could be taken the ambulance. The force of the plosion shook houses and broke winws two miles from the scene. use of the explosion was a run of ycerine, which caught fire from fricon, and before the men could run it

Sudden Death of Mr. Roche. Quebec, April 18.-The Hon. John Roche, member of the legislative coun-il, dropped dead suddenly at Point evis this afternoon, whither he had rossed over on business.

Flight of a Bright Spirit. Boston, Mass., April 18.-Miss Lucy arcom, the poetess, died at 11 o'clock st night. The day on which Dr. st night. The day on which st night. The day on which shillips Brooks was taken ill, he releived a letter from Miss Larcom in eived a letter from Mass Larcom in which she said she had a presentiment hat she would never see him again un-I they met "beyond the river.

Priceless Records of the Past. Richmond, Va., April 18.—The secretry of the Virginia Historical Society day received a letter from ex-presient Harrison, expressing great interstin the consultation. the organization and asking that name be proposed for membership. ecords, pictures and relics which are alued at \$100,000.

REPORTED TO OTTAWA.

Mr. Hogg of Ottawa for the Dominion and Mr. Gironard for Quebec. After a couple of hours' discussion as to the time when the list of all claims should

be presented to the court, it was finally decided to adjourn until June 13th, wen the full list will be before the court so as to permit of the case being gone on with The government here is advised of stormy meetings being held in British Columbia agitating for the separation of the mainland from the island.

The formal order-in-council passed

on Saturday was signed by His Excellency yesterday, apointing Senator Tasse and Hon. John Carling commissioners to the World's Fair. The inquest on the body of Mrs. Chambers, who, in the absence of her husband for four years spent her time and his hard-earned money in rictous living with a family of young men named Scharf and died in child-birth half an hour before her husband returned home, was adjourned until this evening "Yim" Scharf who has disappears. ing. "Jim" Scharf, who has disappeared, was doubtless the cause of the poor

Battle With Bandits. Oaxaca, Mexico, April 18.-The mili-Oaxaca, Mexico, April 18.—The military commander of the province has received intelligence of a desperate encounter with a band of brigands in the district of Tiaxiaco. The outlaws made an attack upon the hacienda of Sixto Flores, with a view of robbing the place. Francisco Morales attempted to defend the property, but was killed. The robbers, after sacking the houses, started for the mountains. A detachment of troops arrived and soon overtook the bandits. In the fight that ensued, four of the outlaws and one soldier were of the outlaws and one soldier were killed, and three of the bandits were

woman's ruin.

Discount on American Silver. Stratford, Ont., April 18.—The managers of the different banks in this city have decided to exact a discount of 20 per cent. on all American silver that passes over their counters on and after May 1st.

New York, April 17.—The Herald's Paris cable says:—The municipal elections will take place in Paris to-morrow. The electoral period has been calm. The Parisians have shown little interest in the choice of have shown little interest in the choice of their representatives, yet the local interests are considerable since the debts of Paris amount to more than 2,000,000,000 francs. The budget exceeds 300,000,000 francs, and the public works in course of execution are estimated at 312,000,000 francs. Not a tenth part of the electors will take the trouble to vote for the 80 councillors to be elected. The fight has a political character since the platform of the opposition is the reinstatement of the sisters of charity in the hospitals.

Against Telephone Monopolies.

New York, April 18.—The American Federation of Labor is to-day sending out to the various societies affiliated with that organization big bundles of blank petitions to the Senate and House of Representatives, urging the immediate establishment of a government telegraph and telephone service, setting forth that on the expiration of the telephone patents a similar monopoly in that method of transmitting intelligence is likely to be established, and also urging that the charges for telegraph service are twice as high as those of other countries favored with government lines. Against Telephone Monopolies.

MacKay Lost the Suit.

The Richest Strike Yet.

Spokane, April 17.—Messengers arrived from Ainsworth, B.C., to-day, bringing the news of the richest strike ever made in the Hot Springs camp. A tunnel has cut the ledge six feet wide of galena carrying 400 ounces of silver. There are two other ledges close by. Ainsworth people are almost crazed with excitement and are staking off all the surrounding country. The American Festival.

The Richest Strike Yet.

Norfolk, Va., April 18.—To-day is being devoted to bicycle races and athletic sportsi which are being witnessed by a large number of the officers and seamen of the vessels now rendezvousing preparatory to the great naval review. An elaborate programme has also been arranged for the rest of the week.

The National Seamen's Union. The National Seamen's Union.

New Orleans, La., April 18.—Delegates to the first annual convention of the National Seamen's Union of America are beginning to arrive here. The body, which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, represents a membership of 25,000 union seamen, distributed as follows:—Pacific coast, 20,000; Atlantic coast, 10,000; the Gulf Stream district, 2000, and the district of the great lakes 6000. The organization is in a prosperous condition.

tion is in a prosperous condition. For Defrauding Insurance Companies. Wausau, Wis., April 18.—The case of S. J. Hansen, special agent of the Wisconsin Central line; N. L. Kaudy, and G. I. Follett, charged with conspiracy to defraud numerous insurance companies, is again before Commissioner Charles H. Mueller this morning. F. J. Thrun, the chief conspirator, upon whose life the insurance was placed, has pleaded guilty and agreed to appear in court against the other defendants. All the latter, however, protest their entire innocence of any guilty knowledge.

A Curt Answer From Hallfax. Halifax, N.S., April 17.—The British steamer Numidian, from Liverpool, lies at quarantine where her 1200 immigrants and their effects have been undergoing the process of disinfection all day. The following telegrams were exchanged to-day between the authorities at Ottawa and the mayor of this city:—

his city:— To the Mayor of Halifax:—I think your To the Mayor of Halifax:—I think your city council is unnecessarily alarmed and is asking too much in preventing the landing of the steamship passengers when a clean bill of health is given. The port physician and immigrant agents have the necessary instructions to prevent any trouble to your people. If necessary, let the police keep your citizens away from the dock and trains if they are so afraid.

T. MAYNE DALY,

Minister of the Interior.

To the Minister of the Interior. Ottawa:—Our council can judge better than a man 1200 miles away what is in the best interests of our city, and consider, if it is necessary to fumigate at all, you should provide

sary to fumigate at all, you should provide M. E. KEEFE, Mayor of Halifax.

Fairhaven, April 17.—A terrible shooting affray, resulting in the death of two men, occurred about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon near the mouth of Chuckanut creek, which flows into Chuckanut bay about a mile and a half south of the business centre of town. Two men, named Henry Horn and Charles Smith, were engaged in the poultry business there, for which Smith had furnished, the capital, about \$500, earned by hard labor. They lived together in a cabin, boarding themselves. For some time Smith has been suspicious that he was being defrauded by Horn, whose reputation was good. Neighbors say that they had a bitter quarrel, shortly after which Horn left for town, as usual, to attend to the marketing, Smith ordering him not to return. Smith threw all of Horn's belongings out of doors, evidently resolved to kill him if he returned. Horn returned about 2 o'clock, not suspecting any serious trouble. The team had hardly stonped when Wiped it Out in Blood. REPORTED TO OTTAWA.

The Mainland Tempest—Unsettled Provincial Accounts.

Ottawa, April 18.—The arbitration court to deal with outstanding accounts between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec and the Dominion met here to-day. The court comprises Chancellor Boyd, chairman, for Ontario; Justice Burbidge, for the Dominion, and Judge Casault, for Quebec. Mr. Irwing, of Toronto, is counsel for Ontario,

DISORDER INBELGIUM

Strikers Turbulent and Threatening in Demeanor.

Strikers Turbulent and Threatthe workingmen's demands for the right to vote when they reach a certain age, without any property qualifications.

MAYOR OF BRUSSELS ASSAULTED.

Workmen Attacked and Compelled to Leave Their Places.

The Police Attack and Disperse the Rioters With Swords-The Revolutionists Cannot Hold Meetings in Brussels, but Gather Outside.

Brussels, April 17.—Yesterday was a day of extreme watchfulness and care on the part of the authorities throughout Belgium. Reports from all points indicate that the strike is spreading steadily and that the temper of the

strikers is growing worse.

In this city the morning passed without disturbance. Several suffrage meetings were held, but they were orderly and the speeches were not violent. In the afternoon, however, thousands of working men held a turbulent meeting. workingmen held a turbulent meeting on the road to the race course outside of the city limits. The advertised object of the meeting was to denounce the proclamation of Mayor Buls, prohibiting public demonstrations in favor of universal suffrage. Volders, the extreme socialist leader, who was arrested and released on the 13th instant, made an incendiary speech in which he applied the most obnoxious epithets to M. Buls.

The crowd became uproarious, shouted for revenge upon the mayor and en-couraged Volders to still more intemperate language. The police ordered the crowd to disperse. The workingmen answered with jeers, the police drew their swords and advanced upon the platform. Some of the crowd fired revolvers and a few

threw stones, but the rest retreated without a show of fight toward the city. Nobody was injured.

Mayor Buls was walking home about an hour later when some 200 socialists, returning from the meeting, came down street. They hooted and jostled him, but allowed him to pass. After he had left the mob about 50 paces behind him, tree men ran out and one of them struck him a heavy blow with a stick on the head. As Buls turned he re-ceived another blow on the back of the neck. He fell bleeding and unconscious to the pavement.

A resident of the street, who had seen

the first of the encounter, and had run for the police, returned with help just as the mayor was struck. The police charged on the socialists, and after a fight of ten minutes dispersed them. Two of the crowd were arrested, but it has not been ascertained whether or not they are of the three who attacked Mayor Buls.

Mayor Buls.

A witness of the mobbing has informed the police that just before their arrival a workman fired seven shots from a revolver at the prostrate mayor.

Mayor Buls was still unconscious when taken home. He recovered consciousness toward evening, and probably w.ll be able to resume his official duties within a few days. In the meantime Alderman Andrew will be acting mayor.

Brussels, April 18.—Extraordinary Brussels, April 18.—Extraordinary military measures will be adopted tomorrow to preserve order in this city. Strong reinforcements of carbineers arrived with every train last evening.
All officers have received a city map,
on which is marked a neutral area
from which the crowds are to be excluded. It is reported that the premier has proposed to the king that parliament be dissolved and a general election held. Janson, the Radical leader in the chamber, it is said, has demanded an audience with the king. The anxiety as to the events of to-morrow are intense. The news from Antwerp has stricken the more prosperous classes with panic. There is a general tendency to urge the deputies to decide speedily the question of suffrage and ment be dissolved and a general election speedily the question of suffrage and not be too sparing of concessions to the popular demand.

At Antwerp to-day the outlook is more threatening than yesterday, not-withstanding the extraordinary military precautions to preserve peace. Among the more prominent agitators there are a number of anarchists. Of these, two, Fabry and Walters, made themselves particularly obnoxious to the po-lice, who to-day placed them under arrest. The striking dock laborers began to discuss the situation and make demonstrations again this morning. They took possession of the docks and marched along the water front attacking those who were at work, compelling many to quit. The police in force were finally ordered to disperse the rioters. A short conflict ensued, during which the police used their swords upon the revolutionists, and finally the mob scattered.

Many strikers in this city are deter-

Many strikers in this city are determined to hold a meeting despite the orders of the government. They do not, however, hold demonstrations within the city limits. They meet in the suburbs and in villages just outside the city, where they trust they will not be interfered with by the authorities. One such meeting was held this morning at Lambak a short distance from Brussals such meeting was held this morning at Lombek, a short distance from Brussels, where 15,000 workingmen assembled, and many incendiary speeches were made. The speakers pointed out the wrongs under which laborers, miners, mechanics, factory hands and mill operatives labored and called upon them to assent their rights. assert their rights. The meeting was very enthusiastic and great significance attaches to it. The great crowd swore that they would sacrifice life if it were needful, to obtain the right of manhood suffrage. The meeting broke up with-out interference from the authorities, and most of the crowd returned to the

Newspapers supporting the government affect to treat the movement with contempt. To-day the strikers attempted to compel them to stop publication, but in this city they have been unsuc-

Brussels, April 18.—In the chamber of representatives to-day M. Beerhart, premier, congratulated the gendermes premier, and civic guard on their success in coping with the late disorder. The government, he said, would guarantee to maintain order. The premier intimated that the reports on the proposal for the revision of the constitution should

M. Demon at once arose and proposed that the chamber should not wait until to-morrow, but should suspend its sitting in order that the reports could be made ready for immediate presenta-tion, and then assemble again at once to discuss the reports. To this proposi-tion the chamber agreed, and the agree-ment appeared to be hastened by the presence of an enormous throng of people, who crowded the precincts of the chamber, evidently very much excited on the subject of universal suffrage and resolute that there should be no delay in considering that subject.

All the approaches to the chamber are strongly guarded to prevent violence being done obnoxious members.

Last night passed more quitely than the authorities expected, but the out-look was threatening. Dispatches from all parts of the kingdom to-day bring

disquieting news. Disturbances occurred in several places during the night, but of no consequence. The movement is directed entirely against the chamber of doubties and a series of dentire and the chamber of doubties and the c

CHICAGO'S NEW MAYOR.

He Boldly Bids Defiance to the Press and Fills the Office. Chicago, April 18.—Carter Harrison was inaugurated mayor of Chicago last night. It was his fifth induction into the office. The council chamber was jammed almost to suffocation. The floral display was magnificent. In the room was a living bald eagle, which arrived here to-day from the Rockies.

Mayor Washburn, after going out in a blaze of vetoes, led the mayor-elect before the assembled hosts, and Mr. Harrison delivered his address. He Harrison delivered his address. He said he would make Chicago a clean city, at which the crowd cheered. Then he made several allusions to the venal press, which had combined to defeat him. He did not owe anything to the press, and he did not propose to allow the newspapers to run the office. He believed in the progress of Chicago and would do all in his power to make her the "boss town of the continent."

He then introduced the following as his appointments: Comptroller of public works, Hiram J. J. Jones; corporation counsel, Adolph Kraus; commissioner of health, Dr. A. Reynolds; city sealer, E. counset, Adolph Kraus; commissioner of health, Dr. A. Reynolds; city sealer, E. Burke; city collector, Francis K. Bran-decker, Jr.; city prosecutor, Wm. Casy; gas inspector, H. Donovan; fire marshal, Denis J. Sweenie. For the present he will retain Major McClaughry as chief

Fatal Boiler Explosion. Providence, R. I., April 18.—Benj. Moon's twine mill at Washington village, 16 miles out of this city on the N. Y. & N. E. road was demolished by a boiler explosion this morning. The employees went to work at the usual hour and the engineer, finding the water low in the boiler, proceeded to fill it. The water injected was cold and it. The water injected was cold and had barely been turned on when the explosion occurred. Emery Clark and Sam Perry were killed outright. Clark

was 55 and Perry 40; both leave widows. Farrington, a young man, was so severely injured that it will be impossible for him to survive. Exonerated the Policeman. San Francisco, April 18.—The police commissioners have dismissed the charge of unofficer-like conduct against Ernest F. Bode, who is the policeman who swore he saw M. B. Curtis, the actor, run up the street on the night Officer Grant was killed, and was the strongest witness against him during his trial for murder. Bode was accused by William Miller of robbing him in a dice game.

An Anglo-American Match. New York, April 18.—The marriage of Miss Antoinette Guion and Horace Dickenson Nugent, senior vice-consul of the British Empire in this city, was solemnized at high noon to day, at solemnized at high noon foday, at Sugarloaf, the picturesque country home of the bride near Tuxedo, in presence of fully 200 guests, who were taken there by special train. The couple will sail for London on Saturday, in order that the bride may be presented at the first royal drawing room reception of

the Queen. Behind Closed Doors. Columbus, O., April 18.—A secret conference of the representatives of all the local assemblies of Knights of Labor in this state is being held to-day at the Park Hotel. It was called to order at 10 o'clock by Hugh Cavanaugh, general worthy foreman for the state, but beyond this fact to informatic. yond this fact no information was given to the press. Several weeks ago a circular letter was sent to each assembly in the state asking how many of them favored a conference to consider certain questions and measures of vital interest to the order. The particular questions and measures were not specified, but the words were understood. The secret

conference of to-day is the result. Found Dead at His Post. Cleveland, Ohio, April 18.—Charles B. Williams, managing director of the Plaindealer, was found dead in the office of that paper this morning. Apoplexy was the cause.

Baron Hastings Declared Innocent.

London April 17.—Sir George M. Astley, who sits in the House of Lords as Baron Hastings, and who was convicted on March 24 last of having insulted a girl in Regent's park and sentenced to pay a fine of £50 or to be imprisoned for three months, appealed against the sentence imposed upon him, and on Saturday the appeal was heard. The court-room was crowded with the aristocratic friends of the accused, among the number being the Duke of Portand, Marquis of Zetland, Lord Randolph Churchill, Lord Suffield, Lord March and others. Baron Hastings, who is very deaf, listened to the proceedings through an ear trumpet. The girl whom it is charged had been insulted was the principal witness. She declared that she did not consider Baron Hastings' behavior indecent. A man named Wells, formerly a constable, who made the charge against Baron Hastings and caused his arrest, was compelled to admit that he had been dismissed from the police force for seducing a girl under 13 years of age. Counsel for Baron Hastings handled this witness without gloves, and showed by his questions that he thought Wells frequented the parks for the purpose of levying blackmail upon men and women. This the witness denied, but it was evident from his own admissions that his character was by no means good. In arguing that the sentence imposed upon the baron should be set aside, counsel stated that Baron Hastings was suffering from spasms of the bladder. The court quashed the conviction and the baron was discharged. This is the first time that Baron Hastings has been charged, either in court or elsewhere, with offences against morality, and no one acquainted with him personally or by reputation believed him to be guilty. Baron Hastings Declared Innocent.

A Concession to Ulster. London, April 17.—A story has been current for two or three days that several members of the cabinet favor a plan by which a choice between government by a which a choice between government by a Dublin parliament and government by the British parliament shall be granted to Ulster. A provision to this effect, having been approved by the Irish leaders, would be inserted in the home rule bill. The Standard says of the plan this morning:—The majority of Ulster members oppose the plan because the Protestant minority elsewhere in Ireland would be left to the mercy of the Irish parliament.

Astoria, April 17.—The strike inaugurated by the Columbia River Fishermen's Protective Union at the beginning of the season to compel the cannerymen to pay them \$1.15 a fish, while the cannerymen refused to pay more than four and a half cents a pound, has been settled. The cannerymen yesterday evening offered to give five cents a pound, and to-day the fishermen held a monster meeting, and after much discussion, it was decided to accept the offer. There is general good feeling over the amicable adjustment of the differences. The members of the Fishermen's Union deny all complicity or sympathy with the lawless acts of those fishermen who threw overboard fish caught by independent fishermen during the strike. The arrangement of paying for the fish by the pound will destroy the occupation of "privateers" on the river, who secured much of the larger fish from some of the fishermen, leaving the smaller fish to go to the canners, who were paying for them by the fish, thus making the average weight of the fish furnished to the canneries low. The present arrangement is considered more equitable for both fishermen and cannerymen. The run of fish so far is reported light. Striking Fishermen Satisfied.

The American Counsel Complains of Misreporting.

SOME EXTRAORDINARY ARGUMENTS

Great Results for Science Through The Late Eclipse.

The Americans in Honolulu Will Never Submit to the Re-Establishment of a Monarchy-Illinois State Elections-An Entire Family Burned to Death-A Millionaire's Death.

Paris, April 19.—James C. Carter, counsel for the United States in the proceedings before the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration, makes a request that publicity be given to the following statement. Yesterday Mr. Carter com-plained to the Baron de Courcelles, president of the Baron de Courceles, president of the tribunal of arbitration, of misrepresentation of his remarks in the report of last Friday's proceedings as published in the London Times. In this report Mr. Carter was represented as referring to the American judge, Dawson, as a two-penny judge. Mr. Carter explained that he said withing as referring to the American judge, Dawson, as a two-penny judge. Mr. Carter explained that he said nothing in the least disparaging of that distinguished and very worthy judge. What he had really said was that the United States could not be held responsible for reasons which the judges assigned for their decisions; if it were so the United States government might be held answerable for the decisions of any two-penny justice of the peace. any two-penny justice of the peace. He (Carter) never said that the judgment given by Judge Dawson condemning British schooners seized in Behring Sea was incorrect. On the contrary, he believed that judgment to be sound, and should endeavor to defend it.

The judgment spoken of by Carter was that delivered by Judge Dawson in the United States district court of Alaska, in the cases of the schomers

Alaska, in the cases of the schooners Dolphin, Anna Beck, Grace and Ada, which opinion widely reviewed the claims and directed that judgment of forfeiture be issued against the vessels. In resuming his argument before the tribunal of arbitration to-day, Carter claimed that seals were not ferae naclaimed that seals were not rerae naturae, but private property when nourished and tended by man, and Carter quoted cases supporting this contention, and notably the case of Morgan vs. the Earl of Abergaveny, which resulted in a decision that deer were private property similar to deer and swans being wild until cultured. Seals frequenting Pribyloff Islands were Carter contend-Pribyloff Islands were, Carter contended, guarded and cherished by the United

States and therefore a species of husbandry was formed giving property right in seals.

The line of argument presented by Carter in support of the claim of American ownership in seals was so intricate and technical, that the president of the tribunal felt obliged to frequently interpose with questions in regard to the pose with questions in regard to the statements made.

Depot Swindlers Sentenced.

Paris, April 19.-M. Donon, of the Societe des Depots, was to-day sentenced to imprisonment for four years, M. Ganthier to two years and M. Poisson for three months, for fraudulent acts in connection with the failure of that institution, which, according to the report of the government accountant Flory, was used by Charles de Lesseps and other Panama directors to aid them in obtaining enormous profits from opera-tions on the Panama canal. The Societe des Depots subsequently collapsed and criminal prosecutions began against Poisson and others connected with it.

Belgian Labor's Great Victory. Brussels, April 19.—Yesterday the vote of the chamber of deputies, reversing the former action of that body granting universal suffrage, practically as demanded by the workingmen, completely allayed the agitation among the industrial population. The strikers here and at Antwerp and other places generally resumed work this meaning and really resumed work this morning and no further trouble is apprehended.

Lost Four of Her Crew. San Francisco, April 19.—A dispatch to the Merchants' Exchange this morning states that the bark Southerd Hulbert, from New York for Redondo, has put into Montevideo with the loss of four of her crew. No particulars were given.

An Expensive Morning's Work. Redondo, Cal., April 19.-Fire early this morning destroyed Ocean View Hotel. The loss is \$20,000; insurance \$10,000. Terlutter and Hannman's saloon building also went. Loss \$10,000; insurance \$2500. Also a number of smaller places. The total loss is estimated at \$50,000.

A Long Lived Family.

Newark, N. J., April 19.—Mrs. Hannah Bull Tyler died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Archer, at Wattseng, yesterday of pneumonia at the age of 88 years. Mrs. Tyler's husband was a brother of ex-President Tyler; he died 15 years ago at the age of 87. Mrs. Tyler's maiden name was Bull, and her family was well known in Crange county. family was well known in Orange county, N. Y. They were descendants of the first settlers in the the first settlers in the country, who hailed from Virginia. Mrs. Tyler had six children, three of whom are still living. Her only sister, Mrs. Mary Smith, is still living and 98 years old.

Elections in Illinois.

Chicago, April 19.—The elections throughout Ilinois to-day were mainly on the saloon and anti-saloon question, and the Welsh had the best of it in the state as a whole. In several places, owever, the strife was between the two political parties, though these places are so few as to make an estimate of the state very doubtful. Galena, Ottawa and Decatur went Democratic, though the Republicans captured four out of five aldermen in the latter town. Free-port has a new Republican mayor and the Independent ticket triumphed in Al-ton. The Republicans were successful in Peoria by a large majority.

Doing the Lord's Will. Birmingham, Ala., April 19.—Davis Phillips, a negro, ran down first street to-day, having in his hand packages of money containing \$5,000 in greenbacks.

The police were after him and the people in the police were after him and the people were af joined in the chase. About 9:30 the negro walked into the Jefferson County negro walked into the Jenerson County Savings bank, grabbed several packages lying on the counter and made off with the money. He ran out into the street. When the crowd would get pretty close he would drop a package, and while they stopped to gather up the stopped and while they stopped to gather up the money he would gain a block on his pursuers. He took out of the bank about \$5,000, all of which was recov-ered. He claims that the Lord directed him to get the money.

of Dan Erickson of Bradford was burned to-day, with all the household effects, and the man, his wife and two children were burned alive. Two of his neighbors had spent part of the day with Erickson, and the three drank immoderately of intoxicating liquor. It is supposed that in attempting to light his pipe he dropped some fire and was unable to quench it or save himself. The remainder of the family were sleeping upstairs. upstairs.

Guilty in the First Degree. New York, April 19.—The jury in the ase of Matthew Johnston, the West Indian negro, who has been on trial the last three days for the murder of Engineer Emil Kuckelhorn on Dec. 10th last, brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree last night, after five hours' deliberations.

COMPLETELY SUCCESSFUL.

Prof. Schaeberle's Expedition to Chili Achieves Great Results for Science. San Francisco, April 19.—Director Holden telegraphs the United Press as follows: Lick Observatory, Mount Ham-ilton, via San Jose, April 18th, 1893.— A cipher telegram just received from Prof. Schaeberle, in Chili, informs us that the Lick observatory expedition to observe the total eclipse has been suc-cessful in every respect. The mechanicessful in every respect. The mechanical theory of Schaeberle has ben verified.

A drawing of the corona of April 15th last was published by him in January as a prediction of what the corona was to be like, and I understand this tele-gram to mean that the picture made by him months ago was a true representa-tion of the actual corona visible at the eclipse. This is an important verifica-tion of the very far-reaching theory. The expansion of the solar corona was first photographed at the California eclipse of Jan. 1st, 1889, and fully described in the Lick observatory report of that eclipse. Its existence was established by European astronomers, but cloudy weather did not allow it to be plainly photographed at the eclipse of December, 1889. Now, however, Prof. Schaberle telegraphs that it has been again successfully photographed at his station high up in the Andes. Fifty photographs have been secured by the professor and his assistants.

The whole programme has been satisfactorily carried out. It is only proper to add that the expenses of the Lick observatory expedition were generously provided for by a gift from Mrs. Senator Hearst.

Roumanian Octroi Riots. Bucharest, April 18.—Hundreds of workingmen and their wives made a de-monstration before the parliamentary building to-day against an increase of the octroi or tax levied upon products coming into the city. The Minister of Public Works was attacked as he rode from the chamber, stones were thrown through his carriage windows and three men tried to drag him into the street. Several policemen were injured while trying to protect the minister. A company of cavalry came to the rescue and were severely stoned before the mob dispersed.

King Alexander Not Satisfied. Belgrade, April 18.—It seems that young King Alexander is not satisfied to rest on the laurels of his coup d'etat, but as a result of investigations of the treasury has demanded from the exregents and ex-ministers reimbursement to the government of 2,500,000 francs misappropriated under the pretext of having been used in the secret service. The general acquiescence, if not approval, with which King Alexander's coup d'etat was hailed, has already been interrupted. The Liberals have gather-ed courage since Thursday night, and now apparently propose to excite the people against the government. The Liberals issued a manifesto, in which they describe the new ministry as us-urpers of political power, and as having incited the king to the coup d'etat in violation of the constitution and laws of Servia. The Liberals state that they propose to make a stand upon the rights of the people, which they claim have been outraged and ignored by the al-

leged usurpation. Must Stand Trial for Murder. Fresno, Cal., April 18.—The motion to quash the indictment against Lolley and Heath, charged with the murder of L. B. McWhirter, was submitted to Judge Holmes this morning, with the argument, and denied. Both defendants pleaded not guilty, and the case was set for May 29th.

Death of a Chess Player. Berlin, April 18.—Jean Dufresne, a celebrated chess master and author died here to-day. His age was 64 years. He was chess editor of the Gartenlaube

and other illustrated weeklies. For Improper Conduct. Paris, April 18.—The Bar Association has suspended from membership for three months Senator Renault and Saar Albert Grevy, on account of their connection with the Panama scandal.

The Jews in Russia.

London, April 18.—The Russian Hebrew committee in this city has advices from St. Petersburg that the Minister of the Interior has ordered the governors of Livonia and Cokenland to expel all the Hebrews from those two provinces before Nov. 1. More than 60,000 Hebrews will be expelled under this order and will be driven into the overcrowded towns.

Died While out Driving. New York, April 19.—John Leffert of Flat Bush, a Long Island millionaire and a member of many banking and trust institutions, died suddenly of heart disease while out driving last evening. He leaves a widow and seven children. His estate is valued at over \$1,000,000.

Commodore Hunter's Memory. Commodore Hunter's Memory.

New Orleans, La.,April 19.—Flowers were heaped high yesterday around the vault containing the remains of Commodore William Wallace Hunter, who, had he survived until to-day, would have rounded his ninetieth year of life, and been the senior surviving officer of the Confederate States' navy. A year ago to-day the veteran was the recipient of a case of champagne from Gen. Beauregard, inscribed "To the senior sailor from the senior soldier of the South." Neither of the noted warriors lived to celebrate another birthday.

A Railroad Operation. Albany, N.Y., April 19.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the Hudson River and New York Central Railway is being held here to-day for the purpose of obtaining the acquirement by purchase of a controlling interest in the New York and Northern Railway. The expenditure involved is \$4,000,000. The stockholders will also be asked to confirm leases in perpetuity of three other railroads in the state, the acquisition of which will greatly enhance the facilities of the Central road.

Boston, April 19.—Two alarms were sounded this morning for fire in the trunk shops in the state prison at Charleston. The prisoners were quickly marched to their cells and locked up. The fire was extinguished in about an hour.

Trial Afterwards

One More for Drink.

Cambridge, Minn., April 19.—The house

Conway, Ark., April 19.—Flannigan Hornton the slayer of Charles Pate, constable of Howard township, Conway county, was lynched this morning at Morrelltown, Ark.