

ays

SALE

rick Cottage on the Paul's Ave. and ... with complete electric lights; immediate possession. This is a property. Lot on Terrace ...

CHER & SON

arket Street. and Auctioneer. Marriage Licenses.

SALE

xchange

acres, 3 1/2 miles from house, nine rooms, 24 x 64 drive barn, 1000 sq. ft. of land. 30 acres, three miles from good brick house, 12 rooms, two bank barns, 28 x 48, 1000 sq. ft. of land; part balance cash. 17 1/2 acres extra good grade bank barn 40 x 70 one acre fruit. A

wo story new brick ward, all conveniences, 1000 sq. ft. of land. Two story red brick with conveniences, North of city. 100 houses in city exchange.

Haviland St. Brantford phone 1830.

HERE!

are the Best in Brantford will soon be sold

nearly as good values. These, I am always at with pleasure. Come in to see. Electric gas and hot water. Price \$1,700. Modern house, good very convenient. Price \$1,500. New, Price \$1,500. Price \$1,350. Nice you a square deal. Fish to buy or sell please.

SMITH

Bank Chambers 355. Machine 233. EVENINGS.

LE!

White Brick Cottage lot. Ontario Street

orey White Brick with in Brighton Row

Cottage, Emily Street

Cottage on Rawdon Electric, gas and sewer. 1000.

Home on Sheridan all conveniences—Price \$1,200.

mediate possession. Storey Red Brick, with conveniences, on Park Ave.

Red Brick Cottage on St.—Price \$2100.

PARSONS

Five Rooms, 1000 sq. ft. of land, 1000 sq. ft. of land, 1000 sq. ft. of land.

r Sale

Ave., 1-2 Red Bricks, 1000 sq. ft. of land.

Place, near Cook's, 1000 sq. ft. of land, 1000 sq. ft. of land.

Ave., Cottage, with 1000 sq. ft. of land, 1000 sq. ft. of land.

Ave., 1000 sq. ft. of land, 1000 sq. ft. of land.

Rooming House, Home, all conveniences, 1000 sq. ft. of land, 1000 sq. ft. of land.

at, Alice St.

Exchange

ORE STREET.

Buy Victory Bonds Over Here to Win Over There!

BRANTFORD DAILY COURIER.

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 30, 1918.

TWO CENTS

ALLIES COMPLETE AUSTRIAN ROUT

ENEMY LINES EAST OF PIAVE BREACHED

Italian, British And French Forces Pour Through Gap Torn In Austrian Defenses; Enemy Resistance Weakened By Demoralization of Army

By Courier Leased Wire.
NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The Associated Press this morning issued the following:
One year ago the Italian armies were streaming westward from the Isonzo with a great military disaster imminent. Today the Italians, with British and French divisions fighting with them, are pouring through what appears to be a breach in the Austrian lines east of the Piave river. Val Dobbiadene has been captured, Conegliano has been occupied and along a line stretching south to the Treviso-Oderzo railway the Allies are moving steadily ahead. Prisoners numbering over 20,000 have been taken during the fighting.

Reports from the Piave front seem to indicate that, after the first rush of the Allies, the Austrian resistance weakened greatly, and there are indications that along the center of the line the enemy's defense has been crushed. The sweep of the Allies eastward appears to have gained momentum during the past day, and it seems probable that the next few days may see the whole Austrian army fronting on the Piave in retreat toward the Tagliamento.

Not only are the Austrian lines south of that town they are moving yielding on the Piave front, but ahead in spite of desperate resistance on the part of the enemy. North of the town the Allies are reported to be advancing. The capture of Conegliano is considered a fatal blow to the enemy's defenses to hold north of the line, where the Allies' wedge has been driven deep into Austrian lines.

Bitter fighting has been going on in the Meuse sector during the past day or two. East of the Meuse the Germans have been heavily bombarding the American lines and back areas with gas and high explosive shells. American long-range artillery has been pounding the German supply lines at Conflans.

West of Argonne forest the French have begun an attack which promises to promise the turning of the Aisne line, which is the main obstacle to the French advance immediately west of the Argonne in the region of Vouziers. The new attack was over the front from St. Quentin-Le-Petit to Herpy, north of the Aisne and progress made in the first few hours of the onslaught, indicated that important results are within reach.

On the Oise-Serre front the French are slowly tightening their hold on the lines about Guise, while

ENEMY STILL RETREATING

By Courier Leased Wire.
Italian Headquarters on the Piave, Tuesday, Oct. 29.—(By the Associated Press)—Austrian forces are retreating under ever-increasing pressure, and it is felt that the attack against the enemy will become overwhelming as soon as the entire Allied force can enter the action.

With three successive days of fair weather, an extremely large body of troops, with supplies, has crossed the pontoons over the Piave. It is expected that the Austrian mountain supplies will give out. There are indications that the enemy's heavy artillery is being withdrawn in an effort to save the big guns.

The American Red Cross is preparing to assist the Italian population in towns evacuated by the Austrians. The majority of these people are old men and women and children. For ten miles back from the

WEATHER BULLETIN

Toronto, Oct. 30.—The trough of low pressure mentioned yesterday is moving slowly eastward and showery weather prevails from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces. In the west it has been cool with light rain or snow in a few places. Forecasts: Moderate south-west to west winds, cloudy with scattered showers. Thursday, north-west winds and cooler.

"Zimmie"



REFUGEES FROM BELGIUM FLEE INTO HOLLAND

Influx Not Nearly So Great as Anticipated, However

By Courier Leased Wire.
Amsterdam, Oct. 29.—When the German retreat in Belgium began it was expected that 250,000 refugees would seek safety in Holland. Up till Saturday night however, only a small fraction of this number had arrived. It is estimated that about 7,000 had passed through the wire gates marking the Dutch-Belgian frontier. On Friday alone, 4,956 arrived. All but thirteen were French people from the districts of Valenciennes, Douai, Cambrai and Quenoy.

There is no congestion as in 1914, when the mass of refugees from Belgium threatened to overwhelm the hurriedly organized bands of willing helpers.

This time the stream began to trickle in slowly. At first several hundred arrived each day, but the number has now increased to thousands. However, there has been time to organize all the frontier centres of the Dutch provinces and a thousand additional prisoners were captured to-day. Monte Grappa has been attacked and the enemy, however, but the action resulted in his repulse. King Victor Emmanuel visited the reconquered territory to-day. The correspondent saw him helping to straighten out traffic on a crowded road over which Italian troops and thousands of Austrian prisoners were passing. The Italians cheered the King, who smiled and shook hands with the Italian soldiers nearest him. More than 20,000 prisoners have been captured since the attack began.

Italian Statement.
Rome, Tuesday, Oct. 29.—The text of the official statement issued at the war office to-night reads: "The enemy attacked frontally by the Eighth and Twelfth armies, and threatened on his flank by the Tenth army, has been forced to abandon the heights on the left bank of the Piave, and, hard pressed by our troops, is retreating."

"Several more villages have been liberated. Closely following the enemy, who blew up the bridges across the Mount Ciano, we entered Conegliano, and, hard pressed by our troops, is retreating."

"The capture of another thousand prisoners is announced, and more than 150 guns have been taken. Many of these of medium and heavy calibre. A good part of those captured are already in action against the enemy."

CHURCHES WILL BE ALLOWED TO OPEN SUNDAY

Morning Services May be Held—Also Victory Loan Meetings Authorized

By Courier Leased Wire.
Paris, Oct. 30.—(Havas).—The Czech-Slovak council of state, has decided to make Presburg the capital of Slovakia, according to the newspapers here.

Presburg is situated on the north bank of the Danube, 24 miles south-east of Vienna. It is beautifully situated near the western extremity of the Carpathians and is one of the finest cities in Hungary. Hungarian kings were crowned at the cathedral of St. Martin at Presburg for centuries. The population of the city in 1900 was 651,537. It was announced recently that the Czech-Slovak council had changed the name of Presburg to Wilsonstadt, in honor of President Wilson.

ABOVE SUBSCRIPTIONS DO NOT INCLUDE FULL COUNTY RETURNS

YESTERDAY GOOD DAY

"\$191,200 and still going strong" Victory Loan Headquarters reported to the Courier at noon to-day. These figures are for total subscriptions secured in the city during the first two days of the drive, and do not include all of the county returns or any of the money raised this morning.

The city canvassers yesterday raised \$21,000, the Dominion Steel Products company, \$47,000 was subscribed through bank direct sales and the canvassers themselves invested \$20,000, making a total of \$121,000 for the second day of the campaign. Last year, the second day yielded \$65,000.

The only county returns yet received are \$400 from Paris and \$500 from Brantford township. Collectors are all unanimous in expressing their appreciation of the generosity with which their canvass is being made, but who couldn't afford to be generous, when generosity brings 5-1/2 per cent interest on the soundest security in the world. Every collector can cite cases of individual subscriptions, taken in the least expected quarters. Every branch of the campaign is now going with a swing, and nothing short of an earthquake or some like cataclysm can prevent Brant county from winning its honor flag by going over its objective of \$500,000. There are no more enthusiastic! (Continued on Page Six.)

SECOND NOTE OF FOREIGN MINISTER INDICATES THE SERIOUSNESS OF SITUATION

Austria is in Desperate Plight, Her Power of Resistance is Exhausted; Fears Anger of Berlin in Consequence of Her Contemplated Defection From Alliance

By Courier Leased Wire.
PARIS, Oct. 30.—The second note of Count Julius Andrássy, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, to President Wilson, is interpreted as evidence that Austria is in a desperate plight, and has exhausted her powers of resistance.

The Danubian monarchy seeks an issue all the more promptly because it knows of the anger aroused across the Rhine by its defection, and the desire of vengeance which inspires the Berlin cabinet," says The Petit Parisien and other newspapers.

Other writers strike a note of caution. It is essential that Entente troops have every latitude in occupying regions, the inhabitants of which expect from us the fulfillment of solemn promises. It is also essential that, in the event of Germany not accepting our conditions for an armistice, the territory of the monarchy shall not constitute an obstacle to our military operations," says The Matin.

Lieut.-Col. De Thomasson in The Petit Journal says: Prospects for an armistice, presented separately by Germany and Austria-Hungary, place the Allied governments in the presence of a delicate problem. We must decide to which of the two powers we shall first state our conditions. The solution which is adopted will evidently not modify the issue of the war, but may have the effect of lengthening hostilities.

GERMANY A WAITING TERMS

By Courier Leased Wire.
Washington, Oct. 30.—(Bulletin).—Another note from the German government reached Washington today. It supplements the last brief communication saying armistice terms were awaited by reciting in detail governmental changes which have been taken in Germany as evidence that the kaiser has been deprived of all power of making war and negotiating peace.

This time the Germans do not address President Wilson personally, but send the information for the American government, apparently recognizing that the stage of personal appeals has passed with the transmission of their armistice and peace plea to the allies.

It reiterates that the actual power and responsibility of the government has been transferred to the Reichstag and describes the progress of the necessary constitutional changes.

The note probably will be forwarded immediately to Paris where the Supreme War Council already is reported to have formulated terms upon which the United States and the allies might permit a cessation of hostilities.

As word of the new German move came it was learned that President Wilson was working today on a reply to the last note from Vienna, in which the Austrian government accepted all principles and conditions of the President's peace proposals.

The reply which probably will be made public before night is expected to inform the authorities at Vienna that on the basis of acceptance of all conditions, including actual independence and note mere autonomy for subject nationalities their request has been referred to the governments with which the United States is associated.

Although officials here regard the Austro-Hungarian situation as far from clarified and are loath to question how far the government at Vienna now is qualified to speak for anyone, the understanding is that they are to be dealt with on the theory that as in the case of the Germans, acceptance of armistice terms amounting to surrender in the field will be the best guarantee of faithful performance of any promises.

336 PERSONS PERISHED.
Victoria, B.C., Oct. 29.—A Canadian Pacific Railway officials revised list of the number of persons on the steamer Princess Sophia, issued to-day says there were 263 passengers and 66 in the crew, making a total of 336 persons aboard the ill-fated vessel.