WEEKLY CALENDAR—NOVEMBER.

New Moon—2d day, 11h. 52m. morn., S.
First Quarter—9th day, 6h. 32m. morn., N.
Full Moon—17th day, 8h. 55m. morn., N.W.
Last Quarter—25th day, 6h. 55m., morn., S.

DAY MONTH.	DAY WEEK.	SUN rises	SUN sets	High water even	Moon rises	Day's length.
		h m	h m	h m	h m	h m
21	Sunday	7 20	4 15	4 16	11 14	8 55
25	Monday	23	14	5 8	morn	53
23	Tuesday	24	14	6 5	0 24	51
27	Wednesday	25	13	7 5	1 34	49
28	Thursday	26	12	8 5	2 53	47
29	Friday	26	12	9 7	4 12	45
30	Saturday	27	12	10 6	5 34	40

Mails—Summer Arrangements.

The Mails for the Neighbouring Provinces, &c, will until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows:

For Nova Scotia, *via* Pictou, every Monday and Thursday, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For New Brunswick, Canada, and the United States, *via* Shediac, every Tuesday and Friday morning, at a quarter past 8 o'clock.

For Newfoundland, every Monday, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For England, Bermuda, and the West Indies, every alternate Monday, at 12 o'clock, noon, viz:

Monday, April 29; May 13, 27; June 10, 24; July 8, 22; August 5, 19; September 2, 16, 30; October 14, 28; November 11, 25.

Agents for the "Protestant."

Rev Henry Crawford, St. Peter's
Rev Robert S. Patterson, Bedeque
Mr Aitken, Georgetown
D. C. Ramsay, Fort Hill
William Rogerson, Cupaud
James Bearisto, Esq., Princetown
Daniel Fraser, Esq., Belfast
George McKay, Esq., Campbellton, N. L.
Charles A. Crosby, Park Corner
Patrick Brown, Summerside
John McMillan, Esq., Woodville.
Rev Allan Fraser, Cascumpec.
Rev Alexander Munro, Brown's Creek
Henry Breshaut Esq. Murray Harbor
Rev. Donald Morrison, Strathalbyn
Donald Campbell, Lot 16.

Land Commissioners' Court.

[The part of the Report connecting that which we gave last week and the following, was published in February last.]

Hon. HEATH HAVILAND, M.P.P., before the Court.—Your Excellencies; as the agent for Sir Graham Montgomery, who has agreed to the appointment of this hon. Commission, and will be bound by its award, I consider it my duty to lay before you an abstract of the titles to his estates. The Townships partly owned by him are 34, 51 and 59, together with Boughton Island and Rustico Island. [He then read abstract of titles.] As regards the settlement of Lots 34 and 59, that question I consider was set at rest by a series of resolutions come to by the House of Assembly in Committee of the whole on the state of the Colony, July 22, 1797. It was then complained that in consequence of the non-fulfillment of the conditions of the grants, the improvement of the Colony was retarded; but one of the resolutions among other things states that Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 24, 26, 28, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 47, 48, 49, 50, 54, 56, 59, were settled according to the conditions of the original grants. The next resolution is to the effect that though Townships 7, 51, &c., were not settled agreeably to the conditions of the grants, yet as the owner, Baron Montgomery, had been ever active in endeavoring to settle them, he should not, in the opinion of the House, be disturbed in their possession. Sir Graham Montgomery owns no other land in the Colony besides parts of the Townships which I first named. Mr Douse is agent for another of the Montgomery family. I represent 10,500 acres on Lot 34, including Rustico Island, the rent of all which is £590. The average annual receipts for several years has been £630,—the arrears are thus becoming less and less. On Lot 59, I represent 7000 acres, the rental of which is £309, and the average receipts £150. On Lot 51, I represent 8750 acres, the rental of which is £362 5s 4d, and the average receipts £160. On Boughton Island, which contains about 600 acres, 541 acres are leased, the rental of which is £30, and the average receipts £25.

Coun. HALIBURTON.—Over how many years does your average extend?

Mr HAVILAND.—Six. A few years ago on Lots 59 and 51 but little rent was collected; but now a considerable amount is obtained, which shows that these estates are improving. The principal reason for this is the higher prices procured for agricultural produce?

Com. GRAY.—What is the cause of the advance in the prices—is it the reciprocity treaty?

Mr HAVILAND.—Yes; that treaty, I believe, has been in a manner the salvation of the Island. Montgomery has behaved very leniently towards his tenants. He has remitted arrears of rent to a large amount, somewhere between £2000 and £3000. Where lands were inferior they have been let in some cases at 6d and 9d an acre. There are no such lands on Lot 34. According to the Census returns of 1854, there were on this Lot 14,642 acres of arable Land; and the crops also were very large, the quantity of wheat being 6,874; of barley 4,764; of oats 67,235; and of potatoes 69,950, bushels. Mr James Robertson, one of the Delegates from this Lot, in his evidence before your Excellencies, stated that if the proprietor had a good title he would be willing to pay 20 years' purchase. This statement gave me encouragement to hand in an abstract of the title; and I hope it will be satisfactory. A lease was produced in Court the other day, for the purpose of showing that the tenants on the Lot were not at liberty to transfer their properties without the consent of the proprietor. It is true that some of the leases contain such a restrictive clause; but I defy any one to prove that it has been other than a dead letter. If any tenant objects to it I will give him a new lease. The Montgomerys have leased all their lands, including the fishery reserves, and receive rent for them.

Coun. PALMER.—Have they paid all their quit rent?

Mr HAVILAND.—I believe so. They have leased all the fishery reserves on their estates. On Lot 34, the reserve is for a free fishery to all Her Majesty's subjects; and I have come to the conclusion that when the reserve is for "a free fishery," the right of the soil is in the proprietor. In the grant of Lot 51, there is a reserve mentioned; but strange to say that Township is neither bounded nor intersected by any arm of the sea, as your Excellencies will observe by looking at the map. Lot 59 has also a reserve of a free fishery to all Her Majesty's subjects, and the case is the same with both Boughton Island and Rustico Island. With respect to Lot 34, I believe the proprietor could readily obtain 20s for the fee simple of every acre upon it. I could repeatedly have sold farms at that price; but the Montgomerys have objections to selling their estates in patches.

Com. HOWE.—Do you think they would sell their estates if the whole was purchased at once?

Mr HAVILAND.—I should think they would, as the interest of the money would be better than the rent. On Lot 51, some 30 or 40 years ago, they sold a large tract of wilderness land, as I have been informed, for 10s an acre. This tract your Excellencies passed through on your way to Georgetown. When sold it was called the Big Woods, but is now named New Perth; it is one of the finest settlements in the Island. The Montgomerys have not sold any of their lands for the last 6 or 7 years; or for 20 years previously, except a few farms on Lot 34.

Com. HOWE.—You have travelled over this estate a good deal I suppose?

Mr HAVILAND.—I have.

Com. HOWE.—Well, what is the condition of the people—are they comfortable?

Mr H.—On Lot 34, almost every settler is independent.

Com. HOWE.—To what do you attribute their prosperity?

Mr H.—Partly to their nearness to the markets, and partly to their industrious habits. Some of them came here without anything, and are now worth their hundreds of pounds. They have fine farms, and many of them have money vested on interest.

Com. HOWE.—Is there any money to be found on that Township?

Mr H.—It is to be found by industry. I could have sold nearly the whole of the Lot at 20s an acre, if I had not been restricted.

Com. HOWE.—Well, then, how are the settlers on the other Townships?

Mr H.—Many of them are in indifferent circumstances.

Com. GRAY.—What is the cause of their poverty?

Mr H.—They came here many of them very poor, and had to struggle up. I see a great difficulty for them, if even to-morrow they had the privilege to purchase, because I can show you that some of them who had their arrears of rent forgiven, are now two or three years in arrears again. In some cases, this state of matters is owing to what is called weak families, that is, the children being young, and not able to render any assistance. A few too have been unfortunate in getting bad land.

Com. HOWE.—What do you mean by bad land?

Mr H.—Land that is nearly all sand.

Com. HOWE.—Some of the land is said to be nearly all covered with moss,—is that bad?

Mr H.—It is inferior.

Com. HOWE.—And is there much of that?

Mr H.—There is considerable.

Coun. THOMSON cross-examines Mr Haviland.—In looking over this abstract of title, I observe the consideration is left out in one case of transfer; did the original state the consideration? It did not; but whether or no, it would not affect the title. With reference to Lot 59, I see there is no consideration mentioned either, except a nominal consideration? It might have been given for nothing to a friend without making any difference.

Coun. HALIBURTON.—I object to these questions; they are calculated to throw a doubt on the title.

Mr HAVILAND.—I answer these questions on my own responsibility, independent of the Counsel.

Coun. Thomson proceeds.—You are a member of the House of Assembly? I am. You get about £965 rent now? I suppose about that. Then that goes out of the Island, does it not to an absentee proprietor? It does. Do you as a legislator, think that course an injury to the Island? Common sense would tell you so. But the Legislature does not always display common sense! Were you in the Legislature when the Rent Roll Tax Bill was passed? I was. Were you in favor of the Bill? I voted against it, because I considered it was an iniquitous measure, inasmuch as it proposed to impose a tax upon the Rent Roll, and not upon the amount of rent received by the proprietors. You thought the measure was iniquitous; did you, then, move an amendment that the tax should be upon the amount of rent received? I was a member of the Opposition at the time, and as such, my policy was not to assist the Government of the day. You say that if through this Commission an opportunity were offered to the tenantry over whom you act as proprietory agent, to purchase the fee simple of their farms, it would be difficult, perhaps impossible for many of them to do so? You misunderstood me; I said so only with respect to a portion of the tenantry on Lots 51 and 59, a number of whom are in indifferent circumstances.

Com. GRAY.—You think it is an injury to the colony that rents have to be remitted to absentee proprietors?

Mr HAVILAND.—Of course it is. The money paid for the Steamer *Westmorland* to carry the Mails is also a drawback to the Island,—it would be better if some enterprising person amongst ourselves would furnish a boat.

Com. THOMSON.—Did it ever occur to you that these proprietors who sold their lands for a nominal sum, were afraid of the land being escheated?

Mr H.—Never; escheat had not been spoken of at that time.

Coun. THOMSON.—It never suggested itself to you, then, as the cause?

Mr H.—No, not even when you spoke of it.

Coun. Haliburton.—Do you think the rents on the Montgomery estate can be collected?

Mr H.—On Lot 34 they can; but on some of the other Townships there will be a difficulty to obtain all.

Coun. Haliburton.—You say from the general improvement of the country, it is becoming a comparatively easy matter to pay rent?

Mr H.—It is.

Coun. Thomson.—Did you ever issue any writs for arrears of rent?

Mr H.—I issued some four or five against tenants on Lot 34, because they had not the politeness to call on me at my office to make any settlement respecting their rents, though I had been four years in the agency, and had not dealt harshly with them.

Hon. Mr Coles.—I wish to make a remark respecting the tenantry on Lot 34. Though Mr Haviland may consider them able to buy their farms, yet the people themselves may not think so.

Mr. H.—I know the most of them, and believe them to be able.

Benjamin Davies, Esq.—I desire to ask Mr Haviland's question in regard to quit rents. Does he hold the opinion that if they were exacted, the whole would have to be paid by the tenantry?

Mr H.—I do.

Mr Davies.—Do you consider they were paid up to 1823.

Mr H.—I do not know.

Mr D.—As a member of the Legislature you must know. I say that it is my opinion the tenants paid the quit rents up to that time, and that Government officials destroyed the records: still I do not think the people can be compelled to pay them over again.

Mr H.—The tenants on the Montgomery estate are liable to pay all taxes, and if there be arrears of quit rent due, and payment of them be enforced, the people will have to pay them out of their own pockets.

Mr D.—Allow me to say that they cannot be compelled to pay them.

(To be continued.)

KING SQUARE HOUSE.

FALL 1861. FALL 1861.

BEER & SON

HAVE RECEIVED THE GREATER PART of their Fall Importations, consisting of a large and well selected variety of

British and American Merchandize, and West India Produce.

They would invite the inspection of the public to same.

A large stock of their usual choice TEAS.

October 25, 1861. 6w

BOARDING HOUSE,

— BY —

SIMON D. FRASER,

Corner of Queen and Kent Streets,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

☞ Commodious Yard room for the Farmers, and Good Stabling attached. Horses and Carriages to let.

S. D. F. is also Agent for the Rocklin Falling Mills, Pictou, N. S.

June 29. tf

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,

THE COMMISSIONERS ARE DESIROUS of procuring samples of the following articles, to be forwarded to the International Exhibition, to be held in London in 1862:—

Grain and Seeds, including Wheat, Barley, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover, Timothy, Flax, and Turnip Seeds, Vetches, Peas, Beans, and ears of Indian Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, and Pearl, Barley, Furniture and Cabinet work, Carriages, Sleighs and Harness, Samples of Island grown woods, Leather of the various kinds, Agricultural Implements, Model Threshing Machine, Boots, and Shoes, Preserved fruits, Meats and Fish, Hemp and flax, Bricks and Building Stone, Maple Sugar and Honey in the comb, Ship's Wheels, Blocks, &c., &c., Hams, Bacons, and pickled Pork and Beef, Dyed and dressed Skins and Furs.

The above articles are in addition to those advertised for by the R. A. Society, and must all be the growth and produce of the Island, as far as practicable.

The Commissioners intend purchasing a considerable portion of the above articles.

H. HASZARD, Sec. to Commissioners.

Charlottetown, Sept. 23, 1861.

CHARLOTTETOWN

MARBLE WORKS,

S. WELLS,

Great George Street,

Immediately adjoining Knight's "City Bakery,"

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Sept. 28th 1861. tf.

R. R. MACLELLAN,

ARTIST,

GREAT GEORGE STREET, - - - - - CHARLOTTETOWN,

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Oct. 26, 1861.

TYNES AND SMITH,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 39 South William Street, NEW YORK.

JULIAN C. TYNES. ADOLPHUS D. SMITH.

Sept. 21, 1861. 3m

TO LET.

THAT COMMODIOUS AND WELL finished SHOP in Sidney Street, lately occupied by Mr Rigg, with a good Cellar and Office. Rent easy. Apply to

M. W. SKINNER.

Sept. 21, 1861.

Novelties—For Practical Use.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK and for sale at Haszard's Queen Square, Self-heating Smoothing Irons, Gas stoves for boiling water in 6 minutes, Saw Kife for cutting up meat, Egg whipps only 1s 6d each.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Per Isabel, Theresa, Prince Alfred, and Gazelle.

JAMES DESBRISAY & CO.

Queen Square,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, BY THE above ships, from LONDON, MANCHESTER, and other markets—

New Black, Brown and other Seal-skin CLOTHS,

SATTARA & DIAGONAL PLUSH,

And other New

MANTLE MATERIALS!

A Nice Lot of

MANTLES

In the above Cloths; a superior lot of

Scotch Long and Square Shawls!

In Cloth, Cancassian, Diagonal, Honeycomb, Embroidered, and Bordered Cashmere, &c. &c.

DRESS MATERIALS,

In great variety, comprising the NEWEST STYLES, in

Winceys, Coburgs, French Merinos, Garibaldi Cloth, Check, Figured and Embroidered Reps, Black, Gros, and Glace Silks; Poplins and Mohair;

BROCHE SILK DRESSES,

Balmoral Linsey Skirts, Steel Skeleton Skirts, Velvets, Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Gloves of all kinds, FELT HATS;

White, grey and striped SHIRTINGS, PRINTS. Under Shirts, Hats, Caps, Fur Boas, Muffs, Cuffs, Gents Collars Cravats, Ties, Drawers, Braces, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

WELSH, SAXONY & FANCY FLANNEL, BLANKETS,

Cloths, Tweeds, Doeskins, Coatings.

TABLE COVERS,

Rep, Cloth, Damask, &c.

HOSIERY, HABERDASHERY, AND SMALL WARES, In great variety; together with a nice assortment of

HOUSEKEEPERS'S GOODS.

Superior Congo Tea, Sugar, Soap, Candles, &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL!

☞ The above Goods have been personally selected, and are offered with confidence that they must give satisfaction, both as to quality and cheapness.

Nov. 2, 1861.

KING SQUARE HOUSE.

CLOTHS, CLOTHS, CLOTHS!

BLACK AND MIXED BEAVER; BLACK Brown and Mixed Seal Skin; Black and Colored Doeskins, Broad Cloths, Mantle Cloths, &c.

BEER & SON.

DRESS GOODS,

IN PLAIDS, PLAIN & FANCY REPS, Winceys, Coburgs, Orleans, Alpacas, Robe and Flowered Dresses, &c. &c.

BEER & SON.

MANTLES, MANTLES!

A NICE VARIETY.

BEER & SON.

SEAL SKIN COATS,

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE—FUR LINED

BEER & SON.

COAT COLLARS!

RUSSIA PUP AND SIBERIAN LAMB Skins.

BEER & SON.

HATS AND CAPS.

FUR, CLOTH AND FELT CAPS, SILK and Felt Hats, &c. &c.

BEER & SON.

700 PAIRS

LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' AND Children's Rubber Boots and Shoes.

BEER & SON.

BOOTS & SHOES.

MEN'S, YOUTHS', AND BOYS', Ladies', Misses', and Children's.—A good assortment.

BEER & SON.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

IN GREAT VARIETY.

BEER & SON.

SAWS, SAWS, SAWS.

MILL, CIRCULAR, CROSSCUT, HAND & Tenon Saws.

BEER & SON.

TEA, TEA.

SEVENTY CHESTS, HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

BEER & SON.

STOVES! STOVES!

ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE SUPERIOR Leviathan COOK STOVES; a few nice Parlor Wood STOVES; Box STOVES all Sizes.

BEER & SON.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS INVITED to the above Stock; together with a large variety of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, WOODEN WARE, &c &c not enumerated,—all of which are offered at reasonable prices, by

BEER & SON.

Charlottetown, Nov. 9, 1861. 3w

GREAT GEORGE STREET.

IRON, CUTLERY,
STEEL, PAINTS,
ZINC, OILS,
NAILS, GLASS,
PLOUGH METALS,
LOCKS, TRACES,
LATCHES, SPADES,
HINGES, SHOVELS,
SCREWS.

SADDLERS' GOODS,

PLANES,
WEIGHTS, SAWS,
BOLTS & NUTS, CHISELS,
BEDSCREWS, GPARABLES, PLANE
IRONS, PAINT BRUSHES, AND OTHER
BRUSHES, TAILORS' IRONS, DOMB BELLS, SAUCEPANS, SHOEMAKERS' HEMP AND FLAX,
CURRIERS' TOOLS,

And a large assortment of other

GENERAL HARDWARE GOODS,

FOR SALE CHEAP AT

W. E. DAWSON'S.

Gibson's Brick Building, Nov. 9, 1861.

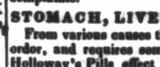
TRIPLE REMEDIES!

CURES COUGHS, COLDS, Asthma, Bronchial Complaints, and all Throat Irritations leading to Actual Consumption.

Its great feature is a freedom from every component which produces debility, and its unerring certainty in all of the above Complaints rests with the fact that it may be used every hour without restraint. Therefore from childhood and its terror, WHOOPING COUGH, to old age and its infirmities, allow it to be the companion from the cradle, and the grave will be spared many of its early victims.

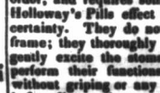
Make it your pocket companion by day, and your bedside friend by night, using it whenever you please.

Small bottles 1s 6d, large do. 3s.



Cures all Complaints of Nervous and Spasmodic character, such as NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, ST. VITUS' DANCE, TOOTH AND EAR ACHE, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, NERVOUS AND SPASMODIC SICK HEAD ACHE, to that terror of all Nervous dispositions, and probably the chief cause of Insanity, "LOSS OF SLEEP."

3s. per Bottle.



Designed as special assistant to the above named preparations, when aggravated by BILLIOUSNESS OR INDIGESTION, and the great substitute for all MERCURIAL PREPARATIONS.

The ECLECTIC PILLS, without the common fatal necessity of almost making a meal of each, will in most cases by the application of a single Pill, produce all the requirements of a sure, gentle, and reliable

FAMILY PHYSIC.

Let me have your confidence to make trial of the above named Remedies, as the only cure tribunal by which real character can be attained, and my declaration is that such confidence will not be misplaced. The greater justice, is to procure and read the descriptive Pamphlet to be found with all dealers, or will be sent free at

1s. 6d. per Bottle.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, PROPRIETOR,

Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist, Boston, Mass.

To whom please address all communications.

Prices within reach of all.

Fac-simile of signature over cork of genuine only.

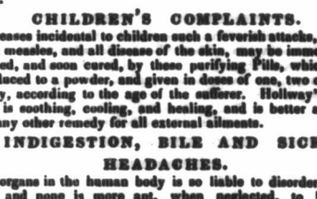
W. R. WATSON, General Agent for Prince Edward Island.

Also for sale by T. DesBrisay (Apothecaries Hall,) and M. W. Skinner, Charlottetown; and by all dealers throughout the Island.

J. D. B. Fraser, General agent for Pictou N. S.

October 19, 1861. 1y

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

CHEST COMPLAINTS.

No disease are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza, may always be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any overgorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and requires some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiency, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other consequence; again taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill" as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and billiousness.

WINDY OR WATERY DROPSY.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigor which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

DISORDERS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system. As they remove all causes of maladies, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

INFLUENZA, DIPTHERIA AND SORE THROAT.

How all important it is to check the first departure from health; all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath the earlier they are taken the better.

CHILDREN'S COMPLAINTS.

Diseases incidental to children such a feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all disease of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

INDIGESTION, BILE AND SICK HEADACHES.

No organs in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceedings properly Holloway's Pill regulate every functions, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

In these disease, the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Evil
Asthma	Fevers of all kinds	Sore Throats
Bilious Complaints	Gout	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on Skin	Head-ache	Secondary Symptoms
Bowel complaints	Indigestion	Tic-Doloureaux
Constipation of the Bowels	Inflammation	Tumors
	Jaundice	Ulcers
Consumption	Liver complaints	Venereal Affections
Debility	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Piles	Weakness from whatever cause
Dysentery	Retention of urine	&c., &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Scrofula or King's	

Sold at the Establishments of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand (near Temple Bar), London, also at all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 2d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d, 11s., 22s., and 33s. each box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sized Box.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

July 6, 1861.

!! CASH CAN DO IT !!

THE OLDEST CASH JOBBING

BOOT, SHOE & RUBBER STORE

IN BOSTON, IS

NO. 29 PEARL STREET,

[*Established in 1837.*]

Where you can always find goods of any class or quality, of

Our own Manufacture, or

FROM CASH AUCTIONS,

at the Very Lowest Prices, For Cash Only.

Parties ordering can depend upon personal attention on filling their orders, and at *as low prices as if present.*

CASH ADVANCED ON GOODS which can be sold at low rates.

CALL AND SEE.

GEO. C. WALES, Pearl Street.

September 9, 1861. 3m

The only *Genuine Pain Killer*, all others are Counterfeits, Imitations, or Frauds, and as such generally worthless, if not dangerous, and never to be trusted. *Beware of them.*

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

Pain Killer

We ask the attention of the public to this long tested and unrivalled

Family Medicine.

It has been favorably known, for more than twenty years, during which time we have received *thousands* of testimonials, showing this Medicine to be an almost never-failing remedy for diseases caused by or attendant upon—

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back, and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, White-lowe, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

See Directions accompanying each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost *every nation known to Americans.* It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the *missionary*, and the *traveller*, —*on sea and land*,—and no one should travel on our lakes or rivers without it.

Price, 12½ cts, 25 cts, 50 cts, and $1.00 per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Sold by dealers every where.

AGENT—T. DESBRISAY,

Apothecaries' Hall, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

January 20, 1861.

JUDSONS,

MOUNTAIN HERB

WORM TEA.

Herbs, Barks and Roots

VERSUS

Poisonous Minerals and Drugs.

MOTHERS TAKE HEED!

Do you when observing the uneasy actions of your children, consider that it may be merely from a mere Cholic that afflicts them? In nine cases out of ten, the cause of the little sufferer's anguish is WORMS, and should be at once looked to.

HEADS OF FAMILIES

Do not let your children suffer, when we present you to

JUDSON'S WORM TEA

A SAFE AND PLEASANT CURE FOR WORMS.

How much better and safer would it to be to have it always in the house. A little delay when a child is taken ill may often be the cause of its death, while acting without delay, and by giving the MOUNTAIN HERB TEA immediately, you will not only save the child a long and tedious illness, and yourself much expense, but also feel happy in knowing that you have done your duty, and perchance saved his life.

This medicine is combined purely of

HERBS AND ROOTS

NOT A PARTICLE OF

Calomel or Mineral

IS USED IN IT.

No more filthy Vermifuge will be used by those who once use this Tea. The only active principle of all other Vermifuges and Worm Killers is MERCURY.

GIVE NO

POISON

TO

YOUR CHILDREN.

Use this Simple, Safe, Vegetable Medicine.

This Worm Tea was discovered in an unusual way among the Wilds of Northern Mexico—a full account of it you will find in our Almanacs. Ask for the "Stories of Tola Almanac," of the Agent, and when you have read it, send it to your neighbors, that they may also know of and be cured by this GREAT REMEDY!

JUDSON'S WORM TEA KILLS WORMS,

Never Storms—is Pleasant to Take.

GET A PACKAGE—PRICE 25 CTS.

OBSERVE.—Always find the Name and Signature of R. L. JUDSON & CO., and the portrait of Judson, on each package of this Worm Tea.

R. L. JUDSON & CO.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

20 Leonard St., New York.

Judson's Worm Tea is sold by one Agent in every Village, and for sale by all Druggists.

Sold by WM. E. WATSON, Wholesale Agent for the Island.

Also by—T. DesBrisay, & Co., M. W. Skinner, Charlottetown, and by one agent in every Settlement at Wholesale by H. S. Burr, & Co., Boston.

Nov. 7, 1860.

CURE FOR

PIN WORMS

A NEW DISCOVERY.

THE ASCARIDES OR PIN WORMS, the removal of which has ever baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, and universally considered by them as beyond the reach of medicine, are entirely expelled from the human system by the use of

Dr. E. G. Gould's Pin Worm Syrup.

A Cure warranted in every case.

Relief afforded in twenty-four hours.

This Syrup is purely a vegetable preparation, and harmless with the youngest child.

SYMPTOMS.—Is case itching, biting and distress in the lower part of the rectum and about the seat, often to mistaken for the Piles, disagreeable sensation in the epigastric region or lower part of the bowels, restlessness, wakefulness, starting and screaming in the sleep, fainting, and not unfrequently spasms or fits.

CAUTION.—The genuine has the name, "Dr. E. G. Gould's Pin Worm Syrup," blown in each bottle, his portrait, and a fac simile of his signature on the wrapper.

HERVEY & MOORE, SOLE PROPRIETORS.

Address Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., 11 and 12 Marshall st., Boston, Mass., General Agents for New England.

☞ Sold by Druggists generally.