Clothiers and Hatters.
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NGEROUS TO MARINERS.

Walbran Will Report on Hid- Obstructions in the North.

uadra brings back an interesting f news. She arrived in port this from Alaska. On the way up d in at Port Simpson, Juneau a, and on May 13th landed at the Canadian survey party, y Mr. Brabazon. The party e a survey this season of Yaku- Disenchantment Arm. The at Yakutat was very bad. The put in at Port Conclusion, the northern point reached by Van- n his last voyage in Northern aters. At Ship's Cove in Port n Captain Walbran nailed up ees a sign of interest to every travel and history. The sign Captain George Vancouver, R. M. S. Discovery and Chatham, the survey of these waters at) Cove Aug. 22, 1794."

adra left Yakutat on May 17 Port Simpson on the 19th and n buoy relief. Two large steel s were placed at Hodgson reef, pson, and at Alford reef, near a, in lieu of the two spar buoys. Walbran inspected the hidden Plumper Bay anchorage, Ky- rbor, Hidalgo Point and Her- He has prepared an extensive ich will be forwarded to the epartment. The obstructions npt harbor and Hidalgo Point ost dangerous. The Kynumpt ¼ feet deep at low water and ere it is shown in the admiralty At Hidalgo Point there is a w water and the chart marks ater. The trip, on the whole, easant one, though some bad as experienced.

MEDICAL.

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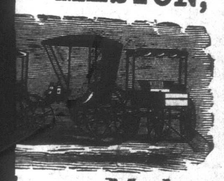

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Victoria Weekly Times.

VOL. 11—NO. 23.
WHOLE NUMBER 529.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1895.

PART 2.

THE CORNELL CREW ARRIVE

The University Eight Will Take Up Their Residence at Henley-on-Thames.

Wilde's Insanity Denied—He is Picking Oakum in Pentonville Prison.

London, June 5.—The Daily News in its financial leader intimates that the loan which Russia is attempting to negotiate with Paris bankers represents the amount of the additional indemnity for the Liao Tung peninsula. During the recent negotiations it is claimed Russia undertook to provide for this portion of the Chinese loans. It is stated that arrangements for the loan have been virtually concluded through a syndicate headed by the Banque de Paris.

The Times correspondent at Tananarivo telegraphs that placards have been secretly affixed to church doors in that place inciting the people to kill the Madras queen and premier and to welcome the French.

The morning Post denies the report that Oscar Wilde is insane, and claims that he has never been confined in a padded room. It is asserted that Wilde was started to work at the tread mill according to the usual prison discipline at Pentonville. After a few days he was sent to the infirmary, where it was found he was suffering from melancholia and a trouble of the stomach. The disorder of the stomach ceased after a two days' confinement in the hospital and Wilde returned to prison feeling greatly relieved. He is now at work picking oakum. His melancholia continues, but otherwise his health is fair.

H.M.S. Rainbow has been ordered from Osaka.

The Times in its financial columns says that it is rumored that Russia is negotiating with Paris bankers for the loan of £16,000,000 to China upon Russia's absolute and unconditional guarantee.

Herbert Spencer has decided that certain strongly expressed opinions of his will debar him from accepting the Prussian ordre pour merite.

The steamship Paris, with the Cornell crew, which is to row at the Henley regatta in the contest for the grand visitors' challenge cup, arrived at Southampton at 8:30 to-day. All the American oarsmen were in fine condition and they also had greatly benefited by their trip across the ocean. The Cornell crew will remain at Southampton to-night and will go direct to Henley to-morrow, where a delightfully situated house has been rented for their use by Commodore W. T. Hastings of the Cornell navy.

A dispatch from Rome says with regard to the conflicting reports concerning the Archdiocese of St. Louis up to the present time all that can be ascertained with certainty is that the decree of the congregation propaganda dated May 21st makes no change in titles of archbishops Kendrick and Kain, but leaves the latter still a coadjutor of the former. The decree merely declares that as coadjutor Archbishop Kain is in possession of all the faculties and powers which he would have as actual archbishop of St. Louis.

DOMINION DISPATCHES.

Dr. Briggs Creates a Sensation in the Methodist Conference.

Montreal, June 5.—The United Empire Loyalists of Canada at a meeting held last night adopted resolutions strongly disapproving of the erection by an American society of a monument at Louisburg commemorating the capture of that place in 1745.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Bank of Montreal, Sir Donald A. Smith was elected president and Hon. George A. Drummond was re-elected vice-president.

Hamilton, June 5.—In the Methodist conference yesterday Rev. Dr. Briggs, of Toronto, book steward, fired a bomb by announcing that members of the conference were hundreds and thousands of dollars behind in their accounts with the book room. He intimated that unless some of them settled up speedily action would have to be brought in the courts. Some of the ministers expressed the opinion that Dr. Briggs had no right to bring such things up at the conference. Dr. Briggs replied by stating that the minister then on the floor of the house owed $40. He had been dunned for it and had written a reply stating that he would remember the account in his will.

Montreal, June 5.—The government has ordered a new indictment to be laid against Emanuel St. Louis, the Lachine canal bridge contractor, on charges laid by Mr. Sherwood, the Dominion detective. The attorney-general has asked the federal government to defray part of the expenses of the prosecution.

Milton, June 5.—Lord Aberdeen yesterday opened a new English church here, and afterwards Lady Aberdeen held a reception in the town hall, returning to Toronto in the evening.

Toronto, June 5.—The body of Phillip Digby, harness maker, aged 57, was found in the harbor yesterday. He had been missing for a week.

Montreal, June 5.—For the third time in two hundred years, ladies entered the theological department of the Montreal college yesterday, when Governor and Madame Chapleau visited the institution. The other occasions were on the visits of Princess Louise and Lady Monk. The British flag floated everywhere yesterday, and the students sang "God Save the Queen" as the governor and party left the college.

Hamilton, June 6.—The 42nd annual convention of the Congregational Union of Ontario and Quebec opened here yesterday.

Toronto, June 6.—Robert A. Rose, clerk in the Toronto office of Park Bros. Pennsylvania Steel Company, has been discharged, whereupon he issued a writ in the name of a woman against E. B. Walker, the manager, asking for damages for breach of promise. The writ was bogus and the woman fictitious, so Chancellor Boyd sent Rose to jail for three months for contempt of court for securing a legal process to secure revenge.

Winnipeg, Man., June 6.—A company is being organized here to establish a canning factory. It is calculated that the local demand is sufficient to maintain a profitable business in canned vegetables.

THE INSURRECTION IN CUBA.

De Campos Asks for Reinforcements—Ten Battalions Will Leave Spain.

The Standard Refers to States and Recalls the Alabama Claims.

Havana, June 6.—A dispatch from Manzanilla, province of Santiago de Cuba, announces the surrender to the Spanish authorities there of the well known insurgent leader Fonzeca Santesteban Gieverra. The members of the insurgent band commanded by Maceo have burned the village of Guisa. A captain of volunteers named Jaime Torres was captured by the insurgents and shot.

Madrid, June 6.—Captain-General Martinez de Campos has sent a cable message to the Spanish government announcing that several insurgent leaders are expected to effect a landing in Cuba shortly and he adds that owing to fresh disturbances on the island, owing to the recent invasion of the province of Santa Clara by the Cuban insurgents, he asks for a reinforcement of six battalions of infantry. But the government seems to take a less sanguine view of the situation of affairs in Cuba than does the captain-general of that island, for the cabinet, after thoroughly discussing the situation from all its standpoints, has decided to send ten additional battalions of infantry to the island of Cuba without delay. The republicans in the chamber of deputies to-day formulated a resolution asking the government to respect the free discussion of Spanish affairs, particularly referring to the insurrection on the Island of Cuba, but the resolution was rejected by an overwhelming majority. Captain-General Prima Revera, captain-general of Madrid, who was seriously wounded by Captain Clavijo on Monday last, for which crime the latter was executed yesterday, shows considerable improvement to-day.

London, June 6.—The Standard to-day contains an intimation to the effect that when the insurrection in Cuba is ended Spain will request the United States to pay part of the cost of suppressing it, adding, "There is small pretence of concealment upon the part of those going to Cuba from the United States and the authorities must be cognizant of it. The country which claimed and obtained damage from England on account of assistance given the south by armed vessels, which were allowed to leave this country, should be the last to allow armed men to leave her shores and insurrect against Spain."

THE JAPAN-CHINA TREATY.

Synopsis of the Commercial Concessions Granted.

Washington City, June 5.—Minister Denby, of China, in a dispatch dated May 25, has furnished the state department a synopsis of the treaty between China and Japan. The commercial provisions are as follows:

A new treaty of commerce to be made immediately after this treaty is ratified, and until the treaty is made Japan is to have favored nation treatment. Six months from the date of the present treaty, April 17, the following concessions to take effect:

First. The following ports to be opened to Japanese trade, residence, industries and manufactures: Shin, in Hapei; Chungking, in Szechuan; Suchow, in Kiangsu; Hongchow, in Checkiang.

Second. Steam navigation on the Upper Yangtse river, from Ichung to Chungking, and on the Woosung river and the canal from Shanghai to Suchow and Hongchow.

Third. Japanese may rent or hire warehouses for storage of goods in the interior of China free of taxes or exactions.

Fourth. Japanese may engage in manufacturing and may import machinery at all open ports.

In a previous dispatch, dated April 22, Minister Denby stated that Vice-Consul Bandidnal, of Newchwang, territory still occupied by Japanese troops, had received a communication from the Japanese authorities announcing that a special commission for the port had been appointed, and that commerce would be carried on with certain restrictions usual and essential during military occupation. The customs duties, etc., levied upon exports and imports are to be the same as prevailed under Chinese rule.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

Gladstone is Improving and May Attend the Naval Celebration at Keil.

Visiting Oarsmen Take Their First Spin—Bank of England Statement.

London, June 6.—There is a marked improvement in Mr. Gladstone's health to-day, and it is now entirely probable that he will be able to embark on June 12th for Kiel to attend the naval celebration at the opening of the Baltic canal.

A dispatch from Stuttgart says there was a tremendous cloud burst yesterday evening over the Wurtemburg portion of the black forest district, causing great destruction of property. The downfall of water caused the river Eyach to rise and many houses at Baligen, Frommern and Lanfon were swept away. Ten persons were drowned at Ballingen, at Lafon fifteen persons were killed and at Frommern seven were killed and nine are missing.

The Cornell crew which is to compete at the Henley regatta in the contest for the Visitors' Grand Challenge Cup arrived here from Southampton to-day and are greatly pleased with the quarters which Commodore W. T. Hastings, Cornell navy, secured for them. The weather this afternoon is beautiful and the villagers assembled in force on the banks of the Thames when the crew took its first spin over the course. The young men from Ithaca created a favorable impression among onlookers, but expert Britishers ashore expressed the opinion that they were too light.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England issued to-day shows the following changes as compared with the previous statement: Total reserve, decreased 724,000 pounds; circulations increased 246,000 pounds; bullion decreased 478,500 pounds; other securities increased 250,000 pounds; public deposits decreased 574,000 pounds; notes reserve decreased 651,000 pounds; government securities increased 317,000 pounds. The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liabilities, which last week was 63.45 per cent., is now 62.18 per cent.

The Standard Oil Co. and the Scotch Oil Co. have concluded an agreement at Glasgow, which is to last three years, for an advance in the price of candles.

A Berlin dispath says Freiherr Richtohen, chief of police in that city, is dead. He expired at Bonn, where he had gone for the benefit of his health.

William E. Curtis, assistant secretary of the United States treasury department, and Mr. Logan Carlisle, chief of the United States treasury department, have been busy to-day at Rothschilds' banking house writing bonds which are to be turned over to the syndicate on this side of the Atlantic. They completed their work late this afternoon and the bonds were turned over to the Rothchilds.

THE ECUADOR REVOLUTION.

The Revolutionists Capture the City of Guayaquil.

Washington, June 6.—News of the success of the revolution in Ecuador came to the navy department to-day in a cablegram from Capt. Watson, of the Ranger, which warship is now at Guayaquil. The cablegram is dated Guayaquil, yesterday, and reads as follows: "The insurgents have possession of the city. Governor General Fores has resigned. Ignatio Robles, Liberal, has been proclaimed military and civil general. Everything is quiet at present. Communication with Quito by telegram is interrupted."

The last statement explains why the state department has heard nothing of the progress of the revolution from United States Minister Tillman, who should have arrived at his post at Quito some time ago.

CHAOS IN SAMOA.

A German Gunboat Attacks the Chinese Forts.

Hong Kong, June 6.—Advices received here from Taiph Fu, Island of Formosa, announce that town to be still in a chaotic state. The native quarter of Taiph Fu has been burned and during the conflagration a magazine exploded and killed 90 Chinese. The German gunboat Itlis fired on the Chinese forts, at Hobe, presumably because a merchant steamer with Fang, the former president of the so-called republic of Formosa, was on board with a number of refugees. The Chinese soldiers were not allowed to leave. The forts were silenced by the fire of a gunboat and the native gunners fled. Subsequently the merchant steamer proceeded.

H. M. S. Rainbow left this morning for Taimsui.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

The Legislature Opened by the New Governor To-day.

Adelaide, South Australia, June 6.—At the opening of parliament to-day, Governor Sir Thomas Buxton, who recently succeeded the Earl of Kintore, congratulated the members upon the improving prospects of the country of South Australia. He added that the prices of wheat, copper, silver and wool have risen and trade is reviving.

CLAVIJO'S COOLNESS.

Goes to His Death with a Cigarette Betwen His Lips.

Madrid, June 5.—Captain Clavijo walked to the prison van smoking a cigarette and bowed to the crowds assembled around the prison gate. The people acknowledged his courtesy by cheering loudly for the captain. The prison van, surrounded by gendarmes, proceeded to the square of Sanisadorov, on the banks of the Manzanares river. There Clavijo alighted and walked to the centre of the square, which was lined with troops on three sides. The captain, when he had reached the required position, personally bandaged his own eyes, and then again bowed to the people. The officer in command of the firing squadron gave the order to fire and Clavijo fell. But, according to custom, two shots, as coupes de grace, were fired at his prostrate body, although the unfortunate officer was already dead. The troops then defiled past the body and the remains were removed.

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S PROTEST

He Appeals to the House to Guard His Office Against Undue Interference.

Sir John Macdonald's Monument to be Unveiled To-Day in Montreal.

Ottawa, June 6.—Flint introduced in the Commons yesterday a bill amending the Scott Act, defining more clearly the powers of search for liquor. It was read a first time.

Bechard introduced a bill providing that any public employe may assign his salary to another, and that one-fourth, one-fifth or one-third of his salary may be attached under the judgment of the court, according to the size of the salary.

McMullen's bill to amend the superannuation act was ruled out of order by the speaker. Charlton's bill to more effectually punish seduction and abduction was given a six months' hoist.

An extraordinary petition was presented to parliament yesterday by Hon. David Mills and John Lorne McDougall, auditor-general, asking parliament to authorize him to make his own appointments in his department free from interference by the government. It is a long petition, showing how the government hamper and harass him, and it is the first of its kind ever presented in Parliament.

It is learned that Lord Aberdeen suggested the appointment of a royal commission to enquire into the Manitoba school question.

The divorce committee has recommended a divorce to Helen Woodward Jarvis of Toronto.

The commission appointed by the government to enquire into the separate schools here some time ago was composed of three commissioners, one Protestant and two Roman Catholics. Both Roman Catholics have resigned on instructions of Archbishop Duhamel. The Archbishop says that he will not permit any state interference with the schools.

Sifton, Attorney-General of Manitoba, arrived here last night.

Lord Aberdeen, Bowell, Caron, Foster, and Ouimet left here this morning for Montreal to attend the unveiling of the Macdonald statue. A large number of local Conservatives with officers of both associations and members and senators also left to be present at the ceremony.

Blakenay, of the customs department, has been suspended. This is because of his having reported Farrow, assistant accountant, for having made some irregularity which it is now said was not satisfactorily established.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, replying to Senator Macdonald, of Victoria, B. C., said the government had cabled the imperial authorities asking that the new Behring sea bill be not pressed until the Dominion government had had an opportunity of studying its provisions.

The Viceregal ball at Government House last night was one of the most brilliant functions ever seen in the Dominion.

Ex-inspector Moylan has made a vicious attack on Senator McInnes through the newspapers. He says the senator is a disappointed office seeker.

Mrs. J. C. McLagan, of Vancouver, is visiting in this city.

Tupper stated in the House to-day that it was intended to make Foster warden of the British Columbia penitentiary.

NANAIMO NEWS.

The Foresters Will Visit Victoria—Liberal Meeting.

Nanaimo, June 5.—A meeting of the Liberal party of this city will be held on Friday night to determine the course to be pursued in behalf of the candidature of Mr. R. Smith.

J. Isaacs was brought before the magistrate yesterday and was given two hours in which to leave the city. Isaacs was glad to get off so light and lost no time in starting on foot for Victoria.

The Foresters of this city are making extensive preparations for a large contingent to take part in the annual demonstration to be held at Victoria on the 15th instant.

M. Fitzpatrick has agreed to act as referee in the walking match on Saturday between A. Hancock, the English champion, and V. H. Sutton, the champion of the United States.

ARE UNABLE TO ACCEPT

The Oxford and Cambridge Athletic Associations Decline the Challenge

To Meet the American Intor-Collegiate Athletic Team—Their Reasons.

London, June 5.—Recently the Oxford Athletic Association has been occupied with an extensive correspondence with the athletic association of the University of Pennsylvania. Representatives of the University of Pennsylvania have requested that the winners of the American inter-collegiate games in the month of May should be allowed to come to England to compete with a team selected from the athletes of Oxford and Cambridge universities. The proposed contests, it was represented by the University of Pennsylvania, could easily take place after the Oxford and Cambridge events, fixed for July 3, had been decided. A committee from the Oxford and Cambridge athletic clubs carefully considered the proposal of the University of Pennsylvania students at two conferences held during the last fortnight, and yesterday the committee cabled the officials of the University of Pennsylvania Athletic association: "Unable to accept the challenge."

The Associated Press has obtained from the Oxford-Cambridge committee the following statement of the various reasons which influenced the decision:

1. The Oxford-Cambridge athletic associations would be over-weighed from the outset in competing with a team which it is understood includes representatives of all the American universities. To make such a contest equal, the challenge of the Americans should be so worded as to allow athletes from all the universities of Great Britain to take part. Representatives from Oxford, Cambridge, Edinburgh and Dublin, for instance, should be allowed to participate to make the event fair for all concerned.

2. The Oxford-Cambridge committee felt that the first right of challenge ought to be conceded to Yale in consideration of the fact of Yale having sent a team to England in 1894. It has been an open secret ever since 1894 that the authorities and students of Oxford and Cambridge were of the opinion that a match should be arranged for 1896 between Oxford and Cambridge and Yale and Harvard, but because of the fact that Yale and Harvard have remained members of the inter-collegiate association, Yale and Harvard have not cared to send an independent challenge and thereby antagonize any arrangement that the inter-collegiate association, under the guidance of the University of Pennsylvania, might formulate.

At the recent conference of the Oxford-Cambridge committee the matter was discussed and the situation fully canvassed so far as Yale and Harvard were concerned. Of the Yale men who competed here in England in 1894, one of the members of the committee said: "They are the nicest fellows in the world and true sportsmen, therefore we would be glad to help them out, and we have decided to send a challenge ourselves. We to-day cabled them a challenge and we have also mailed them a formal challenge. We, that is, Oxford and Cambridge, would be glad to take a team to America next September to compete with Harvard and Yale, and the decision whether this match shall take place rests with them alone. We understand that Yale and Harvard would both have preferred to have this meeting next July, but, unfortunately, we cannot arrange for this; therefore, it only remains to be seen whether Yale and Harvard, in their sportsmanlike desire to bring about a contest of this character, will be willing to arrange a meeting in America next September." There need not be the slightest apprehension that if the match is arranged it will interfere with the match between the London athletic club and the New York athletic club. Some of the members of the Oxford-Cambridge athletic associations are also members of the London athletic club. They can take part in both contests. Our team, if the challenge is accepted, will not be selected until after the Oxford-Cambridge events in July.

The team will consist of 24 persons, including reserves and the officials of the associations.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The Legislature Has Been Further Prorogued.

St. Johns, Nfld., June 5.—It has been arranged not to hold a meeting of the legislature for another week, the intention being to allow Colonial Secretary Bond time to arrive in England to complete arrangements for the loan, the preliminaries of which have already been perfected. In case urgent business should require it the legislature will be called together during the interim. There is a feeling of dissatisfaction among the people in general because of the fact that no prosecution of the bank directors has yet been instituted in the criminal cases before the supreme court. During the present term not one conviction has been secured, the juries refusing to bring in a verdict for other offenses until the cases against the bank managers and directors shall have been disposed of.