

## KINGS DAUGHTERS REPORT SUCCESS AT ANNUAL SESSION

**Finances Shown to be Sound  
—Institution in Flourishing  
Condition and Doing Excel-  
lent Work.**

The annual meeting of the King's Daughters' Guild was held last evening and the reports showed that the association had enjoyed a year of progress and good work. The secretary's report showed that a large number of new members had been enrolled, and that the various circles had raised considerable sums and done a great deal of charitable work. The largest circle is the Dookkeepers with 42 members, the Lenda-hand with 32, and the others with 20, 15, 12, and 10 members.

Financially the year was a record breaker. The boarding house was usually filled; 26 persons were given lodging accommodations and 41 were provided with meals. The treasurer's report showed receipts of \$4,130, and expenditures of \$4,083, leaving a balance of \$47. The boarding house was self-sustaining for the first time in its history.

Miss Pratt reported that the educational and moral meetings had been very successful. The girls gave several travelling circles, were greatly enlarged, requests to meet girls having been received from Norway and other countries. The new hospital ward in charge of Miss Brittain was very much appreciated by the girls.

The girls' association with 100 members, had done good work spiritually and mentally. The girls gave several entertainments of a successful character.

Mrs. Puddington, Miss Pritchard, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. Dunlop, Mrs. Barbour, Mrs. Flagg, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Jamieson, Miss Pratt and others submitted reports on behalf of their respective circles.

The order had to accept the resignation of Miss Barlow and Miss Alice Riesing was appointed to act in her place for the balance of the year. At the meeting Mrs. Barbour presided and Mrs. J. S. Flagg led the devotional exercises.

An executive committee was elected consisting of the following: Mrs. O. L. Barbour, Mrs. George Henderson, Mrs. Crockett, Miss Corbett, Mrs. F. L. Lyle, Mrs. J. F. Bullock, Mrs. W. S. Purdy, Mrs. Flagg, Mrs. Clarke, Mrs. J. Foster, Mrs. H. D. Tverett, Mrs. Prichard, Miss Riesing.

## RENTS IN ST. JOHN AND OTHER PLACES

In view of complaints being made about the increase of rents in St. John it may be of interest to compare rents here with those prevailing in other cities. The Dominion Labor Gazette contains the following information in regard to rentals prevailing during the middle of February for six room dwellings in working class districts in different cities in Canada:

With Without  
sanitary sanitary  
conveniences conveniences

St. John . . . . . \$ 8.00  
Fredericton . . . . . 11.00  
Halifax . . . . . 15.00  
Amherst . . . . . 18.00  
Charlottetown . . . . . 6.00  
Sydney . . . . . 12.00  
Montreal . . . . . 16.00  
Hull . . . . . 10.00  
Quebec . . . . . 16.00  
Ottawa . . . . . 15.00  
Toronto . . . . . 23.00  
Hamilton . . . . . 18.00  
Port Arthur . . . . . 18.00  
Winnipeg . . . . . 30.00  
Saskatoon . . . . . 45.00  
Medicine Hat . . . . . 25.00  
Edmonton . . . . . 35.00  
Vancouver . . . . . \$25-\$30

AN OPEN LETTER

From a Well Known Clergy-  
man Showing How Indi-  
gestion Can be Cured.

Rev. T. A. Drury, Beamsville, Ont., writes as follows:—"For eighteen years I have been increasingly impressed with the wonderful effects for good wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For some years I had suffered almost constantly with chronic dyspepsia of the most stubborn type, attended by different other troubles which invariably follow, or accompany it as its results, amongst which were kidney trouble and gills. Against this complication of diseases I waged a vigorous warfare for several months, using many different remedies, none of which gave permanent relief. In my discouragement I was about to discontinue treatment altogether, when I was advised by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the use of which through under very unfavorable circumstances, soon revived my drooping courage. The medicine struck at the root of my weakness and the different troubles of which dyspepsia was the prime cause released, let go, and disappeared. In one month I increased fifteen pounds in weight, and received a new lease of life. Only six boxes of pills produced this wonderful change in my health, which was miraculously permanent."

Later my sister became so reduced by anæmia (though under the care of our family doctor) that she could scarcely walk. In this dangerous extremity Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were resorted to and in a brief space of time restored her to perfect health. Being a minister of the gospel many test cases have come under my notice, in all of which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have fully sustained their world wide reputation. This is why I can conscientiously recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as being superior to anything known to me in the treatment of the various diseases for which they are recommended."

## NOTICE OF CLOSURE IS GIVEN BY GOVERNMENT

Continued from page one.  
or strategy of developing a national sentiment. He read a number of newspaper clippings, and then asserted our word is national organization and development.

Would Postpone Imperial Federation.

Sir Wilfrid thought that ample consideration should be given to the question whether or not Canada should have a voice in imperial issues of peace and war. Would Canada, he asked, desire a voice in the matter now agitating the diplomats of Europe? Did she wish to have a voice in deciding whether or not little Montenegro, after fighting the Turks, should have the fruits of the struggle? In his opinion the British ministers would not share their responsibility if a Canadian minister participated in the deliberations of the imperial defence committee. If they did Canada would have to share the burden of Britain's heavy naval budget. He did not say that there should not be a system of imperial federation, but he thought the time had not yet come when the federation could come only when the Canadian people were ready to surrender their fiscal independence and allow another body to frame the tariff for them. Sir Wilfrid warmly praised the speeches of his followers during the two weeks of obstruction, saying that the standard of debate had not been excelled in the British parliament. (Laughter.) As to the suggestion that a time should be fixed for the termination of the discussion in committee he said:

"Let us go on until we know more of this subject than we know at the present time."

The Premier States the Case.

Right Hon. R. L. Borden was cheered as he rose to reply. He said at the outset that he had no fault to find with the statement of Sir Wilfrid from the latter's own standpoint, but would like to remind him that if the prolonged discussion to which he had alluded detracted all the accomplishments which the right hon. gentleman and Mr. Pugsley had passed upon it, one would be inclined to think that about all the light hon. gentleman could shed upon the subject had already illuminated it, as a thirteen days' debate in committee ought to have given on the people the views of the opposition.

"My right hon. friend," added Mr. Borden, "has not seen fit to give me any direct answer, and I can only assume that his answer really means, although couched in diplomatic language, that we are to be subjected to the same indefinite delays which we have met with in endeavoring to make progress with this bill in the past."

"The right hon. gentleman has reiterated over and over again that this is a policy of permanent contribution. I desire, speaking upon my responsibility as a member of this government, to take the strongest possible exception to that. In the first place, that it is not a policy of contribution at all and I say in the second place, that it is not a permanent policy. That was stated on the 5th day of December last, and I have stated it on more than one occasion since, and I state it again today in the strongest form of expression that parliamentary usage will permit."

"What is the proposal before the House today? The proposal is that \$35,000,000 shall be expended for the purpose of building battleships of the most modern and powerful type, that these ships shall be owned by the people of Canada, but that they shall be placed at the disposal of His Majesty the King for the common defence of this Empire. That is the proposal and that is all the proposal we have made to the parliament of Canada up to the present time."

A Hard Nut for Laurier.

"The right hon. gentleman declared that he is unalterably opposed to any policy of that kind. Why is he opposed to it? He already knows from my statement, and from the correspondence hereafter to be the will of the Canadian people to establish upon a permanent basis a great naval organization, the ships can be recalled upon reasonable notice whenever the people of Canada shall so desire and determine. There is absolutely no question about that, and my right hon. friend knows it."

"Then, in what respect to that autonomy, a word that is always in the mouth of my hon. friend, which I am prepared to maintain as thoroughly as any man in this House, in the slightest degree interfered with? Are not the people of Canada masters of their own destiny in that and every other respect even if this bill is passed by parliament and receives the assent of the crown?"

A Perfectly Consistent Policy.

Proceeding Mr. Borden pointed out that the policy of building three great battleships, and disposing of them as indicated, was altogether in conformity with the resolution passed by the House in 1909. In that resolution, as introduced by Sir Wilfrid, it was stated that "Payment of any stated contribution to the Imperial treasury for naval and military defence would not be a satisfactory solution of the question of defence."

At that time Mr. Borden had pointed out to the premier that conditions of urgency might so develop at any time that the very best and wisest course for Canada to pursue would be to make a contribution. And accordingly, Sir Wilfrid modified his resolution to read "Payment of regular and periodical contributions."

Clause two of the resolution, approved of any expenditure destined to promote the speedy organization of a Canadian naval service in co-operation with and in close relation to the Imperial navy along the lines suggested at the last Imperial conference. The lines suggested by the Admiralty (in 1907) were that the Admiralty should "hold the command of the naval forces of the Empire and arrange the distribution of ships in the best possible manner to resist attack and to defend the Empire at large, whether it be our own islands or the Dominions beyond the sea."

Laurier's Other Contentions Answered.

As for Sir Wilfrid's concern about the representation of Canada on the imperial defence committee, that right hon. gentleman had already agreed

that Canada should be thus represented and even agreed to establish a defence committee in Canada in close co-relation with the Imperial committee, although he refrained from saying anything about it upon his return to this country.

"Apparently he says now," continued Mr. Borden, "that we should not have any voice or part in the councils of the Empire—for what reason? In order that Canada may remain neutral in time of war. He told us distinctly in 1910 that in certain wars, the character of which he described, Canada should stand neutral. It does not seem to me that it is possible for this country to remain a part of the British Empire upon these terms and yet to retain its self respect."

"We must do either one thing or the other. If we are to remain part of this Empire, then we must take part in the defence of the Empire against all comers when any peril assails it. If we desire to be neutral in time of war, then it is not becoming to us to take advantage of the prestige and protection of the flag of the Empire in time of peace. That is my view, and it seems to me that it ought to be the view of all self-respecting Canadians so far as this particular question is concerned."

Laurier's Inconsistency.

The view of the leader of the opposition, said Mr. Borden, was that this policy ought to be submitted to the people before being carried into effect. His attitude was different in 1910 when he had introduced his permanent naval policy. It was put up to him during that, and the succeeding session, that as his was a permanent policy it ought to be submitted to the people of Canada. But upon each occasion the right honorable gentleman had declared that the question ought not to be submitted to the people. Yet today he stood before parliament and declared that this temporary measure of aid, proposed in response to the direct opinion of the Admiralty, ought not to be carried into effect until there has been an election and the voice of the people taken upon it. Besides, Mr. Borden pointed out, twice already this session Sir Wilfrid had voted for the first clause of the bill, its most important part. As for statements quoted from speeches of the British ministers with regard to the cordial relations of the Empire with other countries Mr. Borden hoped they would always remain so, but everybody knew that the very fact of the supremacy of the British navy had enabled the Empire to develop in the past. "It is not," he said, "a question of the result of war; it is a question of the power which the British Empire has to control the sea."

The Obstructionists Scored.

"I venture to think," continued the Prime Minister, "that there is no reason, after the very important, able and illuminating discussion that we have had, why some limit should not now be fixed for the first clause of the bill, its most important part. As for statements quoted from speeches of the British ministers with regard to the cordial relations of the Empire with other countries Mr. Borden hoped they would always remain so, but everybody knew that the very fact of the supremacy of the British navy had enabled the Empire to develop in the past. "It is not," he said, "a question of the result of war; it is a question of the power which the British Empire has to control the sea."

No Reason for Delay.

Mr. Borden regretted that his reasonable proposition had not found favor with the opposition. Further the bill before parliament was altogether

separate and apart from the question of Canadian naval organization. The measure was for a temporary purpose, made in response to a specific statement in the Admiralty's memorandum. He added, "before these three ships could be built and put in commission, a general election in this country must take place and, if the aspirations and expectations of the honorable gentlemen opposite, so frequently voiced, should be realized, then the ships could be made available as the right hon. gentleman desires, for building up the organization of a Canadian navy along the lines proposed. So that, then, upon that statement, which is moderate and reasonable, I submit that there is no possible reason whatever why the policy of immediate delay should be pursued by hon. gentlemen opposite."

"In conclusion I would suggest to the leader of the opposition that upon a fair view of all the considerations which have been urged, and particularly in view of the grave statements contained in the Admiralty memorandum, a reasonable limit should be placed upon the further pursuance of this debate and we should set a time as speedily as possible for the conclusion of this debate, so that hon. members may be allowed to voice their opinion upon the measure that has been submitted to the house."

Dr. Pugsley who followed, argued that the Prime Minister's request was most unreasonable. Mr. Pugsley was followed by Mr. Rogers, who strongly affirmed the resolution of the government to pass the bill and by Mr. Macdonald who spoke till 11 o'clock. The house then adjourned.

Indian in Court.

In the police court yesterday afternoon the case preferred against P. M. O'Neill for selling liquor to an Indian named Fertiles was continued. Dr. W. B. Wallace for the defence and A. A. Wilson, K. C., for the prosecution addressed the court, after which the case was adjourned until Friday afternoon next, when judgment will be given.

Magistrate Speaks for Zam-Buk

Magistrate Perry, of Goldfields, B.C., believes in making a good thing known. Writing of Zam-Buk, the great household balm, he says:—"After a very fair trial I have proved Zam-Buk to be a most satisfactory remedy. In my case it cured a skin rash of five years' standing which no doctor had been able to do any good for. I would certainly encourage any person to keep Zam-Buk in his home." The magistrate is quite right. Every home needs Zam-Buk! (Useful!) for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, blood poisoning and all skin diseases. All stores and druggists sell it at 50 cents a box. Sure cure for piles.

Don't Neglect That Sore!

A Chicago man has just died from blood poisoning arising from neglect of a small sore. Don't neglect a cut, a patch of eczema, or an open sore of any kind. The air is full of poison germs, waiting to start up their evil results in neglected sores, wounds, etc. In Zam-Buk is safety. Zam-Buk is so highly antiseptic that applied to any kind of sore or injury it makes blood poisoning impossible. In using Zam-Buk you have three processes going on at once for Zam-Buk is healing, soothing and antiseptic. Try it without delay.

A Genuine Offer.

We appreciate the position taken by the man or woman who says:—"If your preparation is what you claim, you should have no objection to letting us try it before spending our money on it." To every person taking this view we say, send one cent stamp (to pay return postage) and name and date of this paper to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, and we will mail you a free trial box of Zam-Buk. Zam-Buk is purely herbal, suitable for the delicate skin of little children, yet powerful enough to heal chronic sores of long years' standing. All druggists and stores, 50c. per box, 3 for \$1.25.

TEST ZAM-BUK AT OUR EXPENSE!

Every Home Needs Zam-Buk

"RUB IT IN"

MRS. IRVING STERN BUYS IDEAL

MISS S. MILDRED STRAUSS RIDING IDEAL

Mrs. Irving Stern, of New York, has purchased a handsome chestnut saddle mare Ideal, exhibited by him at the last National Horse Show. Mrs. Stern, who is a skilled horsewoman, will use the handsome mare for park riding.

Popular House Opens Week

with Exceptionally Strong

Programme—Girl Dancers

Make Quick Hit

Large crowds attended all of the six performances in the Nickel Theatre yesterday and the thousands of spectators were highly pleased with the show. The feature picture play of the day was a two-part Vitaphone entitled "The Golden Hoard," or "Buried Alive." It is a tale of the time when the pirates sailed the Spanish Main, and is thrilling and excellently enacted from start to finish by the best players in the company's employ. A most sensational part of the play is a scene where a man is buried alive by the pirates and is only saved after an exciting gun fight.

"Hypnotism in Hickville" is a rural comedy which is full of laughter from start to finish.

Madame L. Dyke-Read, the concert soprano is still a favorite and is finishing her engagement at this theatre this week.

A new act which made a decided hit was introduced yesterday when

Crawford and Montrose, the champion girl dancers made their first appearance in this city. They are pleasing dancers and received rounds of applause.

The performance will be repeated today. The Nickel management is offering a prize of a \$400 pony and outfit for the boy or girl under 16 years of age who secures the most votes and the competition commences next Saturday and ends on June 5th. A certain number of votes will be issued with each ticket.

An Emergency Proposal.

(Montreal Witness, Lib.)

Mr. Churchill has plainly set forth the scheme often spoken of, for a seven seas squadron, with its base at Gibraltar and pervading all oceans.

This can only be called an emergency proposal, on the ground that recent policy was withdrawn from the wider seas the patrol that used to be every where in evidence, and that it is thought desirable to replace it.

Quite in Order.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

Would it be unparliamentary to designate these continued blockades as the work of blockheads, given though true?

Arthur Lively of this city, has left for a short trip to Montreal.

FOR SALE—A farm under good cultivation, good buildings, terms easy. Apply Edward Hogan, 47 Waterloo street.

## Every Home Needs Zam-Buk

"RUB IT IN"

MRS. IRVING STERN BUYS IDEAL

MISS S. MILDRED STRAUSS RIDING IDEAL

Mrs. Irving Stern, of New York, has purchased a handsome chestnut saddle mare Ideal, exhibited by him at the last National Horse Show. Mrs. Stern, who is a skilled horsewoman, will use the handsome mare for park riding.

Popular House Opens Week

with Exceptionally Strong

Programme—Girl Dancers

Make Quick Hit

Large crowds attended all of the six performances in the Nickel Theatre yesterday and the thousands of spectators were highly pleased with the show. The feature picture play of the day was a two-part Vitaphone entitled "The Golden Hoard," or "Buried Alive." It is a tale of the time when the pirates sailed the Spanish Main, and is thrilling and excellently enacted from start to finish by the best players in the company's employ. A most sensational part of the play is a scene where a man is buried alive by the pirates and is only saved after an exciting gun fight.

"Hypnotism in Hickville" is a rural comedy which is full of laughter from start to finish.

Madame L. Dyke-Read, the concert soprano is still a favorite and is finishing her engagement at this theatre this week.

A new act which made a decided hit was introduced yesterday when

Crawford and Montrose, the champion girl dancers made their first appearance in this city. They are pleasing dancers and received rounds of applause.

The performance will be repeated today. The Nickel management is offering a prize of a \$400 pony and outfit for the boy or girl under 16 years of age who secures the most votes and the competition commences next Saturday and ends on June 5th. A certain number of votes will be issued with each ticket.

An Emergency Proposal.

(Montreal Witness, Lib.)

Mr. Churchill has plainly set forth the scheme often spoken of, for a seven seas squadron, with its base at Gibraltar and pervading all oceans.

This can only be called an emergency proposal, on the ground that recent policy was withdrawn from the wider seas the patrol that used to be every where in evidence, and that it is thought desirable to replace it.

Quite in Order.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

Would it be unparliamentary to designate these continued blockades as the work of blockheads, given though true?

Arthur Lively of this city, has left for a short trip to Montreal.

FOR SALE—A farm under good cultivation, good buildings, terms easy. Apply Edward Hogan, 47 Waterloo street.

MOVING MAY 1ST, 1913?

If you intend moving, and have a telephone, don't fail to notify us promptly so that we may have your telephone moved in time.

If you are not now a telephone user, why not have one installed? Make a proper start in your new premises.

Notify us at once.

The New Brunswick Telephone Co., Limited

F. J. NISBET, Manager

From the Fertile Plains of Western Canada

To the Berthierville Distillery

Where the best gin offered to Canadian Consumers is distilled: A pure spirit made from the choicest Western Grains—the best in the world—combined with specially selected Juniper berries.

RED CROSS GIN

Made under Government control

Combines purity, quality and age—making it a healthy stimulant without an equal.

Each bottle of Red Cross Gin bears the official stamp of the Dominion Government.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS

BOYD, WILSON & CO., LIMITED, 320 St. Paul St., MONTREAL.

Red Cross Gin Distillery at Berthierville, Canada

The "Elite" of Scotch Whiskies

FOUR CROWN

The proof of its Goodness lies in the Drinking

Call for FOUR CROWN

Poster & Co., Agents, St. John, N. B.

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL

THE POPULAR MUSICAL COMEDY

THE TOMBOY GIRL