POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2034

COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Chicago Market Report and New York Cotton Market.
(Furnished by D. C. Clinch, Banker and Broker.
St. John, N. B., May 18.

	Mon. Cl'g.	Tues. Op'g.	Noon.
Amalg. Copper..	82½	82	81⅞
Anaconda..	50	50	50
Am. Smelt. and Rfg	93	92⅝	92⅝
Am. Car Foundry	54⅝	54½	54½
Atchison..	108⅝	108½	108⅝
Am. Locomotive.	56⅝	57	57
Brook. Rpd. Trst..	79	78⅝	78⅝
Balt. and Ohio..	114½	114⅞	114⅝
Chesa. and Ohio..	78½	78⅝	78⅝
Canadian Pacific.	180	180	180
Colo. F. and Iron..	40½	40½	40½
Consolidated Gas.	145¼	141⅞	144⅝
Den. and Rio. G.	49	49	48½
Gen. Electric Co..	160⅝	161	161
Erie.	33	32⅝	32⅝
Erie, First pfd..	50½	50½	50⅝
Illinois Central..	146⅝	146⅞	146⅞
Kansas and Texas..	42⅞	42⅞	42¼
Great Northern, pfd	145¼	145¼	145½
Louis. and Nashville	188¾	....	....
Soo..	125	136	136
Missouri Pacific..	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝
N. Y. Central..	131	130⅛	130⅝
North West..	183	183¼	183¼
Ont. and Western..	49	48⅝	48⅞
Peo. G. and Gas. Co	114⅝	114⅝	115
Reading..	156⅝	156¼	156⅛
Republic Steel..	26⅝	26½	27⅞
Sloss Sheffield..	80⅝	80½	80¼
Pennsylvania..	134⅛	134⅛	134⅛
Rock Island..	32¼	31⅞	31⅞
St. Paul..	150⅛	150	149⅞
Southern Ry..	30⅛	30⅛	30
Southern Pacific.	121⅝	121¼	121⅛
Northern Pacific.	144⅞	145¼	145⅛
National Lead..	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
Union Pacific.	188⅛	187⅞	188⅛
U. S. Steel..	56⅝	56½	56⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd...	118⅞	118⅞	188⅞
Wabash..	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞
Wabash, pfd..	49⅞	49½	49½
Western Union..	76	76	76

Total sales in New York yesterday, 514,900 shares.

CHICAGO MARKET REPORT.

	Mon. Cl'g.	Tues. Op'g.	Noon
May corn..	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝
" Wheat..	128⅝	129½	129¾
" oats..	58⅛	58⅝	58⅝
July corn	68¼	68¼	68⅝
" wheat..	114¾	114⅝	115
" oats...	51	51⅝	51⅝
" pork...	18.52	18.47	18.45
Sept. corn..	66⅝	66½	66¾
" wheat..	106⅝	106⅝	105⅞
" oats...	43⅛	43⅛	43½

MONTREAL QUOTATIONS.

	Mon. Cl'g.	Tues. Op'g.	Noon.
Dom. Coal..	67b	....	....
Dom. Iron and Steel	34¾	34⅝	34⅝
Dom. I. and S., pfd	116	116	116
Twin City..	105¾b	105¼	105¼
Montreal Power..	119¾	119¾	119¾
Ill. Trac., pfd....	95⅝	96	96

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

	Mon. Cl'g.	Tues. Op'g.	Noon.
May..	11.30	11.40	11.32
July..	10.95	11.04	10.95
October..	10.83	10.86	10.79
December..	10.87	10.90	10.81

J. M. ROBINSON & SONS.
(Private Wire Teegram.)
Montreal Morning Sales.
May 18.

Coal Pfd—75@109¼. 75@109½.
Penmans Pfd—2,500@95½, 5,420@93, 1,-600@92½, 500@92¼, 3,000@93.
Textile—25@68¼, 400@68½, 235@68¾, 25@69.
Dom Iron—450@34¾. 20@34½.
Penmans—190@56, 25@56¼, 425@56½, 200@56¾, 176@55¾, 35@55½.
Nipissing—100@10¼.
Paper—50@13, 50@13¼.
Montreal Bank—7@248¼, 1@248¾.
Crown Reserve—225@306.
Montreal Street—26@211½, 25@211.
Detroit—25@58¼.
Quebec Ry—10@52, 25@52¼.
Rubber Bonds—12,000@98.
Toronto Elec—20@123¾.

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UNSHRINKABLE
Underwear
Your Money Refunded For Any Pen-Angle Garment That Proves In Any Way Defective. You Are Buying Safely When You Select Pen-Angle Underwear

C P R—25@180¼, 50@180.
Montreal Power—275@119¾, 131@119⅞, 75@120.
Canadian Converters—140@45¼, 30@45½, 5@45.
Dom Iron Pfd—35@116, 100@116½.
Twins—10@106¼, 20@106½.
Dom Iron Bonds—3,000@92 flat.
Textile Pfd—11@105, 75@106.
Ogilvies—50@124.
Mackay Pfd—40@73¾.
Ill Pfd—10@96.
Mackay—50@79¾.
Hal Elec—4@113.
Winnipeg Elec—50@179.
Porto Rico—50@48¾.
Can Col Cotton—200@52.
Woods—5@111.

FUNERAL OF C. A. EVERETT WAS LARGELY ATTENDED

A large assemblage of citizens from all walks of life attended the funeral of the late Charles A. Everett, and paid their last tribute of respect to the deceased. The funeral took place at 3.00 o'clock from his residence, 11 Orange street. There was a large number of temperance bodies and other societies present at the funeral. The Sons of Temperance had a large representation in attendance at the funeral. The Temple of Honor members attended in a body. They assembled at the home of the deceased at 2.45 o'clock.

La Tour Section members met at the Provincial Hospital corner with Fairville Section and marched to Orange street to attend the funeral. They were led by C. D. Hanson, P. W. A.

The Rev. W. W. McMaster, pastor of the Germain Street Baptist Church, conducted the burial service and interment was made in Fernhill.

The steamer Manchester Commerce of the Manchester Line, arrived this morning from Philadelphia and docked at the I. C. R. pier.

PROBATE COURT

Estate of Katherine E. Cheney, married woman, boarding house keeper. Petition of Charles E. Cheney, husband of the deceased who lives in Portland, Maine, and John A. Sinclair, of St. John, Barrister-at-law, setting forth that deceased died intestate. Her property consisted of certain household furniture in the boarding house which she kept at 41 King Square which is subject to a mortgage of $650, the value of which over and above the mortgage is for the purpose of obtaining administration valued at $200. Evidence being taken that it is in the interests of the estate that administration be granted without waiting the usual lapse of time, John A. Sinclair is appointed administrator. Mr. Kenneth J. MacRae, proctor.

EQUITY COURT CHAMBERS.

The regular monthly session of the Equity Court opened this morning in the Equity Court Chambers, Pugsley Building, at eleven o'clock. His Honor Chief Justice Barker presided.

The case of the Attorney General vs. the St. John Lumber Co. goes over until the next court.

The Charlotte County case of Grimmer et al vs. Hill will be tried within a week. A day to be fixed later in the term.

Another Charlotte County case, Dyer vs. McGuire, will be tried Friday next at 2 p. m.

The case of Boyer vs. Hartley, a Carleton Co. partition suit, will be tried on Thursday next at 11 a. m. M. G. Teed, K. C., will appear for the plaintiff and J. F. H. Winslow for the defendant.

The case of Clarke et al vs. Clarke et al goes over until the next term. D. Mullin, K. C., and J. A. Barry appear for the plaintiffs, and J. A. Belyea, K. C. and J. MacMillan Trueman for the defendants.

Judgments in the cases of Glasier vs. Glasier and Robinson vs. McAlary et al were then delivered.

The former case was a review of taxation of costs from Referee Campbell of Sunbury Co. His Honor ordered the taxation reduced but without costs. A. A. Wilson, K. C., and S. B. Bustin apeared for Arthur Glasier and E. P. Raymond for the referee.

In the case of Caroline Robinson vs. McAlary et al, His Honor dismissed the bill with costs, but ordered the words "or more" to be struck out of the renewal clause in the lease. The plaintiff brought an action against the defendants in this court to have a lease of her property on Douglas Avenue to them set aside, alleging fraud on their part. The case was tried at the last session of the court. At the trial M. G. Teed, K. C., and A. H. Hanington, K. C., appeared for the plaintiff and H. H. McLean, K. C., and F. R. Taylor for the defendants.

The following common motions were made:—In the matter of the adoption of James Sylvester Lyons, an infant, by Fred G. Coles and wife, Mr. E. T. C. Knowles read the petition for adoption and the consent of the infant's parents. Court considers.

In the matter of Laura E. and Lena G. Reed, infants of Hopewell, Albert Co., by their father, Geo. M. Reed, applied for leave to sell lands, the property of the said infants, the proceeds to be applied to their support and education. Decision reserved until further information is given. Mr. J. King Kelley appeared for the petitioner.

In the matter of Fred R. Taylor, administrator of the estate of Sarah Ann Meakin vs. Albert Buchanan et al, Mr. C. F. Inches for the plaintiff, moved to have the referee's report affirmed. Order granted.

Argument in the case of Earle vs. Harrison was commenced and will be continued this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. E. T. C. Knowles and S. B. Bustin appear for the plaintiff, D. Mullin, K. C., and J. A. Barry for the defendants and C. F. Inches for creditors.

On today's Maritime Express Angus Dugay was brought to the city by Chief of Police Crawford, of Campbellton. The lad recently with two companions escaped from the Industrial Home at Crouchville. He was captured yesterday at Campbellton by Crawford.

Dr. Gould, who was to have given an illustrated lecture in St. Luke's Church a couple of weeks ago, and was prevented by the serious illness of his daughter, has arranged with Rev. T. W. Kennedy, of Japan, to take his place on Wednesday evening, May 19th.

And They Say the English Have No Humor!

The One Who Has Been "Nabbed": Strike me if my luck ain't dead out! Ter think that only this mornin' I 'ad a 'air cut—a sheer waste o' thrupence. —London Sketch.

DISPUTE OVER BOUNDARY TO BE A COSTLY ONE

AUGUSTA, May 16.—It took many years of diplomacy in the early history of the nation to bring about the so-called Ashburton treaty of 1842, settling the northeastern boundary dispute, which reached a climax because of lumbering operations on the disputed borderland between Maine and New Brunswick, and, after another long lapse, a commission is now at work to determine the rights of the people of both countries in transporting lumber through the St. John river waters.

The northeastern boundary dispute cost several hundred thousand dollars; was the subject of messages and papers of Presidents Washington, Adams, Monroe, Jackson, and Van Buren; engrossed the attention of King George III. and the King of the Netherlands, who, in 1828, acted as arbitrator; caused the bloodless Aroostook war, for which Congress gave President Van Buren an extra credit of $10,000,000 and authority to call out 50,000 militia for six months, and for which the state of Maine voted $800,000 to defend her claims.

The president dispute arises partly over the Pike law, discussed in the tariff conference at the present Congress, which provides that manufactured lumber, cut in the Maine woods and driven down the St. John river to points in New Brunswick, and there sawed in mills owned and operated by Americans, may come into the United States free of duty.

When the Pike law was enacted the river was the only means of transportation. Now there are railroads over which Maine operators ship to market, and business rivalry has arisen between manufacturers in St. John and Fredericton and in Maine, and the former declare that the manufacturers on the Maine borderland interfere by means of sorting booms and piers in the river with the free passage of logs down the St. John.

The troubles culminated in 1905 when Levi Pond, in charge of the St. John river drive, dynamited the booms of the Van Buren Lumber Company, declaring that they obstructed his drive, and the Americans armed a posse and trouble of a serious nature was threatened.

The present commission has begun taking evidence while the drives are in the river, and this week inspected the booms along the disputed territory.

P. C. Keegan of Van Buren and Geo. A. Murchie of Calais are the American commissioners, and O. F. Fellow, counsel. A. P. Barnhill, K.C., and John Keeife of St. John represent England, and Hon. H. A. McKeown of St. John and W. P. Jones of Woodstock are counsel for the Canadian commission.

The first session of the commission was completed Thursday at Van Buren. The lumber and logging properties in that vicinity were visited. Although setting the date of the next meeting as Wednesday, May 26, the commissioners did not definitely decide upon the particular place at which they will next look over conditions. It is probable that the place chosen will be on the New Brunswick side of the river.

THE ARTICLE IN QUESTION.

The crux of the present contention is, in a large measure, the legal interpretation, together with question of fact, involved in art. 2 of the so-called Ashburton treaty negotiated nearly 70 years ago relating to the navigation of the St. John River. The article in part is as follows:

"Provided that the navigation on the St. John River, where it is decided to be the boundary, shall be free and open to both parties; that all the produce of the forest in logs, lumber, timber, boards, staves, etc., or of agriculture not being manufactured, grown on any of those parts of the State of Maine watered by the St. John River or by its tributaries, of which fact reasonable evidence, if required be produced, shall have free access into and through said river and its tributaries, having sources within the State of Maine, to and from the seaport at the mouth of the St. John, and to and around said falls in the river, either by boats, rafts or other conveyance; that when within said province of New Brunswick; that in like manner, the inhabitants of the upper St. John territory, determined by this treaty to belong to England shall have free access to and through the river for their produce, in those parts where the river runs wholly though Maine; providing always that this agreement shall give no right to either party to interfere with any regulations not inconsistent with the term of this treaty which the governments respectively of Maine or of New Brunswick may make respecting the navigation of said river, when both banks thereof shall belong to the same party."

For many years after the signing of the treaty of Paris in 1782 Great Britain contended that the Schoodiac was the true St. Croix River mentioned in the treaty as the boundary, and the United States maintained that the Magaguadavic was meant, the differences territorially involving some 8,000 square miles. After the Paris treaty Nova Scotia, holding the Schoodiac as the river boundary made grants forming the settlement of St. Andrews, and Massachusetts appointed as commissioners to settle the question of the true river Gens. Lincoln and Knox, who reported that in their opinion the Magaguadavic was the river intended, as being nearer to the St. John River.

In February, 1790, in the second session of the first congress, Washington submitted the question to the senate for arbitration, and it remained unsettled till John Jay, on Nov. 19, 1794, in England, negotiated a treaty for the settlement of this initial dispute. In 1838 the boundary troubles reached an acute stage and led to the bloodless Aroostook war, for which congress authorized the president to call out the militia for six months and, to accept 50,000 volunteers, and placed at his order an extra credit of $10,000,000, while Maine voted $800,000 for military defenses and arming civil posses, erected fortifications at Madawaska, Fort Fairfield and other places along the borderland.

Across the river were encamped the English soldiers. Military roads were blazed from Bangor, and supplies were hastily forwarded through Aroostook county. The total casualties of that war were one man accidentally killed in a field.

Webster decided to settle through direct negotiations with England, which sent over Lord Ashburton in 1842. The Ashburton treaty was signed Aug. 9, 1842.

Rheumatism

More than nine out of every ten cases of rheumatism are simply rheumatism of the muscles, due to cold or damp, or chronic rheumatism. In such cases no internal treatment is required. The free application of

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is all that is needed and it is certain to give quick relief. Give it a trial and see for yourself how quickly it relieves the pain and soreness. Price 25c; large size, 50c.

Friend—Don't worry because your sweetheart turned you down since you lost your money. There are just as good fish in the sea as ever were caught.

Jilted One—Yes; but I've lost my bait.—Harper's Bazar.

NEW INVENTION MAY END WAR

Mysterious Powers of "Hertzian Waves."

Remarkable Experiments by French Savant —Can Discharge Enemies' Explosives From a Distance.

While the nations are building Dreadnoughts against each other, the scientists have been busy discovering other weapons for the warfare of the future.

Rifles and swords are mere toys compared to the weapons that science is perfecting. Quite recently a French savant made a series of remarkable experiments with what are known as "Hertzian waves."

Without going too deeply into the subject it may be sufficient to explain that "Hertzian waves" are so called after Heinrich Hertz, who found by experimenting, about the year 1888, that it was possible to control to a large extent the magnetic currents in the air.

The "waves" move along very much like a corkscrew, and although for the moment scientists are not able to control them, or steer them in any given direction, there seems little doubt that this feat will be only a question of a few years.

The effect of the "Hertzian waves" may be judged when it is stated, as the result of the recent experiments in France, that they will pierce stone walls three feet thick.

For practical purposes the "waves" are spirals of moving, invisible flame. Already there is a theory by which it is believed the power of directing and controlling this invisible fire may be acquired, and in the face of this new force the armies and navies of the world will be helpless.

Two or three men, sitting at their instruments, could direct a group of "waves" through the air towards an advancing fleet that threatened their shores. The "waves" would strike the ships, and run along the metal portions of them as a flame runs along a stream of inflammable spirit.

And all the while the ship would be giving off electric sparks, just as is done in the simpler experiments with an electric battery. In a few seconds the ships would be alive with sparks. All the shells on board would explode, and the powder magazines, drenched in a shower of fire which no skill could divert, would be fired, and blow the biggest ship to fragments, in less than a minute.

And not only on sea, but on land could these destructive "waves" be employed with the most devastating effect. In every fort where powder was stored the danger from a series of "Hertzian waves" would be always imminent.

At the will of the operator the "waves" would be directed forward. They would pierce the walls of the strongest fortress, wrecking everything in their passage, men, horses and guns, leaving behind them nothing but charred and smouldered ruin.

The soldiers against whom such a terrible means of attack happened to be employed could not lift a hand to save themselves. The unseen "waves" would advance with a spiral roll through the air, as invisible as the finger of death itself, and just as invincible.

The outposts and sentries would not have time to give the alarm, for as the "waves" passed them they would twist guns and swords into shapeless things, and any soldier remaining conscious would scarcely have realized his position before he heard the explosion and shrieks that would tell of the crumpling up of a mighty army like a piece of useless paper.

The first scientists to discover how "Hertzian waves" may be propelled and guided over a distance of ten miles will hold the peace of the world in his hands.

No nation would put an army in the field if it were satisfied that its men would be annihilated by the unseen forces of nature, without the chance of striking a blow in self-defence.

No navy would put to sea knowing that at any moment the dread, invisible "waves" might scatter it like chaff before the wind.

Even if more than one nation should make the forthcoming discovery at the same time, the chances of a warlike contest will be equally remote.

The earliest intimation of the enemy's presence will be the thunder announcing annihilation, and such a chance is too great for any but a nation of madmen to undertake.

The outcome of such a momentous discovery must be—peace.

CLASSIC CYCLING EVENT TO BE DISCONTINUED

NEW YORK, May 18—The historic Irvington-Millburn 5 mile road race, which for the last ten years has been one of the classics of the amateur cycling world, is to be discontinued this year so far as the board of managers of the Bayview Wheelman under whose auspices the race has been held for the last five years, is concerned. The reason given for its discontinuance is lack of support.

CHARM AGAINST NIGHTMARE.

No man would willingly invoke the horrors of nightmare, and it may therefore be of interest to know that in East Anglia a way has been discovered of averting this dreaded terror. A correspondent in an old number of London Notes and Queries writes: "I recently observed a large stone, having a natural hole through it, suspended inside a Suffolk farmer's cow house. Upon inquiry of a laborer I was informed this was intended as a preventive of nightmare in the cattle. My informant, who evidently placed great faith in its efficacy, added that a similar stone suspended in the bedroom or a knife of steel laid under the foot of the bed was of equal service to the sleeper and that he had himself frequently made use of this charm."—London Chronicle.

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LOCAL NEWS.

A child's cap was found on Prince William street yesterday and awaits an owner at the police station.

A meeting of the officers and noncoms. and boys of the St. Stepehen's Scots cadets is called for this evening at 7.45 o'clock.

The members of the 62nd band will meet tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock sharp for pay and practice.

Court La Tour I. O. Foresters will meet in Foresters' Hall, Charlotte St., this evening. Admission of new members and other important business. A full attendance requested.

A concert under the auspices of the J. Y. M. B. C. will be held in the Charlotte St. United Baptist Church, West End, tomorrow evening at eight o'clock. An excellent programme has been prepared and an enjoyable evening is assured for all who attend.

There has been much interest shown in the concert which will be given in St. Peter's Hall on the evening of June 7. For some time past rehearsals have been in progress under the direction of Mrs. Wilson. The affair promises to be most enjoyable.

A case of cruelty to animals was to have been heard in the police court this morning against an old man named James Gaynor, who refused to destroy a diseased dog, and a dog with a broken leg. S. M. Wetmore, secretary of the S. P. C. A., and W. W. Allan were in court, and after a talk with the old man, who decided to have the animals destroyed, the matter was dropped.

ANOTHER POSITION.

Miss Sabra Vincent, of North End, has been selected by the employment bureau of the Currie Business University to fill the position of stenographer for L. M. Trask & Co.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

To the Editor of The Star:

Sir—The trout fishing season is upon us, the dawn of summer appears, the days are long, all nature is serene and the warmth of the sun calls all humanity to come and enjoy its soothing, purifying and strengthening brightness, with the added zest of casting a line in magnificent lakes and streams that surround our city. But, sad to relate, the many old grey heads who possess wealth will tell you it is not right to dip a line in these waters of the people. It would be sacrilege for youths or working men to trespass in the neighborhood of these wilderness waters. They must only be visited by those who have been able to put up buildings near them through their wealth of purse to do so, and the poor boy or the poor working man must be imprisoned or fined if seen fishing or picking berries in the neighborhood of such. All legislation so far has been for the sole benefit of the gentlemen of the city who possesses ample means to go further afield, and many of them do so, as well as control our best waters near home, thus showing a very selfish condition of present day humanity. The workman of day today cannot afford to travel afar. Thus, should he have the free right to fish any or all the lakes in the near proximity to his home as it was the right of his forefathers before him up to twenty years ago. Since that time the lakes have been taken from the people and legislated to the use of exclusive private clubs. All who talk of this, which include all outside the clubs, consider it an outrage on public rights for the private citizen to hold these waters from the public use beyond the time (two or three years) they were allowed control to restock them. Our city now controls a great number of waters and streams that might be given freely to the public as their rightful heritage, as their taxes have purchased and acquired them. The waterworks dam, four miles from the city only, contains hundreds of trout from the many streams running into it, and if permitted to be fished on the shores would be a great relief to fathers and mothers, for it would give their boys an opportunity to escape from the many evils of so congested a city as St. John. Lattimore Lake, Robertson's Dam and the Mispec Stream (all city owned) would give a good day's outing with a mess of fish for the home table to all adults who could walk thereto. If any doubt as to conduct of fishing parties exist a permit by the mayor's clerk would secure the rightful use of the privilege. Nova Scotia has taken notice of our wrong legislation and a petition largely signed has been sent to their government to prevent such action in that province. Up to the present all tourists who desire trout fishing and arrive here have to go to the country for free fishing. Thus we lose and they secure all that class, and they are many hundreds each season.

Respectfully, J. S. CLIMO.

PEOPLE'S CIGAR STORE
I have the finest stock of Cigarettes and Tobaccos in the City.
News Depot—I handle all the local and foreign papers, all the American and English periodicals, with all the current magazines and novels.
Cor. Main St. and Paradise Row

Laundry Notice.
The undersigned has removed his branch laundry from 128 Union street, to 45 Waterloo street, where he will conduct said business in future. Persons wishing goods called for or delivered can ring 'phone Main 1739.
HAM LEE.

FIRE INSURANCE
Absolute security for the least money
E. L. JARVIS,
81 Prince William Street,
St. John, N. B.

REFORMATORY BOY COMES BACK IN HANDCUFFS

Leonard Moore Captured in Boston—Angus Dugay Also Arrested in Campbellton —One Still Missing.

About seven weeks ago Leonard Moore, Angus Dugay and Irvine Earle escaped from the Boys' Industrial Home. So far two have been captured and returned to the home to finish out their sentence.

Chained and handcuffed was little Leonard Moore as he descended from the Boston train last night in the charge of Mr. McDonald, the superintendent of the reformatory school at Crouchville.

It may be remembered that about six weeks ago Leonard Moore escaped from the reformatory and for a time could not be traced. He made his way to Boston, where he soon fell in with some pretty bad characters and was recently arrested in company with others charged with robbing a drunken man.

When in the juvenile court at Boston he told who he was and of his escape from the reformatory at Crouchville. The superintendent was communicated with and Mr. McDonald left on Saturday for Boston, returning last night with the wayward youth.

The second of the boys, Angus Dugay, was captured yesterday in Campbellton by Chief of Police Crawford. News of his capture was sent here and it is expected that the boys will be brought back to the city in the course of a day or two.

Chief Crawford reported that the boy had walked from St. John to within fifty miles of Campbellton mostly on the railroad, living on whatever he could pick up along the way. He was given a lift the rest of the way to Campbellton on a train.

The boy's home is in Campbellton and he was helped off into Quebec. When his money gave out he returned to Campbellton where he was arrested by Chief Crawford who had been watching for him. The chief found him at his father's home, locked up in a room. He was taken in charge by the chief and the authorities here communicated with.

Dugay was placed in the reformatory for stealing money from the steamer Lady Sybil.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

GIRLS WANTED—Machine stitchers and finishers on ladies' suits and skirts. Apply to AM. CLOAK CO., 60 Dock St. 18-5-6

WANTED—A girl for general work in a small family. Apply to MRS. G. C. COSTER, 95 Union St. 18-5-tf

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework, one who could go home nights preferred. 27 Dorchester St. 18-5-6

WANTED—Good Linen Shad Nett. P. O. Box 372, Halifax, N. S. 18-5-6

TO LET—At Ononette for summer months, one room with board. Suitable for two young men or married couple. Address Box 694, Star Office. 18-5-tf.

WANTED—One all round cook in restaurant. Must have references. Married woman preferred. Reasonable wages paid to right party. Apply to B. McCORMICK, 181 Prince Wm. St. 18-5-6

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BEST FOR THE TEETH
Makes them white and lustrous
25c. everywhere