Old England again.

Algiers. The ed miles farther han they do on ose-deer wander rth in the grass

the east side of the west should ne with the Pylimate of Russia or Italy; and d roasting sumiddle of France, line to Europe. rence there is in north of it. It d and sea in the he one case, and ttributed. The British Islands, f Stream, is the mth, tempering, e fierce blasts of of the south. Geology," you on the earth, so ould be compaher, it would all it is likely that the great mountains that run north and south in three vast chains, beginning, in the west, with the Cascade Mountains, followed, at wide distances, by the Rocky Mountains, rising in their vast height and length, as a second barrier, on the east of them, and by the vast namcless chain which stretches, on the east side of the continent, from the north shore of Lake Superior to the south of King William's Land, on the Arctic Ocean—modify the climate of the great North-west to some extent, but it is very hard to speak with any confidence on a point so little known.

I have already said that I am glad I am back again in dear Old England, and I repeat it now that I am near the end of my story. I have not said anything about my stay in Nova Scotia, because it did not come within my plan to do so, but I include it in my thoughts when I say, that, after all I have seen these long years, I believe "there's no place like home." If a boy really wish to get on and work as he ought, he will find an opening in life in his own glorious country, without leaving it for another. Were the same amount of labour expended by anyone here, as I have seen men bestow on their wild farms in the bush, they would get as much for it in solid comfort and enjoyment, and would have around them through life the thousand Some people can leave delights of their native land. the scene of their boyhood and the friends of their youth, and even of their manhood, without seeming

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