THE TORONO WORLD
THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1888

Opportunity for Our Energy.

We are trying to teach the idea that Canadians must depend upon themselves, that it is idle to ask outsiders to help them. We do not take any stock in the idea that the people of the United States will do anything for us. Nor will the people of Great Britain be foolish enough to go out of their way to negotiate a treaty for us with the States that will discriminate against herself! The thing is absurd, unnerverous and dishonest.

But we can do a great deal for ourselves. We are masters of our own tariff laws; if our tariff is too high we can lower it. Therefore if there is anything wrong with it we can right it—provided always a majority of the people, represented in our Legislature, think so. It is the duty of those men and politicians who are longing for sweeping changes in our commercial system to begin by educating our people to first reform the Canadian tariff. The Americans will reform theirs in their own way.

We are living and laboring over a number of difficulties that we have the power to reform if we only move in the matter. We can make our Canadian courts final in Canadian litigation; we can have a Canadian officer at the head of our militia; we can have a Canadian mint; we can have the right to amend our own constitution; we can have the right to negotiate certain treaties with other nations; we can eventually have a Canadian for chief magistrate.

What we want is a government that is truly national; that by its every act will endeavor to promote the growth of a Canadian national sentiment; that will gradually assert Canada's right to complete self-government; that will encourage Canadians to rely on themselves for their bishops, their architects, professors and other things that we import from abroad, though we have just as good quality at home.

Here, then, is a field for all the political activity that we can command for the next ten years.

Where Manitoba Interests and Minnesota Interests Are in Conflict.

The Mail on Wednesday had something which we had better give in its own words, thus:

A correspondent who has seen the statement of The Toronto World, that the American millers are "just aching to get hold of Manitoba wheat," wishes to know "why on earth they don't buy it if they want it so badly." The answer is this: The Manitoba settler cannot afford to pay the cost of transportation from his farm to the American mills plus the American duty of 20 cents per bushel. If they'd him better to send his wheat to England. If the American duty was repealed, as the American Millers' Convention has suggested, it would pay the Manitoban to deal with the American miller and the American miller to deal with the Manitoban. In like manner, the repeal of the American duties of 10 cents per bushel on barley, of 25 per ton on flax, and of 15 cents per bushel on potatoes would enable Manitoba and the States to do a mutually profitable trade, provided Manitoba were allowed to accept American goods in payment, e.g., agricultural implements, sugar, cotton, etc. Manitoba grows better potatoes, flax, barley and wheat than are raised in any other part of the continent, but the restrictionist system prevents the settler from reaping the full advantage of this superiority, by keeping him out of his most and most profitable market.

It would please The Mail well to be able to show that the interests of Manitoba and Minnesota harmonize perfectly together, and that whatever is good for one must be good for both. Now, this might do for a flight of imagination, but we take the more prosaic and practical view that the interests of the States of Minnesota and those of the Province of Manitoba respectively are in the main opposed to each other and not in harmony. Naturally the two are not customers for each other, but competitors and in opposition. Minnesota is a heavy producer of a certain specialty—hard spring wheat, to wit—in which specialty Manitoba is already its most formidable rival, or certainly will be ere more than a few short years have passed. It would, of course, be in the interest of Minnesota's great milling centre, Minneapolis, to bring in Manitoba wheat free, grind it and send the product to England as No. 1 first-class Minneapolis flour. Just put down upon paper the reasons why, and you have stated the very reasons why it is Manitoba's interest to grind her own wheat at home, or at all events somewhere in Canada, and export the product as *Canadian* flour, and nothing else. We can quite understand that American millers should be, as The Buffalo Courier says they are, "just aching to get hold of Manitoba wheat." But "why then don't they buy it if they want it so badly?" is asked. The Mail undertakes to answer, and in doing so gives itself dead away as regards the reciprocity humbug. The Manitoba settler cannot afford to pay the cost of transportation from his farm to the American mills *plus* the American duty of 20 cents per bushel. *"It pays him better to send his wheat to England,"* says The Mail. Now the murder is out.

True, indeed, but this is only part of the truth. Reciprocity or no reciprocity, it would be vastly better to send his wheat to England rather than to the United States; and better still to have it ground in Canada and to let Canadian millers export the flour. Every cargo of Canada hard spring wheat, or of "strong bakers'" flour, which British buyers are so eager to get hold of, is equal to an efficient emigration agent as a means of inducing exactly that kind of emigration which Canada is anxious to encourage. On the other hand every cargo of Minneapolis flour made from Manitoba wheat helps to swell the tide of the best emigration to Minnesota and other states. In one way we would be strengthening and building up our own country; in the other way we would be giving its life-blood, by process of tranfusion, as we may say, to the neighboring Republic. We want Old Country people to get hold of the fact, with all that it implies—that the really superior wheat and flour, which they find such good value for their money, are not American, as that word is generally understood, but *Canadian*. Now we are coming to it; this way our interest lies, while the interest of our neighbors lies just the other way. In this matter we make no false pretences, we stand openly on the ground of plain, unadulterated selfishness, but all perfectly honest, and perfectly justifiable, too. It does not surprise us to learn that American millers would like to get hold of our superior Canadian wheat, with which they can make both reputation and a market for American flour, while keeping Canada out of both. We are just selfish enough to want both the reputation and the market for ourselves; and we think we have the best right, too.

But space presses, and we must take another occasion for looking at what Canada's interest is in the farm, machinery and implement trade, also in the store good trade generally. And we must further correct The Mail on points wherein it is trying to lead the public wrong with regard to potatoes, flax and barley.

The Proposed Law School.

It has been officially announced that at the opening of next session of the University of Toronto there will be in operation in that institution a teaching law faculty. It speaks little for the public spirit of this Province and its capital that with such a bench and such a bar as we have the teaching of law should be, as it still is, little better than a farce, while members of the legal profession are by courtesy entitled to the epithet "learned."

Some time ago the Senate of the Provincial University made overtures of co-operation to the Law Society, but that highly conservative body did not cordially respond, and now the University authorities have made up their minds to try the experiment of establishing a law school without the aid of the Law Society. The experiment can be made a success if it is tried in the right way. Amongst the University graduates are several eminent jurists who can contribute what is of more importance than funds, the prestige of legal lore combined with practical experience at the bar or on the bench. The University itself can contribute something to the proposed faculty indirectly, as it does now to the medical faculty, and as it has long done to those theological schools which chose to take advantage of its liberality. What the distinguished jurists referred to may be willing to do cannot yet be predicated, but it is easy to specify the line the University should take.

In order to make a teaching law faculty possible it will be necessary to create in the arts curriculum a good political science course and to provide teachers to deal with it thoroughly in the class rooms. Such a course ought long ago to have been provided for the sake of arts men, but it has now become an absolute necessity. It will, if drawn up on proper lines, comprise at least one third of the work covered by a fair law course, so that only two-thirds of the latter remain to be provided for. This indirect contribution of the University is equivalent to a substantial endowment of the proposed law school, and if the course as a whole is made sufficiently attractive the fees should form an adequate further source of revenue. The remuneration to teachers may at first be small, but the incentive to work will be correspondingly great.

One of the problems to be solved will be the value of the course for practical and professional purposes. At present no one can practice in the courts except those who are admitted by the Law Society. Few will trouble themselves with the work of getting a university degree in law unless it can be made substantially, if not formally, equivalent to a call to the bar. The case is analogous to that of University medical students who are compelled to pass the examinations of the College of Physicians and Surgeons before they are allowed to practice, but the College is more amenable to public opinion than the Law Society has hitherto been, and its attitude has been more conciliatory and its policy more progressive.

The Law Society will by this University experiment be driven into a "hole." It has rejected a proffer of co-operation and reciprocity; it may find itself compelled to accept reciprocity without co-operation. Whatever the outcome in this direction may be, we hope to have before long from the University authorities the details of a well-considered scheme of legal education, and we hope to have for it from the alumni of the University and from intending law students such an amount of encouragement as will ensure it a fair trial. But the sooner the details of the scheme, even if it is not yet complete, are given to the public the better.

The cost of the city's arbitrations is altogether too much. The best way to reduce it is to ventilate the matter in the Council, and give the professional arbitrators and witnesses to understand that the city is not to be imposed upon. Men whose sense of justice is so strong that they are engaged to decide between the two parties and a true verdict give, ought to exercise their justice scruples in the manner of their charges against the city for services.

The Archdiocese of Toronto.

Editor World: Permit me to supply a hiatus in your item of yesterday headed "The Archdiocese of Toronto." Your reporter was perfectly correct in saying that the Rev. Mr. McBride opposed the petition of the priests. Also, that he asked to second the motion making the resolution unanimous—a curious change, wasn't it? But it seems very strange that probing things generally your reporter failed to discover that the likes or dislikes of the rev. ex-secretary are matters of little moment since May 9 last. It was not at all likely that at the meeting referred to, where grave questions were discussed, that older or more experienced ones should be taught or led by what we shall in charity call very erratic young ones. In union with other intelligent and earnest Catholics I sympathize deeply with the priesthood of Toronto diocese in the troubles they have borne silently and well. As a class they have been terribly true to the conservative instincts that would preserve the church without stain before the world, but I question very much if their policy of waiting were a true one. The undercurrent of bitter and almost anti-Catholic feeling that was fast raining force and sweeping through the Catholic body of Ontario would never have gained such headway had a similar proclamation of priestly rights been made years ago. I, for one, am glad that it is being no longer deferred. There is no Catholic, clerical or lay, who does not sorely regret the bickerings and scandals that were fast increasing and tending to the complete upheaval of the existing administration. The late deceased prelate saw the danger when almost too late, and fought it in his own peculiar style by sticking at those who would have been the most eager in defence of the very principles he himself was contending for. But if the rumor that is daily gaining ground be true, there are others who will and must bear the greater odium. I have heard it said openly that had the poor old Cobbinite been left to his own inclinations and had not the advice of those who wished him well been distorted and colored by certain cunning little tricksters who held his ear and ghoul-like preyed on the variable whims and fancies that old age inevitably brings, he never would have made the mistake that blackened the last days of a long and arduous missionary career. That these same people should now rivet their position and popularity with links from the chain of archiepiscopal policy they did their best to lengthen, is exacting just a little too much from the Catholic intelligence of Toronto. No more sham or trickery, please. There are too many sharp eyes watching.

Who has merit, let him stand on it! It will not fail him. But the man who expects to glide quietly to honors on the same tide that has borne along Catholicity for the past twenty-nine years in Toronto diocese will need a surer life-preserver than pandering to an old man's fancies.

WATCHER.

Toronto, July 11.

The Glorious Twelfth.

Editor World: I understand that to-day (Thursday) the Orangemen will muster in Toronto in great force to celebrate the bi-centenary of one of the most important events in history to us as a Protestant and free people, and it has been brought to my mind what a glorious thing, and how becoming it would be, and worthy of that great and influential body, taking as it does its life and impulse from the event referred to, if it were to signalize and emphasize its appreciation of this supremely interesting bi-centenary celebration by an act of chivalry and Christian philanthropy which would be remembered with thankful hearts by the fatherless and widows of future generations and would forever redound to the honor of the Order. The occasion for such an act lies at its door.

The ladies of the Protestant Orphans' Home, with which the benefactions of the Orangemen to that institution have made them familiar, are burdened with a mortgage upon the property of $18,000 or thereabouts. Every year the interest upon this large sum must be provided. What a burden and source of anxiety this debt must be to the lady managers, and how it must handicap their efforts in the work proper in the institution can readily be imagined. It must be remembered that this institution, though located in Toronto, extends its hospitable arms to every point of our country, applicants from all parts of the country being equally welcome.

Now, if the Orangemen would undertake the removal of this burden and so liberate this noble institution as to leave it to fulfill its special objects unhampered and with the free use of all the energies tributary to its work, it would be an achievement worthy of a body so intimately associated with all that we value as a free and philanthropic people, and which takes its stand upon the charter of our liberties, upon that book which places the case of the orphan upon the highest plane of Christian work. C.

—Sezoee dull care and dyspepsia. Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum is nature's own panacea for indigestion and dyspepsia. Sold by all druggists and confectioners everywhere; 5 cents. x

AROUND TRACK AND BASES.

THE TROJANS SCORE A VICTORY FROM THE HAMS.

Racing at Washington Park, Brighton Beach and Across the Sea—A Lawn Tennis Club Organized—Trotting at Windsor—Riflemen at Practice—Spots of Sport.

TROY, July 11.—The home team played without an error to-day and won a victory over the Hamiltons in a close and interesting game. Banning and Levering were in the points for Troy and Nyce and Thayer for the visitors. Troy scored one in the first and the Hams two in the second. The home team evened up in the third and added another in the fifth. The Canadians again tied the score in the seventh, but Troy succeeded in shutting them out for the remainder of the game and made the winning run in the ninth. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Troy	1	0	1
Hamilton	2	9	2

Batteries: Banning and Levering; Nyce and Thayer. Umpire—Emslie.

The Stars Defeat Watertown.

WATERTOWN, July 11.—The game to-day between the Stars of Syracuse and Watertowns was frequently interrupted by showers, but was concluded in two hours. It was the best game ever played here. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Watertown	2	5	3
Stars	4	6	1

Batteries: Latouche and Smith; Dundon and Shellhase.

Eastern International League Games.

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Kingston	2	4	8	At Belleville	9	9	4
Gloster-Somers.				Keefe-Baker.			

National League Games.

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
New York	5	12	5	At Indianapolis	2	5	7
Keefe-Ewing.				Healy-Daly.			
Boston	6	14	5	At Pittsburg	8	12	4
Sowders-O'Rourke.				Morris-Carroll.			
Philadelphia	4	10	2	At Detroit	6	9	2
Gleason-Clements.				Baldwin-Sunday.			
Washington	5	7	5	At Chicago	7	7	6
O'Day-Mack.				Krock-Flint.			

American Association Games.

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	4	8	2	At Kansas City	5	1	1
Cunningham-O'Brien.				Fagan-Briody.			

The Standing of the Clubs.

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Syracuse	44	11	London	29	28
Toronto	35	19	Buffalo	20	36
Hamilton	31	25	Troy	19	38
Rochester	29	25	Albany	11	47

NATIONAL LEAGUE. AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Chicago	40	20	Brooklyn	45	20
Detroit	37	23	St. Louis	37	21
New York	36	24	Cincinnati	32	25
Boston	35	29	Athletic	30	34
Philadelphia	29	28	Baltimore	29	33
Pittsburg	25	35	Louisville	26	37
Indianapolis	21	38	Kansas City	19	40
Washington	20	40	Cleveland	19	41

Toronto v. London To-day.

The Torontos, after a most successful tour, in which they captured six of the seven games played, will meet the Tecumsehs on the diamond here this afternoon. The Forest City nine has been playing such excellent ball lately that the game to-day should prove a close and exciting contest. As it is Ladies' Day there should be a large gathering of the fair sex, as they are admitted free. The home team will take occasion to "do" the men of their fairness, but they are certainly the neatest and best on the field this season. The shirt and pants are of white flannel, with the letter T on the pocket of the shirt. The cap, belt and stockings are navy blue, which adds greatly to the appearance of the suit. The boxes of the game should turn out and give the team a good reception. Game called at 4 o'clock.

Games To-day.

International Association: London at Toronto; Buffalo at Hamilton; Rochester at Syracuse; Troy at Albany.

National League: New York at Indianapolis; Boston at Pittsburg; Philadelphia at Detroit; Washington at Chicago.

American Association: Brooklyn at Kansas City; Athletics at Louisville; Cleveland at Cincinnati; Baltimore at St. Louis.

Dust from the Diamond.

This is Ladies' Day at the Ball Grounds.

Atkisson will do the twirling for Toronto today against the Tecumsehs.

Pitcher McNichol has returned to Hamilton, having been released by Belleville.

James McGarr, infielder of the St. Louis Browns, has been released.

The Torontos and Tecumsehs arrived here on the Cibola yesterday afternoon.

If Hamilton can't get the franchise Pete Wood will likely be secured by Toronto.

Manager Tom York of the Albany Club is in Baltimore in search of a good pitcher or second baseman.

Reardon, Walsh, Rowen, Mears and Fleishman of the disbanded Oswegos are playing with the Auburn Club.

Catcher Boyle of the St. Louis Browns has been suspended for poor playing.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Hamilton Association is to be held to-night to consider the sale of Visner, Knight and Andrus. Buffalo, Remsen, Carroll and McCloskey are to be let go by Buffalo if Hamilton does not want them.

The Stars of Syracuse are getting worried over their big salary list, and are talking of selling Second Baseman W. H. Higgins to the Boston Club for $2200 and Pitcher "Con" Murphy to Cincinnati.—N. Y. Sun.

It is thought at St. Louis that Tip O'Neill will never have his connection with the Browns. O'Neill has played very poorly recently, and Mr. Von der Ahe is considering the question of selling his release.

The Hamilton and Western Baseball Association is about ready to break up. All clubs except Kansas City are deeply in debt, and are running behind all the time. St. Paul is $2000 behind; Chicago combines and Minneapolis. Minneapolis is said to be between $6000 and $5000 out, and Omaha and Des Moines are behind to the extent of $2000 up to July 1.

The Utica Club has written to Secretary White asking him to find out the lowest terms on which Hamilton would part with hengfrancisco and the International Association. Secretary White in turn telegraphed to Secretary Dixon of the Hamilton Club, who replied that he could give no answer until after to-night's meeting of the shareholders. The Jersey City team has also made application for the first opening in the International Association, and will buy any franchise that can be got.

It is thought that the shareholders of the Hamilton Club will decide to sell the franchise at the meeting to-night.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Star Association was held at Syracuse on Monday, at which was submitted a complete financial statement of the club's expenditures and receipts by Secretary Bowen. It showed that every dollar of indebtedness had been paid. It was the sentiment of the meeting that no player of the present team should, of any consideration, be released or sold so long as he behaves himself.

Splashes from the Oar.

The Wise-Lee race has been definitely decided for July 26.

The Toronto senior and junior fours leave today at 12.30 for Sunbury.

The Argonaut juniors will likely leave for Sunbury on Saturday.

The Hamilton scullers, Dennis and Donohue, will leave for Sunbury on Saturday.

The big four-oared crew of the Queen City Rowing Club of Buffalo recently issued a challenge for a 3-mile race to any four-oared crew in the United States, the race to be for the championship of America and for stakes of not less than $150, nor more than $500 a side. Yesterday the racing committee of the West Ends of Buffalo made a deposit and accepted the challenge. The race to be for $200 a side, to be rowed inside the breakwater of the Buffalo harbor, date and final arrangements to be completed.

The Victoria Lawn Tennis Club.

The members of the Victoria Skating and Curling Association met Tuesday night to form a tennis club in connection with the association, and elected the following officers: Dr. Sprague, President; Mr. Albert Nordheimer, Vice-President; Mr. Casimir Dickson, Secretary. The success of the Victoria Club in its different branches of sport has been proved beyond a doubt. The skating parties last winter were decidedly popular, and from ten o'clock in the morning until ten at night the rink was patronized. The curling club, under the direction of the old Toronto Curling Club (whojoined the association in a body) was conducted in a satisfactory manner in the temporary shed erected for the purpose. The bowling club, with Mr. L. A. Tilley as President and Mr. J. S. Russell Vice-President, are to give a bowling tournament at the club grounds on Saturday. Four handsome gold medals and four silver ones are to be given to the first and second winning rinks in the match. These medals were generously offered for competition by the President and Vice-President, respectively. The new club buildings are well advanced, and by November the members of the club will have one of the most comfortable social club houses in the Dominion. The membership is already assuming large proportions, one hundred and thirty members having been elected, with the comparatively poor accommodation that the directors have been able to offer. This speaks well for the new west end institution.

Riflemen at Practice.

The regular weekly practice of the Toronto Rifle Association took place yesterday. Following are the leading scores.

Rifle.		200 yards.	500 yards.	600 yards.	Total
R. Reid	M.H.	27	30	24	81
A. Dumfries	"	23	27	26	76
W. Jackson	S.	23	22	13	73
Tom. Mitchell	"	23	23	19	70
J. M. Major	M.H.	25	22	21	68

A Telegraphic Rifle Match.

A telegraphic match will take place on Saturday afternoon between the Bowmanville and Toronto Rifle Associations, eight men a side. The conditions will be Queen's ranges, Martini rifles, seven shots at each range. Following are the teams:

BOWMANVILLE.

W. S. Russell. Dr. McLaughlin.
W. S. Young. John Sands.
J. B. Mitchell. D. Beach.
W. C. King. J. Curtis.

TORONTO.

Thos. Mitchell. R. McVittie.
Geo. Thompson. Wm. Harp.
A. G. Bonin. W. Macdonald.
A. D. Cartwright. G. M. Donnelly.
Waiting Man—A. D. Crooks.

Cup Day at Liverpool.

LONDON, July 11.—This was the second day of the Liverpool July meeting at Aintree. The principal attraction was the Liverpool Cup at 1 mile and three furlongs. It was won by Lord Calthorpe's colt Satiety, with Ashplant second and Tommy Tittlemouse third. Conditions:

THE SIXTY-FIRST LIVERPOOL CUP, of 1000 sovs. in specie, and 200 sovs. in plate; the second to receive 200 sovs. and third 100 sovs. from the stakes; by subscription of 25 guineas each; a handicap for 3-year-olds and upwards; winners after June 20, at noon, of any two races, or of one value 250 sovs., or of a handicap of any value, to carry 5 lb.; of a handicap value 500 sovs., or of any race value 300 sovs., 7 lb.; of two handicaps of any value, or of one value 400 sovs., 10 lb. extra; Cup Course, 1 mile; 36 subs.

Lord Calthorpe's ch.c. Satiety, 3, by Isonomy —Wifey, 116 1
Mr. J. Dubbins' b.h. Ashplant, 6, by Umpire—Cecropia, 127 2
Mr. J. T. Whipp's br.g. Tommy Tittlemouse, 4, by Berserker—Lady Stately, 101 3

Satiety was a great success last year as a 2-year-old, he winning eleven out of thirteen starts, the most important of which were the Fife Plate at Kelso, the Criterion Stakes at Ascot, Hire first appearance as a 3-year-old was at Ascot, where he won the twenty-sixth New Biennial Stakes. His next and only attempt previous to Saturday was at the recent Sandown Park meeting, where he won the Wellington Plate from a field of seven.

Over Chicago's Heavy Tracks.

CHICAGO, July 11.—This was the twelfth regular day of the Washington Park summer meeting. The weather was fair, but track heavy. The results are as follows:

FIRST RACE—Purse $400, for all ages; 2 mile. Creola Stable's b.c. Shotover won, Kleaner 2d, Roundabout 3d. Time 1.18.

SECOND RACE—Purse $450, for horses that have never won at the meeting; 1½ miles. A. G. McCampbell's b.m. Bonita won, Somerset 2d, Frederica 3d. Time 2.05½.

THIRD RACE—The Lake View Handicap, a sweepstakes for 3-year-olds of $30 each, with added money, of which $150 to be 3d; 2 miles. A. L. Ferguson's blk.f. Havillah, by Longfellow—Ida 3, 97 1
Ireland Bros.' b.c. Hindoocraft 2
W. L. Collins' b.c. Benson 3
Time—1.18½.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $300, for 3-year-olds, selling allowances; 1-1-16 miles. West & Co.'s b. f. Maori won; Mirth 2d, Tudor 3d. Time—1.54½.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $500, mile heats.

J. H. Thompson's ch. g. Business, 3, by Chillcothe—Ada B. 1 1
Crescent Stable's ch. g. Kensington 2 2
G. T. Hardin's b. g. Antonio 0 3
W. B. Scesman's b. m. Castilian 3 0
Time—1.52—1.53½.

Racing at Brighton Beach.

BRIGHTON BEACH, July 11.—Racing was continued at Brighton Beach to-day. Track heavy. Results:

FIRST RACE—¾ mile. Can't Tell won, Corcoco 2d, Savage 3d. Time 1.21.

SECOND RACE—Selling allowances, 3 mile. Miss Charmer won, Obelisk 2d and Mack 3d. Time 1.18½.

THIRD RACE—Selling allowances, 12 miles. Wayward won, Greenfield 2d, J. J. Healy 3d. Time 2.02½.

FOURTH RACE—Selling allowances; 12 miles. Gallus Dan won, Garnet 2d, Pilot 3d. Time 2.02½.

FIFTH RACE—Mattituck Handicap; 12 miles. Valet won, Cardinal McCloskey 2d, Charley Russell 3d. Time 2.15½.

SIXTH RACE—1 mile. Aure won, Vanilla Filly 2d, Valiant 3d. Time 1.19½.

Trotting at Windsor.

WINDSOR, July 11.—This was the second day of the Windsor Driving Club meeting. The results were as follows:

First race, 3 minute class, open to trotters and pacers. Purse $75, divided.

Wilbrino	1	1	1
Argyle	2	2	2
Black Deceiver	3	3	3
Little Billy	4	5	ds
Kitty	5	4	ds

Time—2.45½, 2.46, 2.45½.

Second race, 2.24 class. Purse $150, divided.

Brother Boy	1	1	1
Henry Kibby	2	2	2
Barney Lee	4	3	2
Lady Almont	3	4	3
Lady Almont	ds		
Kitty Dawson	ds		
Johnny Stranger	ds		

Time—2.37, 2.34½, 2.34.

Third race, pacing. Purse $150, divided.

John Dunoan	1	1	1
High Jack	2	2	2
R. R. W	3	3	ds

Steeplechasing Degenerating.

An exchange pertinently remarks that it is only a question of time when steeplechasing is eliminated from every regular race-course in America. The recent fatalities at Jerome Park have put the last straw that broke the camel's back at a track where cross-country sport has been tolerated and encouraged since the organization of the American Jockey Club. It was generally understood that the Jockey Club favored the abolition of the cross-country sport, when not divorced from regular, legitimate racing. The Washington Park Club has recently commended by many of the leading papers throughout the country for abolishing steeplechases at their meeting, and has received the hearty support of The Horseman for taking the wise step.

That steeplechasing has degenerated in the last few years is the fault of the jockey clubs for not raising the jumps. This would necessitate horses being properly schooled before they could perform in a cross country race. As it is now with the majority of American courses jumps are not over 3 feet 6 inches in height, and green horses race at the obstacles as though they were running on the flat and naturally enough they come to grief. No such accidents occur over the Woodbine or Montreal courses as are heard of at Jerome Park and Monmouth Park because the jumps are much higher in Canada. Steeplechasing should receive more encouragement from the jockey clubs as it ranks ahead of flat racing when properly conducted. Raise the jumps and not half the accidents will occur.

Cricket Field Echoes.

Kingston beat Napanee yesterday by an innings and 12 runs.

The following team will represent East Toronto in their match at Aurora to-day: Chandler, Cameron, J. H., Awty, Cameron, R., Lawson, Jordan, Cameron, D., Black, A. E., Parnham, Scaddingg, Cavan and Welch.

The Irish Gentlemen will play the following matches in Canada during the month of August: Halifax, N.S.; St. John, N.B.; Ottawa, Peterboro, Orillia and All Canada at Toronto. The match against the Toronto club has been abandoned.

Spots of Sport.

The yachts Verve and Yolande have been entered for the Belleville regatta.

The large training stable of Mr. Rue was burned on Tuesday night at Danville, Ky. Thirty-three fine trotters were cremated. Loss, $75,000. Some of the trotters were entered in the New York races.

No Change.

We have been so busy at the Waterloo House that we have been unable to change our ad. for some time. What's the odds when you've got all you can do? The specialty this week is the millinery department, wonderful bargains there remember. McKendry's Cheap Store, 278 Yonge, cor. Alice. ed

—Caswell, Massey & Co.'s Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Pepsin and Quinine, is recognized as the best preparation known. Prescribed by the leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal, agents. ed

Camping Supplies.

Mara & Co., grocers, 280 Queen-street west, have the largest and choicest stock of camping supplies in this city. $20 orders and upwards delivered free at Gravenhurst, Grimsby and any railroad station within 100 miles from Toronto. Send for their new lithographed price catalogue. It is acknowledged to be the best grocery catalogue ever issued in the Dominion. ed

LABOR LORE.

Hammer Blits and Trowel Tappings—About the Plumbers' Strike.

The Bricklayers' Union met in Dufferin Hall last night, enrolled a number of new members, resolved to excurt to Oakville on August 18, to continue the services of Delegate Faithful, to aid the plumbers with money and otherwise and to continue to act in conjunction with the other workmen's organizations in an effort to stamp out "scabs" in all branches of the building trades. It was necessary to clear a building in North Toronto yesterday as a protest against the employment of "scabs," but the dispute was speedily settled to the satisfaction of all concerned.

The Masons' Union met in Temperance Hall last night, admitted several new members, received a deputation from the plumbers on strike, to whom they pledged moral and material support, and decided to use every effort to prevent the employment of "scabs" on any building in the city.

The District Executive of the K. of L. met in Simcoe-street Hall last night and agreed to hold a picnic and demonstration on an early date.

The Tinsmiths' Assembly, K. of L., met in Richmond-street Hall last night and resolved to aid the plumbers' by every means in their power.

The Carters' Assembly of K. of L. met in Shaftesbury Hall last night, and amongst other matters discussed the advisability of forming a union independent of the K. of L.

The Carriage Builders' Assembly, K. of L., met in Richmond Hall last night, admitted several new members and elected officers for ensuing quarter.

The plumbers had a large meeting last night and enrolled a number of new members. The Strike Committee reported that every journeyman plumber in the city who could pass the examination was on the men's list either as now on strike or at work on the new terms. Four of the strikers were set to work yesterday, and four who were at work against the union rules were fetched off by the pickets. As the close of last night's meeting two men who had come from New York and started work in the city were escorted to the Union Station by the strikers and started for Detroit.

Several more of the cigarmakers on strike were set to work yesterday morning by the firms which have signed the agreement with the men.

The races which time did not admit of running at the strike picnic on Saturday are to be run in Queen's Park on Saturday afternoon next.

Amonster sign has just been painted on the Army and Navy store, corner Yonge and Temperance streets, by the Toronto Sign Company. This is the largest sign in Canada, and it vouchsafes the cheapest clothing store in the country. If the Army & Navy do all the big sign says they do, it's the republic this for, and plenty for two dollars and no shoddy, no matter how low the price. 135 King-street east, and 138 Yonge-street.

Canadians and the Presidential Struggle.

From The Christian Guardian.

It is curious that several of our Canadian papers speak so confidently of the victory of the Democratic party in the approaching Presidential election. The Republicans, they allege, are demoralized and divided. As the judgment of Canadian papers will have very little weight in the contest, they can, therefore, afford to maintain a judicial attitude. It seems to us that the Republicans have a fairly good chance of regaining, or not losing, in electing their candidate. The contest was very close at the last election, the victory being given to the Democrats by a comparatively small majority in the State of New York. Except that the loss of official influence the Republicans are as strong as they were four years ago. They are more thoroughly united. They have a less objectionable candidate. They stake everything upon the protection policy, and there is a strong reaction in the public mind for or wrong, that the decided majority of the American people are in favor of protection.

For Sweet Home's Sake.

Mothers, wives, sisters! why that patient hopeless suffering, those pinched, melancholy faces that sadden home and cause anxiety to loved ones, while so potent and harmless a remedy as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can be obtained of your druggist? It is a panacea for all "female complaints," of marvelous efficacy and health-giving qualities. The patient and sufferers from those excruciating periodical pains, "dragging-down" feelings, backaches and kindred female disorders, should use this certain remedy at once, and be restored to the blessings of health for home's sake. Of druggists. 41

A Forecast of the Harvest.

From The Canadian Advance.

While every one hopes for the best in reference to the harvest now ripening, there is one thing certain, and that is that the yield, on the whole, must inevitably fall far below the average. Fall wheat is not much over one-third of a crop, and hay is exceptionally light. Spring grains promise well, but the stern fact stares us in the face that unless the fields will not be sufficient to cause a general and healthful quickening of trade. These conclusions are reached after a careful examination of all the central and important counties in Ontario.

How to Obtain Sunbeams.

—Every one should have them. Have what Sunbeams are Photographs. $1 per dozen. Studio south west corner Yonge and Adelaide streets. 402

For Sale.

A rare chance to own a lot. By paying down $10 and the balance $5 a month until paid fo will buy a nice lot; beautiful situation, perfectly level land. A rare chance for investors. Apply P. O. Box 194, Toronto.

—Cucumbers and melons are "forbidden fruit" to many persons so constituted that the least indulgence is followed by attacks of cholera, dysentery, griping, &c. These persons are not aware that they can indulge to their hearts' content if they have on hand a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, a medicine that will give immediate relief, and is a sure cure for all summer complaints.

The Guelph Carriage Top Co.

GUELPH, July 11.—A meeting of the creditors of the Guelph Carriage Top Company was held yesterday afternoon. Mr. Charles Walker made an offer of 25 cents on the dollar, cash, and 10 cents unsecured. All appeared to favor the acceptance of 25 cents secured, but there are some doubts of the present offer being suitable. However, the matter was left in the hands of five trustees to report on, at Toronto, on Monday next.

—Dyspepsia and Indigestion.—C. W. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., write: "Please send us ten gross of pills. We are selling more of Parmelee's Pills than any other pill we keep. They have a great reputation for the cure of dyspepsia and liver complaint." Mr. Charles A. Smith, Lindsay, writes: "Parmelee's Pills are an excellent medicine. My sister has been troubled with severe headache, but these pills have cured her."

—The best tonic known, Dyer's Quinine and Iron Wine for neuralgia, indigestion, loss of appetite and general debility. Sold by all druggists. Prepared by W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal 456

Wanted.

$800—Wanted to borrow on vacantland for 3 or 5 years, $800 as 7 per cent. per annum. Property worth more than double amount asked for. Full particulars on application to owner. Box 57 World Office.

—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing.

Registered at the Hotels.

A. H. Dowker, Montreal, is at the Queen's Hotel.

H. Montague Allan, Montreal, is at the Queen's Hotel.

J. Miles, Chatham, is at the Walker House.

W. J. Canton, Buffalo, is registered at the Palmer House.

Hon. John Carling is at the Queen's Hotel.

B. J. Leubdorf, St. Catharines, is registered at the Walker House.

Alex. Dow, Oshawa, is at the Palmer House.

T. R Hughes, Florida, is registered at the Albion Hotel.

John McIntosh, London, Eng., is at the Rossin House.

J. A Stevenson, Montreal, is registered at the Queen's Hotel.

J. B. Dodge, New York, is registered at the Queen's Hotel.

W. A. Underwood, Detroit, is at the Queen's Hotel.

Rev. S. Cummings, Georgetown, is at the Albion Hotel.

Late arrivals at the Hotel Chautauqua: Mrs. Fisher, Toronto; W. A. Milloy, Niagara-on-the-Lake; Mr. and Mrs. C. Gamble, Toronto; R. H. Hubbs and wife, Belleville; Miss Maud E. Peake, Miss Phoebe Peake, Toronto; Miss Maggie Monahan, Ottawa; Miss Amelia Peake, Mrs. Lewis C. Peake, Miss Maggie Peake, Toronto; Rev. Thomas W. Jackson, Jarvis; J. J. Woodhouse, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Howard and infant, Mrs. Mercer and child, Miss Marjorie Howard, Miss Kathleen Howard, Master Harry Howard, Niagara Falls; John N. Lake, Toronto.

The crowds that throng our stores daily bear evidence to the fact that we have supplied a long-felt want to the citizens of Toronto by giving them reliable clothing at prices 10, 15, 20 and in some instances 30 per cent. less than they have been accustomed to pay for the same goods heretofore. The Army and Navy Clothing Store, King-street.

—C. A. Livingstone, Plattsville, Ont., says: "I have much pleasure in recommending Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, from having used it myself, and having sold it for some time. In my own case I will say for it that it is the best preparation I have ever tried for rheumatism."

CITY HEALTH MATTERS.

Peculiar State of Affairs in the Matter of Plumbing Inspectors.

The Local Board of Health met yesterday afternoon. Present were Chairman