

*Lilium longiflorum*—A grand long white bell flowered lily, increases fast, one of the best; height two feet.

*Lilium candidum*—(Japan), pure white; height three feet; very hardy and free blooming variety, grand to cut, all perfumed.

*Lychnis splendens*—Double red, London pride, (Europe).

*Lychnis semperflores*—Pink, small flowers in abundance.

*Lychnis vespertina*—Double white: about two feet high; the above three varieties are the pink of perfection of what a perennial should be, grand to cut.

*Paeonia officinalis*—(Europe), height, three feet; I have about sixty varieties of the paeonia growing in all shades of color, in bloom June and July; one of the best border plants, grand to cut, very showy, requires deep rich loam soil.

*Papaver nudicaule*—Iceland poppy, (northern hemisphere), eighteen inches; color orange yellow and white; double and single, bloom in June. The Oriental variety is very beautiful, nine inches in diameter, scarlet with black eye, grand if planted in deep rich damp soil (Asia), three feet high.

*Phlox decussata*—Hybrid perpetual phlox (United States), height, three to four feet; in many colors, grand perennials, in bloom July and August.

*Platycodon grandiflorum*—(Chinese Campanula), China and Japan, height, two feet; in bloom July and August; there is a white variety, alba, also double; both are first class perennials.

*Pyrethrum uliginosum*—Sometimes called chrysanthemum uliginosum. Great ox eye, (Russia), height, four feet; in bloom August and September, makes a grand display, white.

*Rudbeckia laciniata*—Golden Glow, (United States), height, six to eight feet; blooms in August and September; flowers yellow, double and in great abundance, a

grand plant for the back of the border and for cutting.

*Spiraea*—There is a number of varieties of the herbaceous spireas, and there is no plants more beautiful when in bloom, grand to cut for any purpose; there should be more of these plants used when they become better known; the following are probably the best:

*Spiraea aruncus*—Three to four feet long, feathery panicles of white flowers, a grand variety.

*Spiraea astilboides*—This one is also a grand perennial, a good bloomer; height, three feet; feathery white flowers, useful for forcing.

*Spiraea astilboides floribunda*—A superb variety, dwarfed and blooms white.

*Spiraea chinensis*—"Astilbe" (China) a grand acquisition for the border, a robust grower; three feet high; white triangular plumes, tinted with pink, excellent.

*Spiraea Japonica*—Good for the border or for pots to force; two feet; white.

*Spiraea Japonica aurea reticulata*—A variegated form of the ordinary variety, green leaved, veined with yellow, very pretty; two feet; white flowers.

*Spiraea compacta multiflora*—A splendid variety for pots and the border; immense white plumes, robust grower; three feet.

*Spiraea filipendula plena*—A beautiful double flowering variety, very neat fern like foliage, one of the best and neatest of this class; eighteen inches.

There is also a single flowering variety of the last.

*Spiraea palmata*—(The Crimson Meadow Sweet) Flowers crimson, very showy large panicles; three to four feet; one of the best.

*Spiraea palmata alba*—A snow white variety, very fine; three feet.

*Spiraea palmata elegans*—This variety has pale rose colored flowers, very fine; three to four feet; one of the best.

NOTE.—All the above are deserving of cultivation; they are very easy grown and grand to cut for bouquets; most of them were raised in Europe.

*Statice latifolia*—Sea lavender, (Bulgaria) fifteen inches; good to cut, will last a long