question you to-day upon one other point as the learned advocate "Public Opinion," seems to think it important that the examination on the same, should not be delayed; Mr. Attorney put your question.

Q.--Pray tell me, Mr. Kimpton, who wrote that funny article in respect to the "New Education Board," in which one Arthur—I forget his surname, is so blarneyed, and foisted on the public as a "lion," possessing peculiar qualifications for the head thereof, and as having great talents as a "property lawyer."

A.—Upon my honor I can't speak positively as to this question, but it strikes me it must have been the "gentleman from Derbyshire," judging, as I do, from the style being so rambling and erratic, and *wasting that "enlightenment which the Habitants don't much care about* but which men of ordinary capacities in this country have a strong predeliction for.

Alderman Useful (speaking aside).—Enlightenment! Enlightenment--where the devil did the fellow pick that word up?

Alderman Quagmire having called for Alderman Useful, the latter descended from the Bench, and they walked off, arm in arm, for the small Court, Alderman Useful having previously remanded Billy Kimpton for a further examination, on Friday week next.—*Communicated.*

* Vide a recent number of the Canillus.

To the Editor of the TRANSCRIPT.

MR. EDITOR,—The demi-official tone assumed by "Q." in the No. of Saturday last, leaves little doubt from what quarter the studied incubation comes. We feel for the wounded vanity of its author, and pity his condition; but leaving verbal criticisms to the minute intellect of "Q," we should have been delighted to have heard one syllable of excuse or justification urged, in relation to the late appointments. Does "Q." attempt to shew that either Mr. Dunkin or the Honble Mr. Petre possesses any of the requisite qualifications necessary to enable them to discharge adequately the arduous duties of their respective offices? No, not one word about that, but instead, the writer inflicts remorselessly one whole column of special pleading upon the public, having no reference whatever to the merits of the question. "Q" possesses the talent of writing articles *apropos des bottes.* The profound nonsense of "Q" may be appreciated from a few extracts, culled indiscriminately from his bright effusion. "Q." pompously begins by "imagining that the influence of the grave and important matters which now demand the anxious attention of the public," had silenced all opposition, or as "Q" more pugnaciously expresses it, "had forever annihilated those pigmy scribes who make themselves ridiculous in the pages of newspapers, by foisting on us their own silly views, and crude and shallow projects, as matters of vast importance to the world at large." We never entertained the idea for an instant that the "world at large" cared any thing about the matter which first induced us to take up our pen. The world at large, we presume, takes as little interest in the professor of a vagrant science, as it does in the *tenth transmitter of a foolish race,* but we do think that the grave and important matters now under the consideration of the government, ought to call forth the talent in the country, and not be submitted to mere mercenaries, who are always to be found in myriads, fawning round wealth and riches. Without sneering at "imported writers," and freely admitting that literature is in itself a very good thing, we nevertheless maintain that all the "grave and important matters" which may now be under the consideration of such profound pundits as "Q," would have been equally well investigated by persons native of, or residing in, Canada, whose sense of justice could have risen superior to party feeling upon questions of such moment as those appear to be which startle the timid mind of "Q." If we may judge from what "Q" says about the "commercial community suffering under the influence of heinous laws," we may infer that "Q." himself is not altogether divested of party feeling upon particular subjects. "It will," quoth "Q." "be a matter of surprise to posterity how long and patiently these evils have been endured!" Is there nothing else likely to surprise posterity—nothing but questions of mercantile interest? or does the penetration of "Q." fail in extending his views beyond one solitary subject? Is the suspension of the *habeas corpus* act nothing? Is the violation of our constitution nothing? Are the corrupt institutions of the Province nothing? Is irresponsible government nothing? Are bad laws, badly administered nothing? Is an acknowledged defective system of judicature nothing? But we refrain from adding to the long list of grievances under which the country still groans, lest we might be accused of seeking rather to embarrass government than desiring, as we sincerely do, to facilitate every measure of reform contemplated by the present administration. If it be "trifling away time," as "Q." hath it, to "cure warts," why create them? A skillful surgeon does not allow desease to become dangerous in order to operate a cure, or confine his remedies to one complaint, regardless of the others; no, he attacks desease under whatever shape, or variety of shapes it appears, *in limine,* and warts vanish and ulcers disappear. The *modus operandi* of "Q.' is however far different. His limited views of reform extend but to the removing of one evil at a time, little imagining that by so slow a process, a thousand abuses are created for one that is destroyed.

"Q." is not a Hercules, then why assume his labours?

P.

Quebec, July 23rd 1838.

To the Editor of the TRANSCRIPT.

MR. EDITOR,—It is really distressing to behold the miserable spectacle of entire families struggling against poverty, forced to remove from the County of Saguenay to some more hospitable region. Instead of providing for mendicants in England, our Commissioners ought rather to devise some comprehensive scheme of home emigration by which the paupers of the North may be enabled to proceed to the Eastern Townships, and there locate themselves. The local knowledge possessed by the Commissioners will have doubtless suggested some plan already to alleviate distress on the North Shore of the St. Lawrence. If industry be the wealth of a country, surely it is worthy of the consideration of a government, the end of whose institution is the benefit of the people, to direct the energies of its inhabitants into channels likely to remunerate them for their labor, instead of supinely witnessing human energy exhausting itself upon a barren soil.

S.

Quebec, 25th July.

To the Editor of the TRANSCRIPT.

SIR,—Can you inform me where the *House of Assembly* is situated? Being unaware of the existence of such a building in Quebec, I cannot attend the muster on Saturday, until the above question be answered.

ONE OF No. IV.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED

July 23rd.

Schr. L'Esperance, LeBouff, 1st July, Halifax, John Young, rum and sugar.

24th.

Schr. Dolphin, Landry, 13th July, Bay de Chaleur, to master, ballast,—19 passengers.

25th.

Brig Elizabeth, Galbraith, 1st June, Newcastle, Chapman & Co. general cargo.

CLEARED.

July 24th.

Brig Sisters, Sewell, Aberystwith, Maitland & Co.

Brig Margaret, Wood, Newcastle,

25th.

Bark Royal William, Agar, London LeMesurier & Co.

Bark Bradshaw Milory, Liverpool, Symes & Ross.

Brig Congress, McNeill, Alnwich, Sharples & Co.

Up to this day, 564 vessels have arrived in port and 500 have cleared.

H. M. S. *Malabar,* Capt. Harvey, hence at Halifax in 13 days.

Bark *Rebecca* of Greenock, which was wrecked on her voyage from Greenock to Quebec, on the 6th May, off Portneuf, with a general cargo, has been got off apparently with less injury than could have been expected. She arrived here on Monday morning, and went on Taylor's Slip at Point Levy yesterday morning to receive repairs. She was purchased by Ebenezer Baird, Esqr., for £160.

Comparative Statement of Vessels, &c. arrived at Port of Quebec in 1837 and 1838.

	Vessels.	Tonnage.	Passengers.
1838.—July 23	562	177490	1861
1837.—July 23	530	163535	16583
More this year.	32	13955	14622 less

PASSENGERS.

In the packet ship *Orpheus,* sailed from New York for Liverpool,—Captain D. S. Cooper and D. Capel, of the British Army.

COMMERCIAL.

STATEMENT OF IMPORTS AT THE PORT OF QUEBEC FOR THE QUARTERS *Ended 5th July, 1837, and 5th July, 1838.*—

	Rum Gallons.	Brandy Whiskey and Gin Gallons.	Madeira Gallons.	Wines Gallons.	Raw Sugar Pounds.	Salt Minots.	Teas Pounds.
5th July, 1837	292503	21172	28	31731	206392	88413	53671
5th July, 1838	270378	25753	1422	72086	242657	106147	153355
Excess in 1838	74075	37382	1394	45085	36265	17734	101684
Decrease							

	Molasses gallons.	Coffee, pounds.	Manufactured Tobacco, lb.	Cards, packs.	British Manufactured Goods, 24 ½ cent.
5th July, 1837	48377	17279	42303	4800	222,200
5th July, 1838	19594	18819	38810	1200	164,415
Decrease	28783	6454	4265	3600	£57,785

Customs, Quebec, 24th July, 1838.—H. J., Cd.

Declared value of Wheat, Flour, Pork, &c.,

5th July, 1837	£173,000	0	0
5th July, 1838	81,577	0	0
Less in 1838	£93,423	0	0

DIED.

On the 21st inst. Teresa, infant daughter of M. J. P. O'Meara, aged 5 months.

HORATIO CARWELL,

No. 4, Fabrique Street,

IMPORTER OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN

DRY GOODS,

IS now receiving, per the "Hibernia," from London, a small selection of choice Court, Paradise, and Maraboo Plumes, rich Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, real Chantilla, Brussels, and Brocade Veils, Brussels and Blond Laces, 4-4 Fig and Thulle Brussels Capes, Mantillas and Collarettes.

1 dozen beautiful Mousline de Laine Dresses, with Flounces,

3 elegant French Shawls, printed and plain, 6-4 Stuff and Cloth Merinoes.

ALSO ON HAND,

Rich Damask and Watered Moreens for Curtains with Fringes and Bindings to match, of the newest style, Brussels Carpet, very low, 4s 6d to 5s 6d per yard, Royal Rush Matting for passages, Venetian and Wilton Stair Carpeting, Wilton Rugs, Printed Drugget, Furniture prints, 10-4 Russia Sheeting, Towelling, Damask Table Linen, Quilts and Counterpanes, a few very fine Summer Quilts, Cloth Ottoman and Table Covers, richly embossed.

Gentlemen's Beaver Hats of the newest shape, and a few of very superior quality—price $8. Horse Hair, Caps and Stocks, quite new, Longcloth and Linen Shirts, Silk and Parmetta Stocks, with a general assortment of Plain and Fancy

H. CARWELL would respectfully solicit the attention of his friends and the public to an examination of his Stock. Being desirous of making quick sales, he is disposed to offer his Goods at

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.

Quebec, 19th July, 1838

NOW LANDING

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

30 HHDS. VERY FINE GENEVA,

27 hhds. Cognac Brandy,

500 kegs London White and Spanish Brown Paint.

LEMESURIER, TILSTONE & CO.

St. Peter Street, 5th July, 1838

PLEASURE TRIP,

(WEATHER PERMITTING.)

THE Steam Boat LUMBER MERCHANT, Captain Chabot, will leave Napoleon Wharf, on

SUNDAY MORNING NEXT,

At Seven o'clock,

for St. Thomas, and will touch at Grosse Isle, and return at eight, P. M.

There will be an excellent Band on board.

☞ *Fare—Five Shilings.*

Refreshments may be had on board if required.

Quebec, 24th July, 1838.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER:—

450 MINOTS superior Marrowfat Peas

100 do Boiling Peas

200 bushels Irish Cup Potatoes

10 barrels London Porter, 3 dozen each

—ALSO,—

A general Assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, fine-flavoured Teas, Penner's Cider,—and every article in the general Grocery line.

July 16 T. BICKELL

Corner of St. John & Stanislas Streets.

FOR SALE

JUST RECEIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

No. 11, Notre Dame Street.

20 BASKETS ENGLISH CHEESE,

70 casks Superior London Porter,

70 doz. Leith Ale

150 boxes Liverpool Candles

200 boxes Soap,

8 hhds. Loaf Sugar,

30 boxes Pipes,

40 barrels Roasted Coffee,

20 qr casks Superior Sherry Wine

ALSO,

Port, Madeira, Claret, L P Teneriffe, &c wood and bottle;

Teas—Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Twankay, Hyson Skin, Congou, and Bohea

JOHN FISHER.

Quebec, 3rd July, 1838

LANDING,

EX "DOVE" AND "SPLENDID."

100 HHDS. very Bright Muscovado Sugar,

110 puncheons } Jamaica Rum,
15 hogsheads }

25 puncheons } Demerara Rum,
7 hogsheads }

10 barrels Cod Oil,

144 boxes Bunch Raisins.

H J NOAD,

31st May, 1838 Hunt's Wharf.

MADEIRA WINE.

A FEW CASKS Howard, March & Co's Madeira Wine,—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons,—for Sale by

JOHN GORDON & CO.

Quebec, May 31, 1838. St. Paul Street

MARSALA, SHERRY, & CHAMPAIGN

FOR SALE.

MARSALA WINE, in pipes, hhds. and qr. casks Sherry do. Pale and Brown, in butts, qr. casks, and octaves;

ALSO,

24 dozen Superior Creaming Champaign, Vin d'Ay

40 dozen Champaign, various qualities

P LANGLOIS,

28th June, 1838 Fabrique Stree.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

100 CASES BARTON & GUESTIER'S CHOICE CLARET, Larose, Leoville, and Saint Julien,

50 cases Sparkling Sillery Champagne,—Comet Brand,

25 cases Old Cognac Brandy;

ALSO,

Port, Madeira, Sherry and Marsala, in wood and bottles; Brandy; French White Wine Vinegar; Corks; Wine Bottles; Window Glass, assorted sizes; Crate Glass; tin's, Sponge; 9-16, 11-16 & 5-8 Chains

LEMESURIER, TILSTONE & CO

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J. JAMIESON

BEGS respectfully to inform his Subscribers and the public in general, that he has made a considerable addition to his Library. It at present contains the whole of Sir Walter Scott's Works; the Novels and Romances of Cooper (the American novelist), Marryatt, Bulwer, D'Israeli, the Misses Porter, Smollet, &c., the Pickwick Papers, and upwards of 500 others, by various authors; a considerable portion of History, Biography, Voyages, Travels, &c.

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