

The Advertiser

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LONDON - CANADA.JOHN CAMERON, President and
Mng. Dir.

London, Thursday, Aug. 20.

The trial of Dr. Jameson cost the
British Government \$250,000. It came
high, but justice had to be done.The Macdonald nose has been rushed
from Ottawa to North Grey. A Con-
servative newspaper says it is ex-
pected to show which way the wind
is blowing. Surely it is not a bone-
less protuberance?Prior to the last Dominion general
election, the Nova Scotia Legislature
stood 27 Liberals to 11 Conservatives.
Now it stands 29 Liberals to 9 Con-
servatives. The tide has everywhere
turned.The eldest son of Sir John Millais,
who succeeds to the baronetcy, is un-
known to fame except the fact that he
is a successful breeder of hounds in-
sures him prominence. These heredi-
tary titles give many a man distinc-
tion who has done nothing to de-
serve it.Two new decisions in British law
are interesting. The courts in Eng-
land hold that for a servant girl to
go about with a dress fastened with
pins is indecent and is good ground
for dismissal. It is also held that
public libraries are "literary institu-
tions," and cannot be taxed.

The New Parliament.

The assembly of the new Parliament has given rise to a discussion in some quarters as to the significance of the Liberal victory which insured a change of Government. In their policy of sectionalism, the Opposition managers who are conducting the North Grey election have been pointing to the defeat of the Conservative party in Quebec Province as an indication that the country is dominated by the French-speaking population. It is true that in the majority of the French-speaking constituencies the Liberal candidates were elected in spite of the attempt to defeat them by the cry that they and their leader were traitors to their race and religion because they would not support the so-called remedial bill of Sir Charles Tupper. But it must not be forgotten that the Eastern Townships, where the majority of the English-speaking population live, as well as the English-speaking population of Montreal, give the new Government a very substantial support, sending the majority of their representatives to support the new Administration. The turn-over in Ontario, as pointed out by the Toronto Globe, shows a net gain of thirteen seats for the Liberals as compared with the position of the parties at the dissolution of Parliament; that is, they gained nineteen seats from the Conservatives and lost six seats that they held in the last Parliament. In addition to this, seven seats were carried by Patrons, McCarthyites or Independent opponents of the straight Government candidates. As a matter of fact, Tupper candidates in Ontario lost twenty seats which were represented by straight supporters of the Government during the last Parliament. As compared with the position of the parties at dissolution, the late Government suffered more seriously in Ontario than in any province of the Confederation, except British Columbia and the Territories. And but for the gerrymander the Liberal representation from this Province would have been very much greater. As it is, west of this city, with one exception, the Parliamentary contingent is solidly Liberal.

A Word With Letter-Writers.

A writer of a long communication on the silver question was politely requested by The Advertiser to cut his letter into one-half, and it would be cheerfully inserted. He declined to do so, and received the manuscript back. Now he makes it a grievance. We hold that he has nothing to complain of. A newspaper has constantly to watch its columns, so that they may not be taken possession of by long-winded writers. On a previous occasion, this journal gave rope to the same writer when he was opposing the single tax method of collecting taxation, and received protests from readers against allowing its columns to be taken up with communications of that kind, to the exclusion of other matter. In the present instance, the writer was informed that the reason why it was desirable that his effusion should be cut down by at least one-half was because more people would read it than would read a much longer letter. In taking this position, not only with regard to the communication in point, but in reference to letters generally, The Advertiser stands up for the interests of its readers. Letter-writers who desire to have the wide circulation of The Advertiser will no doubt govern themselves accordingly.

A Warning and a Suggestion.

The British Colonial Office has issued a warning for intending emigrants not to seek homes in Brazil. It points out that though some conditions may be favorable, the climatic and political disadvantages are great. We cannot see what sense there is in a British subject seeking a new home in any of the turbulent South American countries while there is plenty of room, a chance to build up a good home in a healthy country, and a hearty welcome from the English-speaking people of Canada. The British Government cannot do better for the old world, while giving her eldest daughter a lift, than by striving to divert her industrious surplus population to the vacant lands of the Dominion.

The Sewerage Scheme.

The Provincial Board of Health has unanimously approved of the proposed system of sewerage for London. There are certain requirements attached to their approval:

1. That the plan shall be operated according to the methods which have been found practicable to prevent any nuisance.
2. That during construction the sewage must be discharged into the current of the river, beneath the surface.
3. That a proper plumbing bylaw be passed as soon as possible.

The Late Hon. W. D. Balfour.

Hon. W. D. Balfour, the newly-appointed Provincial Secretary, died in his chambers at Toronto last night. From the beginning of the recent attack, there seemed but little hope for recovery, and though the medical men did everything that skill could devise to prolong life, the stricken statesman gradually sank, and passed away peacefully. Nowhere more than in the west will the death of this able public servant be lamented. Here we have learned to look upon him as a large-hearted, fearless, progressive public man. In the constituencies he was a party man, but he never was hide-bound, and after the day of victory—and he never was defeated—he served the people as a whole, not merely a section of them. In the Legislature, as in his local sphere of action, Mr. Balfour never was idle. He had the faculty, whether in committee or in the legislative chamber, of profitably occupying his time, even when the proceedings were of the most tedious description. There the pale-faced, sickly-looking member would sit, busy reading or writing, and apparently oblivious to what was occurring on either side of the House. When an opportunity time came, however, he would rise to his feet and deliver an address that proved he had been following the debate with a closeness unequalled even by leaders. It was this faculty of perpetual occupation which enabled the man to accomplish so much in so short a life term. Some have thought that he "worked too hard"—that his frail frame would have lasted longer if he had taken more leisure. He was accustomed to say that if he did not work he would die, and that when he could not work he would be ready to die. He toiled, too, with a purpose. So long as there was a wrong that could be righted, he could not rest satisfied, and so he labored on to the last, undertaking tasks that would have broken down many a man of less indomitable spirit. Had he lived, there cannot be a doubt that he would have proved a model chief of the important department to which he was called. He is dead, but his life's work and example live after him. They may with profit be studied by the young men of Ontario.

Mr. Speaker Edgar.

The hollowness of the cry of French domination, raised against the new Government at Ottawa, was fitly exemplified when the election of a Speaker of the House of Commons was proceeded with. Premier Laurier having proposed Mr. J. D. Edgar, Sir Charles Tupper, afraid to show the weakness of his following, did not carry out the threat of Sir Adolphe Caron to divide the House, but felt in duty bound to protest that the French-speaking members were being unfairly dealt with because Mr. Edgar, an English-speaking representative, was proposed as Speaker by the Government, and not a French-speaking member. One would have thought that if there was to be any complaint on this score it would have come with better grace from the Liberal French-speaking members, but Sir Charles rushed in with the objection, though every member on the Liberal side, no matter what his mother tongue, was satisfied with the nomination of the member for West Ontario.

It seems impossible to please the new Opposition. Its members have been so long in power that they find it most difficult to reconcile themselves to the situation of reasonable critics. While in the constituencies where Hon. Messrs. Paterson and Blair are seeking re-election, the most crafty appeals are made to any prejudices that can be stirred up by the false cry of "French domination," and the complaint is made that too many Ministers have been chosen from Quebec, here we have the leader of these politicians protesting that the Quebec contingent is being unfairly dealt with because another high office in the gift of the dominant party is not awarded to a French-Canadian, but is filled by the selection of a talented member from the Province of Ontario, whose

ability to fill the office is unquestioned. Of course, neither complaint is well-founded. Mr. Edgar was unanimously selected as Speaker of the House. He is an experienced statesman, thoroughly versed in the usages of Parliament, and, unlike the large majority of English-speaking M. P.s, he is an excellent French scholar. There cannot be a doubt that as presiding officer he will give satisfaction to members on both sides of the chamber.

They Were Sold.

It seems that one of the dodges resorted to by the canvassers for Mr. Henry, the Conservative candidate in South Brant at the late general election, was the assertion that if he were elected he could, by some mysterious means, prevent the concentration of the Grand Trunk car shops at this city. Those who were misled by that declaration are now after Mr. Henry's managers with a sharp stick. They learn that neither Mr. Henry nor anyone else can prevent the bringing to London of all the G. T. R. car shops west of Toronto. Such is the declared policy of the managers, and what they say goes.

A London Knight Failed.

Sir George Newnes, a wealthy Englishman, who had been successful in every other venture begun by him, recently undertook to establish a so-called "independent" daily journal, holding no political principles. The paper was ably funded, and many thousands of dollars were spent in an endeavor to get a foothold for it, and now it has suspended publication. It found it an impossible task to compete with old-established newspapers.

Hard to Make Choice.

Mr. Chauncey Depew has described Presidential Candidate Bryan's speech as a thing of "plattitudes," and to anyone who takes the trouble to read the speech in full as it was published in the New York Journal, the term must appear very fitting. The speech was for the most part a long and labored and weary effort to present the case for the advocates of the free coinage of silver, and from first to last it was a string of commonplaces.

Mr. Bryan had made a reputation in Congress as an orator, on the strength of two or three speeches, and high expectations were indulged in by his friends of his New York speech. It was to be the speech of his life, they believed, and he himself said. If so, it was a dismal failure. We are not surprised that a manuscript speech did not arouse enthusiasm, or that large numbers deserted the speaker before the utterance was half delivered. No other result could be expected in the sultry heat of New York city. But a written speech, by a capable man, ought to read well in the newspapers, and Mr. Bryan's does not. In matter, as well as in style, there is nothing in it to call for a word of praise from anyone capable of appreciating either style or matter. Mr. McKinley is a crank on the trade currency question, and between two such candidates electors of the United States who are not bound to either political party must find it hard to make a choice.

PECULIAR COINCIDENCE.

Hamilton Herald.
R. P. Leask, of this city, was born in Forfar, Scotland, within a week of the birth of Hon. W. D. Balfour. The two were christened together in the same church, but have never seen each other since.

AN ANNUAL PHENOMENON.

A few more weeks and then we'll greet The paradox of old—
The man who railed against the heat Will growl because it's cold.
—Washington Star.

MAIKE BANANAS HAMLESS.

Philadelphia Record.
The banana yields more food to the acre than any other plant, and yet it disagrees with no end of northern stomachs. This is because we eat it the wrong way. But the wife of a missionary to the tropics tells the glad tidings from heathen shores of how to eat the banana. When you have stripped off the willing rind, just scrape off the stringy and hairy coat that lies beneath the rind and you may eat your banana without tasting it all the rest of the day.

No handier edition of Tennyson's poetical works could have been designed than that issued by Macmillan & Co., London and New York. In dainty little pocket volumes, with fancy bindings, the great English poet's works are appearing. The latest issues include "Idylls of the King" and "The Lover's Tale."

Rider Haggard's stories have generally dealt with life in South Africa. His latest work is a weird tale of this continent. Its title is "Heart of the World," and it is a most interesting story. Longmans, Green & Co., London and New York, are the publishers, and it is printed in their cheap colonial greenback series.

Macmillan & Co., the London and New York publishers, have secured for their colonial library cheap series of popular works a big demand in Canada. Their latest issues embrace the newest books by Kipling and other noted authors. Balzac's "The Unknown Masterpiece," and other stories, appear in the same series. The Canadian agents of Macmillan & Co. are the Copp-Clark Publishing Company, Toronto.

Disease attacks the weak and debilitated. Keep yourself healthy and strong by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. John Morley said recently that as a man grows older there was no branch of literature which seemed calculated to give more refreshment or exhilaration than the study of Greek.

Pain Cured in an Instant.

LET RADWAY'S READY RELIEF BE USED ON THE FIRST INDICATION OF PAIN OR UNEASINESS; IF THREATENED WITH DISEASE OR SICKNESS THE CURE WILL BE MADE BEFORE THE FAMILY DOCTOR WOULD ORDINARILY REACH THE HOUSE.

Cures the WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes.

A CURE FOR ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach and bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency, and all internal pains.

MALARIA IN ITS VARIOUS FORM CURED AND PREVENTED.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS as quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pain from change of water. It is better than French brandy or bitters as a stimulant.

Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Perfect Digestion

Will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills. By their ANTIBILIOUS properties they stimulate the liver in the secretion of the bile, and its discharge through the biliary ducts. These pills in doses of from two to four will quickly regulate the action of the liver and free the system from those disorders. One or two of Radway's Pills taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the liver will keep the system regular and secure health by digestion.

Radway's Pills

Always Reliable. Purely Vegetable.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Constipation, Piles, AND

ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER.
Price 25c per box. Sold by druggists or sent by mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 7 St. Helen street, Montreal, for Book of Advice.

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INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY
PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS IN 20 DAYS. Cures all Bilious Disorders, Falling Memory, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emotions, caused by indigestion, gives vigor and strength to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores lost strength in old or young. Easily carried in your pocket. Price \$1.00 a package. Six for \$5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy on imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. It is sold by all druggists. Send for a free sample. Indapo Medical Co., Prop., Chicago, Ill., U.S.A. Sole Agents for Canada: Dr. J. H. Druggist, 400 St. Paul St. LONDON, ONT., and leading druggists elsewhere.

To aid digestion and lay up a store of health, use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum.

See that the trade mark name Tutti Frutti is on each 5c package. Save coupons for books and music.

Receive Treatment

AND PREVENT THE HAIR FROM FALLING OUT. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

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We Want You to Know

more of our confectionery. Call and give us a trial order. Prices are very moderate.

JOHN FRIEND
117 Dundas Street.

Advertiser Adlets....

Want Advertisements, Houses to Let or For Sale, Servants Wanted, Cost 10c. for first insertion

And 5c. for each subsequent insertion.

Give me a man that buys a seat of judicature; I dare not trust him for not selling justice.

Friday Bargain Day.....

August 21st, 1896.

CHAPMAN'S

ON GROUND FLOOR.

- 1st—Ladies' Fine Maco Cotton Hose, double soles, heels and toes, worth 30c, Friday for 17c.
- 2nd—Ladies' Fast Black Cotton' Hose, Hermsdorf dye, double heels and toes, ribbed or plain, worth 20c, Friday for 14c.
- 3rd—Ladies' Cardinal Cotton Hose, stainless dye, double heels and toes, worth 25c, Friday for 25c.
- 4th—Children's Hermsdorf Black Cotton Hose, double heels and toes, worth 15c, for 10c.
- 5th—Ladies' Colored Windsor Ties, worth 30c, Friday for 20c.
- 6th—Cream, White and Twotone Lace, worth 5c, Friday for 3c.
- 7th—Colored Silk Gloves, regular price, 35c, Friday for 15c.
- 8th—Ladies' White Muslim Blouses, laundered collars and cuffs, embroidery trimmed, worth \$1.75, Bargain Day \$1.
- 9th—Ladies' White Cambric Night Dresses, embroidery trimmed, worth \$1.10, for 79c.
- 10th—Ladies' white Cambric Corset Covers, trimmed with embroidery, worth 60c, Bargain Day for 45c.
- 11th—Ladies' White Cambric Night Dresses, fine tuck and frill, worth 60c, for 45c Friday.
- 12th—Ladies' White Cambric Skirts, embroidered flounce, worth \$1.25, Friday 79c.
- 13th—Men's Cotton Undershirts and Drawers, worth 30c, Friday 20c.
- 14th—Men's French Cambric Shirts, separate collars, worth \$1 for 59c.
- 15th—Men's Black Sateen Shirts, fast dye, worth 50c, for 39c.
- 16th—Boys' Black Fedoras, new shapes, worth 50c, Friday for 39c.
- 17th—Men's Pure Wool Cashmere Socks, worth 25c, Bargain Day 18c.
- 18th—Men's Pure Silk Knot Ties, worth 25c, Bargain Day 15c.
- 19th—Men's Colored and Black Fedoras, worth 50c, Friday for 40c.
- 20th—Men's Heavy Braces, leather ends, worth 15c, Bargain Day 10c.
- 21st—Men's Cream Honeycomb Outing Shirts, worth 75c, Friday for 50c.
- 22nd—Gents' Unlaundered Shirt—ask to see it—worth 75c, Friday for 45c.
- 23rd—One lot Dress Goods—finest range of goods we have yet offered on our bargain counters—including Tweed Effects, Serges, French Effects, Plain Cloths, Lustres, Crepons, worth 75c per yard, Bargain Day price 25c. See window.
- 24th—1 table of Silks, good assortment, worth 50c per yard, on Friday for 25c.
- 25th—The balance of our Wash Goods, about 150 yards only left, worth 25c and 35c per yard, Friday for 12 1/2c.
- 26th—14 pairs Chenille Curtains, 3 1/2 yards long, heavy dado and fringe, very nice, worth \$4.50, for \$3.25.
- 27th—189 yards only Silver Gray Crepon, most elegant goods, worth 75c, Bargain Day for 39c.
- 28th—Mohair Crepon, the new thing for separate skirts, worth 65c per yard Friday for 39c.
- 29th—Bleached Twill Sheetting, 2 yards wide, worth 25c, for 20c.
- 30th—Bleached Cotton, fine finish, 36 inches wide, worth 10c, for 8 1/2c.
- 31st—Unbleached Sheetting, 36 inches wide, worth 8 1/2c, for 7c Friday.
- 32nd—Colored Quilts, large size, worth \$2.50, Friday \$1.50.
- 33rd—White Quilts, with or without fringe, worth \$2, for \$1.50.
- 34th—10x4 Honeycomb Quilts, regular price \$1, Friday for 75c.
- 35th—42-inch Pillow Cotton, worth 18c, Friday for 12 1/2c.
- 36th—Wool Delaines, in dark colors, navy and black, with spots and stripes, worth 20c, on Friday 12 yards for \$1.
- 37th—Black and White Prints, fast colors, worth 10c, for 5c.
- 38th—Pale Blue and White Shaker Flannel, worth 12 1/2c, Friday 5c.
- 39th—Heavy Oxford Shirting, in stripes and checks, worth 10c, for 7 1/2c.
- 40th—1 table Scotch Chambrays and Sateens, worth 25c, Friday 12 1-2c.
- 41st—Navy Blue Serge, for boys' wear, worth 20c, for 15c.

ON FIRST FLOOR.

- 42nd—Men's German make Silk Coats and Vest, worth \$5, Friday \$2.
- 43rd—Men's Silk-Linen Lightweight Overcoats, worth \$12, Friday \$8.
- 44th—Men's Good-to-Wear All-Wool Tweed Suits, worth \$7.50, Friday \$5.
- 45th—Men's Fine Black Worsted Suits, stripe pants, worth \$12, Bargain Day \$9.
- 46th—Men's Fine Tailor-made Colored Worsted and Paris Cord Suits, worth \$14, Bargain Day \$10.
- 47th—Men's Good-to-Wear All-Wool Pants, worth \$1.75, for \$1.25.
- 48th—Young Men's Fine Tweed Suits, worth \$7.50, Bargain Day \$4.50.
- 49th—Boys' 3-Piece English Tweed Knicker Suits, worth \$4.75, on Friday for \$3.49.
- 50th—Boys' Odd Lines 2-Piece Fine Tweed Suits, worth \$2.75, for \$1.50.
- 51st—Boys' Blue and Fawn Serge Blouse Suits, worth \$2, for \$1.19.
- 52nd—Boys' Fine D. B. Tweed Sailor Suits, worth \$3, Friday for \$2.25.
- 53rd—Boys' Serge Knicker Pants, worth 50c, Friday for 29c.
- 54th—Ladies' Skirts—Serge Skirts, very nice and stylish, worth \$4.50, for \$3.50; Ladies' Cloth Skirts, worth \$4, for \$3; Mohair Skirts, worth \$5, for \$4; Sicilian and Figured Lustre, worth \$6, for \$4.50, on Bargain Day.
- 55th—Ladies' Silk Waists, on Bargain Day half-price.
- 56th—Ladies' Wrappers, leading line, worth \$1.75, for \$1.
- 57th—Millinery—See bargains too numerous to mention here.

TERMS CASH.

CHAPMAN'S

126-128 Dundas Street.

LONDON. - - - ONTARIO.