EVENING EDITION

London Advertiser.

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BY THE PULPIT.

Parnell Denounced in a Sermon at St. James' Hall.

Disastrous Storms in the South and West of England.

The Italian Government Sustained at the General Elections.

Steamer Calypso Sunk in Collision—A Schooner and Six Lives Lost—Scheme to Annex Luxembourg to Germany.

To Annex Luxembourg.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The Borsen Courier hints at a movement at no distant date to annex Luxembourg to Germany.

Persecuting the Salvation Army.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Russian authorities in Finland are persecuting the Salvation Army most virulently, even private houses where a few persons were assembled to worship being entered by the police.

Great Britain and Portugal.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The negotiations between Great Britain and Portugal are progressing satisfactorily, matters being much smoothed by the official declaration of Portugal that the Shire and Zambesi are free rivers.

Steamer Sunk.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The British steamer Calipso, 835 tons burden, from Mediterranean ports, foundered off Sangate, two miles southwest of Folkestone, after having been in collision. It is believed no lives were lost.

An M. P. Killed.

LONDON, Nov. 24. — Wm. Beckett, member of the House of Commons for the Basselaw division of Nottinghamshire, was killed in an accident on the Southwestern Railway at Wimborne, Minster county, yesterday. Mr. Beckett was a Conservative.

The Italian Elections.

ROME, Nov. 24.—The returns thus far received of the election for member of the Chamber of Deputies show the election of 137 Ministerialists, 3 Opposition Left, 4 Opposition Right, 13 Radicals, and 3 Socialists. The Radicals lost all four of the seats previously held by them in Rovigno.

Putting Up the Bars.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The proposed new tariff raises duties as follows: On beef, from 20 francs to 25 francs per double cwt.; on mutton, from 28 francs to 32 francs; on fresh pork, from 10 francs to 12 francs, and on salted beef and other salted meats, except pork, from 22 francs to 27 francs.

Disturbances in China.

Advices from China say serious rioting has occurred at Hoihaw as a result of a tax imposed on traders. Several of the Mandarins' houses were attacked by rebels, who maltreated one of the collectors. The excitement resulted in a collision between troops and the people in which four rioters were killed.

Won't Take It Back.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The Siecle says the Premier of Madagascar refuses to retract the insulting expressions he used with reference to France, and that he avoids meeting the French residents. This difficulty the Siecle adds will only be overcome by a formal policy on the part of France.

The Panama Canal Scheme.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Panama Canal shares are nominally quoted at 31 francs. Mail advices from the Columbian Government ask conditions for prolonging the period of original canal concessions which the liquidators here refuse to grant and their refusal is regarded as meaning the final extinction of the concern.

Great Gales—Six Lives Lost.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Heavy gales prevail in the south and West of England. Many vessels are seeking shelter. The Danish schooner Regina has been sunk in a collision with the steamer Primate. Five of the schooner's crew were drowned. The steamer put into Copenhagen for a harbor.

Eight Have Been "Removed."

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The inquiry into the murder of Gen. Seliverskoff has added nothing to what was previously known about the affair. All the Russians who were arrested deny having had relations with Padelswki. The Nihilists declare that out of ten Russian police officials who were condemned to death by their organization eight have already been executed.

Rev. Dr. Hannay's Death.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Rev. Alex. Hannay, for twenty years secretary of the Congregational Union of England and Wales, succumbed to an attack of inflammation of the lungs. Dr. Hannay visited America ten years ago when Yale College conferred on him the degree of D. D. He was ar able preacher and speaker as well as official. Last year he visited the Congregational churches in Australia, but, in his enfeebled state, the trip did him no good, for he simply did the work of years in as many months.

Dissolution Rumors.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—A rumor is current, and is credited, that Lord Salisbury, deeming the time opportune while the Parnell scandal is fresh in the minds of the people, has decided to dissolve Parliament in the spring. Advices urging Conservative associations throughout the country to improve their local organizations immediately have been issued from the central office of the Conservative party. Lord Salisbury attended a council meeting at Windsor, when the Queen signed the speech from the throne, which is to be read on the opening of Parliament.

Unless Parnell Abdicates.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Rev. Hugh Price Hughes discussed the Parnell case in his sermon at St. James' Hall yesterday. He declared that the non-conformists would never support a party that was led by Parnell, and unless the leader of the Irish party abdicated the Liberals would certainly be defeated at the next general election. He said that he had high authority for the statement that Mr. Parnell would accept Mr. Gladstone's decision in the matter. After Parnell had expiated his offense, said Mr. Hughes, he might return to Parliament and resume the leadership of the Nationalist party.

Backing Up Booth.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Earl of Derby has subscribed £1,000 for Gen. Booth's scheme of social regeneration. The Marquis of Queensberry sends £100 to the Salvation Army leader, and promises a yearly donation for the cause. He asks an interview with Gen. Booth, saying that he believes the General is engaged in the best work that a man can lay his hand to, but he desires it to be distinctly understood that he opposes Christianity, which, he says, has failed to help the poor. He concludes by saying he sends his mite as a "reverent agnostic." Other donations of £100 and smaller sums continue to arrive.

Jameson Defended by His Brother.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The brother of Lieut. Jameson writes to the Times a bitter complaint against Mr. Stanley's attack on Lieut. Jameson, after visiting his house and receiving his relatives' hospitality. He quotes Lieut. Jameson's diary in confirmation of the Lieutenant's own letters on the cannibal story. He says that Assad Farran hated Lieut. Jameson thoroughly and was glad to slander him. The Lieutenant's dairies, he says, are being pushed as speedily as possible, and will, when published, show that the reviled men deserved a better fate. In conclusion the brother quotes a letter from Stanley's secretary, written in February last and approved by Stanley himself, testifying to the chivalrous feelings, noble energy and high merits of Lieut. Jameson.

Death of Holland's King.

LUXEMBURG, Nov. 24.—A proclamation signed by all the Ministers has been issued, announcing the death of the King of Holland. His death, the proclamation says, leaves the country in deep mourning, but free, independent and prosperous. After eulogizing the late reign, the proclamation says that the people's gratitude and blessing will follow the King beyond the grave. Continuing it says: "The country views with perfect confidence the accession of the Duke of Nassau, whose chivalrous devotion has won the hearts of all. Promising fidelity and unswerving respect and affection, the country awaits the future with tranquility and confidence."

The King of Holland died at 6 o'clock Sunday morning. He was born Feb. 19, 1817, and ascended the throne March 17, 1849. It is expected that Queen Emma will be proclaimed regent at once.

For and Against Parnell.

DUBLIN, Nov. 24.—The Boards of Guardians in Ireland continue to adopt votes of confidence in Mr. Parnell. At New Ross, however, a very lively scene occurred on the introduction of a resolution in support of Parnell. Several members of the Board commented in strong terms on the conduct of the Irish leader, but they were finally voted down.

A public meeting was held at Cork Saturday to demand the release of John Daly, who has been in prison several years for his alleged connection with a dynamite conspiracy. Messrs. Healy and Lane, Nationalist members of Parliament, desired to put to a vote a resolution expressing confidence in Mr. Parnell. This the promoters of the demonstration refused to do, whereupon the two members of Parliament withdrew from the meeting.

In the Italian Catholic Church at Hatton Garden Sunday, the rector, Rev. Bannin, took occasion to denounce Mr. Parnell, whereupon several members of the congregation left the church. A scene of great disorder ensued, the people shouting "Mind your own business!" "Leave politics alone!" etc. On leaving the church Father Bannin was attacked by the crowd, and was struck several times. He was escorted home by the police, who had great difficulty in protecting him.

A Crisis in the Eastern Question.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—A crisis in the eastern question has been sprung upon the Triple Alliance by the sudden adhesion of the King of Greece to the project of M. Delyannis, supported by M. Tricoupis, to foment openly and assist a rising in Crete simultaneously with risings in Epirus and Macedonia. The Emperor, since his sister married the Duke of Sparta, has relied upon the King to beguided by the Dreibund's policy. The Greek ministers circulated that the Kaizer, in the event of Greece being defeated, would not permit the Porte to drive out the royal family. On the King intimating his assent to his ministers' schemes, Chancelier Von Caprivi and Count Kalnoky sent a joint note to Athens, warning the Government that in the event of measures being taken tending toward a war with Turkey, the Dreibund's squadron would blockade the coast of Greece and leave the Hellenic army to take insolated action on land against the Turks. The decisive character of the note stopped a blaze of war over Europe.

Dr. Koch's Discovery.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—Though confidence in the ultimate value of Prof. Koch's discovery does not abate, public disappointment over the immediate results of the treatment grows daily. Prof. Koch's assistants and others estimate the number of cases already treated at about 1,700. The greater number of these were suffering from exterior tuberculosis, and are progressing. There were comparatively few cases of tubercles on the lungs. The experts are beginning to concur in the opinion that a cure of this disease by the treatment is uncertain. Prof. Koch disclaims responsibility for the statement put in his mouth regarding his experiments. He blames the press for raising exaggerated hopes of instant benefit in every form of tuberculosis Prof. Koch only consented to the disclosures already made at the request of Minister Von Gossler and several of his medical colleagues. Every one in Prof. Koch's confidence supports his protest against the sensational anticipations regarding the results of the remedy. Prof. Stellwag, of the Vienna University, addressing the students, advised them to be cautious in expectance, believing only what Prof. Koch has directly stated. "So far," added Prof. Stellwag, "the possibility of the cure of lupus alone has been proved, while it has not been scientifically established that lupus arises from the same bacillus, that is associated with lung tubercles." An eminent authority on bacteria, Dr. Ullmann, writes: "It will take fully a year of frequent injections, besides treatment under right sanitary conditions, to enable one to form a reliable opinion as to the curability of consumption, either in advanced or in early stages." He believes the remedy promises good results in case of external tuberculosis, although, he says, relapses must be guarded against. Dr. Surycki, reporting to the Medical Society of Cracow, which sent him here to investigate, declares that even the cure of external tuberculois by the new process is uncertain, while he sees no ground for believing that it will cure consumption in any stages. Dr. Kraus, of Vienna, affirms the benefit of the remedy for tuberculosis of the bones, skin and joints, but does not believe that it will ever heal lung tubercles. Dr. Kraus was in attendance here for several weeks testing the experiments. Profs. Fraentzel and Runkuritz in their latest report confirm the opinion that the injections do not materially check advanced phthisis. They do, however, check early phthisis, but the bacilli may revive and reinfect the tissues. The opinions of a number of other experts, German, Austrian and English, all of the same tenor, are becoming known and tone down the excited public expectation. President Darnemann, of the Veterinary College of Hanover, predicts the application of the Koch remedy to cattle and swine, thus protecting farmers from heavy losses. Prof. Koch will prosecute a series of experiments with a view of discovering remedies for scarlet fever, measles, typhus and other epidemics.

ON THE WAR PATH.

Six Thousand Indian Warriors Said To Be On the Move.

A Large Body of United States Cavalry and Artillery Sent to Pine Pidge—Dakotans Take Refuge in a Coal Mine.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 24.—The Pioneer Press has the following somewhat improbable special from Washburns, N. D.: "It is reported that a band of Indian warriors numbering about 6,000 has cut loose from the reservation below us and is bending westward. The band is mostly Sioux. Considerable excitement exists throughout the country, and old-timers acknowledge that the situation is serious.

MANDAN, N. D., Nov. 24.—People continue to come in from the country bordering on the reservation. Provisions and ammunition have been moved into a coal mine which is impregnable, and which citizens and settlers expect to be driven into.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 24.—Gen. Wesley Merritt, commander of the department of Missouri, received instructions yesterday from headquarters of the army in Washington o send troops at once to Pine Ridge agency, the scene of the Indian troubles. Gen. Merritt accordingly ordered a detachment of the Seventh Cavalry, consisting of eight companies of about 600 men, under command of Col. Forsythe, and a company of artillery with a battery of four guns, commanded by Capt. Campton, from Fort Riley to the scene of the trouble. The troops left by special train.

It is learned that every soldier in the department of Missouri is in readiness to start for Dakota at a moment's notice.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 24.—Buffalo Bill, before leaving for Nebraska last night, declared he was in favor of taking care of Sitting Bull as one of the first moves toward a settlement of the Indian troubles. "Of all the bad Indians," said he, "Sitting Bull is the worst."

STANDING ROCK AGENCY, N. D., Nov. 24.—Maj. McLaughlin's visit to Sitting Bull's camp had the effect of stopping for a time at least the ghost dances held in connection with the Messiah craze. McLaughlin received a letter from Bull Saturday, who says he has taken his friend's advice and stopped the dances. The agent thinks there is no pobability of trouble at present and may not be this winter or spring. The excitement is all unwarranted. Reports of a massacre 40 miles south of the agency are believed to be unfounded.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 24.—C. A. Painter, agent of the Indian Rights National Association, arrived here last evening from the reservations of the Cheyennes and Araphoes in the Indian Territory. He says the Messiah craze has taken possession of the Indians there, and they have commenced a series of ghost dances. This is the first news of any general acceptance of the Messiahnic idea by the Indians in the Southwest. Mr. Painter says the Indians are not at all riotous or ugly.

A WOMAN'S WILL.

Her Babe, if a Daughter, to Have a Fortune—If a Son, Only a Dollar.

EAST SOMERVILLE, Mass., Nov. 24.—At the old Conant homestead, on Pearl street, about three weeks ago, Mrs. William E. Blaikie died a few hours after giving birth to a son. For weeks she had feit that she would not survive the birth of her child. Her own mother had died when Mrs. Blaikie was but a few hours old, and a former wife of her husband had also died under similar circumstances. These facts intensified her forebodings and she made every preparation for death. Shortly before that event she made the will whose strange provisions have just become known:

It provided that if her child was a daughter she would receive all her mother's property with the exception of her diamonds, which should go to Mr. Blaikie. But if the child were a son all the mother's property, with the exception of the dollar necessary to legally establish the son's birth, should go to her husband.

What led to the drafting of so strange a will? Why did this young mother leave her son entirely unprovided for? No one seems able to answer.

Mrs. Blaikie was the granddaughter of Ezra S. Conant, a wealthy wholesale grocer of Boston. When her mother died her grandparents took her to live with them, and from them she inherited a good deal of property. She married Wm. E. Blaikie, now an architect in Boston, and after the death of the old people went with her husband to live in the old homestead where she had spent her girlhood. It was there she died.

But why should she wish to disinherit her unborn son? No one can tell.

Sudden Death of Dr. McLaughlin.

ST. THOMAS, Nov. 23.—At 10 o'clock yesterday morning Dr. James McLaughlin, of Fingal, while walking from one room in his office to another, was seen to stagger, and as he fell was caught by Mr. Daniel Cameron, who was in the office at the time. The Doctor only lived a few moments. The deceased was about 55 years of age and graduated in 1862 from Toronto University. He first located in Duart, thence removing to Fingal, where he had practiced his profession ever since. His wife died suddenly four or five years ago. He leaves one son and one daughter unmarried. His sister, Miss Nancy, and three brothers—John, Michael and Thomas—live in Fingal, and another brother, William, is a farmer on the Oneida road.

Prepared by a combination, proportion and process peculiar to itself, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown.

The Handsomest Lady in London remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit any druggist will give you a sample bottle free. Large size 50 cents and $1. zxv

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Magical Recovery on the London Stock Exchange.

Jay Gould Spends $10,000,000 in a Week—A Heavy Failure.

LONDON, Nov. 14,—After a week of unparalleled anxiety, which on Tuesday dedeloped into a money panic, and which went near convulsing the whole financial world, the crisis is now really rounded off by the intimation that arrangements have been concluded for the continuance of the firm of Baring Bros. in the form of a limited liability company. Under the judicious policy of the Bank of England directors, assisted by the leading banks, the situation has become unusually strong. A daily material addition to the bank stock of bullion is made. One and a half million pounds in Russian gold is due to-day, 1,000,000 more is on the way from Brazil, 750,000 from Australia, and smaller amounts from European markets. The bank of England's reserve, it is estimated, will soon reach £18,500,000. Although entire confidence has been restored in the general financial soundness the prospect for cheaper money remains remote. The chief portion of the gold arrivals is merely borrowed, and must be repaid before rates are reduced. The Bank of England directors also intend to create a strong reserve independently of the assistance of France and Russia. The discount houses therefore expecting no decrease in their bank rate for some time maintain quotations at 6¼ for three months and 5¾ for short. On the Stock Exchange there has been a magical recovery since Wednesday's semi-panic. In fact the advance in prices has been rather too rapid to be steadily kept up, and may soon be checked by renewed selling, especially in view of the fact that other large firms besides the Barings have masses of unmarketable securities to dispose of.

Regarding the settlement beginning on Tuesday anxiety is no longer felt. Heavy differences will have to be met, but Stock Exchange loans can now be easily obtained, and the rise in values will greatly assist the settlements. Everything Saturday closed buoyant in high class securities. Consols took the lead. The violent drop in South American securities is almost recovered. American railway securities have steadily been tending toward better prices. A notable feature of the week was the public investing in the stocks attracted by the low prices. Securities closed especially firm, New York quotations responding to the rise here. It is reported that Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has asked the Bank of England directors to consider whether the time is opportune for the issue of the £1 notes payable in silver.

At Berlin, after a reaction towards a rise, there was a general steady advance in prices.

The financial crisis in London produced no great effect in Paris except among banks interested in Argentines. After this crisis wassed general firmness prevailed on the Bourse.

In Toronto the feeling is gradually improving in speculative circles, witn closing prices strong.

The statement of the New York associated banks shows an increase of $922,050 in the reserve for the week, which makes that fund $89,750 above legal requirements. At the corresponding date of last year there was a surplus of $1,485,200, and in 1888 a surplus of $12,311,875.

JAY GOULD'S COLOSSAL INVESTMENTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Jay Gould is again the master spirit in Wall street. From reliable information it is learned that Jay Gould has within a week expended $10,000,000 in the purchase of stocks. His investment in the stock of the Richmond Terminal Company alone amounted to $1,500,000. It is now believed he has practically the railroad transportation interests of the country in his hands.

SUSPENSION AND FAILURES.

The United States Rolling Stock Company has been placed in the hands of a receiver, Mr. A. Hegewich, president of the company, being selected for that office. The liabilities are given at $3,816,000 and the assets $6,053,000. This company is one of the largest, if not the largest, builder of railway cars in the world, and has plants at Hegewich, Ill.; Decatur, Ala.; Anniston, Ala., and Urbana, O. The plants are all to be kept in operation.

The Sheriff on Saturday took possession of the Sohmer Lithographing and Printing Company of New York. The company was incorporated in December last with a capital of $150,000.

Further investigation into the closing of the Stockbridge Savings Bank of Pittsfield, Mass., shows a worse condition of affairs than was first supposed. Henry J. Dunham, who practically controlled the bank, is placed in an unenviable light. Bank Commissioner Chapin states that the bank's guarantee fund is only $5,400, and the loans on real estate add personal security aggregate $211,000, many of these investments being very poor. The depreciation will be considerable, and depositors must suffer a loss.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Edward Brandon has announced his suspension on the Stock Exchange.

Edward Brandon was one of the oldest and most prominent members of the Exchange, having been admitted in 1852, and was considered one of the wealthiest brokers on the board. It is said that all through the recent decline he was a bull and carried large lines of stock, but when prices touched bottom, after losing a large amount of money on the bull side, he turned bear and sold stocks short, and was caught in the rapid advance that followed.

Steamship Arrivals.

Nov. 22.	At	From
City of Chester	New York	Liverpool
California	New York	Hamburg
Gellert	New York	Hamburg
Aurania	Queenstown	New York
Concordia	Glasgow	Montreal
Nov. 24.		
Caspian	Halifax	Liverpool

MONTREAL, Nov. 22.—The Donaldson steamer Concordia arrived at Glasgow on Nov. 22 and landed her entire shipment of live stock, 666 cattle, in good condition, except one which died on the passage.

Four Men Killed in a Hailstorm.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 24.—Word has been received here from Seven Lakes, in the Gallinar Mountains, Lincoln county, that four sheep herders were killed recently by a hailstorm. Sixteen others and 1,600 head of sheep are missing. The messenger says it was the severest hailstorm in the mountains ever known.

Miss Adele Frost in "Forget Me Not," to night at the Grand Opera House.

IT FELL THROUGH.

The Petition Against the Election of Hon. G. W. Ross Dismissed.

Special to ADVERTISER.

STRATHROY, Ont., Nov. 24.—The trial of the petition against the return of Hon. G. W. Ross as member for West Middlesex opened to-day before Justices Ferguson and MacMahon.

No evidence was offered in support of the petition, which was dismissed with costs.

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

Grand Trunk Earnings—Report that President Morford, of the M. C. R., Will Resign.

Return of traffic for the week ended Nov. 15, 1890:

	1890.	1889.
Passenger train earnings	$129,939	$116,395
Freight train earnings	264,722	311,144
Total	$385,661	$427,539
Decrease, 1890		$41,878

The Erie is still keeping up its special excursion rate fight with the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg.

The Transcontinental Railway Association has decided to advance all freight rates on Pacific coast business 10 per cent., commencing Dec. 1.

It is reported that the Erie's Susquehanna division offices are to be removed from Susquehanna to Elmira on Dec. 1 by request of Supt. Maguire.

It is rumored that Mr. J. B. Morford, superintendent of the Canada Southern division of the M. C. R., will resign to accept a position on the Union Pacific.

The work of double tracking the nineteen-mile Greycourt and Newburg branch of the Erie is progressing rapidly, and the month of December will probaoly see it completed.

About two-thirds of the reballasting of the Chicago and Erie, which was begun on its purchase by the Erie, has been finished. Interlocking switches are to be placed at all of the principal crossings.

A gang of track layers are now at work on the C. P. R., east of Galt, replacing the rails hitherto used by a much heavier article. The entire line will be re-laid as fast as circumstances will permit.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is getting a new right of way into Chicago and has obtained option on over 2,000 acres of land on the lake shore between Waukegan and Glencoe. The average price is said to be $600 an acre, or a total of $1,200,000.

All the roads in the Trunk Line Association and in the Central Traffic Association, with one or two exceptions, have formally agreed to the recommendation of the trunk line presidents that the payment of commissions on passenger business shall be abolished.

The United States grand jury at Chicago is after the railroads that have been engaged in cutting rates. A number of officials have been called before the grand jury to tell what they knew. The officers of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City are among those summoned.

Mr. J. G. Schwendler, of Rochester, general passenger agent of the Rochester, Kingston and Thousand Islands Navigation Company, was in the city yesterday. He left last night for Bay City, Mich., to look over the plans for a new steamer which is being built there for his company's line.

The Chicago and Grand Trunk has named George M. Bogue, of Chicago, as arbitrator to decide the question of differential rates on dressed beef via Montreal to Boston, and the Lake Shore has named A. J. Cassatt, formerly vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It is understood both gentlemen have consented to serve.

Methodist Women's Rights.

LYNN, Mass., Nov. 24.—The first church know as the Mother of New England Methodism voted yesterday 211 to 34 in favor of admitting women into the general conference.

Death of Banker Belmont.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—August Belmont, the well-known banker and broker, died to-day. Mr. Belmont's death resulted from a severe cold he contracted at the horse show. If Mr. Belmont had lived to the 8th of next month he would have been 74 years old.

The Whale Crop.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 24.—Up to date 37 of the Arctic whaling fleet have come into port bringing 13,537 barrels of oil, 223,203 pounds of bone and 2,180 pounds of ivory, besides several hundred fox, otter and bear skins, representing in value over $120,000.

The Gallows—A Horrible Scene.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 24. — Jack Maples, colored, was hanged here on Saturday for rape. Maples denied his guilt to the last. It was half an hour from the time the drop fell before he was pronounced dead.

At Yazoo City, Miss., Dorsey Edwards, colored, was hanged for the murder of his wife.

The Car Shortage.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.—The Grand Trunk Railway authorities are doing everything in their power to attend to the wants of the Ontario shippers. In reference to the alleged scarcity of cars, and the complaint that the shortage is due to the fact that Canadian cars are being used largely in the States, Sir Joseph Hickson says: "It is not true that Grand Trunk common cars have been used in the way described; in fact the reverse is the case. The local traffic has been assisted in many instances by the use of foreign companies' cars."

The Homeliest Man in London, as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to relieve and cure all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Large bottles 50 cents and $1. ywt

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

The great lung healer is found in excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Tolu, Tar and Tamarack
Cures Coughs, Colds,
Bronchitis, Asthma, etc.,
And all Affections of the
Throat and Lungs.
Buy it and try it.
Price, 25 cents.

The Deadly Wires.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Saturday morning James Tucker, 37 years of age, foreman of the linemen of the East River Electric Light Company, was repairing a wire overhead at Second avenue and Sixty-Sixth street. The foreman was suddenly seized by a fit and fell across the wires. The man was taken down from the poles and found to be dead.

The Switch Was Misplaced.

KANKAKEE, Ill., Nov. 24.—The southbound fast mail on the Illinois Central was wrecked at this place Saturday. The engineer, Ed. Barker, had one of his legs cut off and one arm badly shattered. The fireman was crushed to death. The accident was caused by a misplaced switch, which sent the fast mail train into a passenger train which was sidetracked to allow the fast mail to pass.

Bees Store Honey in a Church.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 24.—For some time the worshipers at the Windsor Avenue Church have been disturbed during the summer by the constant buzzing of bees. It was known that the bees were storing honey somewhere about the church, and to-day a steeple climber of local fame, with an assistant, got ladders and made a search. They found great chunks of honey in a casing under the eaves. Their operations were watched by a large crowd of curious people, whose eyes and mouths watered as the two men brought down big chunks of the comb, dripping with honey. The result of their labors was more than 100 pounds of honey.

The Windsor Postoffice Trouble.

WINDSOR, Nov. 24.—In regard to the suspension of Ald. P. Egan, clerk in the Windsor postoffice, Mr. Wigle says: "The disappearance of letters has been going on for months, and in nearly every case the missing letters contained money. A watch was placed upon the two clerks, but although every bait was used nothing came out of it, and then the suspicious actions of Egan dawned upon me. He has been seen handling letters in a suspicious manner, and a number of letters that passed through his hands had the bottom slit open. He was seen with the Rodd letter in his hand. He was seen to tear a letter up. He was followed outside and the remnants of the Rodd letter found in a pail where, in my mind, he threw them. A short time ago Clerk Ruthven distributed two letters in the general delivery for Alfred Dougall. A few hours after Dougall called for the letters, but they had disappeared, and in spite of the fact that Egan was the only one who had the handling of them after they were distributed, he said he never saw them. Egan will not say anything, only that he is not guilty."

Detroit News: A full investigation of the Windsor postoffice scandal is expected to be made at once. Business men express themselves as elated at the prospect of a turning over in the postoffice, an institution, they claim, which has been at sixes and sevens for many years. One gentleman, who is away from home a good deal, informed the News to-day that it was almost impossible to get a letter containing money delivered to his wife. On one occasion, when a letter was expected but not delivered, his wife went daily to the postoffice to complain, and, after several visits, Postmaster Wigle took her into his private office, produced a letter addressed to her, tore it open himself, handed her the contents and kept the envelope. When the lady remonstrated with Wigle for opening her letters, a clear violation of the postal laws, he merely stated that he wished to retain the envelope as evidence that the letter had been delivered. The same gentleman states that on several occasions letters containing $20 when mailed would only have $10 in when delivered. Another business man, intimate with the Inspector, says he has frequently asked the official, during the past five or six years, why he did not give the office a more thorough investigation, as it appeared to be impossible to get satisfaction. The Inspector's reply was that he had obtained sufficient evidence to warrant the dismissal of clerks in the office, but that no attention was paid to his reports at headquarters. "If there is any reason, political or otherwise, why the Windsor postoffice should be any more favored than any others in the department," said the business man referred to, "it is time the patrons of the office knew about it."

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